CAPITAL GOLD CORP Form SB-2 November 23, 2005

> As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 23, 2005 Registration No. 333- \_\_

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM SB-2 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Nevada (State or jurisdiction of (Primary Standard Industrial (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Classification Code Number) Identification Number)

1040

13-3180530

76 Beaver Street New York, NY10005 (212) 344-2785

(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices)

Gifford A. Dieterle, Chief Executive Officer Capital Gold Corporation 76 Beaver Street New York, NY 10005 (212) 344-2785

(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Copies of all communications to: Richard Feiner, Esq. 381 Park Avenue South, Suite 1601 New York, New York, 10016 (212) 779-8600 Fax (212) 779-8858

Approximate date of proposed sale to the public: From time to time or at any time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or reinvestment plans, check the following box. |X|

If this form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier

effective registration statement for the same offering.  $|\_|$ 

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $|\_|$ 

If this form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.  $\mid \_ \mid$ 

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box.  $\mid$ \_ $\mid$ 

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#### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of Each Class		Proposed Maximum	Proposed Maximum	=========
of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered (1)	Offering Price Per Share (2)	Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration F
Common Stock	6,440,002	\$0.24	\$1,545,600	\$181.92
Total Registration Fee				\$181.92(3)

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- (1) Pursuant to Rule 416 of the Securities Act of 1933, there are also being registered an indeterminate number of additional shares of common stock as may become offered, issuable or sold to prevent dilution resulting from stock splits, stock dividends or similar transactions.
- (2) Estimated solely for the purpose of computing the registration fee in accordance with Rules 457(c) of the Securities Act on the basis of \$0.24 per share, which was the average of the high and low prices of the shares of common stock of the Registrant on November 21, 2005, as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board.
- (3) Pursuant to Rule 457(p), the registrant is applying \$181.92 (the aggregate total dollar amount of the filing fee associated with securities deregistered) of the filing fee previously paid with regard to the registrant's registration statement on Form SB-2 (SEC file no. 333-123216/filed on March 9, 2005) to offset against the currently due filing fee.

Pursuant to Rule 429 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the prospectus included in this Registration Statement also relates to the remaining unsold shares which were previously registered by the Registrant under Registration Statement No. 333-123216.

The Registrant hereby amends this registration statement on the date or dates as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that this registration statement

shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the registration statement shall become effective on a date as the Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to said Section 8(a), may determine.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be amended. Neither we nor the selling stockholders may sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where an offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion
Preliminary Prospectus Dated November 23, 2005

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION

65,043,644 Shares of Common Stock

This prospectus relates to the resale of 65,043,644 shares of our common stock, including 31,665,640 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants and options, that may be offered and sold from time to time by the selling stockholders listed herein.

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares of common stock by the selling stockholders other than payment of the exercise price of the warrants and options.

Our common stock is listed on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "CGLD." The last reported sales price per share of our common stock as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board on November 21, 2005, was \$0.24.

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Please see the risk factors beginning on page 4 to read about certain factors you should consider before buying shares of common stock.

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Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined that this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is November \_\_\_, 2005

## PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

In the following summary, we have highlighted information that we believe is the most important about us. However, because this is a summary, it may not contain all information that may be important to you. You should read this entire prospectus, including the information incorporated by reference and the financial data and related notes, before making an investment decision. When used in this prospectus, the terms "we," "our" and "us" refer to Capital Gold Corporation and not to the selling stockholders. You should also see the "Glossary" for definitions of some of the terms used to describe our business.

About Capital Gold

Through a wholly-owned subsidiary and an affiliate, Capital Gold Corporation owns 100% of 16 mining concessions located in the Municipality of Altar, State of Sonora, Republic of Mexico totaling approximately 3,544 hectares (8,756 acres or 13.7 square miles). We are in the process of constructing and developing an open-pit gold mining operation to mine two of these concessions. We sometimes refer to the planned operations on these two concessions as the El Chanate project.

We plan to construct a surface gold mine and facility at El Chanate capable of producing about 2.6 million metric tons per year of ore from which we anticipate recovering about 44,000 to 48,000 ounces of gold per year, over a six year mine life. We are following the updated feasibility study (the "2005 Study") for the El Chanate project prepared by M3 Engineering of Tucson, Arizona which was completed in October 2005. The original feasibility study (the "2003 Study") was completed by M3 Engineering in August 2003. Since completion of the 2003 Study, both the price of gold and production costs have increased and equipment choices have broadened from those identified in the 2003 Study.

The 2005 Study includes the following changes from the 2003 Study:

- o an increase in the mine life from five to six years,
- o an increase in the base gold price from \$325/oz to \$375/oz,
- o use of a mining contractor,
- o revised mining, processing and support costs,
- o stockpiling of low grade material for possible processing in year six, if justified by gold prices at that time,
- o a reduced size for the waste rock dump and revised design of reclamation waste dump slopes,
- o a revised process of equipment selection and
- o evaluation of the newly acquired water well for processing the ore.

Pursuant to the 2005 Study, our estimated mine life is now six years as opposed to five years and the ore reserve is 367,880 ounces of gold present in the ground (up 9,880 ounces). Of this, we anticipate recovering approximately 264,846 ounces of gold (up 16,846 ounces) over a six year life of the mine. The targeted cash cost (which include mining, processing and on-property general and administrative expenses) per the 2005 Study is \$259 per ounce (up \$29 per ounce). The 2005 Study contains the same mining rate as the 2003 Study of 7,500 metric tonnes per day of ore. We also have commissioned an engineering study to analyze the benefits of expanding production rates beyond 7,500 metric tonnes per day of ore. The 2005 Study takes into consideration a different crushing system than the one contemplated in the 2003 Study. The system referred to in the 2005 Study is a new more modern system, that, we believe will be faster to install and provide more efficient processing capabilities than the used equipment referred to in the 2003 Study. We need to acquire this equipment. In addition, the 2005 Study assumes a contractor will mine the ore and haul it to the crushers. In the 2003 Study, we planned to perform these functions. We have interviewed firms to provide contract mining services for the El Chanate project. While we believe we are nearing successful completion of negotiations with the contractor of choice, there is no quarantee that these negotiations will be successful. Please see "Our Business."

Our principal executive offices are located at 76 Beaver Street, 26th floor, New York, NY 10005, and our telephone number is (212) 344-2785.

The Offering

Common stock outstanding prior to this offering .............96,969,214 Shares

Over-The-Counter Bulletin
Board symbol ......CGLD

The 65,043,644 shares of our common stock offered consist of:

- o Up to 30,902,004 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants;
- o Up to 763,636 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options; and
- o Up to 33,378,004 shares of common stock owned by certain of the selling stockholders.

Summary Financial Data

In the table below, we provide you with our summary historical financial data. We have prepared this information using our audited financial statements for each of the five years in the period ended July 31, 2005.

It is important that you read this summary historical financial data in conjunction with our historical financial statements and related notes and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" appearing elsewhere in this prospectus.

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Statement of Operations Data

For the Years Ended July 31,

						,			
		2001		2002		2003		2004	
	(co	nsolidated)	(co:	nsolidated)	(00	onsolidated)	(001	nsolidated)	(con
Revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Mine Expenses	\$	982 <b>,</b> 585	\$	709 <b>,</b> 961	\$	1,028,899	\$	673 <b>,</b> 050	\$
General and Administrative	\$	1,432,327	\$	639,652	\$	770,629	\$	687 <b>,</b> 722	\$

Stock Based Compensation	\$ 7,002,500	\$ 222,338	\$ 288,623	\$ 379,033
Depreciation	\$ 3,823	\$ 3,105	 \$ 	 \$ 
Total Other	 	 	 	 
Income (Expense)	\$ 2,969	\$ 2,027,810	\$ (11,735)	\$ (950,005)
Minority Interest	\$ 	\$ 54,543	\$ 180,625	\$ 51,220
Write Down of Mining, Milling and Other	 	 	 	 
Property and Equipment	\$ 	\$ 999,445	\$ 	\$ 300,000
Net Loss	\$ (9,418,266)	\$ (492,148)	\$ (1,919,261)	\$ (2,938,590)

Balance Sheet Data

As	οf	Julv	31.

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		2001		2002		2003		2004	
	(co	nsolidated)	(CO	nsolidated)	(con	solidated)	(co:	nsolidated)	(con
Working Capital	\$	(3,301)	\$	1,192,871	\$	105,661	\$	182,939	\$
Total Assets	\$	1,564,428	\$	2,056,851	\$	761 <b>,</b> 607	\$	485,753	\$
Stockholders' Equity	\$	1,438,591	\$	1,622,119	\$	651,000	\$	281,594	\$ 

#### RISK FACTORS

WE ARE SUBJECT TO VARIOUS RISKS THAT MAY MATERIALLY HARM OUR BUSINESS, FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS. YOU SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER THE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES DESCRIBED BELOW AND THE OTHER INFORMATION IN THIS PROSPECTUS BEFORE DECIDING TO PURCHASE OUR COMMON STOCK. IF ANY OF THESE RISKS OR UNCERTAINTIES ACTUALLY OCCUR, OUR BUSINESS, FINANCIAL CONDITION OR OPERATING RESULTS COULD BE MATERIALLY HARMED. IN THAT CASE, THE TRADING PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK COULD DECLINE AND YOU COULD LOSE ALL OR PART OF YOUR INVESTMENT.

Risks related to our business and operations

We have not generated any operating revenues. If we are unable to commercially develop our mineral properties, we will not be able to generate profits and our business may fail.

To date, we have no producing properties. As a result, we have no current source of operating revenue and we have historically operated and continue to operate at a loss. Our ultimate success will depend on our ability to generate profits from our properties. Our viability is largely dependent on the successful commercial development of our El Chanate gold mining project in Sonora, Mexico.

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We lack operating cash flow and rely on external funding sources. If we

are unable to continue to obtain needed capital from outside sources until we are able to generate positive cash flow from operations, we will be forced to reduce or curtail our operations.

We do not generate any positive cash flow from operations and we do not anticipate that any positive cash flow will be generated for some time. Our primary focus is the development of our El Chanate project which, we anticipate, will cost between \$17.5 and \$18.5 million. We also anticipate non-mine related operating expenses of approximately \$1.4 million. In February 2005, we raised approximately \$6.2 million in a private placement and in November 2005 we received a commitment letter from Standard Bank Plc. (formerly, Standard Bank London Limited) for a project finance facility of up to US\$12 million for our El Chanate project. Funding the Standard Bank facility is subject to the negotiation, execution, and delivery of definitive financing documentation, as well as the completion of certain conditions, including raising additional funds necessary for construction and working capital. Accordingly, we will need to obtain additional capital from outside sources. To the extent that we need to obtain additional capital, management intends to raise such funds through bank financing, the sale of our securities, the sale of a royalty interest in the future production from the El Chanate concessions and/or joint venturing with one or more strategic partners. We cannot assure that adequate additional funding will be available. If we are unable to obtain needed capital from outside sources, we will be forced to reduce or curtail our operations.

Our year end audited financial statements contain a "going concern" explanatory paragraph. Our inability to continue as a going concern would require a restatement of assets and liabilities on a liquidation basis, which would differ materially and adversely from the going concern basis on which our financial statements included in this report have been prepared.

Our consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2005 included herein have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. Our auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements contained herein includes an additional explanatory paragraph following the opinion paragraph on our ability to continue as a going concern. A note to these consolidated financial statements describes the reasons why there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern and our plans to address this issue. Our July 31, 2005 consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our inability to continue as a going concern would require a restatement of assets and liabilities on a liquidation basis, which would differ materially and adversely from the going concern basis on which our consolidated financial statements have been prepared. See, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Liquidity and Capital Resources."

If we are unable to obtain a crushing system and other equipment for our Mexican concessions at an acceptable cost, our anticipated results of operations from mining at these concessions, once mining commences, may be adversely affected.

We are currently in discussions with a US supplier to acquire a crushing system, including conveyors, that consist of new equipment. We plan to use this equipment at our El Chanate project. We need to consummate the Standard Bank financing before we acquire this equipment. If we are unable to obtain requisite equipment at an acceptable cost, our planned mining operations and our anticipated results of operations from mining at these concessions, once mining commences, may be adversely affected. See, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Liquidity and Capital Resources; Plan of Operations."

We will be using reconditioned and used equipment which could adversely affect our cost assumptions and our ability to economically and

successfully mine the project.

We plan to use reconditioned and used carbon column collection equipment to recover gold. Such equipment is subject to the risk of more frequent breakdowns and need for repair than new equipment. If the equipment that we use breaks down and needs to be repaired or replaced, we will incur additional costs and operations may be delayed resulting in lower amounts of gold recovered. In such event, our capital and operating cost assumptions may be inaccurate and our ability to economically and successfully mine the project may be hampered, resulting in decreased revenues and, possibly, a loss from operations.

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As a result of the projected short mine life of six years, if major problems develop, we will have limited time to correct these problems and we may have to cease operations earlier than planned.

Pursuant to the 2005 Study, the mine life will be only six years. If major problems develop in the project, or we fail to achieve the operating efficiencies or costs projected in the feasibility study, we will have limited time to find ways to correct these problems and we may have to cease operations earlier than planned.

The gold deposit we have identified at El Chanate is relatively small and low-grade. If our estimates and assumptions are inaccurate, our results of operation and financial condition could be materially adversely affected.

The gold deposit we have identified at our El Chanate Project is relatively small and low-grade. If the estimates of ore grade or recovery rates contained in the feasibility study turn out to be higher than the actual ore grade and recovery rates, if costs are higher than expected, or if we experience problems related to the mining, processing of, or recovery of gold from, ore at the El Chanate project, our results of operation and financial condition could be materially adversely affected. Moreover, it is possible that actual costs and economic returns may differ materially from our best estimates. It is not unusual in the mining industry for new mining operations to experience unexpected problems during the start-up phase and to require more capital than anticipated. There can be no assurance that our operations at El Chanate will be profitable.

We have a limited number of prospects. As a result, our chances of commencing viable mining operations are dependent upon the success of one project.

Our only current properties are the El Chanate concessions and our Leadville properties. At present, we are not doing any substantive work at our Leadville properties and, in fact, have written these properties off. Our El Chanate concessions are owned by one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Oro de Altar. Santa Rita, another of our Mexican subsidiaries leases the land and claims at El Chanate from Oro de Altar. FG, our former joint venture partner, has the right to receive five percent of Santa Rita's annual dividends, when declared. We currently do not have operations on either of our properties, and we must commence such operations to receive revenues. Accordingly, we are dependent upon the success of the El Chanate concessions.

Gold prices can fluctuate on a material and frequent basis due to numerous factors beyond our control. If and when we commence production, our ability to generate profits from operations could be materially and adversely affected by such fluctuating prices.

The profitability of any gold mining operations in which we have an interest will be significantly affected by changes in the market price of gold. Gold prices fluctuate on a daily basis. Between January 1, 2005 and October 31, 2005, the fixed price for gold on the London Exchange has fluctuated between \$411.10 and \$478.50 per ounce. Gold prices are affected by numerous factors beyond our control, including:

- o the level of interest rates,
- o the rate of inflation,
- o central bank sales,
- o world supply of gold and
- o stability of exchange rates.

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Each of these factors can cause significant fluctuations in gold prices. Such external factors are in turn influenced by changes in international investment patterns and monetary systems and political developments. The price of gold has historically fluctuated widely and, depending on the price of gold, revenues from mining operations may not be sufficient to offset the costs of such operations.

Our material property interests are in Mexico. Risks of doing business in a foreign country could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We face risks normally associated with any conduct of business in foreign countries with respect to our El Chanate project in Sonora, Mexico, including various levels of political and economic risk. The occurrence of one or more of these events could have a material adverse impact on our efforts or future operations which, in turn, could have a material adverse impact on our future cash flows, earnings, results of operations and financial condition. These risks include the following:

- o labor disputes,
- o invalidity of governmental orders,
- uncertain or unpredictable political, legal and economic environments,
- o war and civil disturbances,
- o changes in laws or policies,
- o taxation,
- o delays in obtaining or the inability to obtain necessary governmental permits,
- o governmental seizure of land or mining claims,
- o limitations on ownership,
- o limitations on the repatriation of earnings,
- o increased financial costs,
- o  $\,$  import and export regulations, including restrictions on the export of gold, and
- o foreign exchange controls.

These risks may limit or disrupt the project, restrict the movement of funds or impair contract rights or result in the taking of property by nationalization or expropriation without fair compensation.

We anticipate selling gold in U.S. dollars; however, we incur a significant amount of our expenses in Mexican pesos. If and when we sell gold, if applicable currency exchange rates fluctuate our revenues and results of operations may be materially and adversely affected.

If and when we commence sales of gold, such sales will be made in U.S. dollars. We incur a significant amount of our expenses in Mexican pesos. As a result, our financial performance would be affected by fluctuations in the value of the Mexican peso to the U.S. dollar. At the present time, we have no plan or policy to utilize forward contracts or currency options to minimize this exposure; however, pursuant to the commitment letter from Standard Bank Plc. we will be required to implement such measures. If and when these measures are implemented, there can be no assurance that such arrangements will be cost effective or be able to fully offset such future currency risks.

Changes in regulatory policy could adversely affect our exploration and future production activities.

Any changes in government policy may result in changes to laws affecting:

- o ownership of assets,
- o land tenure,
- o mining policies,
- o monetary policies,
- o taxation,

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- o rates of exchange,
- o environmental regulations,
- o labor relations,
- o repatriation of income and
- o return of capital.

Any such changes may affect our ability to undertake exploration and development activities in respect of present and future properties in the manner currently contemplated, as well as our ability to continue to explore, develop and operate those properties in which we have an interest or in respect of which we have obtained exploration and development rights to date. The possibility, particularly in Mexico, that future governments may adopt substantially different policies, which might extend to expropriation of assets, cannot be ruled out.

Compliance with environmental regulations could adversely affect our exploration and future production activities.

With respect to environmental regulation, environmental legislation generally is evolving in a manner which will require:

- o stricter standards and enforcement,
- o increased fines and penalties for non-compliance,
- o more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects and
- o a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees.

There can be no assurance that future changes to environmental legislation and related regulations, if any, will not adversely affect our operations. We could be held liable for environmental hazards that exist on the properties in which we hold interests, whether caused by previous or existing owners or operators of the properties. Any such liability could adversely affect our business and financial condition.

We are not insured against any losses or liabilities that could arise from our operations because we have not commenced operations at El Chanate. Although we plan on obtaining insurance once construction begins, such

insurance may not be adequate. If we incur material losses or liabilities because we do not have insurance or our coverage is not adequate, our financial position could be materially and adversely affected.

We are in the process of developing our Mexican concessions and hope to commence mining operations during calendar 2006. If and when we commence mining operations, such operations will involve a number of risks and hazards, including:

- o environmental hazards,
- o industrial accidents,
- o metallurgical and other processing,
- o acts of God, and
- o mechanical equipment and facility performance problems.

Such risks could result in:

- o damage to, or destruction of, mineral properties or production facilities,
- o personal injury or death,
- o environmental damage,
- o delays in mining,

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- o monetary losses and /or
- o possible legal liability.

Industrial accidents could have a material adverse effect on our future business and operations. Although as we move forward in the development of the El Chanate project we plan to obtain and maintain insurance within ranges of coverage consistent with industry practice, we cannot be certain that this insurance will cover the risks associated with mining or that we will be able to maintain insurance to cover these risks at economically feasible premiums. We also might become subject to liability for pollution or other hazards which we cannot insure against or which we may elect not to insure against because of premium costs or other reasons. Losses from such events may have a material adverse effect on our financial position.

Calculation of reserves and metal recovery dedicated to future production is not exact, might not be accurate and might not accurately reflect the economic viability of our properties.

Reserve estimates may not be accurate. There is a degree of uncertainty attributable to the calculation of reserves, resources and corresponding grades being dedicated to future production. Until reserves or resources are actually mined and processed, the quantity of reserves or resources and grades must be considered as estimates only. In addition, the quantity of reserves or resources may vary depending on metal prices. Any material change in the quantity of reserves, resource grade or stripping ratio may affect the economic viability of our properties. In addition, there can be no assurance that mineral recoveries in small scale laboratory tests will be duplicated in large tests under on-site conditions or during production.

We are dependent on the efforts of certain key personnel and we need to retain additional personnel and/or contractors to develop our El Chanate project. If we lose the services of these personnel or we are unable to retain additional personnel and/or contractors, our ability to complete development and operate our El Chanate project may be delayed and our planned operations may be materially adverse affected.

We are dependent on a relatively small number of key personnel, including but not limited to Dave Loder, the General Manager of the El Chanate project, the loss of any one of whom could have an adverse effect on us. In addition, while certain of our officers and directors have experience in the exploration and operation of gold producing properties, we need to retain additional personnel and/or contractors to develop and operate our El Chanate project. Certain of these consultants, including Dave Loder, have already been engaged. There can be no guarantee that such personnel or contractors will be available to carry out such activities on our behalf or be available upon commercially acceptable terms. If we lose the services of our key personnel or we are unable to retain additional personnel and/or contractors, our ability to complete development and operate our El Chanate project may be delayed and our planned operations may be materially adverse affected.

There are uncertainties as to title matters in the mining industry. We believe that we have good title to our properties; however, any defects in such title that cause us to lose our rights in mineral properties could jeopardize our planned business operations.

We have investigated our rights to explore, exploit and develop our concessions in manners consistent with industry practice and, to the best of our knowledge, those rights are in good standing. However, we cannot assure that the title to or our rights of ownership of the El Chanate concessions will not be challenged or impugned by third parties or governmental agencies. In addition, there can be no assurance that the concessions in which we have an interest are not subject to prior unregistered agreements, transfers or claims and title may be affected by undetected defects. Any such defects could have a material adverse effect on us.

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Should we successfully commence mining operations in Mexico, our ability to remain profitable long term, should we become profitable, eventually will depend on our ability to find, explore and develop additional properties. Our ability to acquire such additional properties will be hindered by competition. If we are unable to acquire, develop and economically mine additional properties, we most likely will not be able to be profitable on a long-term basis.

