

ALBEMARLE CORP
Form 10-Q
November 07, 2006
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2006

OR

.. TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For Transition Period from to .

Commission File Number 1-12658

ALBEMARLE CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

VIRGINIA
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)
330 SOUTH FOURTH STREET

54-1692118
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)
23219

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RICHMOND, VIRGINIA
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code - (804) 788-6000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of common stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding as of November 1, 2006: 47,483,818

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ALBEMARLE CORPORATION

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited).****ALBEMARLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME****(In Thousands, Except Per-Share Amounts)****(Unaudited)**

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| Net sales | \$ 607,818 | \$ 506,605 | \$ 1,783,969 | \$ 1,519,324 |
| Cost of goods sold | 459,590 | 406,994 | 1,381,904 | 1,207,224 |
| Gross profit | 148,228 | 99,611 | 402,065 | 312,100 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 58,000 | 50,423 | 178,055 | 161,118 |
| Research and development expenses | 11,549 | 10,107 | 34,192 | 31,429 |
| Loss on Thann facility divestiture | 89,175 | | 89,175 | |
| Benefit plan curtailment gain and other special charges | | | | (4,868) |
| Operating (loss) profit | (10,496) | 39,081 | 100,643 | 124,421 |
| Interest and financing expenses | (10,759) | (10,882) | (33,415) | (31,270) |
| Other income (expenses), net | 1,007 | 534 | (370) | 1,100 |
| (Loss) income before income taxes, minority interests and equity in net income of unconsolidated investments | (20,248) | 28,733 | 66,858 | 94,251 |
| Income tax (benefit) expense | (23,330) | 4,502 | (952) | 29,590 |
| Income before minority interests and equity in net income of unconsolidated investments | 3,082 | 24,231 | 67,810 | 64,661 |
| Minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries (net of tax) | (5,176) | (2,063) | (8,795) | (4,575) |
| Equity in net income of unconsolidated investments (net of tax) | 4,383 | 4,124 | 20,977 | 22,583 |
| Net income | \$ 2,289 | \$ 26,292 | \$ 79,992 | \$ 82,669 |
| Basic earnings per-share | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.56 | \$ 1.69 | \$ 1.79 |
| Diluted earnings per-share | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.55 | \$ 1.65 | \$ 1.74 |
| Cash dividends declared per-share of common stock (Note 7) | \$ 0.18 | \$ | \$ 0.51 | \$ 0.46 |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding - basic | 47,377 | 46,607 | 47,266 | 46,242 |
| Weighted-average common shares outstanding - diluted | 48,649 | 48,014 | 48,504 | 47,642 |

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**ALBEMARLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****(In Thousands)**

| | September 30, 2006 (Unaudited) | December 31, 2005 |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 89,575 | \$ 58,570 |
| Trade accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts (2006 - \$758; 2005 - \$663) | 384,721 | 351,989 |
| Other accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts (2005 - \$350) | 45,391 | 35,474 |
| Inventories (Note 8) | 385,804 | 411,023 |
| Deferred income taxes and prepaid expenses | 26,763 | 16,607 |
| Total current assets | 932,254 | 873,663 |
| Property, plant and equipment, at cost | 2,131,189 | 2,194,878 |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization | 1,166,838 | 1,228,061 |
| Net property, plant and equipment | 964,351 | 966,817 |
| Prepaid pension assets | 182,656 | 187,360 |
| Investments | 114,012 | 92,933 |
| Other assets and deferred charges | 23,543 | 32,000 |
| Goodwill | 242,718 | 238,425 |
| Other intangibles, net of amortization | 153,173 | 156,045 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,612,707 | \$ 2,547,243 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 209,373 | \$ 222,142 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 51,743 | 57,564 |
| Accrued expenses | 139,238 | 118,564 |
| Dividends payable | 8,087 | 7,034 |
| Income taxes payable | 8,461 | 16,613 |
| Total current liabilities | 416,902 | 421,917 |
| Long-term debt | 733,248 | 775,889 |
| Postretirement benefits | 60,621 | 63,350 |
| Pension benefits | 56,313 | 51,998 |
| Other noncurrent liabilities | 119,701 | 109,864 |
| Deferred income taxes | 196,219 | 193,950 |
| Commitments and contingencies (Note 13) | | |
| Shareholders' equity: | | |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value, issued and outstanding 47,346 in 2006 and 46,750 in 2005 | 473 | 467 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 200,055 | 189,887 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 45,448 | 12,047 |

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| | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Retained earnings | 783,727 | 727,874 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 1,029,703 | 930,275 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | \$ 2,612,707 | \$ 2,547,243 |

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**ALBEMARLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****(In Thousands)****(Unaudited)**

| | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | September 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | \$ 58,570 | \$ 46,390 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income | 79,992 | 82,669 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 86,015 | 86,197 |
| Loss on Thann facility divestiture | 89,175 | |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 11,517 | 6,366 |
| Minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries | 8,795 | 4,575 |
| Equity in net income of unconsolidated investments | (20,977) | (22,583) |
| Working capital changes, net of the effects of acquisitions, the Thann facility divestiture and the consolidation of Jordan Bromine Company Limited | (42,135) | (44,199) |
| Dividends received from unconsolidated investments and nonmarketable securities | 4,965 | 9,895 |
| Decrease in prepaid pension assets | 4,704 | 1,777 |
| Deferred income tax (benefit) | (10,385) | (21,103) |
| Other, net | 4,192 | (9,575) |
| Net cash provided from operating activities | 215,858 | 94,019 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Capital expenditures | (73,103) | (50,594) |
| Acquisitions | (25,000) | (7,553) |
| Cash transferred and payments related to the Thann facility divestiture | (13,947) | |
| Investments in marketable securities | (3,342) | (36) |
| Investments in unconsolidated investments and nonmarketable securities | (168) | (3,088) |
| Proceeds from liquidation of unconsolidated investment and sale of nonmarketable security | | 1,058 |
| Other | | 80 |
| Net cash (used in) investing activities | (115,560) | (60,133) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Repayments of long-term debt | (184,181) | (617,897) |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 133,810 | 147,639 |
| Dividends paid to shareholders | (23,086) | (18,992) |
| Purchases of common stock | (14,694) | |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options | 13,694 | 2,893 |
| Tax benefit realized from stock-based compensation arrangements | 6,017 | |
| Dividends paid to minority interest | (3,600) | (2,200) |
| Proceeds from issuance of senior notes | | 324,665 |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | | 147,862 |
| Payment of financing costs | | (2,306) |
| Net receipt on treasury lock agreements | | 196 |

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| | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Net cash (used in) financing activities | (72,040) | (18,140) |
| Net effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents | 2,747 | (14,277) |
| Increase in cash and cash equivalents | 31,005 | 1,469 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 89,575 | \$ 47,859 |

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ALBEMARLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands)

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| Net income | \$ 2,289 | \$ 26,292 | \$ 79,992 | \$ 82,669 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax: | | | | |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on hedging derivatives | 390 | 14 | (242) | 420 |
| Unrealized gain on securities available for sale | 25 | 1 | 15 | 16 |
| Realized (loss) on treasury lock agreements | | | | (932) |
| Amortization of realized loss on treasury lock agreements | 35 | 35 | 103 | 92 |
| Minimum pension liability | (6) | | 357 | |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 4,141 | (12,806) | 33,168 | (22,369) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 4,585 | (12,756) | 33,401 | (22,773) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 6,874 | \$ 13,536 | \$ 113,393 | \$ 59,896 |

See accompanying Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ALBEMARLE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of Albemarle Corporation and our wholly owned, majority owned and controlled subsidiaries (collectively, Albemarle, we, us, our, or the Company) contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation, in all material respects, of our condensed consolidated financial position as of September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, our condensed consolidated results of operations and comprehensive income for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, and our condensed consolidated cash flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005. All adjustments are of a normal and recurring nature. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, on March 15, 2006. The December 31, 2005 consolidated balance sheet data herein was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The results of operations for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Certain reclassifications have been made to the accompanying consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto to conform to the current presentation.

2. Cost of goods sold includes foreign exchange transaction (losses) gains of (\$0.6 million) and \$0.5 million, and \$0.1 million and (\$0.9 million) for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

3. The three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 include a charge amounting to \$89.2 million (\$58.4 million after income taxes, or \$1.20 per-share) that relates to the divestiture of the Thann, France facility to International Chemical Investors S.A. (ICIG) effective August 31, 2006. The charge is principally due to the write-off of net asset values and other exit costs. The charge and related assets and liabilities transferred are reported in our Fine Chemicals segment under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 131 Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information. Certain product lines previously manufactured at the Thann site remained with us and are expected to generate continuing cash flows.

The nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 includes a curtailment gain amounting to \$5.6 million (\$3.6 million after income taxes, or seven cents per-share) that relates to a reduction in our accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (liability) associated with a change in coverage in our unfunded postretirement health care benefits plan for active employees' future retiree medical premium payments as well as a charge of \$0.7 million (\$0.5 million after income taxes, or one cent per-share) for the potential settlement of future legal claims with respect to certain future asbestos premises liability claims.

4. Interest and financing expenses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 include the write-off of deferred financing expenses totaling \$1.4 million (\$0.9 million net of income taxes, or two cents per-share), associated with the 364-day bridge loan that was retired using the proceeds from our January 2005 public offering of senior notes and common stock.

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5. The significant differences between the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate on pretax income and the effective income tax rate for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, are as follows:

| | % of Income Before Income Taxes | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
| | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| Federal statutory rate | 35.0% | 35.0% | 35.0% | 35.0% |
| State taxes, net of federal tax benefit | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| Tax rate changes | 15.2 | | (4.6) | |
| Effect of minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries | 2.7 | (2.5) | (2.3) | (1.7) |
| Extraterritorial income exclusion | 1.9 | (1.0) | (1.5) | (1.5) |
| Depletion | 2.4 | (1.5) | (1.7) | (1.5) |
| Domestic production deduction | (1.2) | (0.5) | | (0.4) |
| Permanent investment of foreign income ^(a) | 46.9 | | (21.1) | |
| Impacts of foreign earnings ^(b) | 16.4 | (14.7) | (7.3) | 0.6 |
| Other items, net | (4.7) | (0.2) | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| Effective income tax rate | 115.2% | 15.7% | (1.4)% | 31.4% |

(a) Permanent investment of foreign income includes the benefits of foreign earnings which management has designated as permanently reinvested as well as an increase in foreign-based income subject to lower tax rates.

