

MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

Form N-CSR

December 28, 2016

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF
REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-04975

MFS MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

111 Huntington Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts 02199

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Christopher R. Bohane

Massachusetts Financial Services Company

111 Huntington Avenue

Boston, Massachusetts 02199

(Name and address of agents for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (617) 954-5000

Date of fiscal year end: October 31

Date of reporting period: October 31, 2016

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ITEM 1. REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS.

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ANNUAL REPORT

October 31, 2016

**MFS® MULTIMARKET
INCOME TRUST**

MMT-ANN

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MANAGED DISTRIBUTION POLICY DISCLOSURE

The MFS Multimarket Income Trust's (the fund) Board of Trustees adopted a managed distribution policy. The fund seeks to pay monthly distributions based on an annual rate of 8.00% of the fund's average monthly net asset value. The primary purpose of the managed distribution policy is to provide shareholders with a constant, but not guaranteed, fixed minimum rate of distribution each month. You should not draw any conclusions about the fund's investment performance from the amount of the current distribution or from the terms of the fund's managed distribution policy. The Board may amend or terminate the managed distribution policy at any time without prior notice to fund shareholders. The amendment or termination of the managed distribution policy could have an adverse effect on the market price of the fund's shares.

With each distribution, the fund will issue a notice to shareholders and an accompanying press release which will provide detailed information regarding the amount and composition of the distribution and other related information. The amounts and sources of distributions reported in the notice to shareholders are only estimates and are not being provided for tax reporting purposes. The actual amounts and sources of the amounts for tax reporting purposes will depend upon the fund's investment experience during its fiscal year and may be subject to changes based on tax regulations. The fund will send you a Form 1099-DIV for the calendar year that will tell you how to report these distributions for federal income tax purposes. Please refer to "Tax Matters and Distributions" under Note 2 of the Notes to Financial Statements for information regarding the tax character of the fund's distributions.

Under a managed distribution policy the fund may at times distribute more than its net investment income and net realized capital gains; therefore, a portion of your distribution may result in a return of capital. A return of capital may occur, for example, when some or all of the money that you invested in the fund is paid back to you. Any such returns of capital will decrease the fund's total assets and, therefore, could have the effect of increasing the fund's expense ratio. In addition, in order to make the level of distributions called for under its managed distribution policy, the fund may have to sell portfolio securities at a less than opportune time. A return of capital does not necessarily reflect the fund's investment performance and should not be confused with "yield" or "income". The fund's total return in relation to changes in net asset value is presented in the Financial Highlights.

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MFS® MULTIMARKET INCOME TRUST

New York Stock Exchange Symbol: **MMT**

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NOT FDIC INSURED MAY LOSE VALUE NO BANK GUARANTEE

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LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN

Dear Shareholders:

Despite June's unexpected vote by the United Kingdom to leave the European Union and the surprising result in the U.S. presidential election, most markets proved resilient

in the wake of these events. U.S. shares quickly reversed post-Brexit declines and rallied to record highs during August. Global interest rates remain very low, with most central banks maintaining extremely accommodative monetary policies to reinvigorate slow-growing economies against a backdrop of low inflation. Low interest rates continue to benefit risky assets such as equities, as investors are forced to accept greater risks in search of satisfactory returns in a low-return environment. U.S. investment-grade and high-yield bonds have benefited from low, and even negative, yields overseas.

Emblematic of the sluggish global growth environment is a pronounced slowdown in the growth of global trade. Despite the slowdown, emerging market equities have held up well, withstanding geopolitical shocks such as an attempted coup in Turkey and the impeachment and removal of the president of Brazil. The U.S. Federal Reserve's go-slow approach to rate hikes and economic stimulus abroad have helped support markets.

At MFS®, we believe in a patient, long-term approach to investing. Viewing investments with a long lens makes it possible to filter out short-term market noise and focus on achieving solid risk-adjusted returns over a full market cycle.

In our view, such an approach, along with the professional guidance of a financial advisor, will help you reach your investment objectives.