Gold properties are wasting assets. They eventually become depleted or uneconomical to continue mining. The acquisition of gold properties and their exploration and development are subject to intense competition. Companies with greater financial resources, larger staffs, more experience and more equipment for exploration and development may be in a better position than us to compete for such mineral properties. If we are unable to find, develop and economically mine new properties, we most likely will not be able to be profitable on a long-term basis.

Our ability on a going forward basis to discover additional viable and economic mineral reserves is subject to numerous factors, most of which are beyond our control and are not predictable. If we are unable to discover such reserves, we most likely will not be able to be profitable on a long-term basis.

Exploration for gold is speculative in nature, involves many risks and is frequently unsuccessful. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into commercially producing mines. As noted above, our long-term profitability will be, in part, directly related to the cost and success of exploration programs. Any gold exploration program entails risks relating to

- o the location of economic ore bodies,
- o development of appropriate metallurgical processes,
- o receipt of necessary governmental approvals and
- o construction of mining and processing facilities at any site chosen for mining.

The commercial viability of a mineral deposit is dependent on a number of factors including:

- o the price of gold,
- o the particular attributes of the deposit, such as its
  - o size,
  - o grade and
  - o proximity to infrastructure,
- o financing costs,
- o taxation,
- o royalties,
- o land tenure,
- o land use,
- o water use,
- o power use,
- o importing and exporting gold and
- o environmental protection.

The effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted.

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Risks related to ownership of our stock

There is a limited market for our common stock. If a substantial and sustained market for our common stock does not develop, our stockholders may have difficulty selling, or be unable to sell, their shares.

Our common stock is tradable in the over-the-counter market and is quoted on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board. There is only a limited market for our common stock and there can be no assurance that this market will be maintained or broadened. If a substantial and sustained market for our common stock does not develop, our stockholders may have difficulty selling, or be unable to sell, their shares.

Our stock price may be adversely affected if a significant amount of shares, primarily those offered herein, are sold in the public market.

As of November 21, 2005, approximately 56,040,500 shares of our Common Stock, constituted "restricted securities" as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933. More than half of these shares have been registered for public resale. In addition, we have registered 30,902,004 shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding warrants and 763,636 shares of Common Stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options. All of the foregoing shares, assuming exercise of all of the above options and warrants, would represent in excess of 50% of the then outstanding shares of our Common Stock. Registration of the shares permits the sale of the shares in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions without compliance with the requirements of Rule 144. To the extent the exercise price of the warrants or options is less than the market price of the Common Stock, the holders of the warrants are likely to exercise them and sell the underlying shares of Common Stock and to the extent that the exercise prices of these securities are adjusted pursuant to anti-dilution protection, the securities could be exercisable or convertible for

even more shares of Common Stock. In addition, should we consummate the project finance facility with Standard Bank, we will be required to issue an additional 1,000,000 shares and warrants for an additional 12.6 million shares and to register the foregoing shares and the shares issuable upon exercise of these warrants for public resale. We also may issue shares to be used to meet our capital requirements or use shares to compensate employees, consultants and/or directors. We are unable to estimate the amount, timing or nature of future sales of outstanding Common Stock. Sales of substantial amounts of our Common Stock in the public market could cause the market price for our Common Stock to decrease. Furthermore, a decline in the price of our Common Stock would likely impede our ability to raise capital through the issuance of additional shares of Common Stock or other equity securities.

We do not intend to pay dividends in the near future.

Our board of directors determines whether to pay dividends on our issued and outstanding shares. The declaration of dividends will depend upon our future earnings, our capital requirements, our financial condition and other relevant factors. Our board does not intend to declare any dividends on our shares for the foreseeable future. We anticipate that we will retain any earnings to finance the growth of our business and for general corporate purposes. In addition, our ability to pay dividends most likely will be restricted by financial covenants in any project finance facility we enter into with Standard Bank or another lender.

If our Common Stock is deemed to be a "penny stock," trading of our shares would be subject to special requirements that could impede our stockholders' ability to resell their shares.

"Penny stocks" as that term is defined in Rule 3a51-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission are stocks:

- i. with a price of less than five dollars per share;
- ii. that are not traded on a recognized national exchange;
  - o whose prices are not quoted on the NASDAQ automated quotation system; or
- iii. of issuers with net tangible assets equal to or less than
  - o -\$2,000,000 if the issuer has been in continuous operation for at least three years; or
  - o -\$5,000,000 if in continuous operation for less than three years, or
  - o of issuers with average revenues of less than \$6,000,000\$ for the last three years.

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Our Common Stock is not currently a penny stock because we have net tangible assets of more than \$2,000,000. Should our net tangible assets drop below \$2,000,000 and we do not meet any of the other criteria for exclusion of our Common Stock from the definition of penny stock, our Common Stock will be a penny stock.

Section 15(g) of the Exchange Act, and Rule 15g-2 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, require broker-dealers dealing in penny stocks to provide potential investors with a document disclosing the risks of penny stocks and to obtain a manually signed and dated written receipt of the document before effecting any transaction in a penny stock for the investor's account. Moreover, Rule 15g-9 of the Securities and Exchange Commission requires broker-dealers in penny stocks to approve the account of any investor for transactions in such stocks before selling any penny stock to that investor. This procedure requires the

#### broker-dealer:

- to obtain from the investor information concerning his or her financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives;
- ii. to determine reasonably, based on that information, that transactions in penny stocks are suitable for the investor and that the investor has sufficient knowledge and experience as to be reasonably capable of evaluating the risks of penny stock transactions;
- iii. to provide the investor with a written statement setting forth the basis on which the broker-dealer made the determination in (ii) above; and
- iv. to receive a signed and dated copy of such statement from the investor, confirming that it accurately reflects the investor's financial situation, investment experience and investment objectives.

Should our Common Stock be deemed to be a penny stock, compliance with the above requirements may make it more difficult for holders of our Common Stock to resell their shares to third parties or to otherwise dispose of them.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Risks Associated With Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this prospectus constitute "forwarding-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Certain, but not necessarily all, of such forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believes," "expects," "may," "will," "should," or "anticipates" or the negative thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology, or by discussions of strategy that involve risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact, included in this prospectus regarding our financial position, business and plans or objectives for future operations are forward-looking statements. Without limiting the broader description of forward-looking statements above, we specifically note that statements regarding exploration and mine development and construction plans, costs, grade, production and recovery rates, permitting, financing needs, the availability of financing on acceptable terms or other sources of funding, and the timing of additional tests, feasibility studies and environmental permitting are all forward-looking in nature.

Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, including but not limited to, the risk factors discussed below, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements and other factors referenced in this prospectus. We do not undertake and specifically decline any obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions which may be made to any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

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## USE OF PROCEEDS

Proceeds, if any, from stockholders exercising some or all of the Warrants and Options will be used for the development of our El Chanate project and for working capital.

DIVIDEND POLICY

We have not paid any cash dividends since our inception and do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. In addition, our ability to pay dividends most likely will be restricted by financial covenants in any project finance facility we enter into with Standard Bank or another lender.

#### PRICE RANGE OF COMMON STOCK

Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol " CGLD. "

The following table sets forth the range of high and low closing bid quotes of our Common Stock per quarter for the past two fiscal years and the first fiscal quarter of the year ending July 31, 2006 as reported by the OTC Bulletin Board (which reflect inter-dealer prices without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessary represent actual transactions).

0.26		0.172
0.40		0.17
0.39		0.23
0.31		0.20
		0.27
0.65		0.23
0.28		0.20
	High 0.26 0.24 0.39 0.31 0.58 0.65	Bid 

On November 21, 2005, the last reported sale price of our common stock as reported on the OTC Bulletin Board was \$0.24 per share. As of November 21, 2005, there were approximately 1,200 holders of record of our common stock not including holders in street name.

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#### SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Our selected historical consolidated financial information presented as of July 31, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 and for each of the five years ended July 31, 2005 was derived from our audited consolidated financial statements.

This information should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and related notes included herein, and "Management's

Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

Statements
of Operations Data

	- For the Years Ended								
	July 31,								
		2001		2002		2003	2003 2004		
		onsolidated)		onsolidated)		onsolidated)		onsolidated)	 (con
Revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Mine Expenses	\$	982,585		709 <b>,</b> 961		1,028,899		673,050	\$
General and Administrative	\$ 	1,432,327	\$	639,652	\$	770,629	\$	687 <b>,</b> 722	\$
Stock Based Compensation	\$	7,002,500	\$	222,338	\$	288 <b>,</b> 623	\$	379 <b>,</b> 033	\$
Depreciation		3,823		3,105		 		 	 \$
Total Other									
Income (Expense)	\$	2 <b>,</b> 969		2,027,810		(11,735)	\$ 	(950,005)	\$ 
Minority Interest	\$			54 <b>,</b> 543	\$	180,625	\$	51,220	\$
Write Down of Mining, Milling and Other Property and Equipment	\$			999,445			\$	300,000	\$
Net Loss	\$	(9,418,266)		(492,148)		(1,919,261)	\$	(2,938,590)	\$ (
Other Cash Flows Data					'or	the Years End	ed 		
						July 31,			
		2001		2002		2003		2004	
	(Co	onsolidated)	(C	onsolidated)	(C	onsolidated)	(C	onsolidated)	(Con
Net Cash (Used) in Operations		(1,719,539)		(1,094,098)		(1,889,349)	\$	(1,423,372)	\$ (
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	\$	7 <b>,</b> 870		670 <b>,</b> 886	\$	1,429,249		2 <b>,</b> 992	\$
Net Cash from Financing Activities	\$	1,726,167	\$	511,453		494,601	\$	1,362,776	\$
Effects of Exchange									

Rates on Cash	\$ 	\$ (2,728)	\$ 62,476	\$ 19,637	\$
Net Increase (Decrease)	 	 	 	 	
in Cash	\$ 14,498	\$ 85 <b>,</b> 513	\$ 96 <b>,</b> 977	\$ (37 <b>,</b> 967)	\$

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# Balance Sheet Data

Total Assets

Total Current Liabilities \$

Stockholders' Equity

2002 2003 2004 \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ (consolidated) (consolidated) (consolidated) (consolidated) Cash \$ 63,920 \$ 149,433 \$ 246,410 \$ 208,443 \$ \_\_\_\_\_ \$ 122,536 \$ 1,659,888 \$ 359,960 \$ 387,098 \$ Total Current Assets \_\_\_\_\_ \$ --\$ --\$ 44,780 \$ Mining Concessions \$ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ -----\_\_\_\_ Property and Equipment (Net) \$ 1,390,475 \$ 346,378 \$ 344,780 \$ Intangible Assets (Net) \$ -- \$ -- \$ \$ 

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\$ 1,564,428 \$ 2,056,851 \$ 761,607 \$ 485,753

\$ 1,438,591 \$ 1,622,119 \$ 651,000 \$ 281,594

125,837 \$ 467,017 \$ 254,299 \$ 204,159

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\_\_\_\_\_

As of July 31,

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this prospectus. This discussion and analysis and plan of operations contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors including, but not limited to, those set forth under "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this prospectus.

#### Result of Operations

Fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 compared to fiscal year ended July 31, 2004

#### Revenues

We generated no revenues from mining operations during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 and 2004. There were de minimis non-operating revenues during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 and 2004 of approximately \$46,005 and \$4,000, respectively. These non-operating revenues primarily represent interest income.

\$

\$

\$

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Costs and Expenses

Over all costs and expenses during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 were \$2,051,687, an increase of \$11,882 or 0.6% from the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004. The primary reason for the increase during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 was increases in mine and in selling, general and administrative expenses offset by a reduction in stock based compensation and no impairment loss incurred during the year ending July 31, 2005.

In accordance with SFAS 144, "Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-Lived Assets", we review our long-lived assets for impairment. Impairment losses on long-lived assets are recognized when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by such assets are less than their carrying value and, accordingly, all or a portion of such carrying value may not be recoverable. Impairment losses then are measured by comparing the fair value of assets to their carrying amounts. During the year ended July 31, 2002, we performed a review of our Colorado mine and mill improvements and determined that an impairment loss should be recognized. Accordingly, at July 31, 2002, we reduced by \$999,445 the net carrying value of certain assets relating to our Leadville, Colorado facility to \$300,000. At July 31, 2004, we further reduced the net carrying value to \$0, which approximates our management's estimate of fair value.

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Mine expenses during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 were \$851,374, an increase of \$178,324 or 26% from the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004. We believe that the increase in mine expenses resulted primarily from increased professional and engineering and consulting costs as well as continuing development of the mine.

Selling, general and administrative expenses during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 were \$1,005,038, an increase of \$317,316 or 46% from the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004. We believe that the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses resulted primarily from an increase in professional, consulting fees as well as travel expenses and public relations costs incurred in connection with fund raising efforts during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005.

Stock based compensation during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 was \$187,844 compared to \$379,033 for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004. This decrease resulted from a reduction in the amount of options granted and common stock issued for services rendered during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005.

Loss on Joint Venture for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 was \$0 compared to \$800,000 for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004. The Joint Venture was terminated during the quarter ended April 30, 2004.

Loss on the write-off of minority interest was \$0 for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 compared to \$150,382 for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004. Since the Joint Venture was terminated during the quarter ended April 30, 2004 there is no longer a minority interest.

Net Loss

As a result, our net loss for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 was \$2,005,682, which was \$932,908 or 32% less than our net loss for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004, which was \$2,938,590.

Loss from Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates

During the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005, we recorded equity adjustments from foreign currency translations of approximately \$29,000. These translation adjustments are related to changes in the rates of exchange between the Mexican Peso and the US dollar.

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Liquidity and Capital Resources; Plan of Operations

As of July 31, 2005, we had working capital of \$4,239,991. Our planned activities over the next twelve months in Mexico, in order of priority, are as set forth below. The activities and the costs may vary materially, especially if there are significant increase in costs related to such items as fuel, construction materials and labor. The following costs are derived from the 2005 Study.

Activity	Estimated Cost
Mexico	
Crushing Heap leaching Carbon handling & refining	5,600,000 2,100,000 900,000
Power system Water system	650,000 730,000
Trucks and other mining equipment	460,000
Engineering and planning	1,100,000
Ancillaries (building, shops, lab and road)	1,100,000
Owner's costs	3,200,000
Working capital	1,700,000
General and administrative	350,000
Sub-total	\$ 17,890,000 
New York and Colorado	
General, administrative and professional expenses	1,380,000
Total	\$ 19,270,000

Historically, we have not generated any material revenues from operations and have been in a precarious financial condition. Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of

business. We have recurring losses from operations. Our primary source of funds used during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 was from the sale and issuance of equity securities for net proceeds of approximately \$7,338,316. As discussed below, in February 2005, we completed a private placement, netting approximately \$6.2 million, and, in November 2005, we received a commitment letter from Standard Bank Plc. For a project finance facility of up to US\$12 million for our El Chanate project in Sonora State, Mexico.

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## February 2005 Private Placement

In the private placement that closed in February 2005, we issued 27,200,004 shares of our Common Stock and warrants to purchase an aggregate of up to 27,200,004 shares of our Common Stock for an aggregate gross purchase price of approximately \$6.8 million and we received approximately \$6.2 million in net proceeds. The Warrant issued to each purchaser is exercisable for one share of our Common Stock, at an exercise price equal to \$0.30 per share. Each Warrant has a term of two years and is fully exercisable from the date of issuance. We issued to the placement agent two year warrants to purchase up to 2,702,000 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.25 per share. The purchasers acquired the Common Stock and warrants to purchase Common Stock directly from us in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the federal and state securities laws. All of the securities were issued and sold solely to accredited investors, as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D pursuant to the Securities Act.

Pursuant to our agreement with the purchasers we have registered the foregoing shares and shares issuable upon the exercise of the foregoing Warrants (collectively, the "registrable shares") for public resale. We also agreed to prepare and file all amendments and supplements necessary to keep the registration statement effective until the earlier of the date on which the selling stockholders may resell all the registrable shares covered by the registration statement without volume restrictions pursuant to Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act or any successor rule of similar effect and the date on which the selling stockholders have sold all the shares covered by the registration statement. If, subject to certain exceptions, sales of all shares registered cannot be made pursuant to the registration statement, we will be required to pay to these selling stockholders in cash or, at our option, in shares, their pro rata share of 0.0833% of the aggregate market value of the registrable shares held by these selling stockholders for each month thereafter until sales of the registrable shares can again be made pursuant to the registration statement.

In addition, we agreed to have our Common Stock listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange. If our Common Stock was not listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange within 180 days after February 8, 2005, we were required to issue to these selling stockholders an additional number of shares of our Common Stock that is equal to 20% of the number of shares acquired by them in the private placement. We did not timely list our shares on the Toronto Stock Exchange and, in July 2005, we issued 5,440,000 shares to the selling stockholders. These 5,440,000 shares are registered for public resale herein.

## Project Finance Facility

On February 2, 2005, we mandated Standard Bank Plc. as the exclusive arranger of a project finance facility of up to US\$10 million for our El Chanate project and associated hedging. In November 2005, we received a commitment letter from Standard Bank informing us that its credit committee had approved the Standard Bank's arranging and providing for a senior project finance facility for up to

US\$12 million for the development of our El Chanate project.

The terms and conditions contained in the commitment letter and the term sheet attached thereto are indicative only and actual funding is subject to the negotiation of and execution of satisfactory definitive documents as well as satisfaction of certain conditions, including raising the additional funds necessary for construction and working capital, there occurring no events that materially adversely affect our business, operations or financial condition and there being no material deterioration in the gold price. The commitment expires on January 31, 2006 if not funded by that date.

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According to the term sheet included with the commitment letter, Minera Santa Rita S. de R.L. de C.V. and Oro de Altar S. de R. L. de C.V., two of our wholly-owned Mexican subsidiaries (the "Borrowers"), will borrow up to US\$12 million from Standard Bank. The loan proceeds will be used to fund project costs related to the El Chanate project. The loan will mature in five years after the closing date and bear interest at 4% plus the 1,2,3 or 6 month Libor rate. The loan will be repayable in 14 quarterly installments commencing on a date to be determined. In addition, on each installment date, we will be required to apply 50% of excess cash flow towards prepayment of the loan. The loan will be secured by all shares and all of the assets of the Borrowers, The loan will also be supported by our guarantee and we will be required to maintain a minimum cash liquidity balance in an amount to be determined.

We (the Borrowers and/or us) will be required to deposit all cash proceeds we receive from operations and other sources in an off-shore proceeds account which will be subject to Standard Bank's security interest. Absent default by us under the finance documents, funds from this account will be used for specific purposes such as approved operating costs, budgeted capital expenditures, hedging costs and funds payable to Standard Bank under the finance documents. As additional security, we also will be required to fund an offshore debt service account ("DSRA") and maintain a minimum balance of US\$1,800,000.

We will be required to meet and maintain certain financial covenants and conform to certain customary affirmative and negative covenants, such as restrictions on sale of assets. We also will be required to enter into a gold price protection program that mitigates the risk of downward movement in gold prices by entering into an acceptable hedging program and we will need to structure a hedging program to mitigate interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk, all in a manner satisfactory to Standard Bank.

The facility will close and funding will be available upon satisfaction of certain conditions precedent. In addition to customary conditions precedent such as execution of definitive documents, the absence of events of default and satisfactory representations and warranties, closing and funding of the facility will be subject to: (i) Standard Bank's determination that we have hired appropriate additional management to provide construction, operations and financial management and oversight; and (ii) our raising sufficient equity funding, net of expenses, that, along with cash on hand, is adequate to cover all required project equity contributions, pre-completion funding of the DSRA and other cash requirements prior to Economic Completion (the date upon which Standard Bank determines that all covenants and completion conditions have been met over a period of 90 consecutive days and are sustainable over the life of the project), and to meet a certain minimum liquidity balance to be determined by Standard Bank.

Pursuant to the original mandate in February 2005, we issued to Standard Bank 1,000,000 common stock purchase warrants and paid certain upfront fees. Pursuant

to the Commitment letter, we paid Standard Bank additional upfront fees consisting of cash and 1,000,000 shares of our common stock. In addition, on the closing date we will be required to deliver to Standard Bank as an additional upfront cash fee, an additional 1,000,000 shares of common stock and an additional 12,600,000 common stock purchase warrants. We have registered the 1,000,000 shares and the 1,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued to Standard Bank for public resale herein and we have agreed to register the above-mentioned additional shares and shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants for public resale.

As noted above, the Standard Bank commitment requires us to raise additional funds. Moreover, If Standard determines not to provide the funding, we will be required to obtain such funding from another source. To the extent that we need to obtain additional capital to complete the mine, commence operations and cover ongoing general and administrative expenses, management intends to raise such funds through bank financing, the sale of our securities, the sale of a royalty interest in the future production from the Chanate properties and/or joint venturing with one or more strategic partners. We cannot assure that adequate additional funding will be available. If we are unable to obtain needed capital from outside sources, we will be forced to reduce or curtail our operations. Please see the risk factor "We lack operating cash flow and rely on external funding sources. If we are unable to continue to obtain needed capital from outside sources until we are able to generate positive cash flow from operations, we will be forced to reduce or curtail our operations."

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#### Environmental and Permitting Issues

Management does not expect that environmental issues will have an adverse material effect on our liquidity or earnings. In Mexico, although we must continue to comply with laws, rules and regulations concerning mining, environmental, health, zoning and historical preservation issues, we are not aware of any significant environmental concerns or existing reclamation requirements at the El Chanate concessions. We received the required Mexican government permits for construction, mining and processing the El Chanate ores in January 2004. The permits were extended in June 2005. Pursuant to the extensions, once we file a notice that work has commenced, we have one year to prepare the site and construct the mine and seven years to mine and process ores from the site. We received the explosive permit from the government in January 2004. This permit must be renewed annually and currently runs through December 2005.

We own properties in Leadville, Colorado that we have written off. Part of the Leadville Mining District has been declared a federal Superfund site under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, and the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986. Several mining companies and one individual were declared defendants in a possible lawsuit. We were not named a defendant or Principal Responsible Party. We did respond in full detail to a lengthy questionnaire prepared by the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") regarding our proposed procedures and past activities in November 1990. To our knowledge, the EPA has initiated no further comments or questions.