(b) The improvement in tax rate impacts of foreign earnings relates mainly to benefits from foreign tax credits associated with high taxed earnings from foreign operations.

Our effective tax rate fluctuates based on, among other factors, where income is earned and the level of income relative to available tax credits. Changes in our effective tax rate are primarily due to the reduction in pre-tax income caused by the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million and the associated tax benefit of \$30.8 million, or 34.5%, on that charge, management's decision to permanently reinvest the earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries, tax rate changes, and the benefits from foreign tax credits associated with high taxed earnings from foreign operations.

6. Basic and diluted earnings per-share for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005 are calculated as follows:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| | (In thousands, except per-share amounts) | | | |
| Basic earnings per-share | | | | |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Income available to shareholders, as reported | \$ 2,289 | \$ 26,292 | \$ 79,992 | \$ 82,669 |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Average number of shares of common stock outstanding | 47,377 | 46,607 | 47,266 | 46,242 |
| Basic earnings per-share | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.56 | \$ 1.69 | \$ 1.79 |

Diluted earnings per-share

Numerator:

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| | | | | |
|--|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Income available to shareholders, as reported | \$ 2,289 | \$ 26,292 | \$ 79,992 | \$ 82,669 |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Average number of shares of common stock outstanding | 47,377 | 46,607 | 47,266 | 46,242 |
| Shares issuable upon exercise of stock options | 1,272 | 1,407 | 1,238 | 1,400 |
| Total shares | 48,649 | 48,014 | 48,504 | 47,642 |
| Diluted earnings per-share | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.55 | \$ 1.65 | \$ 1.74 |

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7. Cash dividends declared for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 totaled 51 cents per-share. Cash dividends declared for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 totaled 18 cents per-share, and included a dividend declared on August 15, 2006 payable on October 1, 2006. Cash dividends declared for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 totaled 46 cents per-share. There were no cash dividends declared in the three-month period ended September 30, 2005 due to the timing of the Board of Directors meetings.

8. The following table provides a breakdown of inventories at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Finished goods | \$ 268,630 | \$ 292,158 |
| Raw materials | 72,554 | 72,515 |
| Stores, supplies, and other | 44,620 | 46,350 |
| Total inventories | \$ 385,804 | \$ 411,023 |

9. Long-term debt consists of the following:

| | September 30, | December 31, |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Variable-rate bank loans | \$ 244,017 | \$ 389,120 |
| Senior notes | 324,721 | 324,696 |
| Foreign borrowings | 184,491 | 89,951 |
| Capital lease obligation | 19,948 | 17,821 |
| Industrial revenue bonds | 11,000 | 11,000 |
| Miscellaneous | 814 | 865 |
| Total | 784,991 | 833,453 |
| Less amounts due within one year | 51,743 | 57,564 |
| Total long-term debt | \$ 733,248 | \$ 775,889 |

In June 2006, we amended our senior credit facilities to add certain additional subsidiary borrowers located outside the U.S. and to allow borrowings by those foreign subsidiaries to be denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Key terms of this agreement remain unchanged.

10. The Company has the following recorded environmental liabilities primarily included in Other noncurrent liabilities at September 30, 2006 (in thousands):

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Beginning balance at December 31, 2005 | \$ 28,896 |
| Additions | 1,444 |
| Change in estimate | (100) |
| Thann divestiture | (659) |
| Payments | (1,569) |
| Foreign exchange | 1,684 |

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Ending balance at September 30, 2006

\$ 29,696

The amounts recorded represent our future remediation and other anticipated environmental liabilities. Although it is difficult to quantify the potential financial impact of compliance with environmental protection laws, management estimates (based on the latest available information) that there is a reasonable possibility that future environmental remediation costs associated with our past operations, in excess of amounts already recorded, could be up to approximately \$14.0 million before income taxes.

We believe that any sum we may be required to pay in connection with environmental remediation matters in excess of the amounts recorded should occur over a period of time and should not have a material adverse effect upon our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows on a consolidated annual basis although any such sum could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations, financial condition or cash flows in a particular quarterly reporting period.

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On July 3, 2006, we received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the US Environmental Protection Agency Region 4 (EPA) regarding the implementation of the Pharmaceutical Maximum Achievable Control Technology standards at our plant in Orangeburg, SC. The alleged violations include (i) the applicability of the specific regulations to certain intermediates manufactured at the plant, (ii) failure to comply with certain reporting requirements, (iii) improper evaluation and testing to properly implement the regulations and (iv) the sufficiency of the leak detection and repair program at the plant. We are currently engaged in discussions with the EPA seeking to resolve these allegations, but no assurances can be given that we will be able to reach a resolution that is acceptable to both parties. Any settlement or finding adverse to us could result in the payment by us of fines, penalties, capital expenditures, or some combination thereof. At this time, it is not possible to predict with any certainty the outcome of our discussions with the EPA or the financial impact, which may result therefrom. However, we do not expect any financial impact to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

11. Effective January 1, 2006, we revised the way we evaluate the performance of our segment results to reduce our segment (loss) income for the minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries. Segment (loss) income represents operating profit and equity in net income of unconsolidated investments and is reduced by minority interests in income of our consolidated subsidiaries, Stannica LLC and Jordan Bromine Company Limited. Segment results for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 have been reclassified to conform to the new presentation. Segment data continues to include intersegment transfers of raw materials at cost and foreign exchange transaction gains and losses, as well as allocations for certain corporate costs.

Summarized financial information concerning our reportable segments is shown in the following table. The Corporate & Other segment includes corporate-related items not allocated to the reportable segments.

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Segment net sales: | | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 240,746 | \$ 195,356 | \$ 691,176 | \$ 597,893 |
| Catalysts | 217,366 | 173,501 | 646,767 | 493,629 |
| Fine Chemicals | 149,706 | 137,748 | 446,026 | 427,802 |
| Total segment net sales | \$ 607,818 | \$ 506,605 | \$ 1,783,969 | \$ 1,519,324 |
| (Loss) on Thann facility divestiture and other special items (charges): | | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ 2,181 |
| Catalysts | | | | 560 |
| Fine Chemicals | (89,175) | | (89,175) | 2,240 |
| Corporate & Other | | | | (113) |
| Total (loss) on Thann facility divestiture and other special items (charges) | \$ (89,175) | \$ | \$ (89,175) | \$ 4,868 |
| Segment operating (loss) profit: | | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 40,736 | \$ 21,860 | \$ 112,100 | \$ 70,460 |
| Catalysts | 35,032 | 12,837 | 75,677 | 52,075 |
| Fine Chemicals | (71,150) | 11,836 | (45,543) | 34,377 |
| Corporate & Other | (15,114) | (7,452) | (41,591) | (32,491) |
| Total segment operating (loss) profit | \$ (10,496) | \$ 39,081 | \$ 100,643 | \$ 124,421 |
| Minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries and Equity in net income of unconsolidated investments: | | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ (2,140) | \$ (62) | \$ (3,044) | \$ 1,999 |
| Catalysts | 3,208 | 1,929 | 17,410 | 12,096 |
| Fine Chemicals | (1,823) | 231 | (3,972) | 4,090 |
| Corporate & Other | (38) | (37) | 1,788 | (177) |

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| | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|
| Total minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries and equity in net income of unconsolidated investments | \$ | (793) | \$ | 2,061 | \$ | 12,182 | \$ | 18,008 |
|--|----|-------|----|-------|----|--------|----|--------|

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| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Segment (loss) income: | | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 38,596 | \$ 21,798 | \$ 109,056 | \$ 72,459 |
| Catalysts | 38,240 | 14,766 | 93,087 | 64,171 |
| Fine Chemicals | (72,973) | 12,067 | (49,515) | 38,467 |
| Corporate & Other | (15,152) | (7,489) | (39,803) | (32,668) |
| Total segment (loss) income | (11,289) | 41,142 | 112,825 | 142,429 |
| Interest and financing expenses | (10,759) | (10,882) | (33,415) | (31,270) |
| Other income (expenses), net | 1,007 | 534 | (370) | 1,100 |
| Income tax benefit (expense) | 23,330 | (4,502) | 952 | (29,590) |
| Net income | \$ 2,289 | \$ 26,292 | \$ 79,992 | \$ 82,669 |

Segment (loss) income includes the following minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries and equity in net income of unconsolidated investments amounts:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries: | | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ (3,333) | \$ (1,648) | \$ (6,706) | \$ (4,160) |
| Catalysts | | | | |
| Fine Chemicals | (1,823) | (415) | (3,972) | (415) |
| Corporate & Other | (20) | | 1,883 | |
| Total minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries | \$ (5,176) | \$ (2,063) | \$ (8,795) | \$ (4,575) |
| Equity in net income of unconsolidated investments: | | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 1,193 | \$ 1,586 | \$ 3,662 | \$ 6,159 |
| Catalysts | 3,208 | 1,929 | 17,410 | 12,096 |
| Fine Chemicals | | 646 | | 4,505 |
| Corporate & Other | (18) | (37) | (95) | (177) |
| Total equity in net income of unconsolidated investments | \$ 4,383 | \$ 4,124 | \$ 20,977 | \$ 22,583 |
| Total minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries and equity in net income of unconsolidated investments | \$ (793) | \$ 2,061 | \$ 12,182 | \$ 18,008 |

12. Stock-based Compensation Expense.

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123R Share-Based Payment, or SFAS 123R. Prior to January 1, 2006, we accounted for stock-based awards under the intrinsic value method, which followed the recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations. The intrinsic value method of accounting resulted in compensation expense for restricted stock awards at fair value on date of grant based on the number of shares granted and the quoted price of our common stock at grant date and for stock options to the extent exercise prices were set below market prices on the date of grant. Compensation expense for performance unit awards was recognized based on the number of units granted and the quoted price of our common stock at the end of each quarterly reporting period until distribution. To the extent restricted stock awards and performance unit awards

were forfeited prior to vesting, the corresponding previously recognized expense was reversed as an offset to operating expenses.

