HARMONY GOLD MINING CO LTD

Form 6-K

August 15, 2008

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO

RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES

EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the 12 month period and the quarter ended 30 June 2008

Harmony Gold Mining Company

Limited

Suite No. 1

Private Bag X1

Melrose Arch, 2076

South Africa

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-

F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F X

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by

Form 40-F

furnishing the information contained in this form

is also thereby furnishing the information to the

Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)

Yes No X

ANNUAL HIGHLIGHTS

Cash operating profit up by 26%

Extensive restructuring of operations completed

Harmony PNG/Newcrest Stage 1 of partnership finalised (shortly after year end)

Tshepong 66 decline project complete

Phakisa brought into production

FINANCIAL SUMMARY FOR THE FOURTH QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008 (All results exclude Discontinued Operations unless otherwise indicated)

Quarter

Quarter

Q-on-Q

Quarter

June 2008

March 2008

% variance

June 2007

FY08

FY07

Gold produced

-kg

11 694

10 347

13.0

12 414

48 227

54 340

– oz

375 970

332 662

13.0

399 118 1 550 527

1 747 071

Cash costs

-R/kg

138 940

146 620

5.2

149 379

138 319

110 785

- \$/oz

556

609

8.7

655

```
479
Cash operating profit
– Rm
995
817
21.8
25
2 5 3 7
2 0 1 6
- US$m
128
111
15.3
4
351
280
Basic (loss)/profit
- SA c/s
(60)
38
(257.9)
(43)
(199)
206
- US c/s
(8)
5
(60.0)
(6)
(27)
29
Headline profit/(loss)
- SA c/s
38
39
(2.6)
(81)
19
96
- US c/s
5
5
(11)
3
13
P
FINANCIAL REVIEW FOR THE FOURTH QUARTER AND
YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008
```

P 2
TABLE OF CONTENTS
Chief Executive's Review
3
Safety and Health Report
Fourth Quarter and year ended June 2008 under review
8
Capital Expenditure
Quarterly Profit Comparison for Continuing Operations
South African Underground Operations
- Tshepong Mine
- Tshepong Wille
– Phakisa
13
– Doornkop
14
– Elandsrand
15
- Target Mine
16
- Masimong Mine
16 Evender Operations
– Evander Operations
– Bambanani
16
– Joel
16
– Virginia Operations
17
South African Surface Operations
18
– Kalgold
18
- Project Phoenix
18
International Operations
– Hidden Valley
19
Discontinued Operations
20 Cooks Plant Operations
Cooke Plant Operations20
Randfontein Operations

Exploration
– Wafi-Golpu
21
– Exploration results and programme
21
Operating results – Continuing Operations (Rand/Metric)
Operating results including Discontinued Operations (Rand/Metric)
Condensed consolidated income statement (Rand)
Condensed consolidated balance sheet (Rand)
Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity (Rand)
Condensed consolidated cash flow statement (Rand)
Notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements for the fourth quarter and year ended 30 June 2008 . 32
Detailed operating information year ended 30 June 2008 (Rand/Metric)
Detailed operating information year ended 30 June 2007 (Rand/Metric)
Operating results – Continuing Operations (US\$/Imperial)
Operating results including Discontinued Operations (US\$/Imperial)
Condensed consolidated income statement (US\$)
Condensed consolidated balance sheet (US\$)
Condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity (US\$)
Condensed consolidated cash flow statement (US\$)
Detailed operating information year ended 30 June 2008 (US\$/Imperial)
Detailed operating information year ended 30 June 2007 (US\$/Imperial)
Development results (Metric) and (Imperial)
Contact details

CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REVIEW

It is my pleasure as Chief Executive Officer of Harmony to submit this financial report for the financial year ended 30 June 2008

to shareholders after managing the company for a full financial year.

2008 Review

I will briefly review the company's activities over the past year and its current financial status, expanding on the changes that

were implemented to return the company to profitability in order to generate positive financial returns, in the future, for our

shareholders.

Before proceeding with this year's corporate and financial activities, I would like to draw attention to the Elandsrand incident

that occurred on 3 October 2007. I want to thank our Chairman and the Harmony team involved in the successful handling of

the incident for their support and sterling efforts. Gratefully there were no negative consequences from the compressed air

column that fell down the mine shaft.

The Elandsrand incident brought the South African mining industry's safety record squarely under the spotlight. This has

triggered a heightened sense of corporate awareness towards the critical issues of occupational safety and health. Safety

enjoys priority at Harmony and non-negotiable safety standards have been formulated which are reviewed and performances

audited. I am pleased to inform you that last year's positive safety performance was maintained in the 2008 financial year.

Turning to the financial performance for the year under review, we carried out a due diligence on our mines towards the end

of 2007 to understand the challenges facing the company at that time. Based on the findings we embarked on a restructuring

strategy. We recognised that stringent cost control measures had to be put in place to reduce their negative impact. Thus, all

capital expenditure was reviewed and all frills expended without disrupting the delivery of the projects. The restructuring

process also brought about the transfers of 13 101 employees and the termination of employment of 5 119 of our employees.

This reduced the average age of our workforce from 47 to 43 years.

Management was strengthened and we decentralised our regional operations. We also made changes to our mining structure

by eliminating coaches and re-introducing mine captains and shift bosses to improve production.

Harsh decisions had to be taken regarding the productivity and efficiency of Conops at some of our operations. During the year

Conops was terminated at Elandsrand, Evander 2 and 5, Cooke 1, 2 and 3 shafts, Masimong and Tshepong. I am pleased to

report that some benefits are already evident in the current quarter from Tshepong and Elandsrand where production has been

boosted.

Unfortunately early in January 2008, the South African economy suffered a setback when Eskom – the national power utility –

announced that it was unable to supply uninterrupted power to the mining industry, amongst others. This affected our strategic planning; new plans, incorporating the reduced power consumption, were devised and implemented. The company

continues to operate on 90% electricity consumption – 10% down from its previous consumption.

The new strategic plans aligned the whole company with the aim to conserve electricity. This led to shafts and mining areas of

high energy consumption being closed down. Taking the electricity challenge into account, our objective for the next year,

barring any unforeseen circumstances, is to maintain the current production level of 12 000kg of gold per quarter from the

13 500kg before the power reduction. We have laid out an aggressive schedule to bring all our projects to full capacity by 2012.