We do include in all our internal revenue and cost projections a certain amount for environmental and reclamation costs on an ongoing basis. This amount is determined at a fixed amount of \$0.13 per metric tonne of material to be milled on a continual, ongoing basis to provide primarily for reclaiming tailing disposal sites and other reclamation requirements. At this time, there do not appear to be any environmental costs to be incurred by us beyond those already addressed above. No assurance can be given that environmental regulations will

not be changed in a manner that would adversely affect our planned operations.

Equipment Disposition

In June 2005, we purchased used crushing equipment for approximately \$325,500. We spent about \$68,329 disassembling, transporting and inspecting the equipment. However, in late summer 2005, we determined to use new rather than used crushing equipment. As a result, we plan to sell this used equipment and we have commissioned an agent to obtain potential buyers.

Contractual Obligations as of July 31, 2005

Lease Commitments

We occupy office space in New York City under a non cancelable operating lease that commenced on September 1, 2002 and terminates on August 31, 2007. In addition to base rent, the lease calls for payment of utilities and other occupancy costs.

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Approximate future minimum payments under this lease are as follows:

Year	Ending	July	31,		
	2006			\$	51,000
	2007				51,000
	2008				4,200
				\$	106,200

Rent expense under the office lease in New York City was approximately \$63,000 and \$57,000 for the years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement No. 154 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3

This Statement replaces APB Opinion No. 20, Accounting Changes, and FASB Statement No. 3, Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements, and changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle. This Statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle. It also applies to changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that the pronouncement does not include specific transition provisions. When a pronouncement includes specific transition provisions, those provisions should be followed.

Opinion 20 previously required that most voluntary changes in accounting principle be recognized by including in net income of the period of the change the cumulative effect of changing to the new accounting principle. This Statement requires retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. When it is impracticable to determine the period-specific effects of an accounting change on one or more individual prior periods presented, this Statement requires that the new accounting principle be applied to the balances of assets and liabilities as of the beginning of the earliest period for which retrospective application is practicable and that a corresponding adjustment be

made to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other appropriate components of equity or net assets in the statement of financial position) for that period rather than being reported in an income statement. When it is impracticable to determine the cumulative effect of applying a change in accounting principle to all prior periods, this Statement requires that the new accounting principle be applied as if it were adopted prospectively from the earliest date practicable.

This Statement defines retrospective application as the application of a different accounting principle to prior accounting periods as if that principle had always been used or as the adjustment of previously issued financial statements to reflect a change in the reporting entity. This Statement also redefines restatement as the revising of previously issued financial statements to reflect the correction of an error.

This Statement requires that retrospective application of a change in accounting principle be limited to the direct effects of the change. Indirect effects of a change in accounting principle, such as a change in nondiscretionary profit—sharing payments resulting from an accounting change, should be recognized in the period of the accounting change.

This Statement also requires that a change in depreciation, amortization, or depletion method for long-lived, nonfinancial assets be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate effected by a change in accounting principle.

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This Statement carries forward without change the guidance contained in Opinion 20 for reporting the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements and a change in accounting estimate. This Statement also carries forward the guidance in Opinion 20 requiring justification of a change in accounting principle on the basis of preferability. FASB Statement No. 154 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005.

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statement No. 151 "Inventory Costs-an amendment of ARB No. 43, Chapter 4", FASB Statement No. 152, "Accounting for Real Estate Time-Sharing Transactions-an amendment of FASB Statements No. 66 and 67", FASB Statement No. 153, "Exchanges of Non Monetary Assets-an amendment of APB Opinion No. 29", and FASB Statement No. 123R, "Share Based Payment" were issued November 2004, December 2004, December 2004 and December 2004, respectively. FASB Statements No. 151, 152 and 153 have no current applicability to us or their effect on the consolidated financial statements would not have been significant.

FASB Statement No. 123R is a revision of FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". This Statement supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", and its related implementation guidance.

This Statement establishes standards for the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. It also addresses transactions in which an entity incurs liabilities in exchange for goods or services that are based on the fair value of the entity's equity instruments or that may be settled by the issuance of those equity instruments. This Statement focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. This Statement does not change the accounting guidance for share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees provided in Statement 123 as originally issued and EITF Issue No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with

Selling, Goods or Services." This Statement does not address the accounting for employee share ownership plans, which are subject to AICPA Statements of Position 93-6, Employers' Accounting for Employee Stock Ownership Plans.

This Statement requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). That cost will be recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award-the requisite service period (usually the vesting period). No compensation cost is recognized for equity instruments for which employees do not render the requisite service. Employee share purchase plans will not result in recognition of compensation cost if certain conditions are met; those conditions are much the same as the related conditions in Statement 123.

This Statement is effective for us as of the beginning of the first interim or annual reporting period that begins after December 15, 2005. The provisions of this Statement will be adopted in quarter ending April 30, 2006. We are in the process of assessing the impact of adopting this Statement.

Disclosure About Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any transactions, agreements or other contractual arrangements that constitute off-balance sheet arrangements.

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#### Critical Accounting Policies

Our financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. These estimates and assumptions are affected by management's application of accounting policies. Critical accounting policies for us include impairment of long-lived assets, accounting for stock-based compensation and environmental remediation costs.

In accordance with SFAS 144, "Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," we review our long-lived assets for impairments. Impairment losses on long-lived assets are recognized when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by such assets are less than their carrying value and, accordingly, all or a portion of such carrying value may not be recoverable. Impairment losses then are measured by comparing the fair value of assets to their carrying amounts. During the year ended July 31, 2002, we performed a review of our Colorado mine and mill improvements and determined that an impairment loss should be recognized. Accordingly, at July 31, 2002, we reduced by \$999,445 the net carrying value of certain assets relating to our Leadville, Colorado facility to \$300,000, and further reduced the net carrying value to \$0 at July 31, 2004, which approximates management's estimate of fair value.

Environmental remediation costs are accrued based on estimates of known environmental remediation exposure. Such accruals are recorded even if significant uncertainties exist over the ultimate cost of the remediation. It is reasonably possible that our estimates of reclamation liabilities, if any, could change as a result of changes in regulations, extent of environmental remediation required, means of reclamation or cost estimates. Ongoing environmental compliance costs, including maintenance and monitoring costs, are expensed as incurred. There were no environmental remediation costs incurred or

accrued at July 31, 2005.

#### OUR BUSINESS

We, directly or indirectly, own concessions located in the State of Sonora, Mexico and rights to property located in the California Mining District, Lake County, Colorado. We are engaged in the business of exploring for gold and other minerals on our Mexican concessions. We have written off our Colorado properties.

Sonora, Mexico El Chanate

In June 2001, we purchased 100% of the issued and outstanding stock of Minera Chanate, S.A. de C.V. Minera Chanate's assets at the time of the closing of the purchase consisted of 106 exploitation and exploration concessions in the States of Sonora, Chihuahua and Guerrero, Mexico. By June of 2002, after property reviews and to minimize tax payments, the 106 had been reduced to 12 concessions. To cover certain non-critical gaps between concessions, four new concessions were located, and the number of concessions is now 16. These concessions are contiguous, totaling approximately 3,544 hectares (8,756 acres or 13.7 square miles). We sometimes refer to these concessions as the El Chanate concessions. Although there are 16 concessions, we only plan to mine two of these concessions at the present time. We sometimes refer to the planned operations on these two concessions as the El Chanate project. We also own outright 466 hectares (1,151 acres or 1.8 square miles) of surface rights at El Chanate and no third party ownership or leases exist on this fee land or the El Chanate concessions. See "Acquisition of El Chanate concessions" below.

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The 16 mining concessions are as follows:

	Concession Name	Title No.	Hectares	
1	San Jose		96.0000	
2	Las Dos Virgen		132.2350	-
3	Rono I	206408	82.1902	-
4	Rono 3	214224	197.2180	-
5	La Cuchilla	211987	143.3481	-
6	Elsa	212004	2,035.3997	-
7	Elisa	214223	78.4717	_
8	Ena		190.0000	_
9	Eva	212395	416.8963	_
10	Mirsa		20.5518	
11	Olga		60.5890	_
12	Edna	212355	24.0431	-

13	La Tira	219624	1.7975
14	La Tira 1	219623	18.6087
15	Los Tres	223634	8.000
16	El Charro	206,404	40.0000
		Total	3,543.3491

The El Chanate project, our current planned mining activities, will involve mining on two concessions, San Jose and Las Dos Virgens. We will utilize four other concessions for processing mined ores. In the future, provided we have adequate funding, we plan to explore some or all of these concessions to determine whether or not further activity is warranted.

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## [GRAPHIC MAP - EL CHANATE MEXICO]

## Surface Property Ownership

Anglo Gold purchased surface property ownership, consisting of 466 Hectares in Altar, Sonora, on January 27, 1998. The ownership was conveyed to our subsidiary, Oro de Altar S.A. de C.V., in 2002. Santa Rita, one of our wholly-owned Mexican affiliates, has a lease on the property for the purpose of mining the Chanate gold deposit. The purchase transaction was recorded as public deed 19,591 granted by Mr. Jose Maria Morera Gonzalez, Notary Public 102 of the Federal District, registered at the Public Registry of Property of Caborca, Sonora, under number 36026, book one, volume 169 of the real estate registry section on May 7, 1998.

#### General information and location

The El Chanate project is located in the State of Sonora, Mexico, 37 kilometers northeast of the town of Caborca. It is accessible by paved and all weather dirt roads typically traveled by pickup trucks and similar vehicles. Driving time from Caborca is approximately 40 minutes. Access from Caborca to the village of 16 de September is over well maintained National highways. Beyond the 16 de September village, routes to the property are currently over well traveled gravel and sandy desert roads suitable for lightweight vehicles. We acquired rights for a service road to allow immediate access for mine construction activities. This service road access was acquired from the village of 16 de September, and construction of this road is now complete. However, this road will likely require some up grading before large crushing and processing equipment can safely be moved to the mine site. In addition to this service road, we have negotiated long term access that does not pass through the village of 16 de September. However, an issue has arisen with regard to whether the land owner from whom we acquired this right had adequate title to this land. In the event that we are unable to obtain adequate title to this land, we will continue to rely on the existing access through the Village of 16 de September.

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The project is situated on the Sonora desert in a hot and windy climate, generally devoid of vegetation with the exception of cactus. The terrain is generally flat with immense, shallow basins, scattered rock outcropping and low

rocky hills and ridges. The desert floor is covered by shallow, fine sediment, gravel and caliche. The main body of the known surface gold covers and irregularly shaped area of approximately 1,800 feet long by 900 feet wide. Several satellite mineral anomalies exist on surfaces which have not been thoroughly explored. Assays on chip samples taken from trenches at these locations by us indicate the presence of gold mineralization.

The general El Chanate mine area has been mined for gold since the early 19th century. A number of old underground workings exist characterized by narrow shafts, to a depth of several tens of feet and connecting drifts and cross cuts. No information exists regarding the amount of gold taken out; however, indications are that mining was conducted on a small scale.

#### Geology

The project area is underlain by sedimentary rocks of the Late Jurassic - Early Cretaceous Bisbee Group, and the Late Cretaceous Chanate Group, which locally are overlain by andesites of the Cretaceous El Charro volcanic complex. The sedimentary strata are locally intruded by andesitic sills and dikes, a microporphyritic latite and by a diorite stock. The sedimentary strata are comprised of mudstone, siltstone, sandstone, conglomerate, shale and limestone. Within the drilled resource area, a predecessor exploration company differentiated two units on the basis of their position relative to the Chanate fault. The upper member is an undifferentiated sequence of sandstone, conglomerate and lesser mudstone that lies above the Chanate fault and it is assigned to the Escalante Formation of the Middle Cretaceous Chanate Group. The lower member is comprised of mudstone with mixed in sandstone lenses and thin limestone interbreds; it lies below the Chanate fault and is assigned to the Arroyo Sasabe Formation of the Lower Cretaceous Bisbee Group. The Arroyo Sasabe formation overlies the Morita Formation of the Bisbee Group. Both the Escalante and Arroyo Sasabe formations are significantly mineralized proximal to the Chanate fault, while the Morita Formation is barren.

The main structural feature of the project area is the Chanate fault, a 7km long (minimum) northwest-striking, variably southwest-dipping structure that has been interpreted to be a thrust fault. The Chanate fault is overturned (north-dipping) at surface, and is marked by brittle deformation and shearing which has created a pronounced fracture foliation and fissility in the host rocks. In drill holes the fault is often marked the presence of an andesite dike. Reports prepared by a predecessor exploration company describe the fault as consisting of a series of thrust ramps and flats; however, geologic cross sections which we have reviewed but did not prepare may negate this interpretation.

## Alteration/Mineralization

A predecessor exploration company has defined a 600 meter long, 300 meter wide, 120 meter thick zone of alteration that is centered about the Chanate fault. The strata within this zone have been silicified and pyritized to varying degrees. In surface outcrop the mineralized zone is distinguished by its bleached appearance relative to unmineralized rock. The mineralized zone contains only single digit ppm (parts per million) levels of gold. Dense swarms of veinlets form thick, mineralized lenses, within a larger area of sub-economic but anomalous gold concentrations. Drill hole data indicates that the mineralized lenses are sub-horizontal to gently southwest-dipping and are grossly parallel to the Chanate fault. The fault zone itself is also weakly mineralized, although strata in the near hanging wall and footwall are appreciably mineralized.

Work to Date

The El Chanate property has been the site of small scale mining of high grade quartz veins (La Cuchilla mine) during the last century. Modern exploration includes work by Phelps Dodge in the 1980's as part of a copper exploration program. Kennecott conducted geologic mapping and geochemical sampling in 1991 and dropped the property. A Mexican subsidiary of AngloGold explored the property intermittently between 1992 and 1997, and has conducted extensive surface geologic mapping, geochemical sampling, geophysical studies and drilling, including 11,000 meters of trenching, over 14 line-kilometers of induced polarization geophysical surveys, 61 line-kilometers of VLF-magnetometry geophysical surveys, 87 line-kilometers of enzyme leach geochemical surveys and 34,000 meters of R.C. drilling in 190 holes and 1080 meters of diamond drilling in 9 holes. That company also commissioned various consultant studies concerning petrography, fluid inclusions, air photo interpretation and structural analyses, and conducted some metallurgical test work.

In April and May 2002, to confirm previous results obtained by third parties and to provide specifically located metallurgical test samples, we drilled six diamond core holes totaling 1,508 feet into the main mineralized zone at El Chanate. Management believes that the diamond drill results generally confirmed the previous results and, in June 2002 and January 2003, we drilled an additional 45 reverse circulation holes totaling 9,410 feet. This reverse circulation drill program confirmed previous results and also expanded certain mineralized areas. In May 2004 three core holes were drilled for a total of 2,155 feet. The total number of holes is now 256. Of these, 235 are reverse circulation drill holes and 21 are diamond drill holes. Detailed check assays were obtained both for core samples and for reverse drill samples that initially assayed greater than 0.3 gm/tonne. Chemex Labs, Vancouver, Canada, preformed both the initial and the check assays, and the check assays supported the initial assay results.

In August 2002, we retained SRK's (a global engineering company) Denver, Colorado office to conduct a scoping engineering study for the El Chanate Project. This study was completed in October 2002 and concluded that the El Chanate Project deserved additional work and that the property contained important gold mineralization. The base case for this study assumed a gold price of \$320.

Following SRK's positive conclusion, in February 2003, we retained M3 Engineering of Tucson, Arizona to begin work on a feasibility study. M3 completed the study in August 2003. Based on 253 drill holes and more than 22,000 gold assays, this study (the "2003 Study") provided details for an open pit gold mine. The 2003 Study indicated that at a gold price of \$325, the initial open pit project contains proven and probable reserves of 358,000 ounces of gold contained within 13.5 million metric tonnes of ore with an average grade of 0.827 grams/tonne. It estimated that the mine could recover approximately 48,000 - 50,000 ounces of gold per year or 248,854 ounces over a five year mine life.

In October 2005, M3 completed an update of the 2003 Study (The "2005 Study"). The 2005 Study includes the following changes from the 2003 Study:

- o an increase in the mine life from five to six years,
- o an increase in the base gold price from \$325/oz to \$375/oz,
- o use of a mining contractor,

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o revised mining, processing and support costs,

- stockpiling of low grade material for possible processing in year six, if justified by gold prices at that time,
- a reduced size for the waste rock dump and revised design of reclamation waste dump slopes,
- a revised process of equipment selection and
- evaluation of the newly acquired water well for processing the ore.

Pursuant to the 2005 Study, our estimated mine life is now six years as opposed to five years and the ore reserve is 367,880 ounces of gold present in the ground (up 9,880 ounces). Of this, we anticipate recovering approximately 264,846 ounces of gold (up 16,846 ounces) over a six year life of the mine. The targeted cash cost (which include mining, processing and on-property general and administrative expenses) per the 2005 Study is \$259 per ounce (up \$29 per ounce). The 2005 Study contains the same mining rate as the 2003 Study of 7,500 metric tonnes per day of ore. We also have commissioned an engineering study to analyze the benefits of expanding production rates beyond 7,500 metric tonnes per day of ore. The 2005 Study takes into consideration a different crushing system than the one contemplated in the 2003 Study. The system referred to in the 2005 Study is a new more modern system, that, we believe will be faster to install and provide more efficient processing capabilities than the used equipment referred to in the 2003 Study. We need to acquire this equipment. In addition, the 2005 Study assumes a contractor will mine the ore and haul it to the crushers. In the 2003 Study, we planned to perform these functions. We have interviewed firms to provide contract mining services for the El Chanate project. While we believe we are nearing successful completion of negotiations with the contractor of choice, there is no guarantee that these negotiations will be successful.

The 2005 Study assumes a mining production rate of 2.6 million tonnes of ore per year or 7,500 tonnes per day. The processing plant will operate 365 days per year. The processing plan for this open pit heap leach gold project calls for crushing the ore to 100% minus 3/8 inch. Carbon columns will be used to recover the gold.

The following Summary is contained in the 2005 Study. Please note that the reserves as stated are an estimate of what can be economically and legally recovered from the mine and, as such, incorporate losses for dilution and mining recovery. The 367,880 ounces (or 11.4 Tons) of contained gold represents ounces contained in ore in the ground, and therefore does not reflect losses in the recovery process. Total gold produced is estimated to be approximately 264,846 ounces (or 8.24 Tons), or approximately 70% of the contained gold. The gold recovery rate is expected to average approximately 70% for the entire ore body. Individual portions of the ore body may experience varying recovery rates ranging from about 73% to 48%. Oxidized and sandstone ore types may have recoveries of about 73%; fault zone ore type recoveries may be about 64%; and siltstone ore types recoveries may be about 48%.

El Chanate Project

Reserves and Production Summary (2005 Updated Feasibility Study Page 1-1)

Metric

Reserves

Ore Low Grade Waste Total

 

 14.1 Million Tonnes @ 0.812 g/t\*
 15.5 Milli

 1.0 Million Tonnes @ 0.445 g/t
 1.1 Million

 9.5 Million Tonnes 24.6 Million Tonnes

10.5 Milli 27.1 Milli

Ore Crushed	2.6 Million Tonnes /Year	2.86 Milli
Operating Days/Year	7,500 Mt/d*	8,250
Gold Plant Average Recovery	365 Days per year	365 Da
Average Annual Production	69.2 %	69.2 %
Total Gold Produced	1.4 Million grams	44,390
	8.24 Million grams	264,846

11.4 Million grams

0.46 Million grams

\_\_\_\_\_

Contained Gold

Contained Gold in Low Grade

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Pursuant to the 2005 Study, based on the current reserve calculations, the mine life is estimated to be approximately 72 months, and at least another year will likely be required to perform required reclamation. The 2005 Study forecasts initial capital costs of \$17.9 million, which includes \$1.7 million of working capital. Annual production is planned at approximately 44,000 to 48,000 ounces per year at an average operating cash cost of \$259 per ounce. We believe that the cash cost may decrease as the production rate increases. Total costs (which include cash costs as well as off-property costs such as property taxes, royalties, refining, transportation and insurance costs and exclude financing costs) will vary depending upon the price of gold (due to the nature of underlying payment obligations to the original owner of the property). Total costs are estimated in the 2005 Study to be \$339 per ounce at a gold price of \$417 per ounce (the three year average gold price as of the date of the study). We will be working on measures to attempt to reduce costs going forward. Ore reserves and production rates are based on a gold price of \$375 per ounce, which is the Base Case in the 2005 Study. Between January 1, 2005 and October 31, 2005, the spot price for gold on the London Exchange has fluctuated between \$411.10 and \$478.50 per ounce.

Management believes that the capital costs to establish a surface, heap leach mining operation at El Chanate will be between \$17.5 and \$18.5 million. In February 2005, we raised approximately \$6.1 million in a private placement and in November 2005 we received a commitment letter from Standard Bank Plc. for a project finance facility of up to US\$12 million. Funding of the Standard Bank facility, among other things, is subject to our raising additional funds necessary for construction and working capital. Accordingly, we will need to obtain additional capital from outside sources. To the extent that we need to obtain additional capital, management intends to raise such funds through bank financing, the sale of our securities, the sale of a royalty interest in the future production from the Chanate concessions and/or joint venturing with one or more strategic partners. See "Risk Factors - We lack operating cash flow and rely on external funding sources. If we are unable to continue to obtain needed capital from outside sources until we are able to generate positive cash flow from operations, we will be forced to reduce or curtail our operations" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Results of Operations."

Management believes the El Chanate project will benefit substantially from rising gold prices, which are currently above \$450 per ounce. Mineralized material previously below operating cut-off gold grades could possibly become

367,880 C

14,793 Oz

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;g/t" means grams per metric tonne, "Mt/d" means metric tonnes per day and "opt" means ounces per ton.

economic if future engineering studies support lowering the cutoff grade due to gold prices substantially above the \$375 per ounce used in the 2005 Study to define the proven and probable reserves mentioned above. We are currently looking at equipment and processing techniques that may be capable of supporting higher production rates that may be justified due to rising gold prices. However, the new crushing system will likely have to be modified to handle the additional tonnage required for expanding our production. The crushing system that we hope to acquire, with certain modifications, is expected to have a capacity beyond the 7,500 metric tons per day that are initially planned. We need to consummate the Standard Bank financing before we acquire this equipment.

