

China XD Plastics Co Ltd
Form 10-Q
May 12, 2010

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

- TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE
ACT

For the transition period from _____ to _____

000-53131
(Commission file number)

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada 04-3836208
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
organization)

No. 9 Qinling Road, Yingbin Road Centralized Industrial Park
Harbin Development Zone, Heilongjiang, the People's Republic of China 150078
(Address of principal executive offices)

86-451-84346600
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

NB TELECOM, INC.
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

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Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes No

As of May 7, 2010, there were 44,007,589 issued and outstanding shares of the issuer's common stock.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED

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SIGNATURES

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS	Note	March 31, 2010 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2009
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 5,128,234	\$ 6,850,784
Restricted cash	3	8,790,075	-
Notes receivable		449,747	407,487
Accounts receivable - net of allowance for doubtful receivables of \$166,123 and \$166,095, respectively	4	14,218,223	8,558,172
Prepaid expenses and other receivables		238,083	253,172
Inventories	5	21,713,157	18,371,485
Advances to employees	6	541,558	512,745
Advances to suppliers		20,308,122	20,245,861
Taxes receivable		-	406,755
Total current assets		71,387,199	55,606,461
Property, plant and equipment, net	7	30,253,614	31,083,389
Other assets:			
Intangible assets, net	8	240,592	241,945
Total assets		\$ 101,881,405	\$ 86,931,795
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:			
Short term loans	10	\$ 21,242,682	\$ 21,678,565
Bank acceptance notes payable	11	5,860,050	-
Accounts payable		4,509,532	1,258,459
Other payables		342,241	714,504
Accrued expenses		306,797	648,358
Taxes payable		19,912	4,134
Due to related parties	9	100,394	148,397
Deferred revenue		174,641	300,296
Dividends payable		983,250	77,396
Total current liabilities		33,539,499	24,830,109
Other liabilities			
Common stock warrant purchase liabilities	13	6,183,046	7,892,513

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Embedded conversion feature liabilities	13	712,915	18,798,059
Total other liabilities		6,895,961	26,690,572
Total liabilities		40,435,460	51,520,681
Series C convertible redeemable preferred stock: 752 and 15,188 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively			
	13	687,821	13,891,477
Commitments and contingencies	18		
Stockholders' equity			
Series B Preferred Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009			
	15	100	100
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized, 44,007,589 and 40,867,050 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively			
	15	4,401	4,087
Additional paid-in-capital		43,982,642	15,360,949
Retained earnings		12,759,456	2,160,621
Statutory surplus reserve fund		2,471,007	2,471,007
Accumulated other comprehensive income		1,540,518	1,522,873
Total stockholders' equity		60,758,124	21,519,637
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity		\$ 101,881,405	\$ 86,931,795

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

	Note	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
		2010	2009
Sales		\$ 50,036,431	\$ 26,391,889
Cost of sales		(38,139,725)	(20,635,575)
Gross profit		11,896,706	5,756,314
Operating expenses			
Research and development expenses		1,505,172	289,155
Selling expenses		91,379	45,651
General and administrative expenses		1,901,006	1,045,929
Total operating expenses		3,497,557	1,380,735
Operating income		8,399,149	4,375,579
Other income (expenses)			
Interest income (expenses)		(406,039)	(355,606)
Other income		6,561	-
Other expense		(16,237)	(644)
Changes in fair value of warrants and embedded derivatives	13	5,121,654	-
Total other income (expense)		4,705,939	(356,250)
Income before income taxes		13,105,088	4,019,329
Provision for income taxes	12	(22,732)	(2,685)
Net income		\$ 13,082,356	\$ 4,016,644
Other comprehensive income (loss)			
Foreign currency translation adjustment		17,645	(37,617)
Comprehensive income		\$ 13,100,001	\$ 3,979,027
Net income		\$ 13,082,356	\$ 4,016,644
Dividend to Series C preferred stockholders		\$ (2,560,916)	\$ -
Net income attributable to common shareholders		10,521,440	4,016,644
Basic and diluted earnings per common share			
Basic	17	\$ 0.26	\$ 4.98
Diluted	17	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.10

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Weighted average common share outstanding			
Basic	17	41,178,249	805,802
Diluted	17	41,612,074	38,999,874

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

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CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 13,082,356	\$ 4,016,644
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	830,162	445,890
Stock-based compensation expense	745,394	-
Change in fair value of warrants and derivative liabilities	(5,121,654)	-
Allowance for doubtful receivables	28	-
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	14,836	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)decrease in -		
Restricted cash	(8,788,043)	(702,135)
Notes receivables	(42,183)	251,150
Accounts receivable and other receivables	(5,657,496)	5,352,875
Prepaid expenses	106,643	-
Inventories	(3,337,831)	(3,130,573)
Advances to employees	(120,090)	(125,875)
Advances to suppliers	(58,867)	2,743,624
Taxes receivable	406,729	-
Deferred charge	-	(68,873)
Increase (decrease) in -		
Accounts payable and other payables	2,877,856	277,662
Accrued expenses	(341,577)	(423,476)
Taxes payable	15,774	114,212
Deferred revenue	(125,675)	(3,183,553)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(5,513,638)	5,567,572
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(24,561)	(29,175)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	15,722	-
Repayment to related party	-	(10,616)
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,839)	(39,791)

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Cash flows from financing activities

Dividends paid	(1,577,666)	-
Repayment of short term loans	(439,402)	(2,194,173)
Proceeds from bank acceptance notes	5,858,695	1,755,338
Repayment of related party loans	(142,722)	(7,098,504)
Proceeds from related party loan	100,394	-

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,799,299	(7,537,339)
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Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	628	(6,945)
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Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,722,550)	(2,016,503)
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Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6,850,784	3,869,035
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Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 5,128,234	\$ 1,852,532
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Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Interest paid	\$ 387,372	\$ 356,188
Income taxes paid	\$ 66,227	\$ 8,864

Non-cash investing and financing activities:

Embedded conversion feature reclassified to equity upon conversion	\$ 14,672,957	\$ -
Preferred stock converted to common stock	\$ 13,203,656	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

China XD Plastics Company Limited (“China XD Plastics”), formerly known as NB Telecom, Inc. (“NB Telecom”), was originally incorporated as NB Payphones Ltd. under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania on November 16, 1999. On December 27, 2005, we migrated our state of organization to the state of Nevada and effective March 23, 2006, the name was changed to NB Telecom.

On December 24, 2008, NB Telecom acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Favor Sea Limited (“Favor Sea (BVI)”), a British Virgin Islands corporation, whose assets, held through its subsidiaries, are 100% of the registered capital of Harbin Xinda Macromolecule Material Co., Ltd. (“Harbin Xinda”), a limited liability company established under the laws of the People’s Republic of China (“China” or “PRC”) and Harbin Xinda’s wholly-owned subsidiary, Harbin Xinda Macromolecule Material Research Institute (the “Research Institute”). Harbin Xinda is engaged in the development, manufacture and marketing of modified plastics, primarily for use in the automotive industry. Harbin Xinda’s offices and manufacturing facilities are located in China.

- In connection with the acquisition, the following transactions took place:

China XD Plastics issued 10 shares of common stock which constituted no more than 10% ownership interest in China XD Plastics and 1,000,000 shares of convertible Series A preferred stock of China XD Plastics to the shareholders of Favor Sea (BVI), and also 1,000,000 shares of Series B preferred stock to XD Engineering Plastics Company Limited (“XD Engineering”), a British Virgin Islands corporation, the principal shareholder of Favor Sea (BVI), in exchange for all of the outstanding stock of Favor Sea (BVI) (the “Share Exchange” or “Merger”). The 10 shares of common stock were converted into approximately 50,367,778 shares of the common stock of NB Telecom prior to and approximately 405,802 post a reverse stock split of 124.1 for 1 pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes Section 78.207 for both the total number of authorized shares of common stock and the total number of issued and outstanding shares of common stock (“Reverse Split”), and the 1,000,000 shares of convertible Series A preferred stock of NB Telecom shall convert approximately at a rate of 1:38.2 into 38,194,072 shares of the common stock of NB Telecom after the completion of the Merger so that eventually the shareholders of Favor Sea (BVI) own approximately 99% of the common stock of NB Telecom.

- The record date for the Reverse Split was set for December 31, 2008. The record holders of NB Telecom’s common stock on the date of December 31, 2008 should be subject to a 124.1:1 reverse split with fractional shares to be rounded up to one hundred round lot, with the round-up shares to be deducted from certain designated shareholders by NB Telecom.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 1. ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

- In connection with the acquisition of Favor Sea (BVI), former officers and directors of NB Telecom resigned and executive officers of Favor Sea (BVI) were appointed as China XD Plastic's new officers and directors.
 - As part of the Merger, the name of the company was changed from NB Telecom to China XD Plastics.