The last component of the due diligence was to honour the transactions that had been entered into with regards to our discontinued

assets in South Africa and Australia. Accordingly, Orkney 2, 4 and 7 shafts were purchased by Pamodzi Gold who took full ownership

on 27 February 2008 when the transaction was renegotiated, bringing Harmony's shareholding in Pamodzi Gold to 32%.

South Kal Mines in Australia was sold to Dioro Exploration NL and all conditions precedent were met on 30 November 2007.

Unfortunately the Mt Magnet deal was not concluded and we have recommenced the sale process. In the interim, the operations remain on care and maintenance, but we continue with the exploration of our tenements in the area.

Concurrently with the restructuring, we pursued joint venture opportunities that offered obvious operational synergies. On the

Cooke shafts in Randfontein and in the Cooke tailings dam, we recognised the uranium potential, together with the gold

potential and realised that this could be a formidable value creation opportunity. On 19 December 2007, Harmony concluded

P

an agreement with Pamodzi Resources Fund (PRF) and First Reserve Incorporated (FRI), backed by APM and FRI, whereby we

would retain a 40% stake in a new company (Rand Uranium Company) by selling 60% to PRF. The agreement has been

extended to 12 September 2008 due to outstanding conditions precedent which include the approvals from the Department

of Minerals and Energy and the National Nuclear Regulator.

It gives me pleasure to announce that all the conditions precedent have been met for the 50:50 joint venture entered into on

22 April 2008 with Newcrest Mining Limited, Australia, for Harmony's PNG assets. The first tranche of the deal, US\$229 million,

was received by Harmony on 7 August 2008. This concludes Stage 1 signifying Newcrest's ownership of 30.01% and the

commencement of Stage 2, which requires that Newcrest increase its interest to 50% through the sole funding of all the capital

expenditure for Hidden Valley. As mentioned previously, Newcrest is a quality partner with significant technical skills that will

provide additional expertise to the existing Harmony team in PNG and add to the development potential of the PNG assets.

The creation of the joint venture reduces Harmony's operational risk in PNG and strengthens Harmony's balance sheet, simultaneously reducing our capital expenditure requirements at Hidden Valley. In addition, the partnership improves the

potential of the Wafi-Golpu deposit and its prospective exploration tenements, to turn them to viable resources. GROUP PERFORMANCE

Harmony's operations recorded a satisfactory operational improvement in the fourth quarter, however, the Group delivered a

disappointing financial performance for the financial year ended 30 June 2008.

A net loss of R245 million was recorded compared with a net profit of R382 million for the financial year ended 30 June 2007.

This is mainly due to non-cash item losses from the sale of Gold Fields shares amounting to R459 million, the loss from

associates (primarily Pamodzi Gold) amounting to R78 million, impairment of investments in associates (primarily Pamodzi

Gold) of R95 million and impairment of assets amounting to R316 million.

Revenue for the year from continuing operations was up by 14.6% to R9 210 million from R8 037 million for the financial

year 2007 on the back of an improved gold price in dollar terms of US\$818/oz and a steady R/\$ exchange rate of R7.26. The

Group's cash operating profit increased by 25.8% to R2 537 million compared with R2 016 million for 2007.

Cash operating costs increased year-on-year by R652 million from R6 021 million to R6 673 million, for the year under review.

Although stringent measures for cost containment had been implemented throughout the company, inflationary pressures

were evident not only in most of our consumables such as electricity, steel and fuel, to a lesser degree, but also salaries.

Harmony's total cash operating costs were up by 7.1% quarter-on-quarter to R1 625 million from R1 517 million. The company

ascribes this in part to increases in electricity tariffs, production tonnages and the bonus incentives paid to mine overseers and

shift bosses after the change in the mining structure.

Harmony reported a basic loss from continuing operations of 199 cents per share for the year under review compared with a

profit of 206 cents per share for financial year 2007 and headline earnings of 19 cents per share for financial year 2008 compared with a headline earnings of 96 cents per share for financial year 2007.

Other financial items

Exploration expenditure

Harmony's exploration activities for continuing operations carried out during the year amounted to R205 million compared

with R194 million in financial year 2007. Exploration activities occurred mostly in Papua New Guinea. The Wafi-Golpu

exploration tenements have been a large focus area with exploration occurring on four potential copper-gold porphyry deposits. Exploration for further gold deposits in the area surrounding the Hidden Valley mine was done and will continue

in 2009.

Continued exploration in PNG and the high-potential Wafi-Golpu area positions Harmony favourably for substantial growth.

We will continue to focus on our drive to establish viable resources to add to our pipeline of gold ounces.

P

A small amount of drilling exploration also occurred in South Africa. Harmony's South African exploration programme for 2009

financial year includes the drilling of Evander South and several underground areas in existing operations (mainly B-reef and

A-reef) in the Free State.

Impairment

An impairment of R316 million is attributed to the re-assessment of the assets at Evander 5, West Shaft, Kudu/Sable and Kalgold.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Attributable capital expenditure during 2008 totalled R3 647 million, of which R1 428 million of this expenditure was incurred at

the Hidden Valley mine project in Papua New Guinea. It is anticipated that Hidden Valley will require similar capex investment in

the 2009 financial year. Harmony will, however, only be responsible for a small portion of that commitment as our joint venture

partner Newcrest will cover the remaining requirements from August 2008 as prescribed by Stage 2 of the partnership. STRATEGY

The lengthy process of business plans was finalised toward the end of the June 2008 quarter. The Group's business strategy

has now been rolled out throughout the Group.

Each operation has been separately assessed and individual benchmarks and targets – which must be achieved by each operation –

have been applied. The production benchmarks include tonnes per man, grams per person and cost reduction in Rand per kilogram.

We are confident that improvements in costs, safety, productivity, grade and mine call factors will become evident in the quarters

ahead.

In addition, Harmony recently committed to training programmes and related development initiatives, especially in the fields

of leadership development and team training. These programmes are already showing improvements in attitudes and morale.