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Metcon Research Inc. of Tucson, Arizona completed gold recovery studies on existing samples at fine grind sizes of 100 mesh, 150 mesh and 200 mesh. These studies were undertaken to determine whether extraction by fine grinding is economical given the increased price of gold. Generally, fine grinding, while more expensive, will achieve higher gold recoveries than the heap leach method recommended in the feasibility study. Metcon found that increasing amounts of gold were recovered at finer grind sizes. However in May 2004, M3, who conducted the feasibility study, reported that at El Chanate, heap leaching remains the most economical and optimal method of extracting gold at current prices.

In May 2004, three core holes were drilled at El Chanate to define gold grades, to obtain metallurgical samples from siltstone hosted ores, and to evaluate previous deep drilling results by Anglo Gold in the Los Dos Virgens Zone. Two of the core holes tested and confirmed the presence of gold in the deep Los Dos Virgens Zone that lies below the level of the planned open pit. This zone was previously identified by Anglo Gold's reverse circulation drilling and, with increasing gold prices, we are analyzing with core drilling the conditions that might allow an enlarged open pit to include ores from the Los Dos Virgens zone. The third core hole was drilled in the main high grade part of the deposit to obtain ore samples for metallurgical column testing from siltstone host rocks.

The latest metallurgical column test studies were completed earlier this year at Metcon's laboratory in Tucson Arizona to determine the optimal conditions at El Chanate for recovering gold from within siltstone host rocks using heap leach technology. The siltstone drill core samples were tested at crush sizes of 100 percent -3/8 inch and 100 percent -1/4 inch, and these column tests showed recovery rates of 42% and 46% respectively. With rising gold prices, management believes the ore reserves may increase beyond the level currently published in the 2005 Study. Although we are optimistic about the results, there can be no assurance that improved gold recoveries will result in an increase in reserves.

In January 2004, we received permits from the Mexican Department of Environmental Affairs and Natural Resources necessary to begin construction of the El Chanate project. The permits were extended in June 2005. Pursuant to the extensions, once we file a notice that work has commenced, we will have one year to prepare the site and construct the mine and seven years to mine and process ores from the site. These permits also cover the operation of a heap-leach gold recovery system.

In 2005, we acquired 15 year rights of way for the current access road, and we acquired the right to purchase 81 hectares of land near the main highway. We have use of the land; however, our actual purchase of the land is conditioned upon the Ejido (local cooperative) privatizing the land, before the acquisition is finalized. We subsequently purchased an extension of our rights-of-way from 15 to 30 years. We have completed an access road on this land that will provide access for water and power lines. However, this road will likely require some up grading before heavy equipment can be moved to the mine site. In addition to

this road, we acquired a water concession, and our water well is located within a large regional aquifer that, we believe, is capable of producing a sustained flow in excess of 300 gallons per minute, which is the flow rate we estimate to be required for processing gold ore at El Chanate

As discussed above, we are considering acquiring a new crushing system capable of producing 7,500 metric tons per day of ore. We also retained Golder Associates, - a geotechnical engineering firm, for the detailed engineering of the leach pads and ponds. This design is included in the 2005 Study.

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Our Current Plans for the El Chanate Project

Construction of the access road is complete and equipment can be moved to the property. Some road up grading will likely be required before very large equipment is moved to a final location. A crushing and conveying system has been selected and we plan purchase this equipment once project funding is complete.

Once financing is available we plan to commence construction on the crushing, heap leaching, carbon handling and refining portions of the project. Also included in the construction phase will be installation of power and water lines. These construction phase activities will require some additional detailed engineering, but major parts of the project are turnkey and already have existing detailed engineering drawings. Some buildings for an office, chemical laboratory, warehouse and truck shops also will be built as part of the construction phase. Please see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Liquidity and Capital Resources; Plan of Operations" for the anticipated costs of our activities over the next 12 months.

Acquisition of El Chanate concessions

In June 2001, we purchased from AngloGold North America Inc. and AngloGold (Jerritt Canyon) Corp. 100% of the issued and outstanding stock of Minera Chanate, S.A. de C.V., a subsidiary of those two companies. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, on December 15, 2001, we made a \$50,000 payment to AngloGold. AngloGold will be entitled to receive the remainder of the purchase price by way of an ongoing percentage of net smelter returns of between 2% and 4% plus a 10% net profits interest (until the total net profits interest payment received by AngloGold equals \$1,000,000). AngloGold's right to a payment of a percentage of net smelter returns and the net profits interest will terminate at such point as they aggregate \$18,018,355. In accordance with the agreement, the foregoing payments are not to be construed as royalty payments. Should the Mexican government or other jurisdiction determine that such payments are royalties, we could be subjected to and would be responsible for any withholding taxes assessed on such payments.

Under the terms of the agreement, we have granted AngloGold the right to designate one of its wholly-owned Mexican subsidiaries to receive a one-time option to purchase 51% of Minera Chanate (or such entity that owns the El Chanate concessions at the time of option exercise). That option is exercisable over a 180 day period commencing at such time as we notify AngloGold that we have made a good faith determination that we have gold-bearing ore deposits on any one of the identified groups of El Chanate concessions, when aggregated with any ore that we have mined, produced and sold from such concessions, of in excess of 2,000,000 troy ounces of contained gold. The exercise price would equal twice our project costs on the properties during the period commencing on December 15, 2000 and ending on the date of such notice. Based on current information available to us, we do not believe a deposit of the size that would

trigger these back-in rights is likely to be identified at El Chanate.

In February 2002, Minera Santa Rita S. de R.L. de C.V., one of our wholly-owned Mexican affiliates ("Santa Rita"), now the leasee of the El Chanate concessions, as discussed below, entered into a joint venture agreement with Grupo Minero FG S.A. de C.V. to explore, evaluate and develop the El Chanate concessions. Grupo Minero FG S.A. de C.V., referred to as FG, is a private Mexican company that owns and operates the La Colorada open-pit gold mine outside of Hermosillo in Sonora, Mexico.

Effective March 31, 2004, the joint venture agreement with FG was terminated. In consideration of FG's contributions to the venture of \$457,455, we issued to FG 2,000,000 restricted shares of our Common Stock valued at \$800,000 and Santa Rita issued to FG a participation certificate entitling FG to receive five percent of the Santa Rita's annual dividends, when declared. The participation certificate also gives FG the right to participate, but not to vote, in the meetings of Santa Rita's Board of Managers, Technical Committee and Partners. Santa Rita also received a right of first refusal to carry out the works and render construction services required to effectuate the El Chanate project. This right of first refusal is not applicable where a funding source for the project determines that others should render such works or services.

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FG has assigned or otherwise transferred to Santa Rita all permits, licenses, consents and authorizations (collectively, "authorizations") for which FG had obtained in its name in connection with the development of the El Chanate project to the extent that the authorizations are assignable. To the extent that the authorizations are not assignable or otherwise transferable, FG has given its consent for the authorizations to be cancelled so that they can be re-issued or re-granted in Santa Rita's name. The foregoing has been completed.

In March 2002, we and our wholly-owned subsidiary, Leadville Mining & Milling Holding Corporation ("Holding") sold all of the issued and outstanding shares of stock of Minera Chanate to an unaffiliated party for a purchase price of US\$2,131,616, payable in three installments. We received the final installment on December 9, 2002. In connection with the sale of Minera Chanate stock, we incurred approximately \$174,000 in commissions.

During March 2002, prior to the sale of Minera Chanate and pursuant to the FG joint venture agreement, Minera Chanate, in a series of transactions, sold all of its surface land and mining claims to Oro de Altar S. de R. L. de C.V. ("Oro"), another of our wholly-owned subsidiaries. Oro, in turn, leased the foregoing land and mining claims to Minera Santa Rita.

In May 2005, we acquired rights to the El Charro concession for approximately \$25,000 and a royalty of 1.5% of net smelter return. We acquired the El Charro concession because it is surrounded entirely by our other concessions.

Leadville, Colorado Properties

We own or lease a number of claims and properties, all of which are located in California Mining District, Lake County, Colorado, Township 9 South, Range 79. For the past three years, activity at our Leadville, Colorado properties consisted primarily of mine maintenance. Primarily as a result of our focus on the El Chanate concessions, we ceased activities in Leadville, Colorado. During the year ended July 31, 2002, we performed a review of our Leadville mine and mill improvements and determined that an impairment loss should be realized. Therefore, we significantly reduced the carrying value of certain assets relating to our Leadville, Colorado assets by \$999,445. During the year ending

July 31, 2004, we again performed a review of our Colorado mine and mill improvements and determined that an additional impairment loss should be recognized. Accordingly, we further reduced the net carrying value to \$0, recognizing an additional loss of \$300,000. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Results of Operations."

#### Competition

The acquisition of gold properties and their exploration and development are subject to intense competition. Companies with greater financial resources, larger staffs, more experience and more equipment for exploration and development may be in a better position than us to compete for such mineral properties. Our lack of revenues and limited financial resources further hinder our ability to acquire additional mineral properties.

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#### Human Resources

As of November 21, 2005, we had nine full time employees and/or consultants, including our current officers and one administrative personnel in the US and, in Mexico, a General Project Manager, an Administration Manager and an Environmental Manager and one part-time consultant in Mexico.

#### Facilities

Our executive office is located at 76 Beaver Street, 26th Floor, New York, New York 10005. Telephone Number 212-344-2785. We lease the offices from an unaffiliated party. The lease expires on August 31, 2007. Annual rent for the lease year ended August 31, 2005 is approximately 54,000 plus utilities and other occupancy expenses.

We also maintain an office at 418 Harrison Avenue, Suite 2, Leadville, CO 80461 pursuant to an oral month-to-month arrangement. The office is approximately 400 square feet and rent is \$365 per month.

#### Legal Proceedings

We are not presently a party to any material litigation.

## MANAGEMENT

The following sets forth biographical information about each of our directors and executive officers as of the date of this prospectus:

Name	Age	Position
Gifford A. Dieterle	73	President, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer & Chairman of the Board
Robert Roningen	70	Director, Senior Vice President and Secretary
Jack V. Everett	84	Director, Vice President - Exploration
Roger A. Newell	62	Director, Vice President - Development
Jeffrey W. Pritchard	47	Director, Vice President - Investor Relations

J. Scott Hazlitt 53 Vice President - Mine Development

Directors are elected at the meeting of stockholders called for that purpose and hold office until the next stockholders meeting called for that purpose or until their resignation or death. Officers of the corporation are elected by the directors at meetings called by the directors for its purpose.

GIFFORD A. DIETERLE, President, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company. Mr. Dieterle was appointed President in September 1997. He has been the Company's Chairman, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer since 1981. His highest educational degree is a M.S. in Geology obtained from New York University. From 1977 until July 1993, he was Chairman, Treasurer, and Executive Vice-President of Franklin Consolidated Mining Company. From 1965 to 1987, he was lecturer in geology at the City University of N.Y. (Hunter Division). Mr. Dieterle has been Secretary-Treasurer of South American Minerals Inc. since 1997 and a director of that company since 1996.

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ROBERT RONINGEN, Senior Vice President, Secretary and Director, has been engaged in the practice of law as a sole practitioner and is a self-employed consultant geophysicist in Duluth, Minnesota. From 1988 to August 1993, he was an officer and director of Franklin Consolidated Mining Company, Inc. He graduated from the University of Minnesota in 1957 with a B.A. in geology and in 1962 with a degree in Law.

JACK V. EVERETT, Vice President - Exploration and Director, has been a consulting mining geologist since 1971, with expertise in all phases of exploration for base and precious metals. Following his 1947 graduation from Michigan State University, he was District Geologist for Pickands Mather & Company on the Cuyuna Iron Range, Minnesota. From 1951 to 1970, he was Chief Geologist and Exploration Manager for W.S. Moore Company, Duluth, Minnesota an iron mining company with gold and base metal sulfide holdings in the U.S. and Canada.

ROGER A. NEWELL, Vice President - Development and Director, has been in the mining industry for over 30 years. From 1974 through 1977, he was a geologist with Kennecott Copper Corporation. From 1977 through 1989, he served as Exploration Manager/Senior Geologist for the Newmont Mining Corporation and, from 1989 through 1995, was the Exploration Manager for Gold Fields Mining Company. He was Vice President Development, for Western Exploration Company from 1997 through 2000. He has been self-employed as a geologist since 2001. His highest educational degree is a Ph.D. in mineral exploration from Stanford University.

JEFFREY W. PRITCHARD, Vice President - Investor Relations and Director, has worked for the Company since 1996. He has been in the marketing/public relations field since receiving a Bachelor's degree from the State University of New York in 1979. Jeff has served as the Director of Marketing for the New Jersey Devils (1987-1990) and as the Director of Sales for the New York Islanders (1985-1987). He also was an Executive Vice President with Long Island based Performance Network, a marketing and publishing concern from 1990 through 1995.

J. SCOTT HAZLITT, Vice President - Mine Development, has been in the mining business since 1974. He has worked primarily in mine feasibility, development, and mine operations. Mr. Hazlitt was a field geologist for ARCO Syncrude Division at their CB oil Shale project in 1974 and 1975. He was a contract geologist for Pioneer Uravan and others from 1975 to 1977. He was a mine geologist for Cotter Corporation in 1978 and 1979, and was a mine geologist for

ASARCO from 1979 to 1984. He served as Vice President of Exploration for Mallon Minerals from 1984 to 1988. From 1988 to 1992, Mr. Hazlitt was a project geologist and Mine Superintendent for the Lincoln development project. From 1992 to 1995, he was self-employed as a consulting mining geologist in California and Nevada. He was Mine Operations Chief Geologist for Getchell Gold from 1995 to 1999. His work experience has included precious metals, base metals, uranium, and oil shale. Mr. Hazlitt has served as mine manager at our Hopemore Mine in Leadville, Colorado starting in November 1999. Since 2001, he has focused on development of our El Chanate concessions. His highest educational degree is Master of Science from Colorado State University. He is a registered geologist in the state of California.

#### Key Consultant

DAVID LODER has been the General Manager of our El Chanate project since March 2005. Mr. Loder is a registered professional mining engineer with over 30 years experience in the mining industry, spending the last 15 years managing open-pit gold heap leach operations. He has been a General Manager responsible for the overall planning and start-up for open-pit gold mining operations in Sonora, Mexico and elsewhere in Latin America. From 2003 to 2004, he was general manager of the Bellavista mine owned by Glencairn Gold in Costa Rica. From 1995 to 2001, Mr. Loder was general manager of the Santa Gertrudis mine owned by Campbell Resources in Sonora, Mexico. Mr. Loder is a Registered Professional Engineer in the United States and Canada.

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#### Compensation of Directors

Directors are not compensated for acting in their capacity as Directors. Directors are reimbursed for their accountable expenses incurred in attending meetings and conducting their duties.

### EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table shows all the cash compensation paid or to be paid by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, as well as certain other compensation paid or accrued, during the fiscal years indicated, to the Chief Executive Officer for such period in all capacities in which he served. Information concerning the Chief Executive Officer relates to Gifford Dieterle.

### SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

						Long-lerm
		Annual	Compensatio	n	Awar	ds
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
				Other Annual	Restrict- ed Stock	
Name and Principal			Bonus	Compen-	Award	Options
Position	Year	Salary	(\$)	sation(\$)	(\$)	SARs
Gifford A. Dieterle	2005	123,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Chief Executive	2004	104,000	20,000	-0-	-0-	250 <b>,</b> 000
Officer	2003	70,856	23,400	-0-	-0-	-0-

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The following table sets forth information with respect to the Company's Executive Officers concerning the grants of options and Stock Appreciation Rights ("SAR") during the past fiscal year:

# OPTION/SAR GRANTS IN LAST FISCAL YEAR Individual Grants

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Name	Options/ SARs Granted	Percent of Total Options/SARs Granted to Employee in Fiscal Year	Exercise or Base Price (\$/SH)	Expiration Date
Gifford A. Dieterle	0	0%	\$.0	N/A
Robert N. Roningen	0	0%	\$.0	N/A
Jack V. Everett	0	0%	\$.0	N/A
Roger A. Newell	0	0%	\$.0	N/A
Jeffrey W. Pritchard	0	0%	\$.0	N/A

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The following table sets forth information with respect to the Company's Executive Officers concerning exercise of options during the last fiscal year and unexercised options and SARs held as of the end of the fiscal year:

(a)	Aggregated (	Option/SAR Exerc	cises and Fiscal Year- (d)	-End Option/SAR (e)
Name	Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized	Number of Unexercised Options/SARs at FY-End(#) Exercisable/ Unexercisable	Value of Unexercised In-the-Money Option/SARs at FY-End(#) Exercisable/ Unexercisable
Gifford A. Dieterle Robert N. Roningen Jeffrey W. Pritchard Roger A. Newell Scott Hazlitt	  227,227 400,000	  50,000 132,000	1,500,000 750,000 622,727 750,000 325,000	\$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 75,000 \$ 135,000 \$ 97,500

Directors are not compensated for acting in their capacity as Directors. Directors are reimbursed for their accountable expenses incurred in attending meetings and conducting their duties.

Employment Agreements

For information on compensation arrangements with our executive officers, please see "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions" below.

#### PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth as of November 21, 2005, the number and percentage of outstanding shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by:

- o Each person, individually or as a group, known to us to be deemed the beneficial owners of five percent or more of our issued and outstanding Common Stock;
- o each of our Directors and the Named Executives; and
- o all of our officers and Directors as a group.

As of the foregoing date, there were no other persons, individually or as a group, known to us to be deemed the beneficial owners of five percent or more of the issued and outstanding Common Stock.

This table is based upon information supplied by Schedules 13D and 13G, if any, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and information obtained from our directors and named executives. For purposes of this table, a person or group of persons is deemed to have "beneficial ownership" of any shares of Common Stock which such person has the right to acquire within 60 days of November 21, 2005. For purposes of computing the percentage of outstanding shares of Common Stock held by each person or group of persons named in the table, any security which such person or persons has or have the right to acquire within such date is deemed to be outstanding but is not deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Except as indicated in the footnotes to this table and pursuant to applicable community property laws, we believe, based on information supplied by such persons, that the persons named in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares Common Stock which they beneficially own. Unless otherwise noted, the address of each of the principal stockholders is care of us at 76 Beaver Street, 26th floor, New York, NY 10005.

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Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Amount & Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Approximate Percentage(1)(2)
Gifford A. Dieterle*	2,650,000(2)	2.7%
Jack Everett* 534 Observatory Drive Colorado Springs, CO 80904	1,000,000	1.0%
Robert Roningen* 2955 Strand Road Duluth, MN 55804	2,200,000(2)(3)	2.3%
Jeffrey W. Pritchard*	956,354(2)	1.0%
Roger A Newell* 1781 South Larkspur Drive Golden, CO 80401	1,477,273(2)	1.5%
Scott Hazlitt*	1,025,000(2)	1.1%

949 F Street Salida. CO 81201

RAB Special Situations (Master) Fund Limited 1 Adam Street London, WC2N 6LE, UK	17,600,000(4)	16.8%
SPGP 17, Avenue Matignon 75008 Paris, France	20,270,000(5)	19.3%
Caisse de Depot et Placement du Quebec 1000, place Jean-Paul-Riopelle Montreal, Quebec, H2Z 2B3	5,280,000(6)	5.4%
All Officers and Directors as a Group (6)	9,308,627(2)(3)	9.5%

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- (1) Based upon 96,969,214 shares issued and outstanding as of November 21, 2005.
- (2) For Messrs. Dieterle, Roningen, Pritchard, Newell and Hazlitt, includes, respectively, 1,500,000 shares, 750,000 shares, 622,727 shares, 750,000 shares and 325,000 shares issuable upon exercise of options and/or warrants.

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- (3) Includes shares owned by Mr. Roningen's wife and children.
- (4) The shares are held of record by Credit Suisse First Boston LLC. Includes shares issuable upon exercise of warrants to purchase an aggregate of 8,000,000 shares. The warrants are not exercisable if, as a result of an exercise, the holder would then become a "ten percent beneficial owner" of our Common Stock, as defined in Rule 16a-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Approximate Percentage column takes into account the shares issuable upon exercise of these warrants. We have been advised that William P. Richards is the Fund Manager for RAB Special Situations (Master) Fund Limited, with dispositive and voting power over the shares held by RAB Special Situations (Master) Fund Limited.
- (5) Includes shares issuable upon exercise of warrants to purchase an aggregate of 9,600,000 shares. We have been advised that Guy-Philippe Bertin, Fund Manager, is a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our Common Stock beneficially owned by SPGP.
- (6) The shares are held of record by Fiducie Desjardins. Includes shares issuable upon exercise of warrants to purchase an aggregate of 2,400,000 shares. We have been advised that Francois Perron has dispositive power and Anne Genevieve Beique has voting power over the shares held by Caisse de Depot et Placement du Quebec.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

<sup>\*</sup> Officer and/or Director of Capital Gold.

During the fiscal years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, we paid Roger Newell \$68,000 and \$62,000, respectively, for professional geologist and management services rendered to us, plus expenses. During the fiscal years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, we paid Scott Hazlitt \$96,000 per year, for professional geologist and mine management services rendered to us, plus expenses. During the fiscal years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, we paid Jack Everett consulting fees of \$56,900 and \$47,600, respectively. During the fiscal year ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, we paid Robert Roningen legal fees of \$6,625 and \$6,900, respectively.

In May 2004, we issued 250,000 Common Stock options each to Messrs. Dieterle, Roningen, Pritchard, Everett and Newell exercisable at \$.22 per share expiring on May 25, 2007.

The Company utilizes Caborca Industrial S.A. de C.V., a Mexican corporation 100% owned by Messrs. Dieterle and Pritchard, two of our officers and directors for mining support services. These services include but are not limited to the payment of mining salaries and related costs. Caborca Industrial bills us for these services at cost. Mining expenses charged by it amounted to approximately \$24,000 for the year ended July 31, 2005.