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As of January 1, 2006, we adopted SFAS 123R using the modified prospective method, which requires measurement of compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognition of compensation over the service period for awards expected to vest. The modified prospective method does not require financial amounts for the prior periods presented in this Form 10-Q to be restated to reflect the fair value method of expensing share-based compensation. The fair value of restricted stock awards and performance unit awards is determined based on the number of shares or units granted and the quoted price of our common stock at grant date, and the fair value of stock options is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model, which is consistent with our valuation techniques previously utilized for options in footnote disclosures required under SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock-based Compensation, as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. Such value is recognized as expense over the service period (generally the vesting period of the equity grant). To the extent restricted stock awards, performance unit awards and stock options are forfeited prior to vesting, the corresponding previously recognized expense is reversed as an offset to operating expenses.

Tax benefits resulting from stock-based compensation deductions in excess of amounts reported for financial reporting purposes were \$0.7 million and \$6.0 million for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006. Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123R, cash retained as a result of tax deductions relating to stock-based compensation was presented in operating cash flows, along with other tax cash flows, in accordance with the provisions of the Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 00-15, Classification in the Statement of Cash Flows of the Income Tax Benefit Received by a Company upon Exercise of a Nonqualified Employee Stock Option. SFAS 123R supersedes EITC 00-15, amends SFAS 95, Statement of Cash Flows, and requires tax benefits relating to excess stock-based compensation deductions to be prospectively presented in the statement of cash flows as financing cash inflows.

The application of SFAS 123R had the following effect on September 30, 2006 reported amounts relative to amounts that would have been reported using the intrinsic value method under previous accounting (in thousands, except per-share amounts):

| | Three months Ended September 30, 2006 | Nine months Ended September 30, 2006 |
|--|---|--|
| Operating (loss) profit | \$ 2,436 | \$ 3,868 |
| (Loss) income before income taxes, minority interests and equity in net income of unconsolidated investments | 2,436 | 3,868 |
| Net income | 1,575 | 2,488 |
| Basic earnings per-share | \$ 0.03 | \$ 0.05 |
| Diluted earnings per-share | \$ 0.04 | \$ 0.06 |
| Net cash provided from operating activities | \$ (744) | \$ (6,017) |
| Net cash (used in) financing activities | 744 | 6,017 |

The impact of SFAS 123R resulted in additional compensation expense related to stock options not fully vested as of January 1, 2006, which was more than offset by a reduction in compensation expense for outstanding performance unit awards as the fair value at grant date was lower than the fair value at the end of the reporting period.

The following table illustrates the effects on net income and earnings per-share for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 as if we had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS 123 to stock-based employee awards (in thousands, except per-share amounts):

| | | Three Months Ended September 30, 2005 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005 |
|---|-------------|---|--|
| Stock-based compensation (income) expense, net of taxes | as reported | \$ (277) | \$ 4,025 |
| | pro forma | \$ 25 | \$ 4,648 |
| Net income | as reported | \$ 26,292 | \$ 82,669 |
| | pro forma | \$ 25,990 | \$ 82,046 |
| Basic earnings per-share on net income | as reported | \$ 0.56 | \$ 1.79 |

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| | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----|------|----|------|
| | pro forma | \$ | 0.56 | \$ | 1.77 |
| Diluted earnings per-share on net income | as reported | \$ | 0.55 | \$ | 1.74 |
| | pro forma | \$ | 0.54 | \$ | 1.70 |

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Capital Stock and Incentive Plans

Preferred Stock

We have the authority to issue 15,000,000 shares of preferred stock in one or more classes or series. As of September 30, 2006, no shares of preferred stock have been issued.

Stock Purchases

On January 30, 2006, we entered into Stock Purchase Agreements, with each of Floyd D. Gottwald, Jr. and John D. Gottwald, pursuant to which we agreed to purchase an aggregate of 120,000 shares of our common stock from Floyd D. Gottwald, Jr. and an aggregate of 85,655 shares of our common stock from John D. Gottwald each at a price of \$43.66 per share. The purchase price was \$0.05 less than the average closing price of a share of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange for the third through the fifth business days following the date of release to the public of our earnings for the year ended December 31, 2005. The transactions were approved by the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

During June 2006, we repurchased an aggregate of 19,800 shares of our common stock in open-market transactions at an average price of \$45.74 per share. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, we repurchased an aggregate of 90,000 shares of our common stock in open-market transactions at an average price of \$53.43 per share. At September 30, 2006, we have authorization from our Board of Directors to purchase an additional 3,559,946 shares of our common stock.

Incentive Plans

At September 30, 2006, we have three existing incentive plans (1994, 1998 and 2003 plans). The plans generally provide for incentive awards payable either in cash or shares of our common stock, qualified and non-qualified stock options (stock options), stock appreciation rights (SARs), restricted stock awards and performance unit awards.

Under the 1994 plan, a maximum of 3,200,000 shares of our common stock were authorized for issuance pursuant to the exercise of stock options (options for 228,400 shares outstanding at September 30, 2006), SARs, or the grant of restricted stock or performance unit awards. No further grants or awards can be made under the 1994 plan.

Under the 1998 plan, a maximum aggregate number of 3,000,000 shares of our common stock were authorized for issuance pursuant to the exercise of stock options (options for 1,468,400 shares outstanding at September 30, 2006), SARs, or the grant of restricted stock or performance unit awards subject to certain limitations. The maximum aggregate number of shares that could be issued pursuant to the exercise of options is 2,600,000. No further grants or awards can be made under the 1998 plan.

Under the 2003 plan, a maximum aggregate number of 3,000,000 shares of our common stock were authorized for issuance pursuant to the exercise of stock options (options for 375,500 shares outstanding at September 30, 2006), SARs, or the grant of restricted stock or performance unit awards. At September 30, 2006, 1,571,000 shares were available for issuance pursuant to grants under the 2003 plan.

Total stock-based compensation expense associated with our incentive plans for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 amounted to \$4.3 million and \$11.5 million, respectively. Total stock-based compensation (income) expense for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 amounted to (\$0.4 million) and \$6.4 million, respectively. Total related recognized tax benefits for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 amounted to \$1.5 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. Total related recognized tax (expense) benefits for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 amounted to (\$0.2 million) and \$2.3 million, respectively.

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Below is a summary of the activity in the 1994, 1998 and 2003 plans for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006:

| | Shares | | Options Price | | Weighted-Average |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| | Available | Options | | | Average |
| | for Grant | Activity | Options Price | Exercise Price | |
| December 31, 2005 | 2,239,000 | 2,711,150 | \$ 15.94 | \$36.93 | \$ 24.25 |
| Exercised | | (665,350) | \$ 15.94 | \$29.99 | \$ 21.01 |
| Non-qualifying stock options canceled and lapsed | 9,500 | (9,500) | \$ 31.38 | | \$ 31.38 |
| Non-qualifying stock options granted | (36,000) | 36,000 | \$ 45.90 | \$46.60 | \$ 46.48 |
| Performance unit awards canceled | 26,000 | | | | |
| Performance unit awards granted | (656,500) | | | | |
| Restricted stock award canceled | 3,000 | | | | |
| Restricted stock awards granted | (14,000) | | | | |
| September 30, 2006 | 1,571,000 | 2,072,300 | \$ 15.94 | \$46.60 | \$ 25.64 |

Stock options outstanding under the three plans have been granted at prices that were equal to the market value of the stock on the date of grant and expire seven to ten years after issuance. The stock options granted become exercisable based upon either (a) growth in operating earnings as defined from the base-year earnings, (b) the increase in fair market value of our common stock, during a specified period, from the fair market value on the date of grant, or (c) at the end of a fixed period as defined in the individual agreements.

No stock options were granted during the three-month period ended September 30, 2006. The fair value of each option grant during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 and the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| Fair values of options granted | \$ N/A | \$ 11.24 | \$ 14.77 | \$ 11.22 |
| Dividend Yield ⁽¹⁾ | N/A | 1.97% | 2.01% | 1.97% |
| Volatility ⁽²⁾ | N/A | 30.19% | 30.01% | 30.14% |
| Average expected life (in years) ⁽³⁾ | N/A | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Risk-free interest rate ⁽⁴⁾ | N/A | 4.48% | 5.31% | 4.49% |

⁽¹⁾ Dividend yield is the average of historical yields and those estimated over the average expected life.

⁽²⁾ The stock volatility is based on historical volatilities of our common stock.

⁽³⁾ The average expected life represents the weighted average period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding giving consideration to vesting schedules and our historical exercise patterns.

⁽⁴⁾ The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury strip rate with stripped coupon interest for the period equal to the contractual term of the share option grant in effect at the time of grant.

We believe that the valuation technique and the approach utilized to develop the underlying assumptions are appropriate in calculating the fair values of our stock options granted in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 and the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005. Estimates of fair value are not intended to predict actual future events or the value ultimately realized by persons who receive equity awards.

Cash proceeds, tax benefits and intrinsic value related to total stock options exercised during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 are provided in the following table (in thousands):

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| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2006 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006 |
|--|--|---|
| Proceeds from stock options exercised | \$ 838 | \$ 13,694 |
| Tax benefit related to stock options exercised | \$ 745 | \$ 5,406 |
| Intrinsic value of stock options exercised | \$ 2,128 | \$ 15,446 |

The intrinsic value of options exercised during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 was \$0.1 million and \$1.5 million, respectively. The intrinsic value of a stock option is the amount by which the market value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of the option.

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The following table summarizes information about fixed-price stock options at September 30, 2006 (in thousands, except share and per-share amounts):

| | Number of Stock Options | Weighted- Average Exercise Price | Aggregate Intrinsic Value | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|
| Options outstanding at 9/30/06 | 2,072,300 | \$ 25.64 | \$ 59,447 | 4.9 years |
| Options exercisable at 9/30/06 | 1,816,800 | \$ 24.39 | \$ 54,388 | 4.5 years |

Total compensation cost not yet recognized for nonvested stock options outstanding as of September 30, 2006 is approximately \$1.2 million and is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of 1.8 years.