ORE RESERVES

At 30 June 2008, Harmony's ore reserves reflected a year-on-year depletion of 2.0 million ounces. Corporate activity, restructuring of certain shafts and geological related changes accounts for a further decrease of 5.6 million ounces of reserves.

On the positive side there is a net addition of 4.5 million ounces of reserves from surface stockpiles.

The Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves, produced in accordance with the South African Code for the Reporting

of Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves (SAMREC Code), the Australian Code (JORC Code) as well as with the Industry Guide

7 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, shows Harmony's gold mineral resources of 253.6 million ounces and

ore reserves of 50.5 million ounces as at 30 June 2008. The mineral resources indicates a year-on-year negative variance of

28 million ounces mainly as a result of corporate activity relating to Papua New Guinea, Australia and the Randfontein Cooke

shafts.

A gold price of US\$750/oz was used for the conversion of Mineral Resources to Ore Reserves at our South African and

Australian operations. An exchange rate of US\$/ZAR7.46 for South Africa and AU\$/US\$0.80 for Australia has been used,

resulting in a gold price of R180 000/kg and AU\$850/oz, respectively.

In addition to the gold reserves, Harmony also reports its equity reserves (69.9%) for silver, copper and molybdenum from its

PNG operations. Metal prices are assumed at US12/oz for silver, US2.40/lb for copper and US20/lb for molybdenum.

DIVIDEND

Harmony's continued commitments to large capital expenditure projects will mean that the cash generated by the operations

will be used to continue to fund our projects into full production stage. To this end, no final dividend was declared by the Board

of Directors for the financial year ended 30 June 2008. The dividend policy will be reviewed in the second half of the 2009 financial year.

P

OUTLOOK

Harmony's outlook remains focused on sustainable organic growth. Opportunities for further optimisation, improved production and production cost management will be exploited. Enhanced cash flow will be used prudently to reduce our debt

and finance new mine capacity and other growth initiatives.

PNG and specifically the Wafi-Golpu area, because of its proximity to our Hidden Valley project, will remain our major

exploration focus. This region provides opportunities to create value for shareholders because of the possibilities of a larger

and longer pipeline of quality and diversified commodity projects. Thus, some of the funds available to Harmony from the

Newcrest partnership will be invested in exploring our tenements for additional reserves and resources.

In South Africa, Evander South in Mpumalanga offers several new opportunities for additional reserves. This implies commensurate exploration opportunities for the adjacent Poplar and Rolspruit areas. Furthermore, with the strong Rand/Dollar

gold price, growth opportunities are plentiful from the 1 billion tonnes of surface tailings in the Free State of which the

possibility of treating 12Mt a year at St Helena over the next 20 years will be investigated.

Harmony has been and will remain an acquisitive company should opportunities exist or arise. Lately, we have entered into

several partnering relationships, the largest being with Rand Uranium and Newcrest in PNG. We will continue to look for value

opportunities on partnering some of our assets that have not been approved by the board as new projects for the 2009 financial capital programme.

A vote of thanks

I wish to thank the Board of Directors for their valued support and guidance during one of Harmony's toughest years. I wish

to thank all the employees and managers of Harmony for their hard work and depth of commitment to achieving targets and

to elevate performance. Lastly, I would like to thank our shareholders for their loyalty to Harmony through this tough period.

P

SAFETY AND HEALTH REPORT

Harmony recorded an improved safety performance for FY2008

Target achieved three and a half years of Fatality Free shifts

Evander achieved 1 500 000 Fatality Free shifts

Tshepong Mines achieved 500 000 Fatality Free shifts

Virginia operations achieved One Million Fatality Free shifts

Fatality injury rate (per million hours worked)

It is encouraging that the improvements in safety performance achieved by Harmony in 2007 were sustained in 2008. Management remains committed to zero-fatalities and every effort is being made to achieve this objective. Safety is the number

one priority among all operational teams and many hours are being dedicated towards safety leadership and awareness.

Safety audits have been intensified and the second audit programme was completed at the end of June 2008. These audits

include some non-negotiable safety principles:

Management to lead by example

Continuous verbal communication with all team members

Visible awareness-creation on safety

Recognise and reward safety achievements

Involve all stakeholders

The June quarter showed a 31.8% improvement in the fatality injury frequency rate (FIFR) of 0.15 compared with 0.35 for the

March quarter. An annualised improvement of 18.2% was achieved for 2008.

The Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) improved by 19.7% during the quarter from a rate of 13.46 to 11.39, while an

exceptional annualised improvement of 16% was achieved.

Regrettably four employees lost their lives at Harmony's operations during the June 2008 quarter as a result of work-related

accidents. Harmony's deepest condolences are extended to the families of the deceased employees.

During the year under review, the Group recorded some remarkable safety achievements, among them was Target's formidable

feat of three years of fatality free shifts. During the June 2008 quarter, Evander and Tshepong both attained half-a-million fatality

free shifts and Virginia, comprising Harmony, Merriespruit, Unisel and Brand, achieved their One Million Fatality Free shifts.

There were no lost time injuries at Hidden Valley during the quarter. Part of this success can be attributed to effective weekly

site inspections. In addition, several training and proficiency programmes were developed and rolled out during June 2008

These are designed to improve the level of risk identification and safe work practices at construction sites.

P

FOURTH QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008 UNDER REVIEW

Volumes milled for the June 2008 quarter increased by 9.9% from 4 125 000 tonnes to 4 534 000 tonnes. Production was up

by 13%, with an increase of 1 347kg of gold compared with the March 2008 quarter. This is despite the four public holidays

during the quarter.

The disappointing 5.4% drop in the SA underground recovery grade from 4.81g/t to 4.55g/t for the quarter, is ascribed to a

19.0% drop in grade at Tshepong and 9.2% at Masimong. This was partly offset by a 15.0% and 11.8% higher recovery grade

from Target and Bambanani, respectively.

Joel Mine had a good quarter recovering from all the shaft stoppages in the past and recorded 49.5% more tonnes and 46.4%

more kilograms of gold compared with the previous quarter.

Attributable gold produced from the continuing SA underground operations during the June 2008 quarter, increased to 10 396kg from 9 302kg in the March 2008 quarter, due to an 18.1% increase in tonnages.