As a result of these transactions, the shareholders of Favor Sea (BVI) owned majority of the equity in China XD Plastics.

The acquisition was accounted for as a reverse merger under the purchase method of accounting since there had been a change of control. Accordingly, Favor Sea (BVI) and its subsidiaries are treated as the continuing entities for accounting purposes.

Favor Sea (BVI) was incorporated under the laws of the British Virgin Islands on May 2, 2008.

On August 11, 2008, Favor Sea (BVI) acquired a 100% interest in Hong Kong Engineering Plastics Company Limited ("HK Engineering Plastics"), a limited liability company incorporated under the laws of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region on May 27, 2008.

Favor Sea (US) Inc. ("Favor Sea (US)"), wholly owned by Favor Sea (BVI), was incorporated in the state of New York in the U.S. on December 15, 2008.

HK Engineering Plastics, in turn, owns 100% interest of Harbin Xinda, a company established in the PRC on September 23, 2004.

China XD Plastics, through its indirectly owned subsidiary, Harbin Xinda is primarily engaged in the business of research and development, manufacture, and distribution of modified and engineering plastic pellets used in automotive parts through its manufacturing facility and its wholly owned research laboratory, the Research Institute, a separate entity established in the PRC on November 9, 2007.

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 include the accounts of China XD Plastics, Favor Sea (BVI), Favor Sea (US), HK Engineering Plastics, Harbin Xinda and the Research Institute, collectively referred to as the "Company". The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). All significant inter-company balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

In preparing the financial statements in conformity with US GAAP, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates, required by management, include share-based compensation and fair value of derivatives. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company did not have any cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of receivables resulting from sales of products, and are stated at net realizable value.

Allowance for Doubtful Receivables

The Company recognizes an allowance for doubtful receivables to ensure accounts and other receivables are not overstated due to uncollectability. Allowance for doubtful receivables is maintained for all customers based on a variety of factors, including the length of time the receivables are past due, significant one-time events and historical experience. An additional allowance for individual accounts is recorded when the Company becomes aware of a customer's or other debtor's inability to meet its financial obligation, such as in the case of bankruptcy filings or deterioration in the customer's or other debtor's operating results or financial position. If circumstances related to customers or debtors change, estimates of the recoverability of receivables would be further adjusted (See Note 4).

Inventories

Inventories comprise raw materials, packing materials, work in progress and finished goods. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market with cost determined by the weighted average method. Management periodically compares the cost of inventories with the market value and an allowance is made to write down the inventories to their respective market values, if lower than cost. No allowance for inventories was considered necessary for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its present working condition and locations for its intended use. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

Management estimates that property, plant and equipment have a 5% residual value. The estimated useful lives are as follows:-

Plant and buildings	39 years
Machinery, equipment and automobiles	5-10 years

Expenditure for maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred. Additions, renewals and betterments are capitalized.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant assets, and, if any, is recognized in the statement of income and other comprehensive income.

Advances to Suppliers

Advances to suppliers represent payments made and recorded in advance for goods and services. The Company makes advance payments to raw materials suppliers. In order to maintain a long-term relationship with the suppliers, the Company frequently makes advance payments from one and a half months to three months ahead. The advances to suppliers were \$20,308,122 and \$20,245,861 as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets, which include property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the assets. If the carrying amounts of assets exceed their estimated undiscounted future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amounts of the assets exceed the fair value of the assets. Fair value is generally determined using the asset's expected future discounted cash flows or market value, if readily determinable. No impairment loss was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible Asset

Intangible asset consists of land use right which is stated at cost less amortization. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method, based on the period over which the right is granted by the relevant authorities in Heilongjiang Province, PRC.

Stock Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation arrangements using the fair value method in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (“SFAS”) No. 123 (revised 2004) “Share-Based Payment”, which is now codified as Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification (“FASB ASC”) 718 “Compensation-Stock Compensation”. FASB ASC 718 requires that the fair value of share awards issued, modified, repurchased or cancelled after implementation, under share-based payment arrangements, is measured as of the date the award is issued, modified, repurchased or cancelled. The resulting cost is then recognized in the statement of income and comprehensive income over the service period.

The Company estimates fair value of restricted stock based on the number of shares granted and the quoted price of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant.

The fair value of stock options and warrants is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company’s expected volatility assumption is based on similar public entities for which share and option price information was available, and considered the historical volatilities of those public entities’ share prices in calculating the expected volatility appropriate to the Company. The risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

The Company measures compensation expense for its non-employee stock-based compensation under FASB Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 96-18, “Accounting for Equity Instruments that are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services”, which is now codified as FASB ASC 718.

The fair value of the stock issued is used to measure the transaction, as this is more reliable than the fair value of the services received. Fair value is measured as the value of the Company’s common stock on the date that the commitment for performance by the counterparty has been reached or the counterparty’s performance is complete. The fair value of the equity instrument is charged directly to compensation expense.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Stock Based Compensation (Continued)

Stock compensation expense recognized is based on awards expected to vest, and there were no estimated forfeitures as the current options outstanding were only issued to founders and senior executives of the Company, which have very low turnover. FASB ASC 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised in subsequent periods, if necessary, if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are accounted for under SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", which is now codified as FASB ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging". Under FASB ASC 815, all derivative instruments are recorded on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments are recorded in current earnings.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under SFAS No.109 "Accounting for Income Taxes", which is now codified as FASB ASC 740 "Income Taxes". Under FASB ASC 740, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under FASB ASC 740, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company reviewed the differences between the tax bases under PRC tax laws and financial reporting under US GAAP, and no material differences were found.

FASB ASC 740 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements and it prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attributable for the financial statements recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognizing, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosures and transitions. Interest and penalties from tax assessments, if any, are included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

The Company recognizes that virtually all tax positions in the PRC are not free of some degree of uncertainty due to tax law and policy changes by the PRC government. However, the Company cannot reasonably quantify political risk factors and thus must depend on guidance issued by current PRC government officials.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income Taxes (Continued)

Based on all known facts and circumstances and current tax law, the Company believes that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits as of March 31, 2010 is not material to its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows. The Company also believes that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits as of March 31, 2010, if recognized, would not have a material effect on its effective tax rate. The Company further believes that there are no tax positions for which it is reasonably possible, based on current Chinese tax law and policy, that the unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease over the next 12 months producing, individually or in the aggregate, a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

Under current PRC tax laws, 10% withholding tax is imposed in respect to distributions paid to foreign owners. As the subsidiaries in the PRC have no intention to pay dividends in the foreseeable future, no withholding tax on undistributed earnings has been accrued as of March 31, 2010.

Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, as revised by No.104, issued by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or U.S SEC, which is now codified as FASB ASC 605. In accordance with FASB ASC 605, revenues are recognized when the four following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) the delivery is completed, (iii) the fees are fixed or determinable, and (iv) collectability is reasonably assured.

Revenue from sales of products is recognized when the title is passed to customers upon delivery and when collectability is reasonably assured. The Company does not provide its customers with the right of return (except for quality). All sales are based on firm customer orders with fixed terms and conditions, which generally cannot be modified.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses are costs associated with developing the Company's intellectual property. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. The costs of equipment that are acquired or constructed for research and development activities and have alternative future uses are classified as plant and equipment and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The research and development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 were \$1,505,172 and \$289,155, respectively.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

SFAS No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Values of Financial Instruments" which is now codified as FASB ASC 825 "Financial Instruments", requires disclosing fair value to the extent practicable for financial instruments that are recognized or unrecognized in the balance sheet. The fair value of the financial instruments disclosed herein is not necessarily representative of the amount that could be realized or settled, nor does the fair value amount consider the tax consequences of realization or settlement.

The carrying amounts of certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, notes and other receivables, accounts payable, accrued expenses, notes payable and other payables approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these items. The carrying amounts of short-term loans from bank approximate the fair value based on the Company's expected borrowing rate for debt with similar remaining maturities and comparable risk.

Earnings (Loss) per Share

The Company computes earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share" and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 98 ("SAB 98"), which is now codified as FASB ASC 260. FASB ASC 260 requires companies with complex capital structures to present basic and diluted EPS. Basic EPS is measured as net income divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted EPS is similar to basic EPS but presents the dilutive effect on a per share basis of potential common shares (e.g., convertible securities, options and warrants) as if they had been converted at the beginning of the periods presented, or issuance date, if later. Potential common shares that have an anti-dilutive effect (i.e., those that increase income per share or decrease loss per share) are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of net income (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) includes unrealized gains or losses resulting from currency translations of foreign subsidiaries.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and accounts receivable. The Company does not require collateral or other security to support these receivables. The Company conducts periodic reviews of its customers' financial condition and customer payment practices to minimize collection risk on accounts receivable. As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had credit risk exposure of uninsured cash in banks of approximately \$13,918,309 and \$6,850,784, respectively.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's operations in the PRC are subject to special consideration and significant risks not typically associated with companies in North America and Western Europe. These include risks associated with, among others, political, economic and legal environment and foreign currency exchange. The Company's results may be adversely affected by changes in the political and social conditions in the PRC, and by changes in governmental policies with respect to laws and regulations, anti-inflationary measures, currency conversion, remittances abroad, and rates and methods of taxation, among other things.

Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currency of the Company is Renminbi, and its reporting currency is U.S. dollars. In accordance with SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation" which is now codified as FASB ASC 830 "Foreign Currency Matters", the Company's balance sheet accounts are translated into U.S. dollars at the year-end exchange rates and all revenue and expenses are translated into U.S. dollars at the average exchange rates prevailing during the periods in which these items arise. Translation gains and losses are deferred and accumulated as a component of other comprehensive income in stockholders' equity. Transaction gains and losses that arise from exchange rate fluctuations from transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in the consolidated statement of income as incurred.

The PRC government imposes significant exchange restrictions on fund transfers out of the PRC that are not related to business operations. These restrictions have not had a material impact on the Company because it has not engaged in any significant transactions that are subject to the restrictions.

Segment Reporting

The Company has only one business segment. All customers are located in the PRC. The majority of assets are located in the PRC. No segment reporting disclosure has been made.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Profit Appropriation

In accordance with PRC regulations, the PRC subsidiaries are required to make appropriations to the statutory surplus reserve fund, based on after-tax net income determined in accordance with PRC GAAP. Appropriation to the statutory surplus reserve fund should be at least 10% of the after-tax net income determined in accordance with PRC GAAP until the reserve is equal to 50% of the entity's registered capital. Statutory surplus reserve fund is non-distributable other than in liquidation.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No.2010-06 ("ASU 2010-06"), "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements", which amends ASC 820 to add new requirements for disclosures related to amounts transferred into and out of Level 1 and 2 fair value measurements as well as separate disclosures of purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements related to amounts reported as Level 3 fair value measurements. ASU 2010-06 also clarifies existing fair value disclosure requirements related to the level of disaggregation and the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for this quarter, except for the separate disclosures of purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements related to amounts reported as Level 3 fair value measurements, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010.

The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on its results of operations or cash flows.

Note 3. RESTRICTED CASH

As of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had restricted cash of \$8,790,075 and nil. The Company's lenders require the Company to maintain with the lending banks a cash balance of a minimum of 50% of the balance of the bank acceptance notes payable (See Note 11) as collateral for the Company's obligations to the lenders. The Company maintained a cash balance of \$8,790,075 for bank acceptance notes with the lending banks.

Note 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of trade receivables resulting from sales of products during the normal course of business. Accounts receivable as of March 31, 2010 and December 31 2009 amounted to \$14,218,223 and \$8,558,172, respectively.

The Company collaborates directly with its end users on new product development, product certifications and post-sales support. Sales contracts are usually signed directly between the Company and its end users. Due to the nature of this industry, the Company also regularly uses distributors to sell its products to various end users. This arrangement can greatly assist to ensure timely collections of its accounts receivable and reduce its selling and administrative costs. The Company believes that all of the accounts receivable outstanding from these distributors are collectible (See Note 16).

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
 FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

The changes in allowance for doubtful receivables are summarized as follows:

	As of	
	March 31, 2010 US\$	December 31, 2009 US\$
Beginning balance	166,095	99,669
Additions	28	66,426
Ending balance	166,123	166,095

The allowance for doubtful receivables was recorded in general and administrative expenses.

Note 5. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following:

	As of	
	March 31, 2010 US\$	December 31, 2009 US\$
Raw materials	7,846,216	5,760,957
Work-in-progress	578,724	12,030,860
Finished goods	13,273,665	570,701
Packing supplies	14,552	8,967
Total	21,713,157	18,371,485

No allowance for inventories was made for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

Note 6. ADVANCES TO EMPLOYEES

Advances to employees represent cash advances to employees to purchase raw materials or equipment and other supplies for normal business purposes. The balance also included the proceeds receivable from employees in regard to company automobiles sold to them in 2009. Advances to employees as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 amounted to \$541,558 and \$512,745, respectively.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

The details of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	As of March 31, 2010 US\$	December 31, 2009 US\$
Machinery and equipment	30,444,269	30,455,968
Automobiles	401,796	402,690
Plant and buildings	3,893,340	3,863,746
Total	34,739,405	34,722,404
Less: accumulated depreciation	(4,485,791)	(3,667,959)
Construction in progress	-	28,944
Total	30,253,614	31,083,389

Depreciation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$828,769 and \$444,499, respectively. Certain property, plant and equipment have been pledged for short term loans (See Note 10).

Note 8. INTANGIBLE ASSET

Intangible asset consists of land use right only. All land in the PRC is government owned and cannot be sold to any individual or company. Instead, the government grants the user a land use right ("the Right") to use the land.

The Company has the right to use the land for 50 years and amortizes the Right on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life of 48 years from 2007 to 2055. The land use right was originally acquired in May 2005 for the amount of \$226,281.

Net intangible asset as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 was as follows:

	As of March 31, 2010 US\$	December 31, 2009 US\$
Land use right	267,531	267,486
Less: accumulated amortization	(26,939)	(25,541)
Total	240,592	241,945

Amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 amounted to \$1,393 and \$1,391, respectively. Amortization expenses for the next five years amount to approximately \$5,500 each year. The land use right has been pledged for short term loans (See Note 10).

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Amounts due to affiliates are as follows:

	As of	
	March 31, 2010 US\$	December 31, 2009 US\$
Harbin Xinda High-Tech Co., Ltd. ("Xinda High-tech)	-	148,397
Ms. Piao	100,394	-
Total	100,394	148,397

Prior to the reverse merger, Ms. Piao owned 100% of Favor Sea (BVI) indirectly via XD Engineering, the former sole shareholder of Favor Sea (BVI). Xinda Hi-Tech is an affiliated company owned by the spouse of Mr. Han, who was the major shareholder of Harbin Xinda before the ownership was transferred to HK Engineering Plastics (See Note 10).

On September 20, 2008, Harbin Xinda ("Buyer") signed an agreement ("Agreement") with Xinda High-Tech ("Seller") to acquire all of the assets of Xinda High-Tech, including plant and buildings, land use rights, machinery and equipment for a total amount of RMB240,000,000 (approximately \$35,136,006 at date of signing). Harbin Xinda was required to make two installment payments of the full purchase price of RMB50,000,000 by the end of December 31, 2008 and the remaining balance of RMB190,000,000 by the end of September 30, 2009 if all assets purchased are transferred to the Company. On May 1, 2009, Harbin Xinda and Xinda High-Tech agreed to rescind the Agreement.

Prior to signing of the above-mentioned Agreement, the Company rented the buildings and equipment of Xinda High-Tech for the purpose of its production expansion. The lease term was from May 1, 2008 to April 30, 2011. The lease payment was for a total of RMB2,000,000 per year. The lease contract was cancelled when Harbin Xinda and Xinda High-Tech rescinded the Agreement on May 1, 2009 and at the same time, Harbin Xinda and Xinda High-Tech re-signed a new lease agreement for the office and factory space at No. 9 Dalian North Road, Haping Road Centralized District, Harbin Development Zone, Harbin, Heilongjiang, China. The leased space is 23,893.53 square meters and the term of the lease is from May 1, 2009 to April 30, 2012. The lease payment remains at RMB2,000,000 per year. In the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, the Company recorded \$73,234 and \$73,139, respectively, for the rent expenses (See Note 18).

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 10. SHORT TERM LOANS

The short-term loans include the following:

	As of March 31, 2010 US\$	December 31, 2009 US\$
a) Loan payable to Bank of Communications one year term from December 8, 2009 to December 8, 2010 bears interest of 10% above the prime rate* set by Central Bank of China	4,395,038	4,394,304
b) Loan payable to Bank of Communications one year term from December 8, 2009 to December 8, 2010 bears interest of 10% above the prime rate* set by Central Bank of China	1,465,012	1,464,768
c) Loan payable to Harbin Bank one year term from February 24, 2009 to February 23, 2010 bears a fixed interest rate of 7.124% per year	-	4,394,304
d) Loan payable to Harbin Bank one year term from April 3, 2009 to April 2, 2010 bears a fixed interest rate of 7.124% per year	-	10,692,805
e) Loan payable to Harbin Bank three months term from March 30, 2010 to June 30, 2010 bears a fixed interest rate of 5.265% per year	732,506	-
f) Loan payable to Harbin Bank three months term from December 25, 2009 to March 24, 2010 bears a fixed interest rate of 6.504% per year	-	732,384
g) Loan payable to Longjiang Bank one year term from February 22, 2010 to February 21, 2011 bears a fixed interest rate of 5.441% per year	4,395,038	-
h) Loan payable to Longjiang Bank one year term from February 22, 2010 to February 21, 2011 bears a fixed interest rate of 5.441% per year	4,395,038	-
i) Loan payable to Longjiang Bank three months term from March 15, 2010 to June 14, 2010 bears a fixed interest rate of 4.970% per year	5,860,050	-
Total	21,242,682	21,678,565

* The prime rate set by Central Bank of China as of March 31, 2010 was 5.31%.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 10. SHORT TERM LOANS (Continued)

The one-year short term loan of \$4,395,038 between Harbin Xinda and Bank of Communications for the period of December 8, 2009 to December 8, 2010 is guaranteed by Mr. Han and his wife and secured by Xinda High-Tech's pledge of its land use right and buildings and Harbin Xinda's land use right, buildings and machinery as collateral to secure the loan (See Note 9).