Respectfully,

Robert J. Manning

Chairman

MFS Investment Management

December 15, 2016

The opinions expressed in this letter are subject to change and may not be relied upon for investment advice. No forecasts can be guaranteed.

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High Yield Corporates	59.7%
Investment Grade Corporates	18.8%
Emerging Markets Bonds	18.4%
Mortgage-Backed Securities	4.7%
U.S. Government Agencies	4.3%
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities	2.6%
Floating Rate Loans	2.0%
Collateralized Debt Obligations	1.5%
Asset-Backed Securities	1.1%
Non-U.S. Government Bonds	0.4%
U.S. Treasury Securities	(9.7)%

Portfolio facts (i)

Average Duration (d)	4.8
Average Effective Maturity (m)	7.9 yrs.

Portfolio structure reflecting equivalent exposure of derivative positions (i)**Composition including fixed income credit quality (a)(i)**

AAA	2.8%
AA	1.1%
A	9.3%
BBB	22.9%
BB	33.7%
B	25.9%
CCC	7.6%
C	0.4%
D	0.2%
U.S. Government	2.7%
Federal Agencies	9.0%
Not Rated	(11.8)%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	(16.4)%
Other	12.6%

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Portfolio Composition continued

- (a) For all securities other than those specifically described below, ratings are assigned to underlying securities utilizing ratings from Moody's, Fitch, and Standard & Poor's rating agencies and applying the following hierarchy: If all three agencies provide a rating, the middle rating (after dropping the highest and lowest ratings) is assigned; if two of the three agencies rate a security, the lower of the two is assigned. Ratings are shown in the S&P and Fitch scale (e.g., AAA). Securities rated BBB or higher are considered investment grade. All ratings are subject to change. U.S. Government includes securities issued by the U.S. Department of the Treasury. Federal Agencies includes rated and unrated U.S. Agency fixed-income securities, U.S. Agency mortgage-backed securities, and collateralized mortgage obligations of U.S. Agency mortgage-backed securities. Not Rated includes fixed income securities, including fixed income futures contracts, which have not been rated by any rating agency. The fund may not hold all of these instruments. The fund is not rated by these agencies.
- (d) Duration is a measure of how much a bond's price is likely to fluctuate with general changes in interest rates, e.g., if rates rise 1.00%, a bond with a 5-year duration is likely to lose about 5.00% of its value due to the interest rate move.
- (i) For purposes of this presentation, the components include the value of securities, and reflect the impact of the equivalent exposure of derivative positions, if any. These amounts may be negative from time to time. Equivalent exposure is a calculated amount that translates the derivative position into a reasonable approximation of the amount of the underlying asset that the portfolio would have to hold at a given point in time to have the same price sensitivity that results from the portfolio's ownership of the derivative contract. When dealing with derivatives, equivalent exposure is a more representative measure of the potential impact of a position on portfolio performance than value. The bond component will include any accrued interest amounts.
- (m) In determining an instrument's effective maturity for purposes of calculating the fund's dollar-weighted average effective maturity, MFS uses the instrument's stated maturity or, if applicable, an earlier date on which MFS believes it is probable that a maturity-shortening device (such as a put, pre-refunding or prepayment) will cause the instrument to be repaid. Such an earlier date can be substantially shorter than the instrument's stated maturity. From time to time Cash & Cash Equivalents may be negative due to borrowings for leverage transactions and/or timing of cash receipts.

Where the fund holds convertible bonds, these are treated as part of the equity portion of the portfolio.

Cash & Cash Equivalents includes any cash, investments in money market funds, short-term securities, and other assets less liabilities. Please see the Statement of Assets and Liabilities for additional information related to the fund's cash position and other assets and liabilities.

Other includes equivalent exposure from currency derivatives and/or any offsets to derivative positions.

Percentages are based on net assets as of 10/31/16.

The portfolio is actively managed and current holdings may be different.