The Group's increased gold production from 10 347kg to 11 694kg, a lower gold price received of R224 036/kg from R225 544/kg and good cash cost containment resulted in a cash operating profit of R995 million compared with R817 million

in the previous quarter.

The Group's Rand per ton cost dropped from R368/t previously to R358/t for June 2008. The Rand per kilogram cost decreased

from R146 620/kg in March 2008 to R138 940/kg in June 2008.

The performance of the company's continuing operations is set out in the following tables:

O-on-O

June 2008

March 2008

% Variance

June 2007

FY08

FY07

Production

– kg

11 694

10 347

13.0

12 414

48 227

54 340

Production

-oz

375 970

332 662

13.0

399 118

1 550 527

1 747 071

Revenue

- R/kg

224 036

(0.7)151 418 190 958 147 808 Revenue - US\$/oz 897 944 (5.0)664 818 639 Cash cost -R/kg138 940 146 620 5.2 149 379 138 319 110 785 Cash cost - US\$/oz 556 609 8.7 655 591 479 Exchange rate - USD/ZAR 7.77 7.43 (4.6)7.09 7.26 7.20 Gold production from discontinuing operations was 12 387kg (398 249oz) for the year under review compared with 18 262kg (587 127oz) for the financial year 2007. Cash operating profit and margins Q-on-Q June 2008 March 2008 % Variance June 2007 **FY08** FY07 Cash operating profit (Rm) 995 817 21.8

25 2 537 2 016 Cash operating profit margin (%) 38.0 35.0 8.6 1.3 27.6 25.1 P

Quarter on quarter cash operating profit variance analysis (continuing operations) Cash operating profit – March 2008 R816.6 million volume increase 359.9 million - working cost increase (107.9) million - recovery grade reduction (51.2) million - gold price reduction (22.3) million - net variance 178.5 million Cash operating profit – June 2008 R995.1 million Analysis of earnings per share (continuing operations) (SA cents) Ouarter ended Quarter ended Earnings per share June 2008 March 2008 **FY08 FY07** Basic (loss)/earnings (60)38 (199)206 Headline earnings/(loss) 38 39 19 96 Fully diluted (loss)/earnings (60)38 (199)204 Reconciliation between basic (loss)/earnings and headline earnings (continuing operations) Ouarter ended Quarter ended Headline earnings per share (cents) June 2008 March 2008 Basic (loss)/earnings (60)Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment 8

Loss on sale of joint venture

```
1
Impairment of investment in associates
24
Impairment of property, plant and equipment
Impairment of intangible assets
Provision for doubtful debt
Headline earnings
39
Reconciliation between basic (loss)/earnings and headline earnings (continuing operations)
Headline earnings per share (cents)
FY08
FY07
Basic (loss)/earnings
(199)
206
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment
(32)
Loss on sale of listed investment
115
Loss on sale of joint venture
Profit on sale of associate
(56)
Impairment of investment in associates
24
Impairment/(Reversal of impairment) of property, plant and equipment
39
(29)
Impairment of intangible assets
26
Provision for doubtful debt
13
Headline earnings
19
96
```

P 9

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Attributable capital expenditure incurred during 2008 totalled R3 647 million, of which R1 428 million of this expenditure was

incurred at the Hidden Valley mine project in Papua New Guinea. It is anticipated that Hidden Valley will require similar capex

investment in the 2009 financial year. Harmony will, however, only be responsible for a small portion of that commitment as our

joint venture partner Newcrest will cover the remaining requirements from August 2008 as prescribed by Stage 2 of the partnership

agreement.

Actual quarter

Actual quarter

Operational Capex

June 2008

March 2008

Rm

Rm

South African Operations

470

346

Total Operational Capex

470

346

Capital

invested

Project Capex

to date

Rm

Rm

Rm

Doornkop South Reef

87

79

956

Elandsrand New Mine

2

28

776

Tshepong Sub 66 Decline

5

6

289

Phakisa Shaft

84

62

866

Hidden Valley, PNG

668

324

2 049

Total Project Capex

846 499 4 9 3 6 **Total Capex** 1 316 845 Actual Actual **Operational Capex FY08 FY07** Rm Rm South African operations 1 471 1 127 Surface operations International operations **Total Operational Capex** 1 471 1 127 **Project Capex** Doornkop South Reef 328 238 Elandsrand New Mine 128 114 Tshepong North Decline 29 62 Phakisa Shaft 263 234 Hidden Valley PNG 1 428 526 **Total Project Capex** 2 176 1 174 **Total Capex** 3 647 2 3 0 1 QUARTERLY PROFIT COMPARISON FOR CONTINUING OPERATIONS Operation Working profit (Rm) Variances (Rm) June 2008 March 2008 Variance

Volume

Grade Price Costs SA underground operations 814.3 684.5 129.8 354.2 (103.4)(19.2) (101.8)Surface operations 180.8 132.1 48.7 5.7 52.2 (3.1) (6.1) Total Harmony 995.1 816.6 178.5 359.9 (51.2) (22.3)(107.9)

P 10

SOUTH AFRICAN UNDERGROUND OPERATIONS

Includes the following shafts: Tshepong, Phakisa, Doornkop, Elandsrand, Target, Masimong, Evander, Bambanani, Joel, Virginia

Operations.

Q-on-Q

June 2008

March 2008

% Variance

June 2007

U/g tonnes milled

(000)

2 283

1 934

18.0

2 444

U/g recovery grade

(g/t)

4.55

4.81

(5.4)

4.79

U/g kilograms produced

(kg)

10 396

9 302

11.8

11 708

U/g operating costs

(R/kg)

145 808

152 026

4.1

152 336

U/g working costs

(R/tonne)

664

731

9.2

730

Tshepong Mine

Production

Volumes at Tshepong improved by 21.2% quarter-on-quarter from 326 000 tonnes to 395 000 tonnes. This is in part attributed

to the first full quarter of operating on non-Conops.

Tshepong, however, recorded a disappointing 19% decrease in grade from 6.11g/t to 4.95g/t due to a drop in face grade in

the NW 2 and EN areas.

Costs were steady and, notwithstanding the added pressures of inflation, cash operating costs were down by 1.0% quarter-

on-quarter at R107 055/kg from R107 943/kg for the previous quarter.