#### SELLING STOCKHOLDERS

The following table provides information regarding the selling stockholders and the number of shares of common stock they are offering, which includes shares issuable upon exercise of options and warrants held by the selling stockholders. Under the rules of the SEC, beneficial ownership includes shares over which the indicated beneficial owner exercises voting or investment power. Shares of common stock subject to warrants and options that are currently exercisable or will become exercisable within 60 days are deemed outstanding for computing the percentage ownership of the person holding the options but are not deemed outstanding for computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Notwithstanding the foregoing, certain of the selling stockholders elected, at the time of the initial issuance of the warrants, to include provisions in the warrant, which provide that the warrants may not be exercised if such action would result in the holder, together with its affiliates, beneficially owning more than 4.99% of our common stock. In addition, certain of the selling stockholders elected, at the time of the initial issuance of the warrants, to include provisions in the warrant, which provide that the warrants may not be exercised if such action would result in the holder, together with its affiliates, beneficially owning more than 9.99% of our common stock.

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Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes below, we believe that the persons and entities named in the table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares beneficially owned. The information regarding shares beneficially owned after the offering assumes the sale of all shares offered by each of the selling stockholders. The percentage ownership data is based on 96,969,214 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding as of November 21, 2005.

The shares of common stock covered by this prospectus may be sold by the selling stockholders, by those persons or entities to whom they transfer, donate, devise, pledge or distribute their shares or by other successors in interest. We are registering the shares of our common stock for resale by the selling stockholders defined below. The shares are being registered to permit public secondary trading of the shares, and the selling stockholders may offer the shares for resale from time to time. See "How The Shares May Be Distributed" below

The following table has been prepared based solely upon information furnished to us as of the date of this prospectus by the selling stockholders listed below. The selling stockholders identified below may have sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of, in transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act, all or a portion of their shares since the date on which the information in the following table is presented.

None of the selling stockholder has had any position, office or other material relationship with us or any of our affiliates within the past three years, other than as disclosed in the footnotes to the table.

# [TABLE TO BE UPDATED PRIOR TO SEC EFFECTIVENESS]

Selling Stockholder	Common Stock Owned Prior To Offering	No. of Shares Being Offered
Peter Alan Lloyd(1)	165,000(1)	165,000(1)
Terence Owen Lloyd(2)	440,000(2)	440,000(2)
SPGP (3)	20,270,000(3)	20,270,000(3)
Richard Harry Wells(4)	176,000(4)	176,000(4)
RAB Special Situations (Master) Fund Limited (5)	17,600,000(5)	17,600,000(5)
NCL Smith & Williamson Ltd(6)	330,000(6)	330,000(6)
Galloway Ltd(7)	2,200,000(7)	2,200,000(7)
Regent Pacific Group Ltd(8)	1,320,000(8)	1,320,000(8)

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Excalibur Limited Partnership(9)	2,640,000(9)	2,640,000(9)
Tameem Auchi(10)	160,000(10)	176,000(10)

Compagnie Internationale de Participations Bancaires et Financieres(11)	1,760,000(11)	1,760,000(11)		
Sook Hee Chang(12)	88,000(12)	88,000(12)		
AGF Precious Metals Fund(13)	3,520,000(13)	3,520,000(13)		
Caisse de Depot et Placement du Quebec(14)	5,280,000(14)	5,280,000(14)		
Minh-Thu Dao-Huy(15)	220,000(15)	220,000(15)		
Michael White(16)	29,568(16)	29,568(16)		
Neil McLoughlin(17)	179,441(17)	179,441(17)		
Jay Smith(18)	880,000(18)	718,000(18)		
Charles L. Stafford(19)	396,000(19)	396,000(19)		
Standard Bank Plc.(20)*	2,000,000(20)	2,000,000(20)		
IBK Capital Corp. (21)	2,702,000(21)	2,702,000(21)		
Josephine Scott	1,100,000(22)	763,636		
Peter I. Wold	350,000(23)	250 <b>,</b> 000		
John P. Wold	250,000	250,000		
John S. Wold	500,000(23)	250,000		
Andrew Fraser (24)	880,000(24)	880,000(24)		
RBC/David Paterson Trust (25)	440,000(25)	440,000(25)		

<sup>\*</sup> This selling stockholder has identified itself as an affiliate of a registered broker-dealer.

<sup>(1)</sup> Shares offered and owned includes 75,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The stockholder's brother, Terence Owen Lloyd, shares voting and investment control with the

stockholder. Terence Owen Lloyd disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares owned by Peter Alan Lloyd.

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- (2) Shares offered and owned includes 200,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement.
- (3) Shares offered and owned includes 9,600,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified Guy-Philippe Bertin, Fund Manager, as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.
- (4) The shares are held of record by Hargreave Hale. Shares offered and owned includes 80,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement.
- (5) The shares are held of record by Credit Suisse First Boston LLC. Includes shares issuable upon exercise of warrants to purchase an aggregate of 9,600,000 shares. The warrants are not exercisable if, as a result of an exercise, the holder would then become a "ten percent beneficial owner" of our common stock, as defined in Rule 16a-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We have been advised that William P. Richards is the Fund Manager for RAB Special Situations (Master) Fund Limited, with dispositive and voting power over the shares held by RAB Special Situations (Master) Fund Limited.
- (6) The shares are held of record by NCL Investments Limited. Shares offered and owned includes 150,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified Mr. P. A. Irving as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.
- (7) Shares offered and owned includes 1,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified Denham Eke as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder. Mr. Eke disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares offered.
- (8) The shares are held of record by Willbro Nominees Limited. Shares offered and owned includes 600,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified Jamie Gibson as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.
- (9) Shares offered and owned includes 1,200,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified William Hechter, the president of the selling stockholder's general partner as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder. Mr. Hechter disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares offered.
- (10) The shares are held of record by Fitel Nominees Limited. Shares offered and owned includes 80,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement.

(11) The shares are held of record by Fitel Nominees Limited. Shares offered and owned includes 800,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified Messrs. Nadhmi S. Auchi, Nasir Abid and Guy Glesener as natural persons with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.

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- (12) Shares offered and owned includes 40,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has indicated that her husband, Paul Ensor, also exercises voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.
- (13) The shares are held of record by Roytor & Co. Shares offered and owned includes 1,600,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified Charles Oliver and Bob Farquharson as natural persons with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder. Messrs. Oliver and Farquharson disclaim beneficial ownership of the shares offered.
- (14) The shares are held of record by Fiducie Desjardins. Includes shares issuable upon exercise of warrants to purchase an aggregate of 2,400,000 shares. We have been advised that Francois Perron has dispositive power and Anne Genevieve Beique has voting power over the shares held by Caisse de Depot et Placement du Quebec.
- (15) Shares offered and owned includes 100,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder is an officer of IBK Capital Corp., the placement agent.
- (16) Shares offered and owned includes 13,440 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder is an officer of IBK Capital Corp., the placement agent.
- (17) Shares offered and owned includes 81,564 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement.
- (18) Shares offered and owned includes 400,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement.
- (19) Shares offered and owned includes 180,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement and shares issued in trust for the benefit of his children.
- (20) Shares offered includes 1,000,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants. The selling stockholder has identified its directors and senior management as a natural persons with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.
- (21) Shares offered and owned represent shares issuable upon exercise of placement agent warrants issued with regard to the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder was the placement agent for the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified William F. White, Minh-Thu Dao-Huy and Michael F. White as natural persons with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.

- (22) Shares owned includes 763,636 shares issuable upon exercise of options. The selling stockholder is one of our employees.
- (23) John P. Wold and Peter I. Wold are brothers. John S. Wold is the father of John P. and Peter I. Wold. Each disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares owned by the others.

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- (24) The shares are held of record by Willbro Nominees Limited. Shares offered and owned includes 400,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement.
- (25) The shares are held of record by Willbro Nominees Limited. Shares offered and owned includes 200,000 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued in the February 2005 private placement. The selling stockholder has identified David Paterson as a natural person with voting and investment control over shares of our common stock beneficially owned by the selling stockholder.

### HOW THE SHARES MAY BE DISTRIBUTED

The selling stockholders and any of their pledgees, donees, assignees and successors—in—interest may, from time to time, sell any or all of their shares of common stock on any stock exchange, market or trading facility on which the shares are traded or in private transactions. These sales may be at fixed or negotiated prices. The selling stockholders may use any one or more of the following methods when selling shares:

- o ordinary brokerage transactions and transactions in which the broker-dealer solicits purchasers;
- o block trades in which the broker-dealer will attempt to sell the shares as agent but may position and resell a portion of the block as principal to facilitate the transaction;
- o purchases by a broker-dealer as principal and resale by the broker-dealer for its account;
- o an exchange distribution in accordance with the rules of the applicable exchange;
- o privately negotiated transactions;
- o short sales that are not violations of the laws and regulations of any state or the United States;
- broker-dealers may agree with the selling stockholders to sell a specified number of such shares at a stipulated price per share;
- o a combination of any such methods of sale; and
- o any other method permitted pursuant to applicable law.

The selling stockholders may also sell shares under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, if available, rather than under this prospectus.

Broker-dealers engaged by the selling stockholders may arrange for other brokers-dealers to participate in sales. Broker-dealers may receive commissions

or discounts from the selling stockholders (or, if any broker-dealer acts as agent for the purchaser of shares, from the purchaser) in amounts to be negotiated. The compensation paid to a particular broker-dealer may be less than or in excess of customary commissions.

The selling stockholders may from time to time pledge or grant a security interest in some or all of the Shares owned by them and, if they default in the performance of their secured obligations, the pledgees or secured parties may offer and sell shares of common stock from time to time under this prospectus, or under an amendment to this prospectus under Rule 424(b)(3) or other applicable provision of the Securities Act of 1933 amending the list of selling stockholders to include the pledgee, transferee or other successors in interest as selling stockholders under this prospectus.

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The selling stockholders have been apprised that, if a particular offer of common stock is to be made on terms constituting a material change from the information set forth above with respect to how the shares may be distributed, then, to the extent required, a post-effective amendment to the accompanying registration statement must be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The selling stockholders also may transfer the shares of common stock in other circumstances, in which case the transferees, pledgees or other successors in interest will be the selling beneficial owners for purposes of this prospectus.

The selling stockholders and any broker-dealers or agents that are involved in selling the shares may be deemed to be "underwriters" within the meaning of the Securities Act in connection with such sales. In such event, any commissions received by such broker-dealers or agents and any profit on the resale of the shares purchased by them may be deemed to be underwriting commissions or discounts under the Securities Act. In addition, each of the selling stockholders who is a registered broker-dealer or is affiliated with a registered broker-dealer has advised us that:

- o it purchased the shares in the ordinary course of business; and
- o at the time of the purchase of the shares to be resold, it had no agreements or understandings, directly or indirectly, with any person to distribute the shares.

We have advised the selling stockholders that they are required to comply with Regulation M promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act during such time as they may be engaged in a distribution of the shares. With certain exceptions, Regulation M precludes a selling stockholder, any affiliated purchasers, and any broker-dealer or other person who participates in the distribution from bidding for or purchasing, or attempting to induce any person to bid for or purchase any security which is the subject of the distribution until the entire distribution is complete. Regulation M also prohibits any bids or purchases made in order to stabilize the price of a security in connection with the distribution of that security. All of the foregoing may affect the marketability of the shares offered hereby in this prospectus.

We are required to pay all fees and expenses incident to the registration of the shares. We have agreed to indemnify the selling stockholders against certain losses, claims, damages and liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors, officers, and controlling persons, we have been

advised that in the opinion of the SEC this indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is therefore, unenforceable.

Under the securities laws of certain states, the shares may be sold in those states only through registered or licensed broker-dealers. In addition, the shares may not be sold unless the shares have been registered or qualified for sale in the relevant state or unless the shares qualify for an exemption from registration or qualification.

#### DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES BEING REGISTERED

The following section does not purport to be complete and is qualified in all respects by reference to the detailed provisions of our certificate of incorporation and our by-laws, copies of which have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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Our authorized capital stock consist of: (i) 200,000,000 shares of stock, \$.001 par value. 96,969,214 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding as of the date of this prospectus.

Our Board of Directors is empowered, without stockholder approval, to issue shares of stock in classes and series with such voting powers, designations, preferences and relative participating or other special rights and qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof, as shall be determined from time to time by our Board of Directors

#### Common Stock

Shares of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share, either in person or by proxy, on all matters that may be voted upon by the owners of our shares at meetings of our stockholders. There is no provision for cumulative voting with respect to the election of directors by the holders of common stock. Therefore, the holder of more than 50% of our shares of outstanding common stock can, if they choose to do so, elect all of our directors. In this event, the holders of the remaining shares of common stock will not be able to elect any directors.

The holders of common stock:

- o have equal rights to dividends from funds legally available therefore, when and if declared by our board of directors;
- o are entitled to share ratably in all of our assets available for distribution to holders of common stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs; and
- o do not have preemptive rights, conversion rights, or redemption of sinking fund provisions.

The outstanding shares of our common stock are duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable.

#### Anti-Takeover Provisions

Our Certificate of Incorporation allow us to issue shares of stock without any vote or further action by our stockholders. Our Board of Directors has the authority to designate classes and series of our stock and to fix and determine the relative rights and preferences of such classes and series. As a result, our

Board of Directors could authorize the issuance of a series of stock that would grant to holders the preferred right to our assets upon liquidation, the right to receive dividend payments before dividends are distributed to the holders of common stock and the right to the redemption of the shares, together with a premium, prior to the redemption of our common stock. These provisions may make it more difficult for someone to acquire control of us or for our stockholders to remove existing management, and might discourage a third party from offering to acquire us, even if a change in control or in management would be beneficial to our stockholders.

Transfer Agent And Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock and warrants is American Stock Transfer and Trust Company, 59 Maiden Lane, Plaza Level, New York, NY 10038.

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#### LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the common stock offered in this prospectus has been passed upon for us by Richard Feiner, Esq., 381 Park Avenue South, Suite 1601, New York, New York 10016. Mr. Feiner owns options to purchase an aggregate of 200,000 shares of our common stock.

#### **EXPERTS**

Our consolidated financial statements included in this prospectus have been audited by Wolinetz, Lafazan & Company, P.C., independent registered public accountants, to the extent and for the periods set forth in their report appearing elsewhere herein, and are included in reliance upon such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

### WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (which contains this prospectus) on Form SB-2 under the Securities Act of 1933. The registration statement relates to the shares offered by the selling stockholders. This prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits and schedules to the registration statement. Please refer to the registration statement and its exhibits and schedules for further information with respect to us, the common stock, the debentures and the warrants. Statements contained in this prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document are not necessarily complete and, in each instance, we refer you to the copy of that contract or document filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement. You may read and obtain a copy of the registration statement and its exhibits and schedules from the SEC, as described below.

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You may read and copy any document we file at the Securities and Exchange Commission's public reference rooms at 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the Securities and Exchange Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the public reference rooms. Many of our Securities and Exchange Commission filings are also available to the public from the Securities and Exchange Commission's Website at "http://www.sec.gov."

GLOSSARY

Caliche: Sediment cemented by calcium carbonate near surface.

Diorite: Igneous Rock.

Dikes: Tabular, vertical bodies of igneous rock.

Fissility: Shattered, broken nature of rock.

Fracture

Foliations: Fracture pattern in rock, parallel orientation, resulting

from pressure.

Heap Leaching: Broken and crushed ore on a pile subjected to dissolution of

metals by leach solution.

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Hydrometallurgical

Plant: A metallurgical mineral processing plant that uses water to

leach or separate and concentrate elements or minerals.

Intercalated: Mixed in.

Litho static

Pressure: Pressure brought on by weight of overlaying rocks.

Major

Intrusive Center: An area where large bodies of intrusive igneous rock exist

and through which large amounts of mineralizing fluids rose.

Mesothermal: A class of hydrothermal ore deposit formed at medium

temperatures and a depth over one mile in the earth's crust.

Microporphyritic

Latite: Extremely fine grained siliceous igneous rock with a

distribution of larger crystals within.

Mudstone: Sedimentary bed composed primarily of fine grained material

such as clay and silt.

Mineral Deposit or Mineralized

Material: A mineralized rock mass which has been intersected by

sufficient closely spaced drill holes and or underground sampling to support sufficient tonnage and average grade of metal(s) to warrant further exploration-development work. This deposit does not qualify as a commercially mineable ore body (Reserves), as prescribed under Commission standards, until a final and comprehensive economic, technical and legal feasibility study based upon the test results is

concluded.

PPM: Part per million.

Pyritized: Partly replaced by the mineral pyrite.

Reverse Circulation Drilling (or R.C.

Drilling): Type of drilling using air to recover cuttings for sampling

through the middle of the drilling rods rather than the

outside of the drill rods, resulting in less contamination of the sampled interval.

Sericitized: Rocks altered by heat, pressure and solutions resulting in

formation of the mineral sericite, a very fine grained mica.

Siltstone: A sedimentary rock composed of clay and silt sized

particles.

Silicified: Partly replaced by silica.

Stockwork Breccia: Earth's crust broken by two or more sets of parallel faults

converging from different directions.

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Stockwork: Ore, when not in strata or in veins but in large masses, so

as to be worked in chambers or in large blocks.

Surface Mine: Surface mining by way of an open pit without shafts or

underground working.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To The Board of Directors and Stockholders of Capital Gold Corporation
New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Capital Gold Corporation and Subsidiaries (A Development Stage Enterprise) ("the Company") as of July 31, 2005, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended July 31, 2005 and for the period September 17, 1982 (Inception) to July 31, 2005. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. Also, an audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Capital Gold Corporation and Subsidiaries as of July 31, 2005 and the consolidated

results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended July 31, 2005 and for the period September 17, 1982 (Inception) to July 31, 2005 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company is a development stage enterprise whose operations have generated recurring losses since its inception. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding these matters are described in Note 17. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

WOLINETZ, LAFAZAN & COMPANY, P.C.

Rockville Centre, New York October 25, 2005

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
July 31, 2005

#### ASSETS

#### Current Assets:

Cash and Cash Equivalents Loans Receivable - Affiliate Prepaid Expenses Marketable Securities Other Current Assets	\$ 4,281,548 31,419 18,991 150,000 40,849
Total Current Assets	 4,522,807
Mining Concessions	 70,104
Property & Equipment - net	 650 <b>,</b> 941
Intagible Assets - net	 17,842
Other Assets: Other Investments Deferred Financing Costs Mining Reclamation Bonds Other Other Deposits Security Deposits	 21,220 100,000 35,550 43,802 80,000 9,605
Total Other Assets	 290,177

Total Assets	\$ 5,551,871 =======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 92,040
Accrued Expenses	190,776
Total Current Liabilities	282,816
Commitments and Contingencies Stockholders' Equity: Common Stock, Par Value \$.001 Per Share; Authorized 150,000,000 shares; Issued and Outstanding 95,969,218 Shares Additional Paid-In Capital Deficit Accumulated in the Development Stage Deferred Financing Costs Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	95,969 31,851,724 (26,583,811) (252,541) 157,714
Total Stockholders' Equity	5,269,055
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 5,551,871 =======

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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# CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	For the Year Ended July 31,				Septe	For the Period September 17, 1982 (Inception)	
	2005		2004		Ly 31, 2005		
Revenues	\$		\$	_	- \$		
Costs and Expenses:							
Mine Expenses	85	1,374		673 <b>,</b> 05	0	7,663,908	
Write-Down of Mining, Milling and Other							
Property and Equipment				300,00	0	1,299,445	
Selling, General and Administrative							
Expenses	1,00	5,038		687 <b>,</b> 72	2	9,862,967	
Stock Based Compensation	18	7,844		379,03	3	9,409,847	
Depreciation and Amortization		7,431		_	_	375 <b>,</b> 157	
Total Costs and Expenses	2,05	1,687		.,039,80		28,611,324	

Loss from Operations	(2,051,687)	(2,039,805)	(28,611,324)
Other Income (Expense):			
Interest Income	42,483	4,074	795 <b>,</b> 998
Miscellaneous	3,522		36,199
Financing Fees			
Gain on Sale of Property and Equipment			46,116
Gain on Sale of Subsidiary			1,907,903
Option Payment			70,688
Loss on Write-Off of Investment			(10,000)
Loss on Joint Venture		(800,000)	(901,700)
Loss on Option			(50,000)
Loss on Other Investments		(3,697)	(3,697)
Loss on Write -Off of Minority Interest			(150,382)
Total Other Income (Expense)	46,005	(950,005)	1,741,125
Loss Before Minority Interest Minority Interest		(2,989,810) 51,220	286,388
Net Loss		\$ (2,938,590)	
Net Loss Per Common Share - Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.03) =====	\$ (0.06)	
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding	75 <b>,</b> 123 <b>,</b> 922	51 <b>,</b> 584 <b>,</b> 715	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

F-3

		Common	Stock	Additional Paid-In	Deficit Accumulated In The Development	
		Shares	Amount	Capital	Stage	Total
Balance September 17, (Inception)	1982	-0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	- \$ -0-	\$
Initial Cash Officers - At	\$.001 Per Share	1,575,000	1,575			1,5

Other Investors - At \$.001 Per Share	1,045,000	1,045			1,0
<pre>Initial - Mining Claims -   Officer - At \$.002 Per Share</pre>	875 <b>,</b> 000	875	759		1,6
Common Stock Issued For: Cash At \$.50 Per Share	300,000	300	149,700		150,0
Net Loss				(8,486)	(8,4
Balance - July 31, 1983	3,795,000	3 <b>,</b> 795	150,459	(8,486)	145,7
Common Stock Issued For: Cash Pursuant to Initial Offering At \$1.50 Per Share, Net of Offering Costs of \$408,763	1,754,741	1,755	2,221,594		2,223,3
Net Income				48,890	48 <b>,</b> 8
Balance - July 31, 1984	5,549,741	5 <b>,</b> 550	2,372,053	40,404	2,418,0
Net Income				18,486	18,4
Balance - July 31, 1985	5,549,741	5 <b>,</b> 550	2,372,053	58,890	2,436,4
Common Stock Issued For: Mineral Lease At \$1.00 Per Share	100		100		1
Net Income				4 <b>,</b> 597	4 <b>,</b> 5
Balance - July 31, 1986	5,549,841	5 <b>,</b> 550	2,372,153	63,487	2,441,1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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	Common	Stock	Additional Paid-In	Deficit Accumulated In The Development		
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Stage	Total	
Net Loss		\$	\$	\$ (187,773) 	\$ (187,773) 	
Balance - July 31, 1987	5,549,841	5,550	2,372,153	(124,286)	2,253,417	