The following table summarizes activity in performance unit awards for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006:

| | Performance Unit Awards | Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Awards outstanding December 31, 2005 | 578,000 | \$ 27.60 |
| Awards canceled | (266,000) | \$ 24.86 |
| Awards issued to employees | (354,750) | \$ 30.20 |
| Awards granted | 656,500 | \$ 39.78 |
| Awards outstanding September 30, 2006 | 613,750 | \$ 40.31 |

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, performance unit awards granted in 2002 and 2003 were canceled as the performance criteria for the awards was not met. In addition, performance unit awards granted in 2004 were earned at 150% resulting in an additional 166,500 units earned. Of the total units earned under the 2004 award, 354,750 shares with a fair value of \$15.3 million at the distribution date were issued during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 with the remaining 129,750 units to be issued in shares of our common stock upon completion of the remaining vesting requirements at the beginning of 2007. There were no performance unit awards issued during the three-month period ended September 30, 2006. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, the Executive Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors approved a performance unit award grant totaling 490,000 units to be paid in shares of our common stock. The units will be earned at a level ranging from 0 - 150% contingent upon the achievement of specific performance criteria over a two-year period. Distribution of 50% of the earned units will occur upon completion of the two-year measurement period and the remaining 50% of the earned units will occur one year thereafter. There were no performance unit awards granted during the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 or the three or nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005. Total compensation cost not yet recognized for nonvested performance unit awards outstanding as of September 30, 2006 is approximately \$22.6 million and is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of 1.8 years.

The following table summarizes activity in non-performance based restricted stock awards for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006:

| | Non-Performance Based Restricted Shares | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Awards outstanding December 31, 2005 | 52,000 | \$ 35.03 |
| Awards canceled | (3,000) | \$ 36.67 |

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| | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------|----|-------|
| Awards granted | 14,000 | \$ | 46.45 |
| Awards outstanding September 30, 2006 | 63,000 | \$ | 37.49 |

During 2004, 25,000 shares of non-performance based restricted stock were granted and cliff vest after three years. During 2005, 7,000 and 20,000 shares of non-performance based restricted stock were granted and cliff vest over three and five years, respectively. In the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, 14,000 shares of non-performance based restricted stock were granted and cliff vest after three years. In addition, in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, a 2005 award of 3,000 shares of non-performance based restricted stock was canceled due to the voluntary termination of an employee prior to the completion of the three year vesting term. The weighted-average grant date fair value of non-performance based restricted stock granted during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 was \$46.45. There were no non-performance based restricted stock grants during the three-month period ended September 30, 2006. The weighted-average grant date fair value of non-performance based restricted stock granted during the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2005 was \$36.90 and \$37.08, respectively. Total compensation cost not yet recognized for nonvested non-performance based restricted shares as of September 30, 2006 is approximately \$1.4 million and is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of 2.8 years.

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13. Commitments and Contingencies

The following table summarizes our unused letters of credit and guarantee agreements (in thousands):

| | 4Q | | | | | | There- after |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------|--------|-----------------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | |
| Letters of credit and guarantees | \$ 10,204 | \$ 38,776 | \$ 11,232 | \$ 1,657 | \$ 47 | \$ 313 | \$ 866 |

We also have contracts with certain of our customers, which serve as guarantees on product delivery and performance according to customer specifications that can cover both shipments on an individual basis as well as blanket coverage of multiple shipments under customer supply contracts, that are executed through certain financial institutions. The financial coverage provided by these guarantees is typically based on a percentage of net sales value.

In connection with the remediation of a local landfill site as required by the German environmental authorities, we have pledged certain of our land and housing facilities at our Bergheim, Germany plant site with a recorded value of \$5.7 million.

In addition, we are involved from time to time in legal proceedings of types regarded as common in our businesses, particularly administrative or judicial proceedings seeking remediation under environmental laws, such as Superfund, products liability and premises liability litigation. We maintain a financial accrual for these proceedings that includes defense costs and potential damages, as estimated by our general counsel. We also maintain insurance to mitigate certain of such risks.

14. In accordance with SFAS No. 132, *Employers' Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits* an amendment of FASB Statements No. 87, 88, and 106, the following information is provided for interim domestic and foreign pension and postretirement benefit plans:

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | September 30, | | September 30, | |
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Net Periodic Pension Benefit Cost: | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 2,834 | \$ 4,470 | \$ 8,493 | \$ 14,081 |
| Interest cost | 6,877 | 7,546 | 21,566 | 22,477 |
| Expected return of assets | (9,464) | (10,827) | (29,038) | (32,634) |
| Amortization of Unrecognized Amounts: | | | | |
| Net transition asset | (3) | (3) | (8) | (7) |
| Prior service (benefit) cost | (243) | 114 | (726) | 345 |
| Net loss | 3,168 | 2,296 | 9,148 | 6,468 |
| Total net periodic pension benefit cost | \$ 3,169 | \$ 3,596 | \$ 9,435 | \$ 10,730 |

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 in connection with the divestiture of the Thann, France facility effective August 31, 2006, our pension liability on such date for employees was transferred to the new owner. See Note 3 for divestiture discussion.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, a plan in the Netherlands was favorably settled in the amount of approximately \$0.3 million in accordance with SFAS No. 88 *Employers' Accounting for Settlements and Curtailments of Defined Pension Plans and for Termination Benefits* which is not reflected in the table above. This settlement is in connection to a collective bargaining agreement with the employees authorized representatives for our Netherlands operations. In the fourth quarter of 2005, we made plan changes that modified projected obligations for certain transition benefits under this defined benefit plan and adopted a new plan for specified Netherlands participants, which is similar to a collective defined contribution plan. The new plan is supported by annuity contracts through an insurance company. The insurance company unconditionally undertakes the legal obligation to provide specified benefits to specific individuals in return for fixed amount of premiums. Our obligation under this new plan is limited to a variable calculated employer match for each participant plus an additional fixed

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amount of contributions to assist in covering estimated cost of living and salary increases (indexation) and administrative costs for the overall plan.

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We have contributed approximately \$0.3 million to a foreign funded pension plan during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006. We expect to contribute another \$0.1 million to the foreign funded pension plan during the remainder of 2006. We did not make any contributions to our domestic pension plans during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006.

| | Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 | September 30, 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost: | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 210 | \$ 191 | \$ 628 | \$ 1,128 |
| Interest cost | 981 | 832 | 2,939 | 3,027 |
| Expected return of assets | (132) | (136) | (397) | (376) |
| Plan curtailment gain* | | | | (5,603) |
| Amortization of Unrecognized Amounts: | | | | |
| Prior service benefit | (977) | (1,035) | (2,930) | (1,751) |
| Net loss | 194 | 182 | 583 | 374 |
| Total net periodic postretirement benefit cost (credit) | \$ 276 | \$ 34 | \$ 823 | \$ (3,201) |

* The nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 includes a curtailment gain amounting to \$5.6 million (\$3.6 million after income taxes, or seven cents per-share) that relates to a reduction in our accumulated postretirement benefit obligation (liability) associated with a change in coverage in our unfunded postretirement health care benefits plan for active employees' future retiree medical premium payments.

15. On September 30, 2006, we acquired the assets and fine chemistry services and pharmaceuticals business associated with the South Haven, Michigan facility of DSM Pharmaceutical Products (DSM), a business group of Royal DSM NV, for approximately \$25.0 million subject to final post-closing adjustments. The preliminary purchase price is allocated primarily among working capital and property, plant and equipment. The acquisition was accounted for by the purchase method of accounting, and accordingly, the operating results will be included in our consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition.

16. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements.

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 155, *Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments*—an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140, or SFAS No. 155. SFAS No. 155 amends FASB Statements No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, and No. 140, *Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities*. SFAS No. 155 resolves issues addressed in FASB Statement No. 133 Implementation Issue No. D1, *Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets*. SFAS No. 155 is effective for fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The adoption of SFAS No. 155 is not expected to have any impact on our reported results of operations.

In July 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*—an Interpretation of FASB Statement 109, or FIN No. 48. FIN No. 48 prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present, and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that the company has taken or expects to take on a tax return (including a decision whether to file or not to file a return in a particular jurisdiction). The guidance will become effective as of the beginning of the Company's fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2006. We are currently evaluating what impact the adoption of FIN No. 48 will have on our reported results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, or SFAS No. 157. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of SFAS No. 157 is not expected to have any impact on our reported results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 158, *Employer's Accounting for Defined benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*—an amendment of certain requirements of FASB Statements No. 87, 106 and 132 (R), or SFAS No. 158. SFAS No. 158 requires companies to recognize a balance sheet asset or liability for each of their pension or postretirement benefit plans equal to the plan's funded status as of the measurement date. The difference between a plan's funded status and its current balance sheet position are to be recognized, net of tax, as a

component of Accumulated Other

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Comprehensive Income (AOCI). SFAS 158 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2006. Although SFAS 158 is to be applied prospectively, to provide an estimate of the impact to our financial statements under this standard, we used information available at December 31, 2005, which reflected that we would have had to reduce AOCI by approximately \$117 million and offset the change with a decrease in assets and an increase in liabilities. The actual impact of the adoption of SFAS 158 could differ significantly from these estimates for several reasons such as plans changes during the year, revised actuarial assumptions including a change in the discount rate and actual returns on plan assets. Adoption of SFAS 158 is not expected to have any impact on compliance with our debt covenants. SFAS No. 158 also eliminates the option for companies to use an early measurement date for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2008, with limited exceptions. The early measurement date is not applicable to us as we measure plan assets and liabilities as of the fiscal year-end reporting date.

In September 2006, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position, Accounting for Planned Major Maintenance Activities, or FSP No. AUG AIR-1. FSP No. AUG AIR-1 addresses the accounting for planned major maintenance activities and amends certain provisions in the AICPA Industry Audit Guide, Audits of Airlines, and APB Opinion No. 28, Interim Financial Reporting. FSP No. AUG AIR-1 prohibits the use of the accrue-in-advance method of accounting for planned major maintenance activities in annual and interim financial reporting periods. FSP No. AUG AIR-1 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. The adoption of FSP No. AUG AIR-1 is not expected to have any impact on our reported results of operations.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following is a discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations since December 31, 2005. A discussion of consolidated financial condition and sources of additional capital is included under a separate heading Financial Condition and Liquidity on page 27.