The one-year short term loan of \$1,465,012 between Harbin Xinda and Bank of Communications for the period of December 8, 2009 to December 8, 2010 is secured by Harbin Xinda pledging certain of its machineries as collateral to secure the loan and guaranteed by Mr. Han and his wife.

The two one-year short term loans of \$4,395,038 each, between Harbin Xinda and Longjiang Bank for the period of February 22, 2010 to February 21, 2011 are secured by Harbin Xinda pledging certain of its machineries as collateral to secure the loans.

The three months short term loan of \$5,860,050 between Harbin Xinda and Longjiang Bank for the period of March 15, 2010 to June 14, 2010 is guaranteed by Xinda High-Tech (See Note 9).

The three months short term loan of \$732,506 between Harbin Xinda and Harbin Bank for the period of March 30, 2010 to June 30, 2010 is guaranteed by Xinda High-Tech (See Note 9).

Interest expense for the Company's short term loans totaled \$387,372 and \$356,188 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Note 11. BANK ACCEPTANCE NOTES PAYABLE

The Company had bank acceptance notes payable in the amount of \$5,860,050 and nil as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The notes were guaranteed to be paid by the banks and usually for a short-term period of three (3) to six (6) months. The Company is required to maintain cash deposits at a minimum of 50% of the total balance of the notes payable with the banks, in order to ensure future credit availability.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 12. INCOME TAXES

(a) Corporation Income Tax (“CIT”)

No provision for income tax for China XD Plastics and Favor Sea (US) has been made as they incurred losses for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

HK Engineering Plastics’ income is subject to taxation in Hong Kong at 16.5%. No provision for Hong Kong income tax has been made as HK Engineering Plastics has had no assessable profit since its incorporation.

Favor Sea (BVI) is not subject to income tax in any tax jurisdiction.

The subsidiaries operating in the PRC are subject to income taxes as described below:-

Prior to January 1, 2008, Foreign Investment Enterprises were subject to the Foreign Enterprise Investment Income Tax (“FEIT”). Under that law, Foreign Investment Enterprises were generally subject to an income tax rate of 33% on all income, including foreign income. Qualified Foreign Investment Enterprises would receive a reduced national tax rate of 24% or 15%. Qualifying Foreign Investment Enterprises in the manufacturing sector were exempted from the FEIT for two years starting in the first year they became profitable, and received a 50% reduction in the FEIT for the subsequent three years, or a “two plus three” tax holiday. As such Harbin Xinda was exempt from paying the FEIT for 2007 and 2006.

Under the Enterprise Income Tax (“EIT,”) a uniform tax rate of 25% is applicable to both domestic and Foreign Investment Enterprises starting from January 1, 2008. For existing Foreign Investment Enterprises, the increased tax rate will be phased in. In addition to the rate increase, a majority of the favorable tax treatments currently enjoyed by Foreign Investment Entities are abolished, including the two plus three tax holiday, tax rate reductions relating to businesses located in specified regions of the country and income tax refunds for re-investments in China. Under the new law, Harbin Xinda is subject to the new tax rates and will lose the “two plus three” tax holiday that Harbin Xinda would have been entitled to under the old law. However, as a recipient of the High-Technology Enterprise Certificate from the Chinese government, Harbin Xinda is entitled to a rebate of a portion of the EIT. This rebate will reduce Harbin Xinda’s effective EIT tax rate to 15% from January 1, 2008 to December 31, 2010.

Income for the Research Institute is exempt from income tax under the current tax laws in the PRC.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 12. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

Corporation Income Tax (“CIT”) (Continued)

The following table reconciles the statutory rates to the Company’s effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009:

	March 31, 2010	March 31, 2009
US statutory rates	34.00%	34.00%
Effect of tax rates in different jurisdiction	(6.18%)	(9.00%)
Effect of non-deductible expenses	(11.53%)	-
Changes in valuation allowance	0.99%	-
Effect of tax exemption of PRC subsidiaries	(17.11%)	(24.94%)
Effective income tax rate	0.17%	0.06%

As of March 31, 2010, China XD Plastics and Favor Sea (US) had accumulated net operating loss carryforwards for United States federal tax purposes of approximately \$1,239,116, that are available to offset future taxable income. Realization of the net operating loss carryforwards is dependent upon future profitable operations. In addition, the carryforwards may be limited upon a change of control in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 382, as amended. Accordingly, management has recorded a valuation allowance to reduce deferred tax assets associated with the net operating loss carryforwards to zero at March 31, 2010. The net operating loss carryforwards expire in years 2027 through 2030.

As of March 31, 2010, deferred tax assets consist of:

	March 31, 2010 US\$
Net operating loss carry forwards	1,239,116
Less: valuation allowance	(1,239,116)
Net	-

(b) Value Added Tax (“VAT”)

Enterprises or individuals who sell commodities, engage in repairs and maintenance or import or export goods in the PRC are subject to a value added tax in accordance with the PRC laws. The value added tax standard rate is 17% of the gross sales price. A credit is available whereby VAT paid on the purchases of semi-finished products or raw materials used in the production of the Company’s finished products can be used to offset the VAT due on the sales of the finished products.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK

On December 1, 2009 (the “Closing Date”), China XD Plastics entered into a securities purchase agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”), with several investors, including institutional, accredited and non-US person and entities (the “Investors”), pursuant to which China XD Plastics sold units, comprised of 6% Series C convertible redeemable preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the “Series C preferred stock”), and two of warrants, for a purchase price of \$4.60 per unit (the “December 2009 Financing”). The Company sold 15,188 units in the aggregate, which included (i) 15,188 shares of Series C preferred stock, (ii) Series A warrants to purchase 1,320,696 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$5.50 per share with a five-year term, and (iii) Series B warrants to purchase 1,178,722 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.0001 with a five-year term. Net proceeds were approximately \$13,891,477, net of issuance costs of approximately \$719,400 in cash and warrants to placement agent valued at \$577,123. Rodman Renshaw acted as placement agent and received (i) a placement fee in the amount equal to 5% of the gross proceeds and (ii) warrants to purchase up to 117,261 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$5.50, with a five-year term (“Placement Agent Warrants” and together with the Series A warrants and Series B warrants, the “Warrants” or “Investor Warrants”).

Key terms of the Series C preferred stock sold by the Company in December 2009 financing are summarized as follows:

Dividends

Dividends on the Series C preferred stock shall accrue and be cumulative from and after the issuance date. For each outstanding share of Series C preferred stock, dividends are payable at the per annum rate of 6% of the liquidation preference amount of the Series C preferred stock. Dividends are payable quarterly on the business day following the last business day of each December, June, and September of each year (each, a “Dividend Payment Date”), and continuing until such stock is fully converted or redeemed. Preferred stock holders are entitled to convert any unpaid dividends per preferred stock then remaining, into fully paid and nonassessable shares of common stock at a mutually agreed conversion rate.

Voting Rights

The Series C preferred stock holders are entitled to vote separately as a class on matters affecting the Series C preferred stock and with regard to certain corporate matters set forth in the Series C Certificate of Designation, so long as any shares of the Series C preferred stock remain outstanding. Holders of the Series C preferred stock are not, however, entitled to vote on general matters along with holders of common stock.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK (Continued)

Liquidation Preference

In the event of the liquidation event, the holders of the Series C preferred stock then outstanding shall be entitled to receive in cash out of the assets of the Company available for distribution to its stockholders, an amount equal to \$1,000 per share of the Series C preferred stock, plus any accrued but unpaid dividends thereon, whether or not declared, together with any other dividends declared but unpaid thereon, as of the date of liquidation before any payment shall be made or any assets distributed to the holders of the common stock or any other junior stock. If upon the occurrence of liquidation, the assets thus distributed among the holders of the Series C preferred stock shall be insufficient to permit the payment to such holders of the full Series C preferred stock amount, then the entire assets of the Company legally available for distribution shall be distributed ratably among the holders of the Series C preferred stock.