The termination of Conops initially had a negative impact on productivity. However, after the first full quarter of operating on

non-Conops, the positive effects on production levels and efficiency are evident.

Project overview

Sub 66 Decline Project overview

Sub 66 decline is currently in a production build-up phase. The project was completed in June 2008 and all of the

expended. An outstanding engineering component of the project will be completed in the next financial year.

Poor ground conditions in the 72-Belt x/c has required additional secondary support and has delayed the equipping of the 72-Belt x/c. All the major equipment has been procured and once the secondary support has been completed the labour

component will be employed to complete the engineering work.

Annual Capex profile

Table (Rm)

2003

2004

2005

2006

2007

2008

2009

Total

Actual Sunk

32.8

66.6

40.6

52.9

66.7

29.3

288.9

Forecast

2.9

2.9

Total

32.8

66.6

40.6

52.9

66.7 29.3

2.9

291.8

Full production

The Sub 66 decline has commenced production and will be in build-up phase during the next two years when it will come into

full production.

P

Sub 71 Decline Project Overview

A total of 1 089 metres has been developed. The material decline is 20% complete, the chairlift 33% complete and 56% of

the 73-level station has been completed.

The project has experienced operational delays and high escalation cost over the past year. It is also being constrained by a

dearth of design and engineering draughting work services countrywide.

Future milestones

Construct and equip Sub 71 trackless workshop

- September 2008

Complete reaming of pilot-hole for Sub 71 ventilation

- September 2008

Complete manufacturing drawings for Sub 71 decline conveyor

- September 2008

Annual Capex profile

Table (Rm)

2008

2009

2010

Total

Actual Sunk

24.3

24.3

Forecast

60.9

32.7

93.6

Total

24.3

60.9

32.7

117.9

1st production

August 2012

Full production

July 2017

Schematic picture of production

P

Phakisa

Production

Volumes improved from 9 000 tonnes to 16 000 tonnes for the June 2008 quarter. Gold production at Phakisa was 13.2% higher at 60kg from 53kg, but this quarter's lower grade extracted from Nyala shaft impacted on the overall gold output.

Grade decreased by 36.3% from 5.89g/t to 3.75g/t.

Grade variances will continue in future as most of the ore tonnages will be from ore development and stoping in the Nyala shaft area. Build-up in face availability at Phakisa shaft will take time and grade should be more representative of

the Phakisa orebody in two years' time.

Phakisa is in build-up production phase and consequently the mining mix will be difficult to achieve until flexibility can be

gained from the developed reserve.

Project overview

A total of 6 895 metres of development was completed on 66, 69, 71, 73 and 75 levels.

The Rail-veyor was commissioned and cycle-times are improving. A second train is scheduled for commissioning in September 2008. Phase 1 of the surface infrastructure has been completed whilst the civil construction and erection of main

buildings have commenced.

Annual Capital expenditure profile

Table (Rm)

2004

2005

2006

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

2012

Total

Actual Sunk

117

116

147

222

263

866

Forecast

330

76

46 30

482

Total

117

116

147

222

263

76

46 30

1 348

1st production

September 2008

Full production

June 2011

Future milestones

Holing second raise line

- August 2008

First revenue from 69 level to commence

- September 2008

Start decline project (one year early)

- November 2008

P

Doornkop

Production

Higher volumes milled from 74 000 tonnes to 126 000 tonnes and better recovery grade, resulted in 86.4% improved production from 184kg to 343kgs. The recovery was also 9.2% higher at 2.72g/t from 2.49g/t for the period under review.

Total costs at Doornkop were down by 50.2% at R148 157/kg compared with R297 293/kg. Costs for the quarter reflected an

improvement in unit cost parameters as well as cash operating costs. The higher costs incurred in the March quarter are in

part due to the low volumes milled as a result of the planned stoppage to complete shaft work.

Doornkop's Kimberley reef conventional section was stopped due to poor grade being experienced. Contrary to this, the

South Reef operations experienced an increase in production with square metres mined improving 58% on the previous

quarter. Further improvements could be expected in the September quarter.

Project overview

Station development continues on 205 and 207 levels with a total of 3 061 cubic metres excavated. Access development also

continued on 192, 197 and 202 levels with 288m excavated. Secondary development is also underway on 192 and 197 levels

with 407m achieved.

Equipping of the loading station on 212 level is underway and is all that remains of the shaft-sinking programme.

Construction

of the pump station and loading levels is also underway following the completion of most of the excavations on 205, 207

and 212 levels.

The updated schedule provides for the main shaft to be partially commissioned by July 2008.

Annual Capital expenditure profile

Table (Rm)

2003

2004

2005

2006

2007

2007

2008

2009

2010 2011

2012

Total

Actual Sunk

13

98

114

147

256

328

956

Forecast

271

109

31

678

Total

13

98

114

147

256

328

271

267

109

31

1 634

1st production

July 2007

Full production

July 2012

Future milestones

Main shaft partially commissioned

- July 2008

Rock winder commissioned

- November 2008

Pump station on 207 level commissioned

– November 2008

P

P

15

Elandsrand

Production

In the June quarter, tonnages milled at Elandsrand increased from 214 000 tonnes to 293 000 tonnes. Gold production was

44.6% higher at 1 540kgs compared with 1 065kgs for the previous quarter. Recovery grade increased to 5.26g/t from 4.98g/t;

a 5.6% increase for the June 2008 quarter.

Cash operating costs were down by 14.8% to R134 961/kg from R158 494/kg for the quarter under review.

A stringent cost control effort helped to reduce costs: plant costs decreased and labour costs were lower due to the discontinuation of the Conops allowances. Increases were, however, seen in stores, electricity and contractor wages. Project overview

The switchgear and cables for the 22 kV system to and from surface and 100 level was commissioned. We are currently waiting

for Eskom to liven the transformer at the Elandsrand Main sub-station. The installation of the 600mm chilled water feed and

return columns, connecting No. 2 and No. 3 Service Shafts on 105 level, is progressing slowly. Additional sliping in the haulage

had to be completed to accommodate the columns where the haulage is too narrow. The 115 L dam wall for No. 1 Settler was

cast during the quarter and the suction pipeline was installed between the dam and the pump station. The infrastructure development of the 100 level cooling dam chamber is still being rehabilitated with additional support following the major fall

of ground of December 2007. The Refrigeration Plant sub-station was blasted to size and supported. The blasting of the

98 level's condenser dam chamber was completed during the quarter and the raise boring sites prepared to drill between 98 and

100 levels. The raise boring of the No. 3 centre hole was completed and preparations done for the sinking of the sub-bank.