Forward-looking Statements

Some of the information presented in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations, which are in turn based on assumptions that we believe are reasonable based on our current knowledge of our business and operations. We have used words such as anticipate, believe, could, estimate, expect, intend, may, should, will and variations of such words and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control. There can be no assurance, therefore, that our actual results will not differ materially from the results and expectations expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, without limitation:

the timing of orders received from customers;

the gain or loss of significant customers;

competition from other manufacturers;

changes in the demand for our products;

limitations or prohibitions on the manufacture and sale of our products;

increases in the cost of raw materials and energy, and our inability to pass through such increases;

changes in our markets in general;

fluctuations in foreign currencies;

changes in laws and regulations;

the occurrence of claims or litigation;

the inability to maintain current levels of product or premises liability insurance or the denial of such coverage;

political unrest affecting the global economy, including adverse effects from terrorism or hostilities;

changes in accounting standards;

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the inability to achieve results from our global manufacturing cost reduction initiatives as well as our ongoing continuous improvement and rationalization programs;

changes in interest rates, to the extent they (1) affect our ability to raise capital or increase our cost of funds, (2) have an impact on the overall performance of our pension fund investments and (3) increase our pension expense and funding obligations; and

the other factors detailed from time to time in the reports we file with the SEC.

We assume no obligation to provide revisions to any forward-looking statements should circumstances change, except as otherwise required by securities and other applicable laws. The following discussion should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

We are a leading global developer, manufacturer and marketer of highly engineered specialty chemicals. Our products and services enhance the value of our customers' end-products by improving performance, providing essential product attributes, lowering cost and simplifying processing. We sell a highly diversified mix of products to a wide range of customers, including manufacturers of consumer electronics, building and construction materials, automotive parts, packaging, pharmaceuticals and agrichemicals, and petroleum refiners. We believe that our commercial and geographic diversity, technical expertise, flexible, low-cost global manufacturing base and experienced management team enable us to maintain leading market positions in those areas of the specialty chemicals industry in which we operate.

Third Quarter 2006

On August 31, 2006, we and our wholly owned subsidiary, Albemarle Overseas Development Corporation (AODC), entered into a Share Purchase Agreement, dated August 31, 2006 (the Agreement), pursuant to which we and AODC transferred all of the capital stock of Albemarle France SAS (ASAS) to ICIG for nominal consideration. ASAS owns all of the capital stock of Albemarle PPC SAS, which is the operator of the Thann facility. Thann was our potassium and chlorine facility with approximately \$100 million in revenues and a history of low profitability. In connection with the disposition of the Thann facility to ICIG, we recorded a charge amounting to \$89.2 million (\$58.4 million after income taxes, or \$1.20 per-share). We expect the total net after tax cash costs of the transaction to be less than \$10.0 million.

We acquired DSM's South Haven, Michigan fine chemicals facility during the third quarter 2006. This acquisition assists our ongoing effort to reposition the Fine Chemicals segment around services and higher value activities.

Outlook

Polymer Additives

Growth of our Polymer Additives segment is expected to be derived from increasing demand for electrical and electronic equipment, new construction and increasingly stringent fire-safety regulations in many countries around the world. For the remainder of the year and into 2007, we expect stable volumes and continued pricing initiatives to offset raw material and energy costs that continue to rise.

We are continuing our progress in establishing a presence in China as a foundation for expanding our business in Asia. Our technology center in Nanjing is expected to be operational in the near future. This center will provide technical support for our Polymer Additives customers in the Asia Pacific region. In addition, we plan to build a phosphorous flame retardant plant in Nanjing, which we believe could be fully operational in the second half of 2007. We intend to produce certain phosphorous flame-retardants at this site to serve the growing Asian construction and electronic markets.

Catalysts

Growth in our Catalysts segment is expected to be driven by increasing global demand for petroleum products, generally deteriorating quality of crude oil feedstock and implementation of more stringent fuel quality requirements as a part of anti-pollution initiatives.

We expect conventional HPC catalysts volumes to drop off moderately in the fourth quarter and early next year as refinery loading for new diesel sulfur specifications that went into effect October 15, 2006 are now complete. However, as oil prices remain elevated, we believe refiners

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will use more sour crudes, which will require HPC catalysts to remove the metals and impurities, further driving demand for these catalysts. We have begun construction on our new HPC catalysts plant at Bayport, Texas, which is expected to be operational in second quarter 2007. This plant will add approximately 10,000 metric tons to our capacity.

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Our focus in FCC catalysts is on improving margins to support the value these products bring to the market. In 2005, we announced the first significant price increase for these catalysts in over ten years and have focused intently in 2006 on achieving these increases. We believe that this price increase will help offset the increasing raw material and energy costs to manufacture these catalysts and will allow margin recovery and expansion for these catalysts.

We are focused on new product development in catalysts, and have introduced high-throughput experimentation to more rapidly test and develop new technologies. Our marketing and research groups are tightly aligned so we can continue to bring innovative technologies to the market. We will continue to explore new opportunities for our catalysts in the Canadian tar sands, gas to liquids (GTL) and coal to liquids (CTL) markets, which become increasingly viable as oil remains at historically high levels.

Fine Chemicals

The Fine Chemicals segment continues to benefit from the continued rapid pace of innovation and the introduction of new products, coupled with a movement by pharmaceutical companies to outsource certain research, product development and manufacturing functions. We expect to continue the turnaround of our Fine Chemicals segment in the fourth quarter of 2006. In addition to an overall focus on margin improvement, our two strategic areas of focus in Fine Chemicals have been to maximize our bromine franchise value and to continue the growth of our fine chemistry services business. Our goal is to profitably grow our globally competitive bromine and derivatives production network to serve all major bromine consuming products and markets. We will also continue our focus on developing our fine chemistry services business. Our new products pipeline in this business has approximately doubled in the last three years, allowing us to develop preferred outsourcing positions serving leading chemical innovators in diverse industries. We remain confident in continuing to generate growth in profitable niche products leveraged from this service business.

Corporate and Other

We have completed the implementation of a Belgian-based European trading company which centralized certain European activities at a single focal point and enables us to pay down external debt faster than we would otherwise. The benefit of this structure provides approximately \$1 million monthly, or \$12 million annually, in tax savings on a sustainable basis which began in the third quarter of this year. As part of this trading company structure, we have relocated certain of our long-term debt, approximately \$128 million, from the U.S. to Europe, where we will be able to use lower-taxed foreign earnings to repay it locally.

Additional information regarding our products, markets and financial performance is provided at our web site, www.albemarle.com. Our web site is not a part of this document nor is it incorporated herein by reference.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations**

The following data and discussion provides an analysis of certain significant factors affecting our results of operations during the periods included in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

Third Quarter 2006 Compared with Third Quarter 2005

| Selected Financial Data (Unaudited) | Three Months Ended | | |
|---|---|----------|-------------------|
| | September 30, | | Percentage Change |
| | 2006 | 2005 | |
| | (In millions, except percentages and per-share amounts) | | |
| Net sales | \$ 607.8 | \$ 506.6 | 20% |
| Cost of goods sold | 459.6 | 407.0 | 13% |
| As a percentage of net sales | 75.6% | 80.3% | |
| Gross profit | 148.2 | 99.6 | 49% |
| As a percentage of net sales | 24.4% | 19.7% | |
| Selling, general and administrative and research and development expenses | 69.5 | 60.5 | 15% |
| As a percentage of net sales | 11.4% | 11.9% | |
| Effective tax rate | 115.2% | 15.7% | |
| Net income available for common shareholders | \$ 2.3 | \$ 26.3 | (91)% |
| Basic earnings per-share | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.56 | |
| Diluted earnings per-share | \$ 0.05 | \$ 0.55 | |
| <i>Net Sales</i> | | | |

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, we recorded net sales of \$607.8 million, an increase of \$101.2 million, or 20%, compared to net sales of \$506.6 million for the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was due primarily to improved pricing in all segments and increased volume in our Catalysts and Polymer Additives segments, partially offset by reduced volumes in our Fine Chemicals segment. Overall prices increased 11% and volumes grew 9% compared to the same period last year.

Polymer Additives net sales increased \$45.3 million, or 23%, for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. Compared to last year, prices rose 10% and volume grew 12%. Catalysts net sales increased \$43.9 million, or 25%, due mainly to an 11% increase in prices and a 14% increase in volume. Fine Chemicals net sales increased \$12.0 million, or 9%, primarily due to improved pricing of 11% partially offset by reduced volumes of 3%. For a detailed discussion of revenues and segment income before taxes for each segment see Segment Results below.

Gross Profit

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, our gross profit increased \$48.6 million to \$148.2 million, or 49%, from the corresponding 2005 period due to increased volume and improved pricing. These increases were partially offset by increased manufacturing and raw material costs. Our gross profit margin for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 increased to 24.4% from 19.7% for the corresponding period in 2005.

Selling, General and Administrative and Research and Development Expenses

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, our selling, general and administrative, or SG&A, expenses and research and development, or R&D, expenses increased \$9.0 million, or 15%, from the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was primarily due to higher SG&A costs from increased wages and incentive compensation. As a percentage of net sales, SG&A and R&D were

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11.4% in the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 versus 11.9% in the three-month period ended September 30, 2005.

Table of Contents*Interest and Financing Expenses*

Interest and financing expenses for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 decreased to \$10.8 million, comparable to \$10.9 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2005 due to lower average outstanding debt levels partially offset by higher interest rates.

Other Income (Expenses), Net

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, our other income (expenses), net amounted to \$1.0 million, an increase of \$0.5 million from the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was primarily due to an increase in interest income of approximately \$0.4 million.

Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate fluctuates based on, among other factors, where income is earned and the level of income relative to available tax credits. For the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, our effective income tax rate was 115.2% as compared to 15.7% for the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. This difference is due primarily to the reduction in pre-tax income caused by the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million and the associated tax benefit of \$30.8 million, or 34.5%, on that charge. Excluding the Thann charge and related tax impact, the effective tax rate for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 was 10.8%. The decrease from the same period last year is due primarily to management's decision to permanently reinvest the earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries, tax rate changes, and the benefits from foreign tax credits associated with high taxed earnings from foreign operations.

The significant differences between the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate on pretax income, excluding the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million and the associated tax benefit of \$30.8 million, or 34.5%, on that charge, and the effective income tax rate for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, are as follows:

| | % of Income Before Income Taxes excluding the | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|
| | Thann divestiture charge | |
| | Three Months Ended | |
| | 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| Federal statutory rate | 35.0% | 35.0% |
| State taxes, net of federal tax benefit | (0.2) | 1.1 |
| Tax rate changes | (4.2) | |
| Effect of minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries | (0.8) | (2.5) |
| Extraterritorial income exclusion | (0.6) | (1.0) |
| Depletion | (0.7) | (1.5) |
| Domestic production deduction | 0.3 | (0.5) |
| Permanent investment of foreign income ^(a) | (14.5) | |
| Impacts of foreign earnings ^(b) | (4.9) | (14.7) |
| Other items, net | 1.4 | (0.2) |
| Effective income tax rate | 10.8% | 15.7% |

(a) Permanent investment of foreign income includes the benefits of foreign earnings which management has designated as permanently reinvested as well as an increase in foreign-based income subject to lower tax rates.