Conversion Rights

i) Voluntary Conversion

At any time on or after the date of the initial issuance of the Series C preferred stock, the holder of any such shares of Series C preferred stock may, at such holder's option, convert any whole number of preferred shares, plus the amount of any accrued but unpaid dividends per preferred share then remaining, into fully paid and nonassessable shares of common stock at the initial conversion price of \$4.60 per share. The initial conversion price may be adjusted for stock splits and combinations, dividend and distributions, reclassification, exchange or substitution, reorganization, merger, consolidation or sales of assets as stimulated in the Certification of Designations.

ii) Mandatory Redemption

If any preferred shares remain outstanding on the maturity date on December 1, 2012, the Company shall redeem such preferred shares in cash in an amount equal to the outstanding conversion amount for each such preferred share.

Conversion Restriction

Holders of the Series C preferred stock may not convert the preferred stock to common stock if the conversion would result in the holder beneficially owning more than 4.99% of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock. That limitation may be waived by a holder of the Series C preferred stock and an increase or decrease in the maximum percentage to any other percentage not in excess of 9.99% may be specified in such notice by sending a written notice to the Company on not less than 61 days prior to the date that they would like to waive the limitation.

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NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK (Continued)

Registration Rights Agreement

In connection with the financing, the Company entered into a registration rights agreement (the "RRA") with the investors in which the Company agreed to file a registration statement (the "Registration Statement") with the SEC to register the shares of common stock underlying the Series C preferred stock and the Warrants, thirty (30) days after the closing of the financing. The Company has agreed to use its best efforts to have the Registration Statement declared effective within 60 calendar days after filing, or 180 calendar days after filing in the event Cutback Shares are required and the Additional Registration Statement is required to cover Additional Registrable Securities.

The Company is required to keep the Registration Statement continuously effective under the Securities Act until such date as is the earlier of the date when all of the securities covered by that Registration Statement have been sold or the date on which such securities may be sold without any restriction pursuant to Rule 144 (the "Financing Effectiveness Period"). The Company will pay liquidated damages of 2% of each holder's initial investment in the Units sold in the Financing, payable in cash, if the Registration Statement is not filed or declared effective within the foregoing time periods or ceases to be effective prior to the expiration of the Financing Effectiveness Period. In the event the Company fails to make Registration Delay Payments in a timely manner, such Registration Delay Payments shall bear interest at the rate of one and one-half percent (1.5%) per month (prorated for partial months) until paid in full. However, no liquidated damages shall be paid with respect to any securities being registered that the Company are not permitted to include in the Financing Registration Statement due to the SEC's application of Rule 415.

The Company evaluated the contingent obligation related to the RRA liquidated damages in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Staff Position No. EITF 00-19-2 "Accounting for Registration Payment Arrangements" which is now codified as FASB ASC 825-20, which requires the contingent obligation to make future payments or otherwise transfer consideration under a registration payment arrangement, whether issued as a separate agreement or included as a provision of a financial instrument or other agreement, to be separately recognized and measured in accordance with SFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies", which is now codified as FASB ASC 450. The Company concluded that such obligation was not probable to incur based on the best information and facts available as of December 31, 2009. Therefore, no contingent obligation related to the RRA liquidated damages was recognized as of December 31, 2009.

The Company's registration statement filed with the SEC in connection with the issuance of Series C preferred stock was declared effective on February 19, 2010.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK (Continued)

Accounting for the Series C preferred stock

The Series C preferred stock is mandatorily redeemable on December 1, 2012, at a conversion amount equal to the stated value plus the additional amount. The additional amount is a formula based on the 6% dividend rate and the time that the preferred stock is outstanding. The Company used the guidance of FASB ASC 480-10-S99, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity" which states that equity instruments with redemption features that are not solely within the control of the issuer to be classified temporary equity. The Company's Series C preferred stock is contingently redeemable as it is convertible until the end of the third anniversary.

Embedded Conversion Feature

FASB ASC 815 indicates that an embedded conversion feature should be considered to be a derivative if the following criteria are met:

- i) The economic characteristics and risks differ between the host and embedded conversion feature. This condition, relative to our Series C preferred stock, is met because the preferred stock has a mandatory redemption feature at the discretion of the holders instead of the Company. Hence, the conversion feature is not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics of the host contract. The embedded derivative (that is, the conversion option) must be separated from its host contract and accounted for as a derivative liability provided that the conversion option would, as a freestanding instrument, be a derivative instrument.
- ii) The contract that includes the host and the conversion feature is not re-measured at fair value. This condition is met because the contract (Series C preferred stock) is not to be re-measured at fair value.
- iii) A separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded conversion feature would be derivative as per paragraphs 6 of FASB ASC 815. Our review of paragraph 6 revealed that the embedded conversion feature without a host would be considered a derivative because the embedded conversion feature (1) has underlying and notional amounts (2) requires no initial net investments and (3) permits net settlement.

Based on the above considerations, the embedded conversion features related to our Series C preferred stock is a derivative that must be bifurcated from the host instrument and accounted for at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in earnings.

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, 14,436 out of total 15,188 shares of Series C preferred stock were converted into 3,138,261 shares of common stocks. The conversion of Series C preferred stock resulted in a fair value gain of \$3,194,337 recorded in earnings and a credit of \$14,672,957 to additional paid-in capital during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

The Company calculated the fair value of the embedded conversion feature at March 31, 2010 to be \$712,915 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions:

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 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
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Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK (Continued)

- risk free rate of return of 1.60%
 - volatility of 156.16%
 - dividend yield of 6.0%
- expected term of 2.67 years

The fair value gain of the embedded conversion feature of \$217,850 was recorded in earnings.

The movements of embedded conversion feature are summarized as follows:-

	US\$
Issuance of preferred stock on December 1, 2009	16,812,682
Adjustment to fair value change	1,985,377
Balance as of December 31, 2009 and January 1, 2010	18,798,059
Conversion of preferred stock to common shares	(14,672,957)
Adjustment to fair value change upon conversion	(3,194,337)
Balance as of March 31, 2010	712,915

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK (Continued)

Accounting for Warrants

The Warrants have an initial exercise price which is subject to adjustments in certain circumstances for stock splits, combinations, dividends and distributions, reclassification, exchange or substitution, reorganization, merger, consolidation or sales of assets, issuance of additional shares of common stock or equivalents. The Warrants may not be exercised if it would result in the holder beneficially owning more than 4.99% of the Company's outstanding common shares.

The Company analyzed the Warrants in accordance with SFAS No. 133, which is now codified as FASB ASC 815, to determine whether the Warrants meet the definition of a derivative and, if so, whether the Warrants meet the scope exception of FASB ASC 815, which is that contracts issued or held by the reporting entity that are both (1) indexed to its own stock and (2) classified in stockholders' equity shall not be considered to be derivative instruments for purposes of FASB ASC 815.

The Company also considered the provisions of EITF Issue No. 07-5, "Determining Whether an Instrument (or Embedded Feature) Is Indexed to an Entity's Own Stock" which is now codified as FASB ASC 815-40, which applies to any freestanding financial instruments or embedded features that have the characteristics of a derivative, as defined by FASB ASC 815 and to any freestanding financial instruments that are potentially settled in an entity's own common stock.

As a result of its interpretation of FASB ASC 815-40, the Company concluded that the Warrants issued in the December 2009 financing should be treated as a derivative liability because the Warrants are entitled to a price adjustment provision to allow the exercise price to be reduced in the event the Company issues or sells any additional shares of common stock at a price per share less than the then-applicable exercise price or without consideration, which is typically referred to as a "Down-round protection" or "anti-dilution" provision. According to FASB ASC 815-40, the "Down-round protection" provision is not considered to be an input to the fair value of a fixed-for-fixed option on equity shares which leads the Warrants to fail to be qualified as indexed to the Company's own stock and then to fail to meet the scope exceptions of FASB ASC 815. Therefore, the Company accounted for the Warrants as derivative liabilities under FASB ASC 815. Pursuant to FASB ASC 815, derivatives are measured at fair value and re-measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in earnings at each reporting period.

Series A warrants

The Company estimated the fair value of the Series A warrants using the Black Scholes option-pricing model and available information that management deems most relevant.

The Company calculated the fair value of the Series A warrants at March 31, 2010 to be \$5,678,837, compared to the fair value of \$7,248,903 as of December 31, 2009, using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

- risk free rate of return of 2.55%
- volatility of 156.16%
- dividend yield of 6.0%
- expected term of 4.67 years

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK (Continued)

The volatility of 156.16% was determined by taking the Company's stock price from February 13, 2009 through November 13, 2009 and December 2, 2009 through March 31, 2010. The Company believes that the stock price immediately after the reverse merger to February 12, 2009 remained constant. Moreover, the stock price was extremely volatile from November 14, 2009 to December 1, 2009, when it began trading on NASDAQ.