Development on 113 level progressed well during the quarter and the East RAW reached the "End of Capital" position and now

forms part of the mine's "On Going" development.

Annual Capital expenditure profile

Table (Rm)

2002

2003

2004

2005

2006

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

Total

Actual Sunk

107.0

106.2

105.5

96.1 119.6 113.7 127.9 776.0 Forecast 133.3 81.5 13.4 228.2 Total 107.0 106.2 105.5 96.1 119.6 113.7 127.9 133.3 81.5 13.4 1 004.2 **Project Production Tonnes Milled** % Split Kilograms % Split Old Mine 136 989 47 736 46 New Mine 155 722 53 853 54 **Total Mine** 292 711 1 589 1st production October 2003 Full production

100 level, liven 22 kV sub-station complete

– July 2008

June 2012

115 level pump station commission

- September 2008

Future milestones

Access development on 113 level complete
– January 2009

P

16

Target Mine

Target recorded an improved performance with a 2.6% increase in volumes from 154 000 tonnes to 158 000 tonnes. A 15.0%

improvement in recovery grade from 3.67g/t to 4.22g/t lead to 101 more kilograms being produced from the 565kg previously.

Notwithstanding a better performance, Target experienced water handling and belt system delays at the beginning of the

quarter. Fragmentation, crusher and belt, as well as insufficient drill reserves, were additional challenges.

Cash operating costs were 13.2% up to R174 910/kg from R154 552/kg mainly due to increases in fuel, trackless accessories

and adjusted salaries mainly to retain trackless specialised people.

Masimong Mine

Volumes at Masimong improved by 26.7% from 161 000 tonnes to 204 000 tonnes. This is attributed to restructuring and

people interventions leading to the improved production level and higher efficiencies. Kilograms produced were up by 15.1%

at 886kg from 770kg.

Grade was 9.2% lower at 4.34g/t from 4.78g/t mainly due to lack of higher B Reef grade availability.

Cash operating costs increased by 3.2% to R173 244/kg from R167 839/kg previously. Increases were seen in electricity, stores

and overtime to make up for lost public holidays.

Evander Operations

At Evander tonnages milled increased by 7.9% quarter on quarter to 300 000 tonnes from 278 000 tonnes. Gold produced was

3.1% higher at 1 546kg compared with 1 500kg for the previous quarter.

Grade was 4.6% lower at 5.15g/t compared with 5.40g/t in March mainly due to Stoping width increasing in the 3 Decline areas.

Cost control initiatives have been implemented and this has begun to produce results. Cash operating costs were 10.1% down

to R128 616/kg versus R143 107/kg.

At Evander 8 shaft the fourth airway for additional ventilation was completed. The support of the bottom 105m of the raise

bore hole between 17 and 24

1

2

levels is complete and reaming is in progress. Seven cooling units in various development ends and stopes have been installed to assist with the environmental conditions.

Bambanani

A 15.3% reduction in volumes from 157 000 tonnes to 133 000 tonnes were produced at Bambanani for the June 2008 quarter.

This was, however, offset by the 11.8% increase in recovery grade from 6.79g/t to 7.59g/t, leading to only a 5.3% decrease in

gold production from 1 066kg to 1 009kg.

The reduction in tonnages was ascribed to waste that was stored in the old scaled ore pass for stability reasons.

The mine experienced a marked reduction in costs on the back of reduced volumes and labour. Cash operating costs were

9.9% down at R142 959/kg from R158 595/kg.

Joel

Joel had an excellent June 2008 quarter. Volumes milled were up by 49.5% from 91 000 tonnes to 136 000 tonnes. Higher

volumes and a steady grade of 4.50g/t lead to a 46.4% increase in gold production of 612kg for the June quarter compared

with 418kg for the March 2008 quarter.

The excellent gold production contributed to the 24.5% reduction in cash operating costs from R164 821/kg to R124 490/kg.

P 17 Virginia Operations St Helena, Harmony, Merriespruit, Unisel, Brand June 2008 March 2008 % Variance June 2007 U/g tonnes milled (000)522 470 11.1 568 U/g recovery grade (g/t)3.40 3.60 (5.6)3.82 U/g kilograms produced (kg) 1 777 1 690 5.2 2 166 U/g working costs (R/kg)197 366 171 209 (15.3)177 564 U/g working costs (R/tonne) 672 616 (9.1)

Although the Virginia Operations recorded an 11.1% improvement in tonnages milled from 470 000 tonnes to 522 000 tonnes

quarter-on-quarter was recorded, it experienced a difficult quarter having to contend with labour go-slows and several

Grade was down by 5.6% mainly due to poorer grades at Unisel, Brand 3 and Harmony 2 shafts. Gold production increased by

5.2% due to higher tonnages milled from 1 690kg to 1 777kg.

Cash operating costs were 15.3% higher at R197 366/kg from R171 209/kg. This is ascribed to electricity increases and stores.

P 18 SOUTH AFRICAN SURFACE OPERATIONS Kalgold, Phoenix, Free Gold surface and Target surface O-on-O June 2008 March 2008 % Variance June 2007 Surface tonnes milled (000)2 2 5 1 2 191 2.7 1 202 Surface recovery grade (g/t)0.58 0.48 20.8 0.59 Kilograms produced (kg) 1 298 1 045 24.2 706 Working costs (R/kg)83 935 98 504 14.8 100 313 Working costs (R/tonne) 48 47 (2.1)59 Kalgold Tons milled were slightly down by 1.3% at 384 000 tonnes from 389 000 tonnes. This is mainly due to lost production unforeseen breakdowns, lower milling rates and four days of delays caused by rain. Grade decreased by 9.6% from 1.87g/t to 1.69g/t quarter-on-quarter mainly because of lower grade ore from other However, grade from the D-zone – the main source of ore – was higher at 2.81g/t. D-zone will continue to be the main source of ore until the first quarter of the 2009 calendar year when it is likely to

Gold production was 10.9% lower due to lower volumes milled and lower recoveries from the plant. Kalgold

replaced by other pits.

produced 649kg

for the June 2008 quarter versus 728kg for the March 2008 quarter.