Common Stock Issued For: Services Rendered At					
\$1.00 Per Share	92,000	92	91,908		92,000
Net Loss				(328,842)	(328,842)
Balance - July 31, 1988	5,641,841	5,642	2,464,061	(453,128)	2,016,575
Net Loss				(379,852)	(379,852)
Balance - July 31, 1989	5,641,841	5,642	2,464,061	(832,980)	1,636,723
Common Stock Issued For: Cash:					
At \$.70 Per Share	269,060	269	194,219		194,488
	387,033	387	199,443		199,830
Services:	(0, 202	60	24 072		24 141
At \$.50 Per Share Commissions:	68,282	68	34,073		34,141
	15,000	15	(15)		
Commissions Paid			(2,100)		(2,100)
Net Loss				(529,676)	(529,676)
Balance - July 31, 1990	6,381,216	6,381	2,889,681	(1,362,656)	1,533,406
Common Stock Issued For:					
Cash At \$.60 Per Share	318,400	319	180,954		181,273
Net Loss				(356,874)	(356,874)
Balance - July 31, 1991	6,699,616	6,700	3,070,635	(1,719,530)	1,357,805

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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### CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - (Continued) FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 17, 1982 (INCEPTION) TO JULY 31, 2005

Shares	Amount	Capital	Sta
		Paid-In	Develo
Common	Stock	Additional	In T
			Accumu
			DCIIC

Deficit nulat The opme age

Common Stock Issued For: Cash:

At \$.30 Per Share	114,917	\$ 115	\$ 34,303	\$
At \$.50 Per Share	2,000	2	998	
At \$.60 Per Share	22,867	23	13,698	
At \$.70 Per Share	10,000	10	6,990	
At \$.80 Per Share	6 <b>,</b> 250	6	4,994	
At \$.90 Per Share	5,444	5	4,895	
Services:				
At \$.32 Per Share	39,360	39	12,561	
At \$.50 Per Share	92,353	93	46,084	
Exercise of Options:				
At \$.50 Per Share By				
Related Party	100,000	100	49,900	
Net Loss				(307,
Balance - July 31, 1992	7,092,807	7,093	3,245,058	(2,027,
Common Stock Issued For:				
Cash:				
At \$.30 Per Share	176,057	\$ 176	\$ 51,503	\$
At \$.50 Per Share	140,000	140	69,964	
At \$.60 Per Share	10,000	10	5 <b>,</b> 990	
At \$.70 Per Share	17,000	17	11,983	
At \$1.00 Per Share	50,000	50	49,950	
Services:				
At \$.50 Per Share	495,556	496	272,504	
Commissions:				
At \$.50 Per Share	20,220	20	(20)	
Commissions Paid			(1,500)	
Net Loss				(626,
Balance - July 31, 1993	8,001,640	8,002	3,705,432	(2,653,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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	Common	Stock		ditional Paid-In	Deficit Accumulat In The Developme Stage	
	Shares	Amo	ount	Capital		
Common Stock Issued For: Cash:						
At \$.30 Per Share At \$.50 Per Share	249,330 377,205	\$	150 377	\$	43,489 189,894	\$

Services:					
At \$.30 Per Share	500,000	500		149,500	
At \$.50 Per Share	130,000	130		71,287	
At \$.50 Per Share					
By Related Party	56,000	156		77,844	
At \$.70 Per Share	4,743	4		3,316	
Exercise of Options For Services:	•			•	
At \$.50 Per Share	35,000	35		17,465	
At \$.50 Per Share					
By Related Party	150,000	150		74,850	
Net Loss					(665,
Balance - July 31, 1994	9,503,918	 9,504		4,333,077	(3,319,
Common Stock Issued For:					
Cash:					
At \$.30 Per Share	150,000	\$ 150	\$	49,856	\$
At \$.40 Per Share	288,200		т		1
At \$.50 Per Share	269,611	270		132,831	
At \$.60 Per Share	120,834	121		72,379	
At \$.70 Per Share	23,000	23		16,077	
Services:	,			,	
At \$.40 Per Share	145,000	145		60,755	
At \$.50 Per Share	75,000	75		34,925	
Exercise of Options For:	,			,	
Cash:					
At \$.50 Per Share					
By Related Party	350,000	350		174,650	
Services:	•			•	
At \$.50 Per Share	35,000	35		17,465	
Commissions Paid				(1,650)	
Net Loss					(426,
Palanco - July 21 1005	10,960,563	 10 961		5,005,580	(3.746
Balance - July 31, 1995	10,960,363	10,961		5,005,560	(3,746,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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# CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - (Continued) FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 17, 1982 (INCEPTION) TO JULY 31, 2005

			Accum
Common	Stock	Additional	In
		Paid-In	Devel
Shares	Amount	Capital	St

Deficit
Accumulat
In The
Developme
Stage

Common Stock Issued For:
 Cash:

At \$.40 Per Share At \$.50 Per Share At \$.60 Per Share At \$.70 Per Share At \$.80 Per Share	75,972 550,423 146,773 55,722 110,100	\$ 76 550 147 56 110	270,074 87,853 38,949	\$
Services:				
At \$.40 Per Share	104,150	104	•	
At \$.50 Per Share	42,010	42	•	
At \$.60 Per Share	4,600	5	•	
At \$.70 Per Share	154,393	155	107,920	
Commissions:				
At \$.35 Per Share	23,428	23	(23)	
At \$.50 Per Share	50 <b>,</b> 545	50		1
At \$.60 Per Share	2,000	2		1
At \$.70 Per Share	12,036	12	, ,	
Exercise of Options: Cash: At \$.35 Per Share By Related Party	19,571	20	6,830	
	±-,-··	<del>-</del> -	-,	
Services:				
At \$.35 Per Share				
By Related Party	200,429	200	•	
At \$.50 Per Share	95 <b>,</b> 000	95	47,405	
Compensation Portion of				
Options			261,500	
Net Loss				(956 <b>,</b>
Balance - July 31, 1996	12,607,715	12,608	6,076,152	(4,702,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

F-8

	Common	Stock		litional Paid-In	Deficit Accumulat In The Developme Stage	
	Shares	Amo	ount 	Capital		
Common Stock Issued For: Cash:						
At \$.35 Per Share At \$.40 Per Share At \$.50 Per Share	50,000 323,983 763,881	\$	50 324 762	\$	17,450 128,471 381,174	\$

At \$.60 Per Share	16,667	17	9,983	
At \$.70 Per Share	7,143	7	4,993	Ţ.
At \$.80 Per Share	28,750	29	22,971	
Services:				
At \$.50 Per Share	295,884	296	147,646	
Commissions:				
At \$.35 Per Share	44,614	45	(45)	
At \$.40 Per Share	41,993	42	(42)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
At \$.50 Per Share	37 <b>,</b> 936	38	(38)	
Expense:				
At \$.35 Per Share	8,888	9	3,099	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
At \$.40 Per Share	9,645	10	3,848	
Property and Equipment				
At \$.60 Per Share	7,500	8	4,492	
Exercise of Options				
Services:				
At \$.35 Per Share				
By Related Party	136,301	136	47,569	
Net Loss				(805,
Balance - July 31, 1997	14,380,900	14,381	6,847,723	(5,508,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

F-9

	Common S	Stock	Additional Paid-In	Deficit Accumulat In The Developme	
	Shares	Amount	Capital	Stage	
Common Stock Issued For: Cash:					
At \$.20 Per Share	10,000	\$ 10	\$ 1,990	\$	
At \$.25 Per Share	100,000	100	24,900		
At \$.27 Per Share	45,516	46	12,244		
At \$.28 Per Share	150,910	151	41,349		
At \$.30 Per Share	60,333	60	18,040		
At \$.31 Per Share	9,677	10	2,990		
At \$.32 Per Share	86,750	87	27 <b>,</b> 673		
At \$.33 Per Share	125,364	125	41,245		
At \$.35 Per Share	75,144	75	26,225		
At \$.38 Per Share	49,048	49	18,311		

Balance - July 31, 1998	16,841,142	16,841	7,628,372	(6,315,
Net Loss				(807,
At \$.35 Per Share	291,028	291	(291)	
At \$.22 Per Share	67,564	68	(68)	
Commissions:				
At \$.35 Per Share	25,000	25	8,725	
At \$.22 Per Share	105,000	105	22,995	
Compensation:				
At \$.35 Per Share	183,846	184	64,162	
At \$.22 Per Share	82,436	82	18,054	
Services:				
Exercise of Options:				
At \$.23 Per Share	48,609	49	11,131	
Services:				
At \$.50 Per Share	611,184	610	304,907	
At \$.45 Per Share	65,333	65	29 <b>,</b> 335	
At \$.40 Per Share	267,500	268	106,732	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

F-10

	Common	Stock			itional	Deficit Accumulat In The
	Shares	Amount		Paid-In Capital		
Common Stock Issued For: Cash:						
At \$0.20 Per Share	12,500	\$	13	\$	2,487	\$
At \$0.22 Per Share	45,454		45		9,955	
At \$0.25 Per Share	248,788		249		61,948	
At \$0.27 Per Share	132,456		132		35,631	
At \$0.28 Per Share	107,000		107		30,493	
At \$0.29 Per Share	20,000		20		5,780	
At \$0.30 Per Share	49,333		49		14,751	
At \$0.32 Per Share	152,725		153		48,719	
At \$0.33 Per Share	149,396		149		49,151	
At \$0.35 Per Share	538,427		538		187,912	
At \$0.40 Per Share	17,000		17		6 <b>,</b> 783	
At \$0.50 Per Share	53,000		53		26,447	
At \$0.55 Per Share	6,000		6		3,294	
At \$0.65 Per Share	33,846		34		21,966	

At \$0.68 Per	Share	13,235	13	8 <b>,</b> 987
At \$0.70 Per	Share	153,572	154	107,346
At \$0.90 Per	Share	57 <b>,</b> 777	58	51,942
At \$1.00 Per	Share	50,000	50	49,950
At \$1.10 Per	Share	150,000	150	164,850
Expenses:				
At \$0.21 Per	Share	37 <b>,</b> 376	37	7,812
At \$0.30 Per	Share	19,450	19	5,816
At \$0.36 Per	Share	34,722	35	12,465
Commission:				
At \$0.21 Per	Share	158,426	158	(158)
At \$0.25 Per	Share	28,244	28	(28)
At \$0.30 Per	Share	132,759	133	(133)
At \$0.35 Per	Share	40,000	40	(40)
Services:		95 <b>,</b> 238	95	19,905
At \$0.25 Per	Share	17,000	17	4,233
At \$0.30 Per	Share	145,941	146	43,636
At \$0.50 Per	Share	71,808	72	35,832

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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# CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - (Continued) FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 17, 1982 (INCEPTION) TO JULY 31, 2005

		Stock		Deficit Accumulat In The	
		Amount	Paid-In Capital 	Developme Stage	
Compensation portion of Cash Issuances		\$	\$ 618,231	\$	
Compensation Portion of Options			304,900		
Exercise of Options: Cash At \$0.10 Per Share	510,000	510	50,490		
Services: At \$0.70 Per Share	100,000	100	69,900		
Net Loss				(1,964,	
Balance - July 31, 1999	20,222,615	20,221	9,689,625	(8,279,	

Common Stock Issued For:

Cash:			
At \$.18 Per Share	27 <b>,</b> 778	28	4,972
At \$.20 Per Share	482,500	483	96 <b>,</b> 017
At \$.21 Per Share	47,500	47	9 <b>,</b> 953
At \$.22 Per Share	844,821	845	185,012
At \$.30 Per Share	100,000	100	29 <b>,</b> 900
At \$.35 Per Share	280,000	280	97 <b>,</b> 720
At \$.37 Per Share	56,000	56	19,944
At \$.38 Per Share	100,000	100	37 <b>,</b> 900
At \$.40 Per Share	620,000	620	247,380
At \$.42 Per Share	47,715	48	19 <b>,</b> 952
At \$.45 Per Share	182,445	182	81,918
At \$.50 Per Share	313,000	313	156 <b>,</b> 187
At \$.55 Per Share	122,778	123	67 <b>,</b> 377
At \$.58 Per Share	12,069	12	6,988
Expenses:			
At \$.20 Per Share	4,167	4	829
At \$.22 Per Share	46,091	46	10,094
Compensation Portion			94,430

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

F-12

	Common Stock			Additional		Deficit Accumulat In The
	Shares	Am	Amount		aid-In apital 	Developme Stage
Exercise of Options:						
Services:						
At \$.25 Per Share					7,470	\$
At \$.40 Per Share	95 <b>,</b> 000		95		37 <b>,</b> 905	
At \$.50 Per Share	25,958		26		12,954	
Commissions:						
At \$.20 Per Share	26,750		27		(27)	
At \$.22 Per Share	86,909		87		(87)	
Exercise of Options: Cash:						
At \$.10 Per Share	100,000		100		9,900	
Exercise of Options: Services:						
At \$.22 Per Share	150,000		150		32,850	
Stock Based Compensation					221,585	

Net Loss				(1,530,
Balance - July 31, 2000				
(Unconsolidated)	24,024,096	24,023	11,178,748	(9,809,
Common Stock Issued For:				
Cash:				
At \$.15 Per Share	120,000	120	17,880	
At \$.17 Per Share	80,000	80	13,520	
At \$.18 Per Share	249,111	249	44,591	
At \$.19 Per Share	70,789	71	13,379	
At \$.20 Per Share	1,322,500	1,323	261 <b>,</b> 677	
At \$.21 Per Share	33,810	34	7,066	
At \$.22 Per Share	2,472,591	2,473	541,497	
At \$.23 Per Share	65,239	65	14,935	
At \$.24 Per Share	123,337	123	29 <b>,</b> 477	
At \$.25 Per Share	610,400	611	151 <b>,</b> 884	
At \$.26 Per Share	625,769	626	162,074	
At \$.27 Per Share	314,850	315	84,695	
At \$.28 Per Share	7,143	7	1,993	
At \$.30 Per Share	33,333	33	9,967	
At \$.35 Per Share	271,429	272	94,728	
At \$.38 Per Share	453,158	453	169,547	
At \$.40 Per Share	300,000	300	119,700	
At \$.50 Per Share	10,000	10	4,990	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

F-13

	Common	Stock		ditional aid-In	In	cit ulated The opment	Acc
	Shares	Amo	ount	apital		age 	Comp Inco
Compensation Portion:		\$		\$ 24,000	\$		\$
Expenses:							
At \$.27 Per Share	30,000		30	8,070			
Services:							
At \$0.20 Per Share	33 <b>,</b> 850		34	6 <b>,</b> 736			
At \$0.23 Per Share	15,000		15	3,435			
At \$0.11 Per Share	87 <b>,</b> 272		87	9,513			
At \$0.34 Per Share	50,000		50	16,950			
Compensation Portion:				21,777			

Commission:				
At \$0.11 Per Share	266,500	267	(267)	
At \$0.20 Per Share	26,150	26	(26)	
At \$0.22 Per Share	15,000	15	(15)	
Compensation Portion:			36,595	
Exercise of Options:				
Cash:				
At \$0.02 Per Share By	225 000	225	4 705	
Related Party At \$0.10 Per Share	225,000 200,000	225 200	4,725 19,800	
At \$0.10 Per Share	200,000	200	19,800	
Expenses:				
At \$0.02 Per Share By				
Related Party	53,270	53	1,120	
Compensation Portion:			25,463	
-				
Commission:				
At \$0.02 Per Share	350,000	350	(350)	
Compensation Portion:			132,300	
oompondacion roroton.			102,000	
Commission:				
At \$0.05 Per Share	1,000,000	1,000	(1,000)	
Compensation Portion:			400,000	
Stock Based Compensation			7,002,500	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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# CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - (Continued) FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 17, 1982 (INCEPTION) TO JULY 31, 2005

	Common	Stock	Additional	Deficit Accumulated In The Development Stage	
	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital		
Comprehensive Loss: Net Loss				(9,418,266)	
Equity Adjustment from Foreign Currency Translation					

Total Comprehensive

Acc

Inco

Loss				
Balance - July 31, 2001	33,539,597	33,540	20,633,674	(19,228,130)
Common Stock Issued				
For:				
Cash:				
At \$.022 Per Share	1,400,976	1,401	29,420	
At \$.08 Per Share	250,000	250	19,750	
At \$.10 Per Share	980,000	980	97 <b>,</b> 020	
At \$.11 Per Share	145,456	145	15,855	
At \$.115 Per Share	478,260	478	54 <b>,</b> 522	
At \$.12 Per Share	500,000	500	59 <b>,</b> 500	
At \$.125 Per Share	40,000	40	4,960	
At \$.14 Per Share	44,000	44	6,116	
At \$.15 Per Share	383 <b>,</b> 667	384	57 <b>,</b> 166	
At \$.18 Per Share	25,000	25	4,475	
Commissions:				
At \$.115 Per Share	69,565	70	(70)	
At \$.22 Per Share	100,000	100	(100)	
At \$.08 Per Share	20,625	21	(21)	
At \$.14-\$.22 Per Share	282,475	282	(282)	
Services:				
At \$.10 Per Share	35,950	36	3,559	
Exercise of Options:				
Non Cash:				
At \$.022 Per Share by				
Related Party:	227,273	227	4,773	
Exercise of Options:				
Cash:				
At \$.022 Per Share by				
Related Parties	909,092	909	19,091	
At \$.022 Per Share by	,		,	
Others	1,205,929	1,206	25,325	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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# CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - (Continued) FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 17, 1982 (INCEPTION) TO JULY 31, 2005

			Deficit Accumulated
Common Stock		Additional	In The
		Paid-In	Development
Shares	Amount	Capital	Stage

Additional Paid-In Capital

Acc

Comp

Arising From Investment In Joint Venture Subsidiary				
by Minority Interest			51,934	
Stock Based Compensation			222,338	
Comprehensive Loss: Net Loss				(492,148)
Equity Adjustment from Foreign Currency Translation				
Total Comprehensive Loss				
Balance - July 31, 2002	40,637,865	40,638	21,309,005	(19,720,278)
Common Stock Issued for: Cash:				
At \$.022 Per Share	250,000	250	5,250	
At \$.10 Per Share	50,000	50	4,950	
At \$.12 Per Share	1,250,000	1,250	148,750	
At \$.14 Per Share	235,714	236	32,764	
At \$.15 Per Share	1,016,865	1,017	151,513	
Exercise of Options: Cash: At \$.022 Per Share by				
Related Party At \$.05 Per Share by	922 <b>,</b> 727	923	19,377	
Related Party	200,000	200	9,800	
At \$.05 Per Share by Others	100,000	100	4,900	
Services:				
At \$4.00 Per Share	14,363	13	57,378	
Additional Paid-In Capital Arising from Investment In Joint Venture Subsidiary				
By Minority Interest			159 <b>,</b> 919	
Stock Based Compensation			288,623	
Comprehensive Loss: Net Loss				(1,919,261)
Equity Adjustment from Foreign Currency				
Translation				
Total Comprehensive				
Loss				

Balance - July 31, 2003 44,677,534 44,677 22,192,229 (21,639,539)

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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	Common		Additional	Deficit Accumulated In The	
_	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Development Stage	
Common Charl Toward Com					
Common Stock Issued for: Cash:					
At \$.05 Per Share	150,000	150	7,350		
At \$.11 Per Share	245,455	245	26,755		
At \$.12 Per Share	5 <b>,</b> 929 <b>,</b> 565	5,929	705,318		
At \$.13 Per Share	349,691	350	45,110		
At \$.14 Per Share	346,284	346	48,133		
At \$.15 Per Share	368,665	369	54,931		
At \$.16 Per Share	593 <b>,</b> 750	594	94,406		
At \$.17 Per Share	145,000	145	24,505		
At \$.18 Per Share	55,554	56	9,944		
At \$.20 Per Share	365,000	365	72,635		
At \$.23 Per Share	45,439	45	10,405		
At \$.24 Per Share	74,166	74	17,726		
At \$.25 Per Share	80,000	80	19,920		
Exercise of Options:					
Cash:					
At \$.02 Per Share by					
Related Party	250 <b>,</b> 000	250	5 <b>,</b> 250		
At \$.05 Per Share by					
Related Party	1,415,000	1,415	69 <b>,</b> 338		
At \$.12 Per Share by					
Related Party	97 <b>,</b> 826	98	11,152		
At \$.02 Per Share by					
Related Party	272,727	273	5,327		
At \$.05 Per Share by					
Related Party	300,000	300	14,700		
Services:					
At \$.12 Per Share	7,500	8	892		
Additional Paid-In Capital					
Arising from Investment					
In Joint Venture Subsidiary					
By Minority Interest			100,156		
Stock Based Compensation:					
Related Parties			314,000		

Other			65,033		
Common Stock Issued In Connection with Termination of Joint Venture	2,000,000	2,000	798,000		
Comprehensive Loss: Net Loss				(2,938,590)	
Equity Adjustment from Foreign Currency Translation					
Unrealized Gain on Marketable Securities					
Total Comprehensive Loss		 			
Balance - July 31, 2004	57,769,156	\$ 57 <b>,</b> 769	\$ 24,713,215	\$(24,578,129)	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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### CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION (A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE) CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - (Continued) FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 17, 1982 (INCEPTION) TO JULY 31, 2005