The change in fair value of the Warrants of \$1,570,066 was recorded in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Series B warrants

The Series B warrants will not be valued at the date of the agreement because the price is not known until the Price Reset Date.

Placement Agent Warrants

In accordance with Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 5.A: "Miscellaneous Accounting-Expenses of Offering" which is now codified as FASB ASC 340-10-S99-1", "specific incremental costs directly attributable to a proposed or actual offering of securities may properly be deferred and charged against the gross proceeds of the offering." In accordance with the SEC Accounting and Reporting Manual, "costs of issuing equity securities are charged directly to equity as deduction of the fair value assigned to shares issued." Accordingly, the Company concluded that the Placement Agent Warrants are directly attributable to the December 2009 financing. If the Company had not issued the Placement Agent Warrants, the Company would have had to pay the same amount of cash as the fair value. Therefore, the Company deducted the total fair value of the Placement Agent Warrants as of the commitment date, which was approximately \$577,123, against the gross proceeds.

Since the Placement Agent Warrants contain the same terms as the Investor Warrants, the Placement Agent Warrants are also entitled to the benefits of the "down-round protection" provisions, which means that the Placement Agent Warrants will also need to be accounted for as a derivative under FASB ASC 815 with changes in fair value recorded in earnings at each reporting period. As of March 31, 2010, the total fair value of the Placement Agent Warrants was \$504,209, compared to the fair value of \$643,610 as of December 31, 2009; therefore, the change of the total fair value of the Placement Agent Warrants of \$139,401 was recorded in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

The registered holders of the Investor and Placement Agent Warrants are entitled to purchase common shares from the Company at any time or times on or after the date immediately after the six month anniversary until the sixty month anniversary after the issuance date.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
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Note 13. SERIES C CONVERTIBLE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK (Continued)

The movement of common stock warrant purchase liabilities is summarized as follows:-

	Series A warrants US\$	Placement Agent warrants US\$	Total US\$
Issuance of common stock warrants on December 1, 2009	6,500,059	577,123	7,077,182
Adjustment to fair value change	748,844	66,487	815,331
Balance as of December 31, 2009 and January 1, 2010	7,248,903	643,610	7,892,513
Adjustment to fair value change	(1,570,066)	(139,401)	(1,709,467)
Balance as of March 31, 2010	5,678,837	504,209	6,183,046

Allocation of proceeds on December 31, 2009

The fair value of the embedded conversion feature and warrants of \$23,312,741 was recorded as follows:-

- i) the Company recorded a deemed preferred stock dividend of \$13,891,477; and
- ii) the excess of the fair values of the embedded conversion feature and warrants over the net proceeds received of \$9,421,264 was charged to changes in fair value of warrants and embedded derivatives in the statement of income.

Note 14. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company adopted the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2009 Plan") on May 26, 2009, which reserved 7,800,000 shares of common stock for issuance. The 2009 Plan allows the Company to issue awards of incentive non-qualified stock options and stock bonuses to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company, which may be subject to restrictions. The Company applied FASB ASC 718 and related interpretations in accounting for the 2009 Plan. Compensation for services that a corporation receives under FASB ASC 718 through share-based compensation plans should be measured by the quoted market price of the stock at the grant date less the amount, if any, that the individual is required to pay.

Stock compensation expense recognized is based on awards expected to vest. The fair value of the stock compensation is amortized over the respective vesting period based on the terms of the employment or service agreements under which the stock was awarded. The fair value of the stock-based compensation expense amortized for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$745,394 and nil, respectively.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
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Note 14. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

A summary of the restricted stock unit activity is as follows:

	Restricted Stock Units \$	Weighted- Average Grant Date Price per Share \$	Aggregated Fair Market Value \$
Balance at January 1, 2010 and December 31, 2009	942,024	3.06	2,883,541
Vested	(20,024)	5.87	117,541
Balance at March 31, 2010 (granted but not yet vested)	922,000	3.00	2,766,000

As of March 31, 2010, 5,989,976 (December 31, 2009: 5,989,976) share-based awards were available for grant.

Note 15. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(a) Common Stock

Issuance of Common Stock

Prior to the reverse merger, China XD Plastics had 49,632,222 shares of common stock issued and outstanding at \$.0001 per share. In connection with the reverse merger consummated on December 24, 2008, all of these outstanding shares were subject to a 124.1 for 1 reverse split for all record holders of China XD Plastics' common stock on the date of December 31, 2008. The number of the post reverse-split of the original common stock outstanding was rounded up to 400,000 shares.

In consideration for the Merger, China XD Plastics issued 10 shares of the common stock and 1,000,000 shares of convertible Series A preferred stock to the shareholders of Favor Sea (BVI), and also 1,000,000 shares of Series B preferred stock to XD Engineering, the principal shareholder of Favor Sea (BVI). The 10 shares of the common stock issued to shareholders of Favor Sea BVI were converted into approximately 50,367,778 shares of the common stock of China XD Plastics prior to and approximately 405,802 post a reverse stock split of 124.1 for 1. The equity account of Favor Sea (BVI), prior to the merger date, has been retroactively restated so that the ending outstanding share balance as of the merger date is equal to the number of post reverse-split shares received in the merger.

As a part of the Merger Agreement effected on December 24, 2008, 1,000,000 shares of Series A preferred stock were automatically converted into 38,194,072 shares of common stock on April 20, 2009 after China XD Plastics' effective filing to increase its authorized shares.

On June 5, 2009, China XD Plastics issued 1,790,000 common shares to some employees and consultants as stock compensation in connection with the services rendered or to be rendered by in 2009. Among these shares, 868,000 vested during the year and 922,000 will vest in 2010.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
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Note 15. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

On September 2, 2009, the Company issued 20,024 common stocks to four independent directors in connection with the service agreements between China XD Plastics and the directors. These shares will vest in 2010.

On November 16, 2009, a consultant exercised its warrants into 57,152 shares of common shares.

During February and March of 2010, 14,436 shares series C preferred stock were converted into 3,138,261 common shares.

As of March 31, 2010, there are 44,007,589 shares of common stock issued and outstanding. There are also 1,000,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock issued and outstanding, and all of the issued and outstanding shares of Series B Preferred Stock have voting power equal to 40% of the total voting power of all of the issued and outstanding shares of the common stock.

Note 16. SIGNIFICANT CONCENTRATION

Two (2) major vendors provided approximately 99% of the Company's purchases of raw materials for the three months ended March 31, 2010, with each vendor individually accounting for approximately 52% and 47%, respectively. Two (2) vendors provided approximately 97% of the Company's purchase of raw materials for the three months ended March 31, 2009, with each vendor individually accounting for approximately 53% and 44%, respectively.

The advance to one of the vendors was \$16,497,096 and \$19,629,245 as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

Sales to three major distributors accounted for approximately 90% of the Company's sales for the three months ended March 31, 2010, with each distributor individually accounting for 65%, 13% and 12%, respectively.

Sales to one major distributor accounted for approximately 97% of the Company's sales for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Note 17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 is determined by dividing net income for the periods by the weighted average number of both basic and diluted shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding. The following is an analysis of the differences between basic and diluted earnings per common share in accordance with FASB ASC 260.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
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Note 17. EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

The following table is a reconciliation of the net income and the weighted average shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods presented:

	March 31, 2010 US\$	March 31, 2009 US\$
Income available to common stockholders		
Net income	13,082,356	4,016,644
Less: dividends to Series C preferred stockholder	(2,560,916)	-
Adjusted income attributable to common stockholders	10,521,440	4,016,644
Weighted average shares outstanding – Basic	41,178,249	805,802
Weighted average shares outstanding – Basic	41,178,249	805,802
Effect of diluted securities – Series A preferred stock	-	38,194,072
Effect of diluted securities – Series C preferred stock	47,565	
Effect of diluted securities – Warrants	386,260	-
Weighted average shares outstanding – Diluted	41,612,074	38,999,874
Earnings per share		
Basic EPS	0.26	4.98
Diluted EPS	0.25	0.10

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
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Note 18. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As of March 31, 2009, the Company leased buildings and facilities in Harbin and the lease will expire on April 30, 2012. Rental expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 amounted to \$73,234 and \$73,139, respectively. The rental expenses are included in general and administrative expenses (See Note 9).

As of March 31, 2009, the Company rented an office and a staff quarter in the U.S. where the office lease will expire on November 30, 2010 and the staff quarter lease expired on March 2, 2010. Rental expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 amounted to \$28,983 and \$53,000, respectively.

The future minimum lease payments under the above mentioned leases as of March 31, 2010 are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	US\$
2010	266,909
2011	293,003
2012	97,668
Total	657,580

As of March 31, 2010, HK Engineering Plastics had a commitment in respect of capital contribution to Harbin Xinda of approximately \$16,000,000 (RMB109,190,000), which has to be repaid by December 3, 2011.