(b) The improvement in tax rate impacts of foreign earnings relates mainly to benefits from foreign tax credits associated with high taxed earnings from foreign operations.

Minority Interests in Income of Consolidated Subsidiaries

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For the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, minority interests' share of net income was \$5.2 million compared to \$2.1 million in the same period last year. This increase of \$3.1 million is due primarily to increased earnings (and related minority interest expense) of our consolidated joint venture Jordan Bromine Company Limited, or JBC.

Equity in Net Income of Unconsolidated Investments

Equity in net income of unconsolidated investments was \$4.4 million for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$4.1 million in the same period last year. The three-month period ended September 30, 2005 included equity income of \$1.1 million for our portion of JBC's earnings (which we began consolidating effective August 1, 2005).

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Offsetting the decrease due to the consolidation of JBC in 2006, was an increase in the equity income of our Catalysts segment joint ventures of \$1.3 million, which had strong sales and improved pricing.

Net Income

Our net income decreased 91% to \$2.3 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 from \$26.3 million in the three-month period ended September 30, 2005 primarily due to the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million (\$58.4 million after income taxes) partially offset by increased sales, improved margins, and reduced taxes.

Segment Results

| | Three months ended | | Percentage Change |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| | September 30, 2006 (In millions, except percentages) | 2005 | |
| Segment net sales: | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 240.7 | \$ 195.4 | 23% |
| Catalysts | 217.4 | 173.5 | 25% |
| Fine Chemicals | 149.7 | 137.7 | 9% |
| Total segment net sales | \$ 607.8 | \$ 506.6 | 20% |
| Segment (loss) income: | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 38.6 | \$ 21.8 | 77% |
| Catalysts | 38.2 | 14.7 | 160% |
| Fine Chemicals | (73.0) | 12.1 | (703)% |
| Corporate & Other | (15.1) | (7.5) | 101% |
| Total segment (loss) income | \$ (11.3) | \$ 41.1 | (127)% |

Segment (loss) income includes equity in net income of unconsolidated investments and is reduced by minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries. See Note 11 in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Polymer Additives

The Polymer Additives segment recorded net sales for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 of \$240.7 million, up \$45.3 million, or 23%, versus the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. Our brominated, mineral, and phosphorous flame retardant portfolios volumes increased 16% and prices improved 12%. Net sales improved in stabilizers and curatives as prices improved 6% while volumes were flat. Segment income increased 77%, or \$16.8 million, to \$38.6 million due mainly to improved pricing and increased volume, partially offset by increased raw material cost and higher manufacturing costs, for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 as compared to the three-month period ended September 30, 2005.

Catalysts

Our Catalysts segment recorded net sales for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 of \$217.4 million, up \$43.9 million, or 25%, versus the three-month period ended September 30, 2005, due mainly to a 9% pricing improvement and increased volume of 16% in refinery catalysts and a 23% pricing improvement and increased volume of 4% in our polyolefin catalysts. Segment income increased 160%, or \$23.5 million, to \$38.2 million due mainly to higher pricing and increased volumes offset by increased raw material cost. In addition, equity income of our Catalysts joint ventures increased \$1.3 million compared to the same period last year, due to strong sales and improved pricing.

Fine Chemicals

Fine Chemicals segment net sales for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 were \$149.7 million, up \$12.0 million, or 9%, versus the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was due mainly to improved pricing of the bromine portfolio and our fine chemistry services of 12% and 10%, respectively, and increased volume of 16% in our fine chemistry services business partially offset by reduced volume of 12% in the bromine portfolio. Excluding the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million in 2006, Fine Chemicals segment income for the three-month period ended September 30, 2006 was \$16.2 million, up \$4.1 million, or 34% from the three-month period ended September 30, 2005 due mainly to improved pricing partially offset by increased manufacturing and raw material costs.

Table of Contents*Corporate and Other*

For the three-month period ended September 30, 2006, our Corporate and Other expenses increased \$7.6 million, or 101%, to \$15.1 million from the three-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was primarily due to the higher SG&A costs related to increased wages and incentive compensation.

Nine-Months 2006 Compared with Nine-Months 2005

| Selected Financial Data (Unaudited) | Nine Months Ended | | |
|---|---|------------|-------------------|
| | September 30, | | Percentage Change |
| | 2006 | 2005 | |
| | (In millions, except percentages and per-share amounts) | | |
| Net sales | \$ 1,784.0 | \$ 1,519.3 | 17% |
| Cost of goods sold | 1,381.9 | 1,207.2 | 14% |
| As a percentage of net sales | 77.5% | 79.5% | |
| Gross profit | 402.1 | 312.1 | 29% |
| As a percentage of net sales | 22.5% | 20.5% | |
| Selling, general and administrative and research and development expenses | 212.2 | 192.5 | 10% |
| As a percentage of net sales | 11.9% | 12.7% | |
| Effective tax rate | (1.4)% | 31.4% | |
| Net income available for common shareholders | \$ 80.0 | \$ 82.7 | (3)% |
| Basic earnings per-share | \$ 1.69 | \$ 1.79 | |
| Diluted earnings per-share | \$ 1.65 | \$ 1.74 | |

Net Sales

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, we recorded net sales of \$1,784.0 million, an increase of \$264.7 million, or 17%, compared to the net sales of \$1,519.3 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was mainly due to improved pricing and increased volume in our Polymer Additives and Catalysts segments and improved pricing in our Fine Chemicals segment, partially offset by the effects of unfavorable foreign exchange rates. Overall prices increased 12% and volumes grew 8% compared to the same period last year.

Polymer Additives net sales increased \$93.3 million, or 16%, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. Compared to last year, prices rose 11% and volume grew 6%. Catalysts net sales increased \$153.2 million, or 31%, due mainly to an 11% increase in prices and a 22% increase in volume. Fine Chemicals net sales increased \$18.2 million, or 4%, primarily due to improved pricing of 12%; however, this increase was partially offset by reduced volumes of 6%. Offsetting these revenue increases were the effects of unfavorable foreign exchange rates in all segments. For a detailed discussion of revenues and segment income before taxes for each segment and division see Segment Results below.

Gross Profit

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, our gross profit increased \$90.0 million to \$402.1 million, or 29%, from the corresponding 2005 period due to increased volume and improved pricing. These increases were partially offset by increased raw material and manufacturing costs, and the effect of unfavorable foreign exchange rates. In addition, our Catalysts segment had higher manufacturing costs associated with a planned shutdown at our Pasadena, Texas polyolefin catalysts plant. Our gross profit margin for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 increased to 22.5% from 20.5% for the corresponding period in 2005.

Selling, General and Administrative and Research and Development Expenses

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For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, our SG&A and R&D expenses increased \$19.7 million, or 10%, from the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was primarily due to higher SG&A costs from increased consulting fees related to the implementation of a Belgian-based trading company, and increased wages and incentive compensation. As a percentage of net sales, SG&A and R&D were 11.9% in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 versus 12.7% in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005.

Table of Contents*Interest and Financing Expenses*

Interest and financing expenses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 amounted to \$33.4 million, an increase of \$2.1 million from \$31.3 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was primarily due to the consolidation of JBC effective August 1, 2005 and the impact of an additional \$2.7 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 on our interest and financing expenses compared to the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 from the inclusion of the debt of JBC. The higher interest and financing expenses were also impacted by higher rates on our average outstanding debt in the 2006 period. Interest and financing expenses for 2005 included the write-off of \$1.4 million of deferred financing expenses associated with a \$450.0 million 364-day bridge loan that we retired on January 20, 2005.

Other Income (Expenses), Net

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, our other income (expenses), net amounted to (\$0.4 million), a decrease of \$1.5 million from the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This decrease was primarily due to a foreign exchange adjustment of approximately \$3.0 million on foreign denominated debt at JBC offset by an increase in interest income of approximately \$0.7 million.

Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate fluctuates based on, among other factors, where income is earned and the level of income relative to available tax credits. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, our effective income tax rate was (1.4%), down from 31.4% for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This difference is due primarily to the reduction in pre-tax income caused by the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million and the associated tax benefit of \$30.8 million, or 34.5%, on that charge. Excluding the Thann charge and related tax impact, the effective tax rate for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 was 19.1%. The decrease from the same period last year is due primarily to management's decision to permanently reinvest the earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries, tax rate changes, and the benefits from foreign tax credits associated with high taxed earnings from foreign operations. Our effective tax rate for the entire year is expected to be approximately 21%, excluding the impact on our effective tax rate of the Thann divestiture.

The significant differences between the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate on pretax income, excluding the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million and the associated tax benefit of \$30.8 million, or 34.5%, on that charge, and the effective income tax rate for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, are as follows:

| | % of Income Before Income Taxes excluding the Thann divestiture charge Nine Months Ended | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|
| | 2006 | September 30, 2005 |
| Federal statutory rate | 35.0% | 35.0% |
| State taxes, net of federal tax benefit | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| Tax rate changes | (1.9) | |
| Effect of minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries | (1.0) | (1.7) |
| Extraterritorial income exclusion | (0.7) | (1.5) |
| Depletion | (0.8) | (1.5) |
| Domestic production deduction | | (0.4) |
| Permanent investment of foreign income ^(a) | (9.4) | |
| Impacts of foreign earnings ^(b) | (2.3) | 0.6 |
| Other items, net | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Effective income tax rate | 19.1% | 31.4% |

(a)

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Permanent investment of foreign income includes the benefits of foreign earnings which management has designated as permanently reinvested as well as an increase in foreign-based income subject to lower tax rates.

- (b) The improvement in tax rate impacts of foreign earnings relates mainly to benefits from foreign tax credits associated with high taxed earnings from foreign operations.

Table of Contents*Minority Interests in Income of Consolidated Subsidiaries*

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, minority interests' share of net income was \$8.8 million compared to \$4.6 million in the same period last year. Our minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries included minority ownership charges of approximately \$4.4 million for JBC for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 compared to \$0.5 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 as JBC was an unconsolidated investment until August 1, 2005.