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MANAGEMENT REVIEW

Summary of Results

MFS Multimarket Income Trust (fund) is a closed-end fund. The fund's investment objective is to seek high current income, but may also consider capital appreciation. The fund normally invests at least 80% of its net assets in fixed income securities. MFS considers debt instruments of all types to be fixed income securities. MFS normally invests the fund's assets in corporate bonds of US and/or foreign issuers, US Government securities, foreign government securities, mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities of US and foreign issuers, and/or debt instruments of issuers located in emerging market countries. MFS allocates the fund's assets across these categories with a view toward broad diversification across and within these categories. MFS may also invest the fund's assets in equity securities.

For the twelve months ended October 31, 2016, shares of the fund provided a total return of 9.05%, at net asset value and a total return of 9.93%, at market value. This compares with a return of 10.16% for the fund's benchmark, the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond 2% Issuer Capped Index (formerly Barclays U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond 2% Issuer Capped Index). Over the same period, the fund's other benchmark, the MFS Multimarket Income Trust Blended Index (Blended Index), generated a return of 8.72%. The Blended Index reflects the blended returns of various fixed income market indices, with percentage allocations to each index designed to resemble the fixed income allocations of the fund. The market indices and related percentage allocations used to compile the Blended Index are set forth in the Performance Summary.

The performance commentary below is based on the net asset value performance of the fund which reflects the performance of the underlying pool of assets held by the fund. The total return at market value represents the return earned by owners of the shares of the fund which are traded publicly on the exchange.

Market Environment

Sluggish global growth weighed on both developed and emerging market (EM) economies during the reporting period. The US Federal Reserve began its long-anticipated monetary tightening cycle in the middle of the period, but the tightening cycle has proved to be more gradual than initially anticipated. Globally, central bank policy remained highly accommodative, which forced many government, and even some corporate, bond yields into negative territory. During the second half of the period, the United Kingdom voted to leave the European Union (EU), beginning a multi-year process of negotiation in order to achieve Brexit . While markets initially reacted to the vote with alarm, the spillover to European and EM was relatively short-lived, although risks of further hits to EU cohesiveness could re-emerge.

During much of the reporting period, US earnings headwinds expanded beyond the energy, materials and industrial sectors, to include most sectors of the market. Headwinds eased somewhat at the end of the period as stabilizing oil prices pushed energy earnings higher relative to expectations. The sharp rise in the US dollar also weighed on earnings early in the period, though the dollar largely stabilized late in the period. US consumer spending held up well during the second half of the period amid a modest increase in real wages and low gasoline prices. Demand for autos reached

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Management Review continued

near-record territory before plateauing late in the period, while the housing market continued its recovery. Slow global trade continued to mirror slow global growth, particularly for many EM countries. That said, EM countries began to show signs of a modest upturn in activity along with adjustment in their external accounts. These improved conditions appeared to have reassured investors and contributed to record inflows into the asset class during July and August as negative yields for an increasing share of developed market bonds drove yield-hungry investors further out on the risk spectrum. Similar investor inflows were experienced in the high grade and high yield corporate markets.

Detractors from Performance

Relative to the Blended Index, the fund’s greater exposure to US bonds rated^(f) in the B credit quality segment was a detractor from performance.

The portion of the fund’s return derived from yield within US issues, which was less than that of the Blended Index, also hurt relative results. Additionally, a lesser exposure to Brazilian and Argentinean bonds also held back relative performance.

Contributors to Performance

During the reporting period, strong bond selection aided relative returns. The fund’s greater exposure to US bonds rated^(f) in the CCC, BBB, and BB credit quality segments was a primary contributor to the fund’s outperformance.

The portion of the fund’s return derived from yield within Euro issues, which was greater than that of the Blended Index, also contributed to the fund’s outperformance. Additionally, yield curve^(y) positioning in Europe, particularly the fund’s greater exposure to shifts in the long end (centered around maturities of 10 or more years) of the yield curve, strengthened relative results.