As of March 31, 2010, the Company had a capital commitment in respect of machinery of \$205,000 (RMB1,400,000).

Note 19. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

FASB ASC 820 “Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures” introduces a framework for measuring fair value and expands required disclosure about fair value measurements of assets and liabilities. FASB ASC 820 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. FASB ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted - prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value - of the assets or liabilities.

CHINA XD PLASTICS COMPANY LIMITED
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2010 AND 2009 (UNAUDITED)

Note 19. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

Description	Fair Value Measurement as of March 31, 2010			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	US\$	US\$	US\$	US\$
Common stock warrant purchase liabilities	6,183,046	-	6,183,046	-
Embedded conversion feature liabilities	712,915	-	712,915	-
Total	6,895,961	-	6,895,961	-

Note 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Stock Dividend to Holders of Series C Preferred Stock

As of May 7, 2010, 750 out of total issued and outstanding 752 shares of Series C preferred stock have been converted into 163,043 common shares by three holders and they elected to receive their dividend payments in the form of restricted common stock aggregating 24,545 shares, in connection with their conversion of all their series C preferred shares pursuant to the provisions in the Certification of Designation of Series C Preferred Stock.

On April 14, 2010, China XD Plastics through its subsidiary Harbin Xinda entered into a District Entry Agreement (the "DE Agreement") and a Memorandum (the "Memo") with Harbin Economic and Technological Development Zone Administration (the "Administration").

Pursuant to the DE Agreement, Harbin Xinda agreed to relocate all its manufacturing facilities of the Qinling Road Factory and change its business address and tax registration to Ha Ping Road Centralized Industrial Park where Dalian Road Factory is located. Following the relocation of such manufacturing facilities, and upon the completion of the business address change and tax registration with the Development Zone of the new location, the Administration will pay a total of approximately \$3 million (RMB 20 million) to Harbin Xinda as business relocation subsidies. According to the payment terms of the DE Agreement, approximately \$1.5 million (RMB 10 million) will be paid within seven days of the completion of Harbin Xinda's business address change and tax registration and the remaining approximately \$1.5 million (RMB 10 million) will be paid in the corresponding period the following month.

The relocation will occur in phases over three months during which Harbin Xinda will relocate all its production lines in Qinling Road Factory to Ha Ping Road Centralized Industrial Park during its regular maintenance period, typically the last five days of each month. Harbin Xinda does not expect the relocation to interrupt its production.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of Operations.

We make forward-looking statements in this report, in other materials we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") or otherwise release to the public, and on our website. In addition, our senior management might make forward-looking statements orally to analysts, investors, the media and others. Statements concerning our future operations, prospects, strategies, financial condition, future economic performance (including growth and earnings) and demand for our products and services, and other statements of our plans, beliefs, or expectations, including the statements contained in this Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation," regarding our future plans, strategies and expectations are forward-looking statements. In some cases these statements are identifiable through the use of words such as "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "plan," "project," "target," "could," "may," "should," "will," "would" and similar expressions. We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions contained in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements because these forward-looking statements we make are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to various assumptions, risks, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by these forward-looking statements. Thus, our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on our operations and future prospects include, but are not limited to, changes in: economic conditions generally and the automotive modified plastic market specifically, legislative or regulatory changes that affect our business, including changes in regulation, the availability of working capital, the introduction of competing products, and other risk factors described herein. These risks and uncertainties, together with the other risks described from time-to-time in reports and documents that we filed with the SEC should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Indeed, it is likely that some of our assumptions will prove to be incorrect. Our actual results and financial position will vary from those projected or implied in the forward-looking statements and the variances may be material. We expressly disclaim any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Overview

China XD Plastics Company Limited ("China XD Plastics"), formerly known as NB Telecom, Inc ("NB Telecom") was originally incorporated as NB Payphones Ltd. under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania on November 16, 1999. On December 27, 2005, we migrated our state of organization to the state of Nevada and effective March 23, 2006, our name changed to NB Telecom.

On December 24, 2008, NB Telecom acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Favor Sea Limited ("Favor Sea BVI"), a British Virgin Islands corporation, whose assets, held through its subsidiaries, are 100% of the registered capital of Harbin Xinda Macromolecule Material Co., Ltd. ("Harbin Xinda"), a limited liability company established under the laws of the People's Republic of China ("China" or "PRC") and Harbin Xinda's wholly-owned subsidiary, Harbin Xinda Macromolecule Material Research Institute (the "Research Institute").

Harbin Xinda is a manufacturer and developer of modified plastics. We believe that Harbin Xinda is one of the primary modified plastics manufacturers for automotive applications in the PRC, developing and producing made-to-order modified plastics and providing after-sales services to such automotive brands as Audi, Red Flag, VW Golf, and Mazda6.

Results of Operations

Comparing Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 and 2009:

The following table sets forth information from our statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, in dollars:

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Sales	\$50,036,431	\$26,391,889
Cost of Sales	38,139,725	20,635,575
Gross Profit	11,896,706	5,756,314
Operating Expense	3,497,557	1,380,735
Operating Income	8,399,149	4,375,579
Interest Expense, net	406,039	355,606
Other Expense, net	9,676	644
Net Income	13,082,356	4,016,644
Comprehensive Income	\$13,100,001	\$3,979,027

Net sales

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, we had net sales of \$50,036,431, as compared with net sales of \$26,391,889 during the same period in 2009, an increase of \$23,644,542, or 89.6%, due to an increase both in sales volume and new variety of products delivered to our existing and new customers as a result of the high market demand supported by our newly acquired production lines in December 2009. The automobile market in China, especially the market for small to medium engine automobiles which is the primary market for our products, continued to expand in the first quarter of 2010 mainly due to the increasing automobile consumption in China. We capitalized on this growth trend during the first quarter of 2010.

Cost of Sales and Gross Margin

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, we had cost of sales of \$38,139,725, as compared with cost of sales of \$20,635,575 during the same period in 2009, an increase of approximately \$17,504,150, or 84.8%, reflecting the increase in net sales. The gross profit rose to \$11,896,706 for the three months ended March 31, 2010, or a 106.7% increase compared with \$5,756,314 during the same period in 2009. Our gross margin increased to 23.8% during the three months ended March 31, 2010 from 21.8% during the three months ended March 31, 2009. The increase was mainly attributed to the increase of percentage of higher margin products as we elevated our efforts of developing and selling more high value-added automotive modified plastics.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses were \$3,497,557 during the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared with \$1,380,735 during the three months ended March 31, 2009, an increase of \$2,116,822, or approximately 153.3%. The increase in operating expenses was principally due to the increase in stock-based compensation expenses, selling expenses, research and development expenses, depreciation expenses and payroll expenses. Selling expenses increased by \$45,728, or 100.2%, to \$91,379 during the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to \$45,651 during the same period in 2009 as we expanded to other major automobile regions in China while we continued penetrating the Northeast China market. General and administrative expenses increased from \$1,045,929 during the quarter ended March 31, 2009 to \$1,901,006 for the quarter ended March 31, 2010, principally reflecting the increase in stock-based

compensation expense. Research and development expenses increased from \$289,155 during the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$1,505,172 during the same period in 2010, an increase of 420.5%, reflecting our increased efforts in new products development. As a result, our operating expenses increased to \$3,497,557 during the quarter ended March 31, 2010 from \$1,380,735 during the quarter ended March 31, 2009.

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Interest Expense, net

Net interest expense increased by \$50,433, or 14.2%, from \$355,606 during the three months ended March 31, 2009 to \$406,039 for the three months ended March 31, 2010. The increase in interest expense resulted from the increase in our loans, as we borrowed to fund the rapid growth in our business.

Changes in Fair Value of Warrants and Derivative Liabilities

Changes in fair value of warrants and derivative liabilities increased to \$5,121,654 during the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to nil for the three months ended March 31, 2009 due to the changes in fair value of warrants and embedded conversion features related to the private placement of our equity securities in December 2009.

Net Income

Despite the significant increase in our costs and expenses, our net income increased greatly to \$13,082,356 during the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared with \$4,016,644 during the three months ended March 31, 2009. The significant increase in net income was mainly attributable to \$5,121,654 non-cash fair value gain of warrants and derivative liabilities related to the private placement of our equity securities in December 2009. Other than the \$5,121,654 non-cash gain, our net income increased by \$3,944,058 in the three months ended March 31, 2010 mainly because of the factors discussed above, including increased market demand for our products.

Comprehensive Income

As a result of the factors described above and a currency translation adjustment, our comprehensive income was \$13,100,001 during the quarter ended March 31, 2010, compared with \$3,979,027 during the quarter ended March 31, 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2010, we had \$5,128,234 in cash and cash equivalents, compared to \$6,850,784 as of December 31, 2009. There was a decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$1,722,550. The net decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the period was mainly due to cash used in operations, more specifically, the increase to the change in fair value of warrants and derivative liabilities, restricted cash, inventories, and accounts receivable and other receivables offset by the increase in proceeds from bank acceptance notes payable.