Equity in Net Income of Unconsolidated Investments

Equity in net income of unconsolidated investments decreased \$1.6 million to \$21.0 million from \$22.6 million due to the consolidation of JBC in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 partially offset by an increase in the equity income of our Catalysts' segment joint ventures of \$5.3 million, which had strong sales and improved pricing. The nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 included equity income of \$7.6 million for our portion of JBC's earnings.

Net Income

Our net income decreased 3% to \$80.0 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 from \$82.7 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 primarily due to the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million (\$58.4 million after income taxes) partially offset by increased sales, improved margins, and reduced taxes.

Segment Results

| | Nine months ended | | Percentage Change |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| | September 30, 2006 (In millions, except percentages) | 2005 | |
| Segment net sales: | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 691.2 | \$ 597.9 | 16% |
| Catalysts | 646.8 | 493.6 | 31% |
| Fine Chemicals | 446.0 | 427.8 | 4% |
| Total segment net sales | \$ 1,784.0 | \$ 1,519.3 | 17% |
| Segment (loss) income: | | | |
| Polymer Additives | \$ 109.0 | \$ 72.4 | 51% |
| Catalysts | 93.1 | 64.2 | 45% |
| Fine Chemicals | (49.5) | 38.5 | (229)% |
| Corporate & Other | (39.8) | (32.7) | (22)% |
| Total segment (loss) income | \$ 112.8 | \$ 142.4 | (21)% |

Segment (loss) income includes equity in net income of unconsolidated investments and is reduced by minority interests in income of consolidated subsidiaries. See Note 11 in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Polymer Additives

The Polymer Additives segment recorded net sales for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 of \$691.2 million, up \$93.3 million, or 16%, versus the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. Our brominated, mineral and phosphorous flame retardant portfolios experienced 7% volume increases and 13% pricing improvements. Net sales improved in stabilizers and curatives as volumes increased 5% and prices improved 4%. Segment income increased 51%, or \$36.6 million, to \$109.0 million due mainly to improved pricing and increased volume, partially offset by increased manufacturing costs, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 as compared to the nine-month period

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ended September 30, 2005, which included a special gain item of \$2.2 million.

Catalysts

Our Catalysts segment had net sales for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 of \$646.8 million, up \$153.2 million, or 31%, versus the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005, due mainly to a 10% pricing improvement and increased volume of 25% in refinery catalysts. These increases were offset in part by lower volumes in our polyolefin catalysts. Segment income increased 45%, or \$28.9 million, to \$93.1 million due mainly to higher pricing and increased volume offset by the effect of unfavorable foreign exchange rate, increased raw material cost and higher manufacturing costs

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associated with a planned shutdown at our Pasadena, Texas, polyolefin catalysts plant, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 as compared to the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005, which included a special item gain of \$0.6 million. In addition, equity income of our Catalysts joint ventures increased \$5.3 million compared to the same period last year, due to strong sales and improved pricing.

Fine Chemicals

Fine Chemicals segment net sales for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 were \$446.0 million, up \$18.2 million, or 4%, versus the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was due mainly to pricing improvements of 13% across the bromine portfolio and increased prices of 6% in our fine chemistry services with reduced volume of 6% and 2%, respectively, partially offsetting the increase. Excluding the Thann divestiture charge of \$89.2 million in 2006, Fine Chemicals segment income increased to \$39.7 million, up \$1.2 million, or 3%, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 from the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005, which included a special item gain of \$2.2 million, due to improved pricing partially offset by increased manufacturing and raw material costs and the effect of unfavorable foreign exchange rates.

Corporate and Other

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, our Corporate and Other expenses increased \$7.1 million, or 22%, to \$39.8 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005. This increase was primarily due to higher SG&A costs related to increased consulting fees related to the implementation of a Belgian-based trading company, and increased wages and incentive compensation, partially offset by the minority interest portion of the foreign exchange adjustment on foreign currency denominated debt at JBC.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

Overview

The principal uses of cash in our business generally have been investment in our assets, funding working capital, and repayment of debt. Cash to fund the needs of our business has been provided primarily by operations, debt financing, and equity issuances.

We expect activity levels to continue to increase over the next twelve to twenty-four months. The increase in activity may cause working capital to increase. We have initiated a program to improve working capital efficiency and working capital metrics particularly in the areas of accounts receivable and inventory. We expect our current cash balances and our availability under our revolving credit facility, which is discussed below, to be sufficient to fund working capital requirements. Identified capital expenditure projects for the remainder of 2006 are expected to be approximately \$40 million. These projects are primarily related to new facilities and upgrades and expansions to our existing facilities.

Cash Flow

Our cash balance increased by \$31.0 million to \$89.6 million at September 30, 2006 from \$58.6 million at December 31, 2005. For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006, our operations provided \$215.9 million of cash compared to \$94.0 million in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2005 primarily due to an increase in net income excluding the Thann divestiture charge. Cash flows from operating activities funded investing activities of \$115.6 million, which consisted principally of capital expenditures for plant machinery and equipment improvements and the acquisition of the assets and fine chemistry services and pharmaceuticals business associated with the South Haven, Michigan facility of DSM Pharmaceutical Products (DSM). Remaining cash flows from operating activities together with proceeds from borrowings and the exercise of stock options of \$133.8 million and \$13.7 million, respectively, funded long-term debt repayments of \$184.2 million, purchases of our common stock of \$14.7 million and quarterly dividends to shareholders. This resulted in net cash used by financing activities of \$72.0 million.

Net current assets increased \$63.7 million to \$515.4 million at September 30, 2006 from \$451.7 million at December 31, 2005. The increase in net current assets was related to increased activity and was due primarily to an increase in cash and accounts receivable.

Our foreign currency translation adjustments, net of related deferred taxes, included in accumulated other comprehensive income in the condensed consolidated balance sheets on page 4 increased from December 31, 2005, primarily due to the weakening of the U.S. dollar against the Euro.

Table of Contents***Long-Term Debt***

We currently have \$325.0 million of 5.10% senior notes that are due in 2015. These notes are senior unsecured obligations and will rank equally with all of our other senior unsecured indebtedness from time to time outstanding. The senior notes will be effectively subordinated to any of our future secured indebtedness and to existing and future indebtedness of our subsidiaries. We may redeem the senior notes before their maturity, in whole at any time or in part from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (1) 100% of the principal amount of the senior notes to be redeemed or (2) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest thereon (exclusive of interest accrued to the date of redemption) discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the Treasury Rate (as defined in the indenture governing the senior notes) plus 15 basis points, plus, in each case, accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption.

The principal amount of the senior notes becomes immediately due and payable upon the occurrence of certain bankruptcy or insolvency events involving us or certain of our subsidiaries and may be declared immediately due and payable by the trustee or the holders of not less than 25% of the senior notes upon the occurrence of an event of default. Events of default include, among other things: failure to pay principal or interest at required times; failure to perform or remedy a breach of covenants within prescribed periods; an event of default on any of our other indebtedness or certain of our subsidiaries of \$40.0 million or more that is caused by a failure to make a payment when due or that results in the acceleration of that indebtedness before its maturity; and certain bankruptcy or insolvency events involving us or certain of our subsidiaries.

For additional funding and liquidity purposes, we currently maintain a senior credit agreement with financial institutions that consists of a \$300.0 million revolving credit facility and a \$450.0 million five-year term loan facility. In June 2006, we amended our senior credit facilities to add certain additional subsidiary borrowers located outside the U.S. and to allow borrowings by our foreign subsidiaries to be denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. Key terms of this agreement remain unchanged. There were no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility and an aggregate of \$347.4 million equivalent outstanding under the five-year term loan facility at September 30, 2006. The aggregate of \$347.4 million equivalent outstanding was comprised of \$228.1 million of borrowings denominated in U.S. dollars borrowed by domestic subsidiaries and 93.9 million (\$119.2 million based on the applicable exchange rate on September 30, 2006) of borrowings denominated in Euros borrowed by subsidiaries in Germany and the Netherlands. Borrowings under the five-year term loan facility bear interest at variable rates, which was a weighted average of 5.45% at September 30, 2006. The \$450.0 million five-year term loan facility is payable in quarterly installments of \$7.4 million and 3.0 million (\$3.8 million based on the applicable exchange rate on September 30, 2006) through June 30, 2008, and quarterly payments of \$58.9 million and 24.2 million (\$30.7 million based on the applicable exchange rate on September 30, 2006) at September 30, 2008, December 31, 2008 and March 31, 2009.

Borrowings under our senior credit agreement are conditioned upon compliance with the following financial covenants: (a) consolidated fixed charge coverage ratio, as defined, must be greater than or equal to 1.25:1.00 as of the end of any fiscal quarter; (b) consolidated debt to capitalization ratio, as defined, at the end of any fiscal quarter must be less than or equal to 60%; (c) consolidated tangible domestic assets, as defined, must be or greater than or equal to \$750.0 million for us to make investments in entities and enterprises that are organized outside the United States; and (d) with the exception of liens specified in our new senior credit agreement, liens may not attach to assets where the aggregate amount of all indebtedness secured by such liens at any time exceeds 10% of consolidated net worth, as defined in the agreements.

We believe that as of September 30, 2006, we were, and currently are, in compliance with all of our debt covenants. Noncompliance with any one or more of the debt covenants may have an adverse effect on financial condition or liquidity in the event such noncompliance cannot be cured or should we be unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders. Renegotiation of the covenant through an amendment to the senior credit agreement may effectively cure the noncompliance, but may have an effect on financial condition or liquidity depending upon how the covenant is renegotiated.

The noncurrent portion of our long-term debt amounted to \$733.2 million at September 30, 2006, compared to \$775.9 million at the end of 2005. In addition, at September 30, 2006, we had the ability to borrow an additional \$426.2 million under our various credit arrangements.

Capital expenditures for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 of \$73.1 million were approximately 44% higher than the 2005 level of \$50.6 million. Our capital spending program in 2006 is expected to be approximately \$110 million with expenditures expected to expand capacities at existing facilities to support an expected increase in sales. We expect our capital spending program to be between \$90 and \$100 million in 2007 and 2008. We anticipate that future capital spending will be financed primarily with cash flow provided from operations with additional cash needed, if any, provided by borrowings, including borrowings under our revolving credit facility. The amount and timing of any additional borrowings will depend on our specific cash requirements.