The fund employs leverage and, to the extent that investments are purchased through the use of leverage, the fund’s net asset value may increase or decrease at a greater rate than a comparable unleveraged fund. During the reporting period, the use of leverage had a positive impact on the fund’s performance.

Respectfully,

Richard Hawkins Portfolio Manager	William Adams Portfolio Manager	Ward Brown Portfolio Manager	David Cole Portfolio Manager
Pilar Gomez-Bravo Portfolio Manager	Robert Persons Portfolio Manager	Matt Ryan Portfolio Manager	

(r) Bonds rated BBB, Baa, or higher are considered investment grade; bonds rated BB, Ba, or below are considered non-investment grade. The source for bond quality ratings is Moody’s Investors Service, Standard & Poor’s and Fitch, Inc. and are applied using the following hierarchy: If all three agencies provide a rating, the middle rating (after dropping the highest and lowest ratings) is assigned; if two of the three agencies rate a security, the lower of the two is assigned. Ratings are shown in the S&P and Fitch scale (e.g., AAA). For securities which are not rated by any of the three agencies, the security is considered Not Rated.

(y) A yield curve graphically depicts the yields of different maturity bonds of the same credit quality and type; a normal yield curve is upward sloping, with short-term rates lower than long-term rates.

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Management Review continued

The views expressed in this report are those of the portfolio managers only through the end of the period of the report as stated on the cover and do not necessarily reflect the views of MFS or any other person in the MFS organization. These views are subject to change at any time based on market or other conditions, and MFS disclaims any responsibility to update such views. These views may not be relied upon as investment advice or an indication of trading intent on behalf of any MFS portfolio. References to specific securities are not recommendations of such securities, and may not be representative of any MFS portfolio's current or future investments.

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The following chart presents the fund's historical performance in comparison to its benchmark(s). Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than their original cost; current performance may be lower or higher than quoted. The performance shown does not reflect the deduction of taxes, if any, that a shareholder would pay on fund distributions or the sale of fund shares. Performance data shown represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results.

Price Summary for MFS Multimarket Income Trust

	Date	Price
Net Asset Value	10/31/16	\$6.74
	10/31/15	\$6.76
New York Stock Exchange Price	10/31/16	\$5.97
	9/08/16 (high) (t)	\$6.27
	2/11/16 (low) (t)	\$5.28
Year Ended 10/31/16	10/31/15	\$5.94

Total Returns vs Benchmarks

	MFS Multimarket Income Trust at New York Stock Exchange Price (r)	9.93%
	Net Asset Value (r)	9.05%
	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond 2% Issuer Capped Index (f)	10.16%
	MFS Multimarket Income Trust Blended Index (f)(w)	8.72%
Year	Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Credit Bond Index (f)	4.91%
Ended	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government/Mortgage Bond Index (f)	3.26%
10/31/16	JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global (f)	11.59%

(f) Source: FactSet Research Systems Inc.

(r) Includes reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions.

(t) For the period November 1, 2015 through October 31, 2016.

(w) As of October 31, 2016, the MFS Multimarket Income Trust Blended Index was comprised of 50% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond 2% Issuer Capped Index, 20% JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global, 20% Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Credit Bond Index, and 10% Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government/Mortgage Bond Index.

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Performance Summary continued

Benchmark Definitions

Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Credit Bond Index (formerly Barclays Global Aggregate Credit Bond Index) is a subset of the Global Aggregate Index, and contains investment grade credit securities from the U.S. Aggregate, Pan-European Aggregate, Asian-Pacific Aggregate, Eurodollar, 144A, and Euro-Yen indices. Credit securities are publicly issued corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes that meet the specified maturity, liquidity and quality requirements.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government/Mortgage Bond Index (formerly Barclays U.S. Government/Mortgage Bond Index) measures debt issued by the U.S. Government, and its agencies, as well as mortgage-backed pass-through securities of Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA), and Freddie Mac (FHLMC).