Cash operating costs were slightly up from R97 636/kg to R98 076/kg. Increases were seen in steel, reagents, lime and machinery spares.

Project Phoenix

Phoenix produced another quarter of consistent results. Tonnage throughput through the plant was marginally down by

0.3% from 1 591 000 tonnes to 1 587 000 tonnes, but a 7.7% higher grade of 0.14g/t (0.13g/t) resulted in gold production

being up by 5.2% at 224kg from 213kg previously.

Costs were up 12.5% from R94 197/kg to R106 000/kg as a result of increases in consumables such as reagents.

INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS

Hidden Valley

Project overview

Highlights for the June quarter were the concrete pouring for the SAG mill-base and the two middle sections of the SAG mill

which are completed and ready for shipping from Czech Republic. With regards to mining operations, total waste moved was

16% above budget whilst the total ore movement was below budget having been affected by road transport and accessibility

challenges. Some 535m of grade control drilling was completed at Hamata and results indicate continuity of ore lodes identified in the resource model.

The execution of the design and fabrication of the overland conveyor remains a critical issue. The detailed design of the

conveyor is progressing well but is dependent on the rapid ramp up of the fabrication activities. The shortage of civils and

contract labour resources is proving to be a challenge.

Annual Capex Expenditure Profile (Construction Capital: Cash Flow)

Table (A\$m)

2006

2007

2008

2009

2010

2011

2012

2013

Total

Actual Sunk

20

90

181

291

Forecast

314

314

Total

20

90

181

314

605

Following the announcement of Newcrest acquiring an interest in Harmony's PNG exploration and mining assets, the joint

venture partners undertook a detailed review of the capital cost estimate and construction schedule for the Hidden Valley

project. The review confirmed the expected commissioning of Hidden Valley in mid-2009.

The capital cost estimate has increased to around A\$605 million. This is materially in line with the estimate used by Newcrest

when it entered the joint venture.

Engineering design is 91% complete, procurement is 87% complete with the overall project 57% complete.

P

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Cooke Plant Operations

Cooke plant experienced several challenges during the June quarter, mainly insufficient rail trucks and waste rock depletion.

Volumes decreased quarter-on-quarter from 645 000 tonnes to 525 000 tonnes. Recovery grade was down due to the depletion

of waste rock and the use of low-grade waste as grinding media. Grade was lower at 0.40g/t from 0.43g/t previously, resulting

in fewer kilograms produced from 275kg to 212kg. Cash operating costs were up by 11.2% due to the introduction of road

transport and the increases in fuel prices.

The implementation of Dump 20 project, comprising a pipeline from Dump 20 to Cooke plant, required the stopping of mills 1

and 2 for conversion to ball mills.

Randfontein Operations

Randfontein's Cooke 3 shaft experienced two fatalities during the June 2008 quarter.

Volumes from Randfontein's three shafts increased by 5.8% from 277 000 tonnes to 293 000 tonnes.

Gold production was marginally lower at 1 349kg from 1 354kg previously, due to lower recovery grade which dropped by 5.9%

from 4.89g/t to 4.60g/t.

Cash operating costs for the June 2008 quarter were well-contained at R120 173/kg from R136 157/kg; a decrease of 11.7%.

The shafts, nevertheless, experienced cost increases in electricity and diesel.

P

EXPLORATION

Wafi-Golpu

Project Overview

Harmony's exploration activities carried out during the June 2008 quarter amounted to R62 million. Exploration activities

occurred mostly in Papua New Guinea across a range of greenfield and brownfield targets.

The Wafi-Golpu exploration tenements have been a large focus area with exploration occurring on four potential copper gold

porphyry deposits. These prospects include Nambonga North, Ghavembu, Kesiago and Biamena.

On the Morobe Consolidated Goldfields tenements work was mostly targeting high grade gold resources. These included

prospect areas at Daulo, Kerimenge and Salemba, all located within a 6km radius of the Hidden Valley ML.

Exploration results and programme

Wafi-Golpu

Wafi "Near Mine" (Brownfields)

Nambonga North

Exploration continued at Nambonga North with four drill rigs. Drilling activities were focused on testing strike and depth

extensions of the porphyry copper-gold system and the adjacent polymetallic sulphide lode. To date mineralisation remains

open at depth and along strike. New results received during the quarter include:

Porphyry Cu-Au intercepts:

WR275:

180m @ 1.0 g/t Au, 0.25% Cu from 383m

Au-Zn-Pb-Ag Massive Sulphide intercepts:

WR273:

11m

@ 5.0 g/t Au 3.8% Zn, 1.2% Pb and 14 g/t Agf rom 201m

Nambonga North has the potential to develop into a new multi-million ounce gold resource (with additional copper and other

base metal credits) for the Wafi-Golpu Project. Drilling to scope-out the deposit will remain a priority.

Wafi Greenfields

Ghavembu prospect (previously Awembu)

Similar to Nambonga North, the target has excellent porphyry Au-Cu potential that could impact significantly on the value of

the project. Drill pads for the two proposed holes were completed and await drill rigs. Initial drilling is scheduled as drill units

become available from Nambonga North.

Biamena prospect

A ground-based electromagnetic survey was designed for the Biamena Prospect to outline drill targets for porphyries hidden

at depth (similar to Golpu). About 37.5 line km (40%) has been completed to date.

A programme of grid based soils, mapping, and selective rock chip sampling commenced in conjunction with the EM survey.

These datasets will be used to interpret IP and EM results and rank drill targets. Results have been highly encouraging with

rock chip values received up to 64 g/t.

Kesiago prospect

A fly camp was established for a planned work programme of surface mapping and sampling and drilling. The programme is

scheduled to commence Q1 FY09.