				Deficit Accumulated	Accumu
	Common Stock Shares Amount		Additional	In The	Ot
			Paid-In Capital	Development Stage	Compre
Common Stock Issued for:					
Cash:					
At \$.10 Per Share	175,000	175	17,325		
At \$.11 Per Share	381,763	382	41,612		
At \$.12 Per Share	2,378,493	2,379	283,042		
At \$.13 Per Share	582,307	582	75,118		
At \$.14 Per Share	35,714	36	4,964		
At \$.15 Per Share	101,333	101	15,099		
At \$.20 Per Share	25,000	25	4,975		
At \$.25 Per Share Shares issued for Cash Through Private Placement Private	27,200,004	27,200	6,772,801		
Placement costs			(637,991)		
Services:					
At \$.11 Per Share	188,173	188	20,511		

At \$.12 Per Share	71,334	71	8,489	
Exercise of Options: Cash:				
At \$.022 Per Share by				
Related Party	227,273	227	4,773	
At \$.05 Per Share by				
Related Party	400,000	400	19,600	
At \$.05 Per Share by	250 000	250	12 250	
Other At \$.22 Per Share by	250,000	250	12,250	
Other	250,000	250	54,750	
Services	230,000	200	51,755	
At \$.12 Per Share by				
Other	300,000	300	35,700	
Commissions:				
At \$.12 Per Share	193,666	194	(194)	
At 9.12 Fer Share	193,000	1 J <del>1</del>	(194)	
Non Registration Penalty:				
At \$.19 Per Share	5,440,000	5,440	(5,440)	
·			• •	
Stock Based Compensation			158,584	
Deferred Financing Costs			252,541	
Net Loss				(2,005,682)
Net Loss				(2,003,002)
Equity Adjustment from				
Foreign Currency				
Translation				
Unrealized Gain on				
Marketable Securities				
Total Comprehensive Loss				
Balance - July 31, 2005	95,969,216	\$ 95,969	\$ 31,851,724	\$(26,583,811) \$ 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	The Ended 7 31,	F Sep
2005	2004	J

Cash Flow From Operating Activities:		
Net Loss	\$ (2,005,682)	\$ (2,938,590)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to		
Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities:		
Depreciation and Amoritzation	7,431	
Gain on Sale of Subsidiary		
Minority Interest in Net Loss of Subsidiary		(51,220)
Write-Down of Impaired Mining, Milling and Other		
Property and Equipment		300,000
Gain on Sale of Property and Equipment		
Loss on Write-Off of Investment		
Loss on Joint Venture		800,000
Loss on Write-Off of Minority Interest		150,382
Value of Common Stock Issued for Services	29,260	900
Stock Based Compensation	158,584	379 <b>,</b> 033
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	(54,299)	1,533
(Increase) Decrease in Other Current Assets	(10,601)	(15,270)
(Increase) in Other Deposits	(80,000)	
(Increase) in Security Deposits	(1,170)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	39 <b>,</b> 953	(43,941)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	74,703	(6,199)
Net Cash (Used) By Operating Activities	(1,841,821)	
Cash Flow From Investing Activities:		
(Increase) in Other Investments	(11,330)	2,992
Purchase of Mining, Milling and Other Property and	(,,	-,
Equipment	(657,683)	
Purchase of Mining Concession	(25, 324)	
Investment in Intangibles	(18,531)	
Proceeds on Sale of Mining, Milling and Other Property		
and Equipment		
Proceeds From Sale of Subsidiary		
Expenses of Sale of Subsidiary		
Advance Payments - Joint Venture		
Investment in Joint Venture		
Investment in Privately Held Company		
Net Assets of Business Acquired (Net of Cash)		
Investment in Marketable Securities		
Net Cash Provided By (Used) In Investing Activities	(712,868)	2 <b>,</b> 992

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Continued)

	For The Year Ended July 31,	
	2005	2004
Cash Flow From Financing Activities: Advances to Affiliate (Increase) Decrease in Loans Receivable - Others Prodeeds of Borrowings - Officers Repayment of Loans Payable - Officers Prodeeds of Note Payable	(3,571) 2,065	(7,668) 16,300
Payments of Note Payable Proceeds From Issuance of Common Stock	6,700,325	1,253,988
Commissions on Sale of Common Stock Finance costs associated with Issuance of Common Stock Expenses of Initial Public Offering Capital Contributions - Joint Venture Subsidiary Purchase of Certificate of Deposit - Restricted (Purchase) of Mining Reclamation Bonds	(100,000)	100,156
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	6,598,819	1,362,776
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes	28,975	·
Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,073,105	(37,967)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	208,443	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$ 4,281,548	
Supplemental Cash Flow Information: Cash Paid For Interest	\$ =======	\$
Cash Paid For Income Taxes	\$ =======	\$ 4,095
Non-Cash Financing Activities: Issuances of Common Stock as Commissions on Sales of Common Stock	\$ 23,240 ======	\$ 
Issuance of Common Stock as Payment for Mining, Milling and Other Property and Equipment	\$	\$ 
Exercise of Options as Payment of Accounts Payable	\$ 36,000 ======	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
July 31, 2005

#### NOTE 1 - Basis of Presentation

Capital Gold Corporation ("Capital Gold", "the Company", "we" or "us") was incorporated in February 1982 in the State of Nevada. During March 2003 the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the Articles of Incorporation to change its name from Leadville Mining and Milling Corp. to Capital Gold Corporation. The Company owns rights to property located in the California Mining District, Lake County, Colorado and in the State of Sonora, Mexico and is engaged in the exploration for gold and other minerals from it's properties. Substantially all of the Company's mining activities are now being performed in Mexico. The Company is a development stage enterprise.

On June 29, 2001 the Company exercised an option and purchased from AngloGold North America Inc. and AngloGold (Jerritt Canyon) Corp. 100% of the issued and outstanding stock of Minera Chanate, S.A. de C.V., a subsidiary of those two companies. Minera Chanate's assets consisted of certain exploitation and exploration concessions in the States of Sonora, Chihuahua and Guerrero, Mexico. We sometimes refer to these concessions as the El Chanate Concessions.

Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, on December 15, 2001, the Company made a \$50,000 payment to AngloGold. AngloGold will be entitled to receive the remainder of the purchase price by way of an ongoing percentage of net smelter returns of between 2% and 4% plus 10% net profits interest (until the total net profits interest payment received by AngloGold equals \$1,000,000). AngloGold's right to a payment of a percentage of net smelter returns and the net profits interest will terminate at such point as they aggregate \$18,018,355. In accordance with the agreement, the foregoing payments are not to be construed as royalty payments. Should the Mexican government or other jurisdiction determine that such payments are royalties, we could be subject to and would be responsible for any withholding taxes assessed on such payments.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Company has granted AngloGold the right to designate one of its wholly-owned Mexican subsidiaries to receive a one-time option to purchase 51% of Minera Chanate (or such entity that owns the Minera Chanate concessions at the time of option exercise). That Option is exercisable over a 180 day period commencing at such time as the Company notifies AngloGold that it has made a good faith determination that it has gold-bearing ore deposits on any one of the identified group of El Chanate Concessions, when aggregated with any ore that the Company has mined, produced and sold from such concessions, of in excess of 2,000,000 troy ounces of contained gold. The exercise price would equal twice the Company's project costs on the properties during the period commencing on December 15, 2000 and ending on the date of such notice.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. However, the Company is a development stage enterprise and since its inception has had no mining revenues and has incurred recurring losses aggregating \$26,583,811. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As indicated in Note 17, the Company is in the process of raising additional capital and financing. Continuation of the Company is dependent on (1)consummation of financings, (2) achieving sufficiently profitable operations (3) subsequently maintaining adequate financing

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 1 - Basis of Presentation - (Continued)

arrangements and (4) its exiting the development stage. The achievement and/or success of the Company's planned measures, however, cannot be determined at this time. These financial statements do not reflect any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets carrying amounts and classification of liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principals of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Capital Gold Corporation and its wholly owned and majority owned subsidiaries. The Company accounted for its Mexican joint venture operation through the date of dissolution (see Note 5) as a subsidiary since it controlled the decision making process and it owned 69% of the venture. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include money market funds and short term U.S. treasury bonds.

Marketable Securities

The Company accounts for its investments in marketable securities in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities".

Management determines the appropriate classification of all securities at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such designation as of each balance sheet date. The Company has classified its marketable equity securities as available for sale securities and has recorded such securities at fair value. The Company uses the specific identification method to determine realized gains and losses. Unrealized holding gains and losses are excluded from earnings and, until realized, are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

Mining, Milling and Other Property and Equipment

Mining, milling and other property and equipment is reported at cost. It is the Company's policy to capitalize costs incurred to improve and develop the mining and milling properties. General exploration costs and costs to maintain rights and leases are expensed as incurred. Management of the Company periodically reviews the recoverability of the capitalized mineral properties and mining equipment. Management takes into consideration various information including, but not limited to, historical production records taken from previous mine operations, results of exploration activities conducted to date, estimated future prices and reports and opinions of outside geologists, mine engineers, and consultants. When it is determined that a project or property will be abandoned or its carrying value

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

has been impaired, a provision is made for any expected loss on the project or property.

Depletion of mining and milling improvements will be computed at cost using the units of production method. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets.

Other Intangible Assets

Purchased intangible assets consisting of rights of way and easements are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the economic lives of the respective assests, generally five years. It is the Company's policy to asses periodically the carrying amount of its purchased intangible assets to determine if there has been an impairment to their carrying value. Impairments of other intangible assets are determined in accordance with SFAS 144. There was no impairment at July 31, 2005.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with SFAS 144, "Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" the Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairments. Impairment losses on long-lived assets are recognized when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by such assets are less than their carrying value and, accordingly, all or a portion of such carrying value may not be recoverable. Impairment losses then are measured by comparing the fair value of assets to their carrying amounts. During the year ended July 31, 2002 the Company performed a review of its Colorado mine and mill improvements and determined that an impairment loss should be recognized. Accordingly, at July 31, 2002 the Company reduced by \$999,445 the net carrying value of certain assets relating to its Leadville, Colorado facility to \$300,000 and further reduced the net carrying value to \$0 at July 31, 2004, which approximated management's estimate of fair value.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable and accounts payable approximated fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues, if any, from the possible sales of minerals will be recognized by the Company only upon receipt of final settlement funds from the purchaser.

Foreign Currency Translation

Assets and liabilities of the Company's Mexican subsidiaries are translated to US dollars using the current exchange rate for assets and liabilities. Amounts on the statement of operations are translated at the average exchange rates during the year. Gains or losses resulting from foreign

currency translation are included as a component of other comprehensive income (loss).

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) which is reported on the accompanying consolidated statement of stockholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) consists of accumulated foreign translation gains and losses and net unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Income Taxes

The Company records deferred income taxes using the liability method as prescribed under the provisions of SFAS No. 109. Under the liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement and income tax bases of the Company's assets and liabilities. An allowance is recorded, based upon currently available information, when it is more likely than not that any or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The provision for income taxes includes taxes currently payable, if any, plus the net change during the year in deferred tax assets and liabilities recorded by the Company.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation to its employees using the intrinsic value method in accordance with provisions of the Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" and related interpretations which requires the recognition of compensation expense over the vesting period of the option when the exercise price of the stock option granted is less than the fair value of the underlying common stock. Additionally, the Company complies with the disclosure provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123") and provides pro forma disclosure of net loss and loss per share as if the fair value method has been applied in measuring compensation expense for stock options granted. Stock-based compensation related to options and warrants granted to non-employees is recognized using the fair value method in accordance with SFAS 123 and Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services". Compensation costs are amortized in a manner consistent with Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 28 (FIN No. 28), "Accounting for Stock Appreciation Rights and Other Variable Stock Option or Award Plans". The Company uses the Black-Scholes options pricing model to value options, restricted stock grants and warrants granted to non-employees.

Reclassifications

Certain items in these financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no impact on our results of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit) or cash

flows.

Net Loss Per Common Share

The computation of basic net loss per share of common stock is computed by dividing net loss for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during that period.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Because the Company is incurring losses, the effect of stock options and warrants is antidilutive. Accordingly, the Company's presentation of diluted net loss per share is the same as that of basic net loss per share.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consists principally of cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities. The Company maintains cash balances at financial institutions which exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation limit of \$100,000 at times during the year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Environmental Remediation Costs

Environmental remediation costs are accrued based on estimates of known environmental remediation exposure. Such accruals are recorded even if significant uncertainties exist over the ultimate cost of the remediation. It is reasonably possible that the Company's estimates of reclamation liabilities, if any, could change as a result of changes in regulations, extent of environmental remediation required, means of reclamation or cost estimates. Ongoing environmental compliance costs, including maintenance and monitoring costs, are expensed as incurred. There were no environmental remediation costs accrued at July 31, 2005.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment". SFAS 123 (R) addresses the accounting for share-based payment transactions in which an enterprise receives employee services in exchange for (a) equity instruments of the enterprise or (b) liabilities that are based on the fair value of the enterprise's equity instruments. SFAS 123 (R) requires an entity to recognize the grant-date fair-value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees in the income statement. The revised statement generally requires that an entity account for those

transactions using the fair-value-based method and eliminates the intrinsic value method of accounting in APB 25, which was permitted under SFAS No. 123, as originally issued.

The revised statement requires entities to disclose information about the nature of the share-based payment transactions and the effects of those transactions on the financial statements.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

SFAS No. 123 ( R ) is effective for small business issuer's financial statements for the first interim or annual reporting period after December 15, 2005, with early adoption encouraged.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact that this statement will have on its financial condition or results of operations.

Emerging Issue Task Force (EITF) Issue 04-08, "The Effect of Contingently Convertible Instruments on Diluted Earnings Per Share". The EITF reached a consensus that contingently convertible instruments, such as contingently convertible debt, contingently convertible preferred stock, and other such securities should be included in diluted earnings per share (if dilutive) regardless of whether the market price trigger has been met. The consensus is effective for reporting periods after December 15, 2004.

The adoption of this pronouncement did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2005, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections -- a replacement of APB Opinion No. 20 and FASB Statement No. 3" ("SFAS 154"). This statement replaces APB opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes" and FASB Statement No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements" and changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principle. This statement applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle. It also applies to changes required by an accounting pronouncement in the unusual instance that the pronouncement does not include specific transaction provision. When a pronouncement includes specific transaction provisions, those provisions should be followed. SFAS 154 is effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. Consequently, the Company will adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 154 for its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006. Management currently believes that adoption of the provisions of SFAS No. 154 will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued interpretation No. 46 ("FIN 46"), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" (VIEs), which is an interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements". FIN 46, as revised by FIN 46R in December 2003, addresses the application of ARB No. 51 to VIEs, and generally would require assets, liabilities and results of activity of a VIE be consolidated into the financial statements of the enterprise that is considered the primary beneficiary. FIN 46R shall be applied to all VIEs by the end of the first

reporting period ending after December 15, 2004. The Company has determined that FIN 46R has no material impact on its financial statements.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 3 - Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are classified as current assets and are summarized as follows:

(See Notes 10 &	13)				\$1	50,000
Marketable equity	y securities,	at	fair	value		
					==	
Marketable equity	y securities,	at	cost		\$	50,000

NOTE 4 - Property and Equipment

Property and Equipment consist of the following at July 31, 2005:

\$ 393 <b>,</b> 829
73,845
141,244
34,656
12,266
1,843
657,683
 (6,742)
\$ 650 <b>,</b> 941
 \$

Depectation expense for the year ending July 31, 2005 was \$6,742 as compared to \$0 for the same period last year. The increase was due to the acquisition of assets related to the Mexico operations.

NOTE 5 - Intangible Assets

	===	
Intangible assets, net	\$	17,842
Less: accumulated amortization		(689)
Investment in Right of way	\$	18,531

Amortization expense for the year ending July 31, 2005 was \$689 as compared to \$0 for the same period last year. The increase was due to the investment in a right of way.

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 6 - Joint Venture

On February 23, 2002, Minera Santa Rita S. de R.L. de C.V., one of our wholly-owned Mexican subsidiaries, entered into a joint venture agreement with Grupo Minero FG S.A. de C.V. to explore, evaluate and develop the El Chanate concessions. Grupo Minero FG S.A. de C.V., referred to as FG, is a private Mexican company.

Pursuant to the agreement with FG, the venture was to be conducted in five phases. The first two phases entailed continued exploration and evaluation of the mining potential of lots within the concessions.

Pursuant to the agreement, FG has paid us \$75,000 to participate in the venture and contributed an additional \$75,000 towards the first phase of the venture for which it received a 30% interest in the venture. The balance of the costs for Phase one and the costs for Phase two were to be split equally between the parties.

On April 6 and 8, 2004, effective March 31, 2004, Minera Santa Rita S. de R.L. de C.V. ("MSR"), one of our wholly-owned Mexican affiliates, and FG executed an agreement (the "Termination Agreement") terminating their joint venture agreement (the "JV Agreement") with regard to the El Chanate project in Mexico.

Pursuant to the Termination Agreement, the parties have terminated amicably the JV Agreement and have released each other from all obligations under the JV Agreement. In consideration of FG's contributions to the venture of \$457,455, we issued to FG 2,000,000 restricted shares of our common stock valued at \$800,000 and MSR issued to FG a participation certificate entitling FG to receive five percent of the MSR's annual dividends, when declared. In connection with the issuance of these 2,000,000 shares, the Company recognized a charge to operations of \$800,000. Additionally, the Company has recognized a loss of \$150,382 on the write off of the joint venture minority interest. The participation certificate also gives FG the right to participate, but not to vote, in the meetings of MSR's Board of Managers, Technical Committee and Partners. MSR also received a right of first refusal to carry out the works and render construction services required to effectuate the El Chanate project. This right of first refusal is not applicable where a funding source for the project determines that others should render such works or services.

FG has assigned or otherwise transferred to MSR all permits, licenses, consents and authorizations (collectively, "authorizations") for which FG had obtained in its name in connection with the development of the El Chanate project to the extent that the authorizations are assignable. To the extent that the authorizations are not assignable or otherwise transferable, FG has given its consent for the authorizations to be cancelled so that they can be re-issued or re-granted in MSR's name. The foregoing has been accomplished.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 7 - Sale of Subsidiary Stock

On March 20, 2002, the Company sold all of the issued and outstanding shares of stock of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Minera Chanate S.A. de C.V. ("Minera Chanate"), to an unaffiliated party for a purchase price of \$2,131,616, payable in three installments. We received the first installment of \$639,485 and paid commissions of \$51,159 in March 2002. A second payment of \$497,377 plus interest at the rate of 4.5% per annum was paid in August 2002. A third payment of \$994,754 plus interest at the rate of 4.5% per annum, was paid in December 2002. Commissions of \$41,733 and \$80,821 were paid in connection with the second and third installments, respectively. In connection with the above transaction the Company recognized a gain of \$1,907,903.

During March 2002, prior to the sale of Minera Chanate and pursuant to the FG joint venture agreement (see Note 6), Minera Chanate, in a series of transactions, sold all of its surface land and mining claims to Oro de Altar S. de R.L. de C.V. ("Ora"), another of our wholly-owned subsidiaries. Ora, in turn, leased the foregoing land and mining claims to MSR.

NOTE 8 - Mining Reclamation Bonds

These represent certificates of deposit that have been deposited as security for Mining Reclamation Bonds in Colorado. They bear interest at rates varying from 4.35% to 5.01% annually and mature at various dates through 2010.

NOTE 9 - Mining Concessions

Mining concessions consists of the following:

El Charro	\$ 25,324
El Chanate	\$ 44,780
	========
Total	\$ 70,104

The El Chanate exploitation and exploration concessions are carried at historical cost and were acquired in connection with the purchase of the stock of Minera Chanate, S.A. de C.V. (see Note 1).

The Company acquired an additional mining concession - El Charro. El Charro lies within the current El Chanate property boundaries. The Company is required to pay 1 1/2% net smelter royalty in connection with the El Charro concession.

NOTE 10 - Loans Receivable - Affiliate

Loans receivable - affiliate consist of expense reimbursements from a publicly-owned corporation in which the Company has an investment. In addition, the Company's president and chairman of the board of directors is an officer and director of that corporation. These loans are non-interest bearing and due on demand (see Note 3 & 13).

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

#### NOTE 11 - Other Investments

Other investments are carried at cost and consist of tax liens purchased on properties located in Lake County, Colorado.

NOTE 12 - Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) - Supplemental Non-Cash Investing Activities

Other comprehensive income (loss) consists of accumulated foreign translation gains and losses and unrealized gains on marketable securities and is summarized as follows:

Balance - July 31, 2003	53 <b>,</b> 633
Equity Adjustments from Foreign Currency Translation Unrealized Gains on Marketable	(24,894)
Securities	60,000
Balance - July 31, 2004	\$ 88,739
Equity Adjustments from Foreign Currency Translation Unrealized Gains on Marketable	28 <b>,</b> 975
Securities	40,000
	=======
Balance - July 31, 2005	\$ 157,714
	=======

#### NOTE 13 - Related Party Transactions

In August 2002 the Company purchased marketable equity securities of a related company. The Company recorded approximately \$9,300 and \$12,300 in expense reimbursements including office rent from this entity for the years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively (see Notes 3 and 10). The Company utilizes a Mexican Corporation 100% owned by two officers/Directors and stockholders of the Company for mining support services. These services include but are not limited to the payment of mining salaries and related costs. The Mexican Corporation bills the Company for these services at cost. Mining expenses charged by the Mexican Corporation and reported on the statement of operations amounted to approximately \$24,000 for the year ended July 31, 2005.

#### NOTE 14 - Stockholders' Equity

#### Common Stock

At various stages in the Company's development, shares of the Company's common stock have been issued at fair market value in exchange for services or property received with a corresponding charge to operations, property and equipment or additional paid—in capital depending on the nature of the services provided or property received.

During the year ended July 31, 2005, the Company issued 3,679,610 shares for gross proceeds of \$445,815. During the year ended July 31, 2005 the Company issued 259,507 shares of common stock for services

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 14 - Stockholders' Equity (Continued)

rendered valued at \$29,260. During the year ended July 31, 2005 the Company issued 193,666 shares of common stock valued at \$23,240 as commissions on the sale of common stock. During the year ended July 31, 2005 the Company granted options to purchase 550,000 shares of common stock. The Company recognized approximately \$159,000 of stock based compensation relating to the options granted.