Table of Contents**Other Obligations**

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations for plant construction, purchases of equipment, unused letters of credit, and various take or pay and throughput agreements (in thousands):

| | 4Q | | | | | | There- |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | after |
| Long-term debt obligations | \$ 13,226 | \$ 48,975 | \$ 206,079 | \$ 125,830 | \$ 4,862 | \$ 341,276 | \$ 24,793 |
| Capital lease obligation | 1,417 | 2,957 | 3,129 | 3,310 | 3,502 | 3,703 | 1,931 |
| Expected interest payments on long-term debt obligations* | 11,118 | 36,613 | 33,160 | 20,837 | 19,116 | 18,655 | 55,674 |
| Operating lease obligations (rental) | 2,481 | 6,955 | 5,456 | 4,143 | 3,725 | 3,255 | 22,606 |
| Take or pay / throughput agreements | 51,583 | 26,287 | 17,935 | 7,083 | 6,775 | 6,256 | 21,497 |
| Letters of credit and guarantees | 10,204 | 38,776 | 11,232 | 1,657 | 47 | 313 | 866 |
| Capital projects | 22,903 | 15,400 | 641 | 654 | 654 | 474 | |
| Additional investment commitment payments | 48 | 117 | 51 | 21 | 20 | | |
| Natural gas contracts | 904 | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 113,884 | \$ 176,080 | \$ 277,683 | \$ 163,535 | \$ 38,701 | \$ 373,932 | \$ 127,367 |

* These amounts are based on a weighted-average interest rate of 5.6% for term loans and the revolving credit facility, 5.3% for variable rate long-term debt obligations and a capital lease and an interest rate of 5.1% for the senior notes for 2006. The weighted average rate for years 2007 and thereafter are 6.14% for term loans and the revolving credit facility and 5.0% for the variable rate long-term debt obligations and a capital lease and an interest rate of 5.1% for the senior notes.

We are subject to federal, state, local and foreign requirements regulating the handling, manufacture and use of materials (some of which may be classified as hazardous or toxic by one or more regulatory agencies), the discharge of materials into the environment and the protection of the environment. To our knowledge, we are currently complying and expect to continue to comply in all material respects with applicable environmental laws, regulations, statutes and ordinances. Compliance with existing federal, state, local and foreign environmental protection laws is not expected to have in the future a material effect on earnings or our competitive position, but the costs associated with increased legal or regulatory requirements could have an adverse effect on our results.

Among other environmental requirements, we are subject to the federal Superfund law, and similar state laws, under which we may be designated as a potentially responsible party, or PRP, and may be liable for a share of the costs associated with cleaning up various hazardous waste sites. Management believes that in most cases, our participation is de minimis. Further, almost all such sites represent environmental issues that are quite mature and have been investigated, studied and in many cases settled. In de minimis situations, our policy generally is to negotiate a consent decree and to pay any apportioned settlement, enabling us to be effectively relieved of any further liability as a PRP, except for remote contingencies. In other than de minimis PRP matters, our records indicate that unresolved PRP exposures should be immaterial. We accrue and expense our proportionate share of PRP costs. Because management has been actively involved in evaluating environmental matters, we are able to conclude that the outstanding environmental liabilities for unresolved PRP sites should not be material to operations.

Liquidity Outlook

We anticipate that cash provided from operating activities in the future and borrowings under our senior credit agreement will be sufficient to pay our operating expenses, satisfy debt service obligations, fund capital expenditures and make dividend payments for the foreseeable future. For flexibility, we maintain a shelf registration statement that permits us to issue from time to time a range of securities, including common stock, preferred stock and senior and subordinated debt of up to \$220.0 million. In addition, as we have historically done, we will continue to evaluate the merits of any opportunities that may arise for acquisitions of equipment or businesses, which may require additional liquidity.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

There have been no significant changes in our interest rate risk, marketable security price risk or raw material price risk from the information we provided in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, except as noted below.

We had outstanding variable interest rate borrowings at September 30, 2006 of \$380.2 million, bearing an average interest rate of 5.42%. A change of 0.125% in the interest rate applicable to these borrowings would change our annualized interest expense by approximately \$0.5 million. Due to the increase in our outstanding indebtedness as a result of the acquisition of the refinery catalysts business, we may enter into interest rate swaps, collars or similar instruments with the objective of reducing interest rate volatility relating to our borrowing costs.

In 2004, we entered into treasury lock agreements, or T-locks, with a notional value of \$275.0 million, to fix the yield on the U.S. Treasury security used to set the yield for approximately 85% of our January 2005 public offering of senior notes. The T-locks fixed the yield on the U.S. Treasury security at approximately 4.25%. The value of the T-locks resulted from the difference between (1) the yield-to-maturity of the 10-year U.S. Treasury security that had the maturity date most comparable to the maturity date of the notes issued and (2) the fixed rate of approximately 4.25%. The cumulative loss effect of the T-lock agreements was \$2.2 million and is being amortized over the life of the notes as an adjustment to the notes interest expense. At September 30, 2006, there were unrealized losses of approximately \$1.8 million (\$1.2 million after income taxes) in accumulated other comprehensive income that remain to be expensed.

In addition, certain of our operations use natural gas as a source of energy, which can expose our business to market risk when the price of natural gas changes suddenly. In an attempt to mitigate the impact and volatility of price swings in the natural gas market, we purchase natural gas contracts, when appropriate, for a portion of our 12-month rolling forecast for North American natural gas requirements.

Our natural gas hedge transactions are executed with a major financial institution. Such derivatives are held to secure natural gas at fixed prices and not for trading. Our natural gas contracts qualify as cash flow hedges and are marked to market. The unrealized gains and/or losses on these contracts are deferred and accounted for in accumulated other comprehensive income to the extent that the unrealized gains and losses are offset by the forecasted transaction. At September 30, 2006, there were unrealized losses of approximately \$0.4 million (\$0.2 million after income taxes). Realized natural gas hedge losses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2006 were nominal. Additionally, any unrealized gains and/or losses on the derivative instrument that are not offset by the forecasted transaction are recorded in earnings as appropriate.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) occurred during the third quarter ended September 30, 2006 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

On April 2, 2004, Albemarle Overseas Development Company, or AODC, one of our wholly owned subsidiaries, initiated a Request for Arbitration against Aventis S.A., the predecessor in interest to Sanofi Aventis, or Aventis, through the International Chamber of Commerce, International Court of Arbitration, Paris, France, or the ICC. The dispute arose out of a 1992 Stock Purchase Agreement, or Agreement, between AODC and a predecessor to Aventis under which 100% of the stock of Potasse et Produits Chimiques, S.A., now known as Albemarle PPC, or APPC, was acquired by AODC. The dispute related to a chemical facility in Thann, France, owned by APPC, where the French government has required a detailed risk study of groundwater contamination. In 2005 and 2006, the French government instructed APPC to conduct a number of additional tests and studies and take certain measures with respect to the containment of certain contamination at, and the emission of certain materials from, the facility. By reason of certain intervening assignments of rights, Albemarle France SAS, or Albemarle France, another wholly owned subsidiary of Albemarle Corporation, was substituted for AODC as the party in interest in the arbitration. On August 31, 2006, pursuant to a Share Purchase Agreement we transferred to International Chemical Investors S.A. all of the outstanding stock of Albemarle France and its subsidiary, AAPC, together with all related assets and liabilities, including the facility at Thann, France, all environmental matters related thereto, and the arbitration pending against Aventis.

On July 3, 2006, we received a Notice of Violation (NOV) from the US Environmental Protection Agency Region 4 (EPA) regarding the implementation of the Pharmaceutical Maximum Achievable Control Technology standards at our plant in Orangeburg, SC. The alleged violations include (i) the applicability of the specific regulations to certain intermediates manufactured at the plant, (ii) failure to comply with certain reporting requirements, (iii) improper evaluation and testing to properly implement the regulations and (iv) the sufficiency of the leak detection and repair program at the plant. We are currently engaged in discussions with the EPA seeking to resolve these allegations, but no assurances can be given that we will be able to reach a resolution that is acceptable to both parties. Any settlement or finding adverse to us could result in the payment by us of fines, penalties, capital expenditures, or some combination thereof. At this time, it is not possible to predict with any certainty the outcome of our discussions with the EPA or the financial impact, which may result therefrom. However, we do not expect any financial impact to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

In addition, we are involved from time to time in legal proceedings of types regarded as common in our businesses, particularly administrative or judicial proceedings seeking remediation under environmental laws, such as Superfund, products liability and premises liability litigation. We maintain a financial accrual for these proceedings that includes defense costs and potential damages, as estimated by our general counsel. We also maintain insurance to mitigate certain of such risks.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

While we attempt to identify, manage and mitigate risks and uncertainties associated with our business to the extent practical under the circumstances, some level of risk and uncertainty will always be present. Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 describes some of the risks and uncertainties associated with our business. These risks and uncertainties have the potential to materially affect our results of operations and our financial condition. We do not believe that there have been any material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.**

The following table summarizes our repurchases of equity securities for the three months ended September 30, 2006:

| Period | Total Number of Shares Repurchased | Average Price Paid Per-Share | Total Number of Shares Repurchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan or Program * | Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Repurchased Under the Plans or Programs * |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| July 1, 2006 to July 31, 2006 | 10,000 | \$ 50.09 | 10,000 | 3,639,946 |
| August 1, 2006 to August 31, 2006 | 40,000 | \$ 53.08 | 40,000 | 3,599,946 |
| September 1, 2006 to September 30, 2006 | 40,000 | \$ 54.60 | 40,000 | 3,559,946 |
| Total | 90,000 | \$ 53.43 | 90,000 | 3,559,946 |

* The stock repurchase plan, which was authorized by our Board of Directors, became effective on October 25, 2000 and included five million shares. The stock repurchase plan will expire when we have repurchased all shares authorized for repurchase thereunder, unless the repurchase plan is earlier terminated by action of our Board of Directors.

Item 6. Exhibits.

(a) Exhibits

- 10.1 Share Purchase Agreement, among Albemarle Corporation, Albemarle Overseas Development Corporation and International Chemical Investors, SA, dated August 31, 2006
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALBEMARLE CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: November 6, 2006

By:

/s/ RICHARD J. DIEMER, JR.
Richard J. Diemer, Jr.

Senior Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

(principal financial and accounting officer)