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond 2% Issuer Capped Index (formerly Barclays U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond 2% Issuer Capped Index) is a component of the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. High-Yield Corporate Bond Index, which measures performance of non-investment grade, fixed rate debt. The index limits the maximum exposure to any one issuer to 2%.

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global measures the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities: Brady bonds, loans, Eurobonds.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

Notes to Performance Summary

The fund's shares may trade at a discount or premium to net asset value. When fund shares trade at a premium, buyers pay more than the net asset value underlying fund shares, and shares purchased at a premium would receive less than the amount paid for them in the event of the fund's concurrent liquidation.

The fund's monthly distributions may include a return of capital to shareholders to the extent that the fund's net investment income and net capital gains, determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, are insufficient to meet the fund's target annual distribution rate. Distributions that are treated for federal income tax purposes as a return of capital will reduce each shareholder's basis in his or her shares and, to the extent the return of capital exceeds such basis, will be treated as gain to the shareholder from a sale of shares. It may also result in a recharacterization of what economically represents a return of capital to ordinary income in those situations where a fund has long term capital gains and a capital loss carryforward. Returns of shareholder capital have the effect of reducing the fund's assets and increasing the fund's expense ratio.

The fund's target annual distribution rate is calculated based on an annual rate of 8.00% of the fund's average monthly net asset value, not a fixed share price, and the fund's dividend amount will fluctuate with changes in the fund's average monthly net assets.

Net asset values and performance results based on net asset value per share do not include adjustments made for financial reporting purposes in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and may differ from amounts reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities or the Financial Highlights.

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Performance Summary continued

From time to time the fund may receive proceeds from litigation settlements, without which performance would be lower.

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In accordance with Section 23(c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, the fund hereby gives notice that it may from time to time repurchase shares of the fund in the open market at the option of the Board of Trustees and on such terms as the Trustees shall determine.

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Portfolio Manager	Primary Role	Since	Title and Five Year History
Richard Hawkins	Lead Portfolio Manager	2006	Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 1988.
William Adams	Below Investment Grade Debt Instruments	2011	Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 2009; Credit Analyst at MFS from 1997 to 2005.
Ward Brown	Portfolio Manager Emerging Markets Debt Instruments	2012	Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 2005.
David Cole	Portfolio Manager Below Investment Grade Debt Instruments	2006	Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 2004.
Pilar Gomez-Bravo	Portfolio Manager Investment Grade Debt Instruments	2013	Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 2013; Managing Director of Imperial Capital from May 2012 to March 2013; Portfolio Manager and Head of Research of Negentropy Capital from June 2011 to April 2012; Co-founder of Marengo Asset Management from June 2010 to April 2011.
Robert Persons	Portfolio Manager Investment Grade Debt Instruments	2013	Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 2000.
Matt Ryan	Portfolio Manager Emerging Markets Debt Instruments Portfolio Manager	2004	Investment Officer of MFS; employed in the investment management area of MFS since 1997.

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DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND CASH PURCHASE PLAN

The fund offers a Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan (the Plan) that allows common shareholders to reinvest either all of the distributions paid by the fund or only the long-term capital gains. Generally, purchases are made at the market price unless that price exceeds the net asset value (the shares are trading at a premium). If the shares are trading at a premium, purchases will be made at a price of either the net asset value or 95% of the market price, whichever is greater. You can also buy shares on a quarterly basis in any amount \$100 and over. The Plan Agent will purchase shares under the Cash Purchase Plan on the 15th of January, April, July, and October or shortly thereafter.

If shares are registered in your own name, new shareholders will automatically participate in the Plan, unless you have indicated that you do not wish to participate. If your shares are in the name of a brokerage firm, bank, or other nominee, you can ask the firm or nominee to participate in the Plan on your behalf. If the nominee does not offer the Plan, you may wish to request that your shares be re-registered in your own name so that you can participate. There is no service charge to reinvest distributions, nor are there brokerage charges for shares issued directly by the fund. However, when shares are bought on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market, each participant pays a pro rata share of the transaction expenses, including commissions. Dividends and capital gains distributions are taxable whether received in cash or reinvested in additional shares the automatic reinvestment of distributions does not relieve you of any income tax that may be payable (or required to be withheld) on the distributions.