Pursuant to a private placement that closed in February 2005 we issued 27,200,004 shares of our common stock and warrants to purchase an aggregate of up to 27,200,004 shares of our common stock for an aggregate gross purchase price of approximately \$6.8 million and we received approximately \$6.2 million in net proceeds. The Warrant issued to each purchaser is exercisable for one share of our common stock, at an exercise price equal to \$.30 per share. Each Warrant has a term of two years and is fully exercisable from the date of issuance. We issued to the placement agent two year warrants to purchase up to 2,702,000 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$.25 per share. Such placement agent warrants are valued at approximately \$414,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing method.

Pursuant to our agreement with the investors, we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement covering resales of the foregoing shares and shares issuable upon the exercise of the foregoing warrants (collectively, the "registrable shares"). We also agreed to prepare and file all amendments and supplements necessary to keep the registration statement effective until the earlier of the date on which the selling stockholders may resell all the registrable shares covered by the registration statement without volume restrictions pursuant to Rule 144(k) under the Securities Act or any successor rule of similar effect and the date on which the selling stockholders have sold all the shares covered by the registration statement.

In addition, we agreed to have our common stock listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange or the TSX Venture Exchange.

If our common stock was not listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange or the TSX Venture Exchange or the registration statement was not declared effective by the SEC within 180 days after February 8, 2005, then we would be required to issue to these selling stockholders an additional number of shares of our common stock that is equal to 20% of the number of shares acquired by them in the private placement. In addition, if the registration statement is not declared effective by the SEC within 180 days after February 8, 2005 or, after the registration statement is declared effective by the SEC, subject to certain exceptions, sales of all shares so registered cannot be made pursuant to the registration statement, then we will be required to pay to these selling stockholders in cash or, at our option in shares, their pro rata share of 0.0833% of the aggregate market value of the registrable shares held by these selling stockholders for each month thereafter until the registration statement is declared effective or sales of the registrable shares can again be made pursuant to the registration statement, as the case may be. As of August 8, 2005 our listing on the Toronto Stock Exchange was not complete. Therefore, on August 11, 2005 we issued approximately 5,440,000

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 14 - Stockholders' Equity (Continued)

shares of our common stock, which represented 20% of the number of shares acquired in the private placement.

During the year ended 7/31/05, the Company issued 500,000 shares of common stock upon the exercise of options for gross proceeds of 67,500. In addition 627,273 shares of common stock were issued upon exercise of options by related parties for gross proceeds of 25,000. We also issued 300,000 shares of common stock upon exercise of options for payment of accounts payable of 36,000.

Stock Options

A summary of stock option activity for the years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

	Options Outstanding		Wajabtad
		Price Range Per Share	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding - July 31, 2003	10,096,916	.02250	.11
Options Granted: Related Parties Others	1,500,000 300,000	.21 .1221	.21 .15
Exercised: Related Parties Others Expired	(1,762,826)	.02205 .02212 .02205	.04 .05 .03
Outstanding - July 31, 2004	6,888,636	\$.02250	\$ .11
Options Granted: Related Parties Others	550,000 30,902,004	.0512 .2530	.09 .29
Exercised: Related Parties Others Expired	(800,000)	.02205 .0522 .2225	.037 .129 .23
Outstanding - July 31, 2005	36,613,367 ======	\$.02250	\$ .30 =====

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 14 - Stockholders' Equity (Continued)

Options to purchase 36,613,367 shares of common stock were exercisable at

July 31, 2005 at a weighted average exercise price of \$.30 with a weighted average contractual life of 1.23 years as follows:

Options Outstanding and Exercisable by Price Range as of July 31, 2005 is as follows:

		Options Outstanding		Options	Exercisabl		
Range of Exercise Prices		Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Average	Number Exercisable	Weight Avera Exercise	
\$	.022	90,909	.51	\$.022	90,909	\$ .0	
	.05	550,000	.51	.05	550,000		
	.24	100,000	0.92	.24	100,000		
	.21	1,250,000	1.83	.21	1,250,000		
	.05	500,000	.51	.05	500,000		
	.25	2,702,000	1.50	.25	2,702,000		
	.30	27,200,004	1.50	.30	27,200,004		
	.22	500,000	.51	.22	500,000		
	.32	1,000,000	1.50	.32	1,000,000		
	.41	100,000	0.92	.41	100,000		
	.50	3,120,454	1.50	.50	3,120,454		
\$.0	02250	36,613,367	1.23	\$ .30	36,613,367	\$.	
===	-====	========	=====	=====	========	====	

The Company recognized approximately \$158,584\$ and \$348,000 of stock-based compensation expense during the years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004 respectively, relating to options granted.

Pro forma information regarding net income and earnings per share is required by Statement 123, and has been determined as if the Company has accounted for its employee stock options under the fair value method of that Statement. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes options pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 3.1%; volatility factor of the expected market price of the Company's common stock of .7-1.0; and a weighted-average expected life of the option of 3 years.

The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because the Company' stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of its stock options.

Had compensation cost for stock options granted been determined based on the fair value at the grant date consistent with the provisions of SFAS 123, the Company's net loss and net loss per share for the year ended July 31, 2005 would not change, since there was no issuances of employees stock options during the year.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 14 - Stockholders' Equity (Continued)

The effects of applying the pro forma disclosures of SFAS 123 are not likely to be representative of the effects on reported net earnings for future years.

Authorized Common Stock

In September 1993 the Company's shareholders approved an increase in the authorized common stock from 100,000,000 shares to 150,000,000 shares.

Effective April 11, 1998 the Company underwent a 1 for 10 reverse split with all fractions being rounded up into new common stock.

All references to common stock are restated to reflect the 1 for 10 reverse split.

NOTE 15 - Income Taxes

For income tax purposes, the Company has available net operating loss carryforwards ("NOL") at July 31, 2005 of approximately \$13,711,000 to reduce future federal taxable income, if any The NOL's expire at various dates through 2025. There may be certain limitations as to the future annual use of the NOLs due to certain changes in the Company's ownership.

Income tax benefit attributable to net loss differed from the amounts computed by applying the statutory Federal Income tax rate applicable for Each period as a result of the following:

	Year Ended July 31,		
	2005	2004	
Computed "expected" tax benefit Decrease in tax benefit resulting from net operating loss for which no benefit is	\$4,661,620	\$4,107,880	
currently available	4,661,620	4,107,880	
	\$	\$	
	========	========	

The Company has deferred tax assets of approximately \$4,661,620 at July 31, 2005 resulting primarily from net operating loss carryforwards. The Deferred tax assets have been fully offset by a valuation allowance resulting from the uncertainty surrounding their future realization. The difference between the federal statutory rate of 34% and the Company's effective tax rate of 0% is due to an increase in the valuation allowance of \$553,740 and \$754,363 in 2005 and 2004, respectively.

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 16 - Loss on Option

In March 2004 the Company obtained exclusive non-refundable options to purchase an ore crusher and related assets for a total cost of \$700,000. The Company paid \$50,000 for these options, which ultimately expired. Accordingly, the Company realized a loss of \$50,000.

NOTE 17 - Liquidity and Going Concern Uncertainty

The Company is a development stage enterprise with no mining revenues and has incurred recurring losses amounting to \$26,583,811 through July 31, 2005. The Company incurred net losses of \$2,005,682 and \$2,938,590 during the years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. These factors, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern(see Note 1).

There can be no assurance that sufficient funds required during the next year or thereafter will be generated from operations or that funds will be available from external sources such as debt or equity financings or other potential sources. The lack of additional capital resulting from the inability to generate cash flow from operations or to raise capital from external sources would force the Company to substantially curtail or cease operations and would, therefore, have a material adverse effect on its business. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that any such required funds, if available, will be available on attractive terms or that they will not have a significant dilutive effect on the Company's existing stockholders.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability or classification of asset carrying amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result should the Company be able to continue as a going concern.

During the year ended July 31, 2005, the Company has successfully obtained external financing through sales of its stock and exercise of options as well as capital contributions.

The Company has developed a plan to address liquidity and fund a full scale mining operation in Mexico in several ways, namely:

- o Continue to raise capital through the sale or exercise of equity securities.
- o Bank financing (see "Note 19 Project Finance Facility" below.
- o Obtain outside financing to fund operations.
- o Strategic Partner Joint Venturing.
- o Other means.

There is no assurance, however, that any of the Company's proposed plans to obtain financing, raise capital and otherwise fund operations will prove successful. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain sufficient funding as discussed above and its inability to do so will delay or cease the Company's planned operations as discussed above.

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 18 - Commitments and Contingencies

Minera Chanate Option

Under the terms of the Minera Chanate purchase agreement, Capital Gold has granted AngloGold's designee to receive a one-time option to purchase 51% of Minera Chanate (or such entity that owns the Minera Chanate concessions at time of exercise) based upon the achievements of certain events (see Note 1).

Lease Commitments

The Company occupies office space in New York City under a non cancelable operating lease that commenced on September 1, 2002 and terminates on August 31, 2007. In addition to base rent, the lease calls for payment of utilities and other occupancy costs.

Approximate future minimum payments under this lease are as follows:

Year Ending July 31,

51,000	2006	
51,000	2007	
4,200	2008	

\$106,200 ======

Rent expense under the office lease in New York City was approximately \$63,000 and \$57,000 for the years ended July 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Land Easement

On May 25, 2005 Minera Santa Rita S. de R.L. de C.V entered into an agreement for an irrevocable access easement and an irrevocable fluids (electricity, gas, water and others) easement.

Term of the agreement is 5 years, extendable for 1-year additional terms, upon MSR's request. Terms suspendible by force majeure or Acts of God; and extendable for duration of suspension.

In consideration, \$18,000 paid upon the signing of the agreement and yearly advance payments equal to 2 annualized general minimum wages (365 X 2 general minimum wages) in force in Altar, Sonora, Mexico. Said yearly payments to be made on September 1 of each year, using the minimum wage in effect on that day for the calculation of the amount payable. These payments are to be made for as long as the construction and production mining works and activities of MSR are being carried out, and are to cease as soon as said works and activities are permanently stopped.

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 18 - Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

El Charro

In May 2005, we acquired rights to the El Charro concession for approximately \$25,000 and a royalty of 1.5% of net smelter return. We acquired the El Charro concession because it is surrounded entirely by our other concessions.

Lack of Insurance

The Company currently has no insurance in force at its mining properties and it cannot be certain that it can cover the risks associated with its mining operations or that it will be able to maintain insurance to cover these risks at economically feasible premiums.

Purchase of House

On July 5, 2005, Oro de Altar purchased a house located in Caborca, Sonora for the sum of \$116,000 US Dollars. The Company has made payments of \$80,000 with additional installments of \$6,000 each for the remaining balance payable on the first of each month beginning August 1, 2005 and ending January 3, 2006. Title to the property does not transfer until full payments have been made. Therefore the initial payments have been classified as Other Deposits on the balance sheet.

NOTE 19 - Project Finance Facility

On February 2, 2005, we mandated Standard Bank London Limited as the exclusive arranger of a project finance facility of up to US\$10 million for our El Chanate gold mining project and associated hedging. We anticipate that Standard Bank will administer the loan and the hedging throughout the construction and operational phases of the project.

Although the specific terms of the proposed financing are subject to alteration, we anticipate, among other things, that the loan would mature in five years after the initial draw and bear interest at a rate linked to the 1,2,3 or 6 month Libor rate. The loan would be secured by our assets and supported by our guarantee. In addition, we will be required to deposit all cash proceeds we receive from operations and other sources in an off-shore account. Absent default by us under the finance documents, we may use funds from this account for specific purposes such as approved operating costs, budgeted capital expenditures, hedging costs and funds payable to Standard Bank under the finance documents. We would be required to meet and maintain certain financial covenants and we would be required to conform to certain negative covenants such as restrictions on sale of assets. We also would be required to enter into a gold price protection program that mitigates the gold price risk by purchasing price protection in a manner satisfactory to the lender.

As required by the mandate, we issued to Standard Bank 1,000,000 common stock purchase warrants and paid an initial cash fee of \$100,000. Such warrants have been valued at approximately \$253,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and are reflected as deferred financing costs as a reduction of stockholders' equity on the Company's balance sheet. Such costs will be amortized to operations over the life of the debt and in the event the transaction with Standard Bank is not consummated, such costs will be charged to

operations immediately. The initial cash fee of \$100,000 is included in other assets as prepaid debt issuance costs on

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CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTERPRISE)
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JULY 31, 2005

NOTE 19 - Project Finance Facility (Continued)

the Company's balance sheet. Such costs will be amortized to operations over the life of the debt and in the event the transaction with Standard Bank is not consummated, such costs will be charged to operations immediately. If Standard Bank determines to proceed with the funding, we will be required to pay certain additional fees of \$300,000 and issue to Standard Bank an additional 14,600,000 common stock purchase warrants.

Per our arrangement with Standard Bank, the shares issuable upon exercise of the 1,000,000 common stock purchase warrants have been included in the registration statement (discussed above in "February 2005 Private Placement") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission covering their public resale. We also will be required to so register the shares issuable upon exercise of the additional 14,600,000 warrants if and when these warrants are issued. The warrants may be exercised at a price equivalent to the lower of a) \$.32 per share and b) the Company's common share price at the closing date, but in no case less than \$.30 per share.

This mandate is not a commitment to provide the funding. Funding is subject to satisfactory completion of due diligence, approvals from Standards Bank's credit committee and execution of definitive documentation.

NOTE 20 - Subsequent Events

On September 22, 2005, the Board of Directors, subject to stockholder approval, recommended an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to increase the Company's authorized shares of capital stock from 150,000,000 to 200,000,000 shares. In addition, the Board of Directors, subject to stockholder approval, recommended that the Company reincorporate in the State of Delaware. Stockholders will vote on these proposals at a special meeting of stockholders to be held on November 18, 2005.

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No dealer, salesman or any other person is authorized to give any information or to represent anything not contained in this prospectus. You must not rely on any unauthorized information or representations. This prospectus is an offer to sell these securities and it is not a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted. The information contained in this Prospectus is current only as of this date.

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65,043,644 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION

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PROSPECTUS

\_\_\_\_\_

November \_\_\_, 2005

#### PART II

#### INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

#### ITEM 24. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.

Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, as the same may be amended and supplemented, permits the Company to indemnify any and all persons, including directors, officers, employees and agents of the Company, whom it shall have power to indemnify under said section (the "Indemnitee") from and against any and all of the expenses, liabilities or other matters referred

to in or covered by said section, and the indemnification provided for therein shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those indemnified may be entitled under any By-Law, agreement, vote of stockholders or disinterested directors or otherwise, both as to action in his official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office, and shall continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors and administrators of such a person.

ITEM 25. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION.

SEC Filing Fees  Printing and Engraving Expenses*  Accounting Fees and Expenses*  Legal Fees and Expenses*	\$ \$ \$	10,000.00 7,500.00 10,000.00
Miscellaneous*  Total Expenses*		2,318.08

\_\_\_\_\_\_

ITEM 26. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES.

Since August 1, 2002, we have issued and sold the following securities:

During the fiscal year ended July 31, 2003, we issued the following shares of our common stock pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933: We sold an aggregate of 2,802,579 shares for an aggregate of \$346,030 to 19 persons. We issued 1,227,727 shares of common stock upon exercise of options for gross proceeds of \$35,300. We also issued 14,363 shares to one individual for administrative services.

During the fiscal year ended July 31, 2004, we issued the following shares of our common stock pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933: We sold an aggregate of 8,748,569 shares for an aggregate of \$1,145,886 to 94 persons. In addition, we issued 757,727 shares of common stock and received gross proceeds of \$28,100 from the exercise of options by officers and directors, and we issued 1,612,826 shares of common stock for gross proceeds of \$80,003 to unrelated parties upon exercise of options. We also issued 7,500 shares for services rendered. We also issued 2,000,000 of our common stock in connection with the termination of our Joint Venture Agreement. We also issued 250,000 common stock options each to Messrs. Dieterle, Roningen, Pritchard, Everett and Newell, and one of our employees exercisable at \$.22 per share expiring on May 25, 2007.

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During the year ended July 31, 2005, we issued the following shares of our Common Stock pursuant to the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and/or Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933: We sold an aggregate of 32,006,887 shares for gross proceeds of \$7,245,816 and issued warrants to purchase an aggregate of 30,902,004 shares of our common stock to 63 persons. In addition 627,273 options were exercised by related parties for gross proceeds of \$25,000. 250,000 options were exercised by others for gross proceeds of \$12,500. In addition, we issued 500,000 shares upon exercise of options for gross proceeds of \$67,500. We also issued 300,000 shares upon exercise of options (received as reduction of debt owed to the option holders in the amount of 36,000). We also issued 259,507 shares for services

<sup>\*</sup> Estimated.

valued at \$29,260 and 193,666 shares were issued as commissions on sales of common stock. We also issued 5,440,000 shares of our common stock to the purchasers in our February 2004 private placement as liquidated damages in connection with not timely listing our stock on the Toronto Stock Exchange.

In November 2005, we issued 1,000,000 shares of our Common Stock to Standard Bank Plc. The foregoing securities were issued pursuant to exemptions from registration provided by Rule 506 of the Securities Act of 1933.

#### ITEM 27. EXHIBITS.

#### Exhibit

No. Description

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of Company. (1)
- 3.2 Amendments to Certificate of Incorporation of Company.(1)(5)
- 3.3 Certificate of Merger (Delaware) (which amends our Certificate of Incorporation)
- 3.4 By-Laws of Company
- 4.1 Specimen certificate representing our Common Stock.(9)
- 4.2 Form of Warrant for Common Stock of the Company issued in February 2005 private placement.(8) 4.3 Form of Warrant for Common Stock of the Company issued to Standard Bank.(10)
- 5.1 Opinion of Richard Feiner, Esq., legal counsel.
- 10.1 Mining Claims (1)
- 10.2 Stock Purchase Option Agreement from AngloGold (2)
- 10.3 Letter of Intent with International Northair Mines Ltd. (2)
- 10.4 March 30, 2002 Minera Chanate Stock Purchase and Sale and Security Agreement (Sale by us and Holding of all of the stock of Minera Chanate) (In Spanish).(3)
- 10.5 English summary of March 30, 2002 Minera Chanate Stock Purchase and Sale and Security Agreement.(3)
- 10.6 Agreement between Santa Rita and Grupo Minero FG. (4)
- 10.7 Amendment to Agreement between Santa Rita and Grupo Minero FG.(6)

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- 10.8 Termination Agreement between Santa Rita and Grupo Minero FG.(7)
- 10.9 English summary of El Charro agreement. (11)
- 10.10 Plan and agreement of merger (reincorporation). (12)
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Registrant. (9)
- 23.1 Consent of Wolinetz, Lafazan & Company, P.C., independent registered public accountants.
- 23.2 Consent of Richard Feiner, Esq., legal counsel (included in Exhibit 5.1).
- 24.1 Powers of Attorney (included in Signature Pages to this Registration Statement on Form SB-2).

<sup>(1)</sup> Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-18 (SEC File No. 2-86160-NY) filed on or about November 10, 1983, and incorporated herein by this reference.

- (2) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended January 31, 2001 filed with the Commission on or about March 16, 2001, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (3) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended April 30, 2002 filed with the Commission on or about June 20, 2002, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (4) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended January 31, 2002 filed with the Commission on or about March 25, 2002, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (5) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on or about April 11, 2003, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (6) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on or about January 22, 2004, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (7) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on or about April 12, 2004, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (8) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on or about February 10, 2005, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (9) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (SEC file no. 333-123216) filed with the Commission on or about March 9, 2005, and incorporated herein by this reference.

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- (10) Previously filed as an exhibit to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (SEC file no. 333-123216) filed with the Commission on or about June 27, 2005, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (11) Previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended April 30, 2005 filed with the Commission on or about June 20, 2005, and incorporated herein by this reference.
- (12) Previously filed as Appendix B to the Company's Definitive 14A Proxy Statement filed with the Commission on or about October 7, 2005, and incorporated herein by this reference.

#### ITEM 28. UNDERTAKINGS

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

(1) To file, during any period in which it offers or sells securities, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement to:

- (i) Include any prospectus required by Sections 10(a) (3) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the Act);
- (ii) Reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the Registration Statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the Registration Statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20 percent change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective Registration Statement;
- (iii) Include any additional or changed material information on the plan of distribution;
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Act, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities that remain unsold at the end of the offering.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Act may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the small business issuer pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the small business issuer has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the small business issuer of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the small business issuer in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the small business issuer will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form SB-2 and has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in the City of New York, State of New York, on the 23rd day of November, 2005.

CAPITAL GOLD CORPORATION
----(Registrant)

By: /s/ Gifford A. Dieterle

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Gifford A. Dieterle, President

Jeffrey W. Pritchard

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities indicated on the dates indicated.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Gifford A. Dieterle acting alone, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for such person in his name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, in connection with the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 under the Securities Act of 1933, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to sign the Registration Statement in the name and on behalf of the Registrant or on behalf of the undersigned as a director or officer of the Registrant, and any and all amendments or supplements to the Registration Statement, including any and all stickers and post-effective amendments to the Registration Statement, and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission and any applicable securities exchange or securities self-regulatory body, granting unto said attorney-in-fact and agents, each acting alone, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or their substitutes or substitute, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Gifford A. Dieterle		
Gifford A. Dieterle	President, Treasurer, Principal financial and Accounting officer and Chairman of the Board	November 23, 2005
/s/ Jack V. Everett		
Jack V. Everett	Director	November 23, 2005
Robert N. Roningen	Director	November, 2005
/s/ Roger A. Newell		
Roger A. Newell	Director	November 23, 2005
/s/ Jeffrey W. Pritchard		

Director

November 23, 2005

Capital Gold Corporation Form SB-2 Index to Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
3.3	Certificate of Merger (Delaware) (which amends our Certificate of Incorporation)
3.4	By-Laws of Company
5.1	Opinion of Richard Feiner, Esq., legal counsel.
23.1	Consent of Wolinetz, Lafazan & Company, P.C., independent registered public accountants.