Operations

For the three months ended March 31, 2010, cash used in operations was \$5,513,638, compared to cash provided by operations of \$5,567,572 for the same period in 2009. As reflected in our cash flow, the changes including:

- Cash outflows from inventories amounted to \$3,337,831 mainly due to the increased purchases of raw materials for planned inventory buildup.
- Cash outflow from accounts receivable and other receivables amounted to \$5,657,496 primarily attributed to the increased sales to customers on credit from our newly added production capacity.

Investments

Cash used in investing activities was \$8,839 for the three months ended March 31, 2010 as compared to \$39,791 cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2009, an immaterial change.

Financing

For the three months ended March 31, 2010, net cash provided by financing activities was \$3,799,299 as compared to \$7,537,339 net cash used by financing activities for the same period in 2009. Increase in cash provided by financing activities is sourced from the proceeds of the short term bank acceptance notes payable. The Company also paid dividends of \$1,577,666 to the preferred stockholders upon conversion of Series C preferred stock pursuant to the make-whole provision in the Certification of Designation of Series C Preferred Stock.

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Based on past performance and current expectations, we believe our cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from operations will satisfy our working capital needs, capital expenditures and other liquidity requirements associated with our operations for at least the next 12 months.

The majority of the Company's revenues and expenses were denominated primarily in Renminbi ("RMB"), the currency of the People's Republic of China. There is no assurance that exchange rates between the RMB and the U.S. Dollar will remain stable. The Company does not engage in currency hedging. Inflation has not had a material impact on the Company's business.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Neither us, nor any of our subsidiaries have any off-balance sheet arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on their financial conditions or results of operations.

Critical Accounting Policies

This section should be read together with the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies included as Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2009 filed with the SEC.

Principles of consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 include the accounts of China XD Plastics Company Ltd., and its Subsidiaries, Favor Sea Limited, Favor Sea (US) Inc., Hong Kong Engineering Plastics Company Limited, Harbin Xinda, and the Research Institute, (collectively referred to as the "Company"). The Company's condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("US GAAP"). All significant inter-company balances and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Allowance for Doubtful Receivables

The Company recognizes an allowance for doubtful receivables to ensure accounts and other receivables are not overstated due to uncollectability. Allowance for doubtful receivables is maintained for all customers based on a variety of factors, including the length of time the receivables are past due, significant one-time events and historical experience. An additional allowance for individual accounts is recorded when the Company becomes aware of a customer's or other debtor's inability to meet its financial obligation, such as in the case of bankruptcy filings or deterioration in the customer's or other debtor's operating results or financial position. If circumstances related to customers or debtors change, estimates of the recoverability of receivables would be further adjusted.

Revenue recognition

The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, as revised by No.104, issued by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or U.S SEC, which is now codified as FASB ASC 605. In accordance with FASB ASC 605, revenues are recognized when the four following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) the delivery is completed, (iii) the fees are fixed or determinable, and (iv) collectability is reasonably assured.

Revenue from sales of products is recognized when the title is passed to customers upon delivery and when collectability is reasonably assured. The Company does not provide its customers with the right of return (except for quality). All sales are based on firm customer orders with fixed terms and conditions, which generally cannot be modified.

Inventories

Inventories comprise raw materials, packing materials, work in process and finished goods. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or market with cost determined by the weighted average method. Management periodically compares the cost of inventories with the market value and an allowance is made for writing down the inventories to their market value, if lower than cost. No allowance for inventories is considered necessary for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

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Stock Based Compensation

The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standard Codification (“ASC”) No. 718 in the second quarter of 2009, at which time the Company began recognizing an expense for unvested share-based compensation that has been issued or will be issued after that date. The Company adopted ASC No. 718 on a prospective basis.

The Company estimates fair value of restricted stock based on the number of shares granted and the quoted price of the Company’s common stock on the date of grant. The fair value of warrants is estimated using the Black-Scholes model. The Company’s expected volatility assumption is based on the historical volatility of the Company’s stock. The risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

The Company measures compensation expense for its non-employee stock-based compensation under ASC No. 718.

The fair value of the stock issued is used to measure the transaction, as this is more reliable than the fair value of the services received. Fair value is measured as the value of the Company’s common stock on the date that the commitment for performance by the counterparty has been reached or the counterparty’s performance is complete. The fair value of the equity instrument is charged directly to compensation expense.

Stock compensation expense recognized is based on awards expected to vest, and there were no estimated forfeitures as the current options outstanding were only issued to founders and senior executives of the Company, which have very low turnover. ASC No. 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised in subsequent periods, if necessary, if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

Accounting for the Series C preferred stock

The Series C preferred stock is mandatorily redeemable on December 1, 2012, at a conversion amount equal to the stated value plus the additional amount. The additional amount is a formula based on the 6% dividend rate and the time that the preferred stock is outstanding. The Company uses the guidance of FASB ASC 480-10-S99, “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity”, which states that equity instruments with redemption features that are not solely within the control of the issuer to be classified temporary equity. The Company’s Series C preferred stock is contingently redeemable as it is convertible until the end of the third anniversary.

Accounting for embedded conversion feature

The Company applied FASB ASC 815 to account for the embedded conversion features related to our Series C preferred stock. The embedded conversion feature is a derivative that must be bifurcated from the host instrument and accounted for at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in earnings.

Accounting for warrants

The Company analyzed the warrants issued in the December 2009 financing in accordance with FASB ASC 815, to determine whether the warrants meet the definition of a derivative and, if so, whether the warrants meet the scope exception of FASB ASC 815, which is that contracts issued or held by the reporting entity that are both (1) indexed to its own stock and (2) classified in stockholders’ equity shall not be considered to be derivative instruments for purposes of FASB ASC 815.

The Company also considered the provisions of EITF Issue No. 07-5, “Determining Whether an Instrument (or Embedded Feature) Is Indexed to an Entity’s Own Stock” which is now codified as FASB ASC 815-40, which applies to any freestanding financial instruments or embedded features that have the characteristics of a derivative, as defined

by FASB ASC 815, and to any freestanding financial instruments that are potentially settled in an entity's own common stock.

As a result of its interpretation of FASB ASC 815-40, the Company concluded that the warrants should be treated as a derivative liability because the warrants are entitled to a price adjustment provision to allow the exercise price to be reduced in the event the Company issues or sells any additional shares of common stock at a price per share less than the then-applicable exercise price or without consideration, which is typically referred to as a “Down-round protection” or “anti-dilution” provision. According to FASB ASC 815-40, the “Down-round protection” provision is not considered to be an input to the fair value of a fixed-for-fixed option on equity shares which leads the warrants to fail to be qualified as indexed to the Company’s own stock and then to fail to meet the scope exceptions of FASB ASC 815. Therefore, the Company accounted for the warrants as derivative liabilities under FASB ASC 815. Pursuant to FASB ASC 815, derivatives are measured at fair value and re-measured at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in earnings at each reporting period.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standard Update No.2010-06 (“ASU 2010-06”), “Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements”, which amends ASC 820 to add new requirements for disclosures related to amounts transferred into and out of Level 1 and 2 fair value measurements as well as separate disclosures of purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements related to amounts reported as Level 3 fair value measurements. ASU 2010-06 also clarifies existing fair value disclosure requirements related to the level of disaggregation and the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. This guidance is effective for this quarter, except for the separate disclosures of purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements related to amounts reported as Level 3 fair value measurements, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010.

The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on its results of operations or cash flows.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not applicable.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company’s management has evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operations of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures was completed; our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective because of weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. In addition to the remediation initiatives the Company has implemented as identified in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, the Company’s management will continue to identify and implement further improvements to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our periodic filings under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures and that all transactions are recorded, accumulated and processed to permit the preparation of our financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP principles on a timely basis.

Despite the material weakness and deficiencies reported above, the Company’s management believes that its consolidated financial statements included in this report fairly present, in all material respects, the Company’s financial condition, results of operations and cash flows for the years presented and that this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements misleading, in light of the

circumstances under which such statements were made during the periods covered by this report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2010 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As of the date of this filing, there have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on April 14, 2010. We operate in a changing environment that involves numerous known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could materially affect our operations. The risks, uncertainties and other factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K may cause our actual results, performances and achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. If any of these risks or events occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Other Information.

None.

Item 5. Exhibits.

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>31.1</u>	<u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.</u>
<u>31.2</u>	<u>Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.</u>
<u>32.1</u>	<u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
<u>32.2</u>	<u>Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

China XD Plastics Company
Limited

Date: May 12, 2010

/s/ Jie Han
Jie Han
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 12, 2010

/s/ Taylor Zhang
Taylor Zhang
Chief Financial Officer