If your shares are held directly with the Plan Agent, you may withdraw from the Plan at any time by going to the Plan Agent's website at www.computershare.com/investor, by calling 1-800-637-2304 any business day from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Eastern time or by writing to the Plan Agent at P.O. Box 43078, Providence, RI 02940-3078. Please have available the name of the fund and your account number. For certain types of registrations, such as corporate accounts, instructions must be submitted in writing. Please call for additional details. When you withdraw from the Plan, you can receive the value of the reinvested shares in one of three ways: your full shares will be held in your account, the Plan Agent will sell your shares and send the proceeds to you, or you may transfer your full shares to your investment professional who can hold or sell them. Additionally, the Plan Agent will sell your fractional shares and send the proceeds to you.

If you have any questions or for further information or a copy of the Plan, contact the Plan Agent Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (the Transfer Agent for the fund) at 1-800-637-2304, at the Plan Agent's website at www.computershare.com/investor, or by writing to the Plan Agent at P.O. Box 43078, Providence, RI 02940-3078.

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10/31/16

The Portfolio of Investments is a complete list of all securities owned by your fund. It is categorized by broad-based asset classes.

Bonds - 112.9%		
Issuer	Shares/Par	Value (\$)
Aerospace - 0.5%		
CPI International, Inc., 8.75%, 2/15/2018	\$ 1,115,000	\$ 1,131,725
Lockheed Martin Corp., 3.55%, 1/15/2026	406,000	431,312
TransDigm, Inc., 6%, 7/15/2022	245,000	255,413
TransDigm, Inc., 6.5%, 7/15/2024	700,000	736,750
		\$ 2,555,200
Airlines - 0.1%		
Ryanair Ltd., 1.125%, 3/10/2023	EUR 325,000	\$ 360,316
Apparel Manufacturers - 0.1%		
Christian Dior SE, 0.75%, 6/24/2021	EUR 300,000	\$ 331,859
Asset-Backed & Securitized - 5.2%		
Atrium CDO Corp., FRN, 1.42%, 11/16/2022 (z)	\$ 1,541,499	\$ 1,540,561
Banc of America Commercial Mortgage, Inc., FRN, 5.745%, 2/10/2051	1,313,978	1,336,926
Bayview Financial Revolving Mortgage Loan Trust, FRN, 2.123%, 12/28/2040 (z)	1,873,963	1,387,464
Chesapeake Funding II LLC, 2016-1A, A2, FRN, 1.674%, 3/15/2028 (n)	1,550,000	1,562,464
Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.711%, 12/10/2049	390,311	32,182
Citigroup/Deutsche Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 5.366%, 12/11/2049	1,400,000	1,409,623
Credit Suisse Commercial Mortgage Trust, AM, FRN, 5.69%, 6/15/2039	1,781,000	1,797,903
Crest Ltd., CDO, 7%, 1/28/2040 (a)(p)	3,139,965	367,439
Dryden Senior Loan Fund, 2013-26A, A, CLO, FRN, 1.98%, 7/15/2025 (n)	1,500,000	1,488,669
Dryden Senior Loan Fund, 2014-31A, C, CLO, FRN, 3.731%, 4/18/2026 (z)	1,750,000	1,747,654
Enterprise Fleet Financing LLC, 2014-1, A2, 0.87%, 9/20/2019 (n)	297,965	297,817
Falcon Franchise Loan LLC, FRN, 441.768%, 1/05/2025 (i)(z)	11,834	2,873
First Union National Bank Commercial Mortgage Trust, FRN, 2.187%, 1/12/2043 (i)(q)(z)	131,887	532
First Union-Lehman Brothers Bank of America, FRN, 1.072%, 11/18/2035 (i)	2,951,567	33,027
Greenwich Capital Commercial Funding Corp., 5.475%, 3/10/2039	1,745,342	