P

Morobe Consolidated Tenements

Daulo prospect. 11 trenches were remapped and selectively re-sampled to validate historical results. Intercepts from this

work included

DLO 1A

10.8m

@ 5.35 g/t Au

DLO3A

45m

@ 4.6 g/t Au

DLO4B

23m

@ 2.2 g/t Au

Mineralisation appears fault bounded. Mapping shows the majority of minor structures exposed in the trenches are oriented similar to Edie Creek, dipping 60 to 70 degrees to the south-east.

The work has highlighted good potential for shallow high-grade oxide within a 6km radius of the Hidden Valley Plant. A proposal for follow-up drilling to test the size potential of the prospect is underway.

Kerimenge prospect

Results received from trenching activities during the quarter include:

KTK03A

16m

@ 3.2 g/t Au 4m @ 22.5 g/t Au 4m @ 8.23 g/t Au

KTK03B

8m

@ 5.7 g/t Au 12m @ 3.88 g/t Au

The trenching was completed east of the Kerimenge Deposit in an area where no previous work has been undertaken and

form part of the same zone as KTK02 results reported last quarter. These results appear associated with Northwest trending shear zone which has been intruded by porphyry. To date trenching has outlined the structure over approximately

300m of strike and is open to the south.

Hidden Valley ML 151 Exploration

Work on the Hidden Valley ML included diamond drilling at the Salemba Prospect. The drilling was undertaken to test a

magnetic target with anomalous coincident Au-Mo-Cu geochemistry. Core processing and sampling is in progress.

P

P 23

FINANCIAL REVIEW FOR THE FOURTH QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

P 24 P 25 OPERATING RESULTS – CONTINUING OPERATIONS (Rand/Metric) Underground production - South Africa Surface production – South Africa Total SA South International Doorn-Elands-Evander Virginia Under-Kalgold Project Other Total SA Africa production Harmony Tshepong Phakisa kop rand Target Masimong **Operations** Bambanani Joel **Operations** St Helena ground Surface Phoenix Surface Surface Total **PNG** Total Ore Milled -t'000Jun-08 395 16 126 293 158 204 300

11 694 11 694 Mar-08 1 991 53 184 1 065 565 770 1 500 1 066 418 1 690 9 302 728 213 104 1 045 10 347 10 347 Yield g/tonne Jun-08 4.95 3.75 2.72 5.26 4.22 4.34 5.15 7.59 4.50 3.40 4.55 1.69 0.14 1.52 0.58 2.58 2.58 Mar-08 6.11

5.89 2.49 4.98 3.67

```
4.78
5.40
6.79
4.59
3.60
4.81
1.87
0.13
0.49
0.48
2.51
2.51
Cash Operating Costs
- R/kg
Jun-08
107 055
127 983
148 157
134 961
174 910
173 244
128 616
142 959
124 490
197 366
145 808
98 076
106 000
50 711
83 935
138 940
138 940
Mar-08
107 943
108 811
297 293
158 494
154 552
167 839
143 107
158 595
164 821
171 209
152 026
97 636
```

438 170

53 291 21 502

8 392 28 594 167 501 735 903 354 18 185 19 442 521 177 324 228 845 405 Evander operations – Evander 5, Evander 7 and Evander 8

Evander operations – Evander 5, Evander 7 and Evander 8 Virginia operations – Harmony 2, Merriespruit 1 and 3, Unisel and Brand

P 27 P 26 OPERATING RESULTS INCLUDING DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Rand/Metric) Underground production - South Africa Surface production - South Africa International production Rand-Virginia Total SA Cooke South Total Doorn-Elands-Evander fontein Bamba-Opera-Under-Kalgold **Project** plant Other Total SA Africa Inter-Harmony Tshepong Phakisa kop rand **Masimong Operations Operations** nani Joel tions St Helena ARMgold ground Surface Phoenix Operations Surface Surface Total Australia **PNG** national Total Ore Milled -t'000

12 332

Yield g/tonne Jun-08 4.95 3.75 2.72 5.26 4.22 4.34 5.15 4.60 7.59 4.50 3.40 4.56 1.69 0.14 0.40 1.52 0.54 2.48 2.48 Mar-08 6.11 5.89 2.49 4.98 3.67 4.78 5.40 4.89 6.79 4.59 3.60 2.78 4.72 1.87 0.13 0.43 0.49 0.47 2.38

1.65

1.65

```
2.38
Cash Operating Costs - R/kg
Jun-08
107 055
127 983
148 157
134 961
174 910
173 244
128 616
120 173
142 959 124 490
197 366
142 895
98 076
106 000
158 769
50 711
94 441
137 375
137 375
Mar-08
107 943
108 811
297 293
158 494
154 552
167 839
143 107
136 157
158 595
164 821
171 209
321 143
154 695
97 636
94 197
142 822
113 404
107 737
149 646
510 875
510 875
```

Cash Operating Costs – R/tonne Jun-08 1 085 Mar-08 1 077

```
Working Revenue
(R'000)
Jun-08
438 170
13 449
76 808
346 827 148 605
198 795
346 022
302 758
225 877 137 109
398 504
2 632 924 145 571
50 382
47 450
93 760
337 163 2 970 087
-2970087
Mar-08
444 818
11 835
42 519
245 789
125 572
173 674
341 845
312 068
234 233
95 065
383 269
26
68 682
2 479 395 162 831
48 593
62 497
23 631
297 552
2 776 947
29 815
29 815
2 806 762
Cash Operating Costs (R'000)
Jun-08
209 506
7 679
```

```
207 840
116 490
153 494
198 840
162 114
144 246
76 188
350 719
367
1 678 301
63 651
23 744
33 659
21 552
142 606 1 820 907
-1820907
Mar-08
214 915
5 767
54 702
168 796
87 322
129 236
214 660
184 357
169 062
68 895
289 343
11 445
96 343
1 694 843
71 079
20 064
39 276
11 794
142 213
1 837 056
28 609
28 609
1 865 665
Cash Operating Profit (R'000)
Jun-08
228 664
5 770
25 990
138 987
```

```
45 301
147 182
140 644
81 631
60 921
47 785
(367)
954 623
81 920
26 638
13 791
72 208
194 557 1 149 180
- 1 149 180
Mar-08
229 903
6 068
(12183)
76 993
38 250
44 438
127 185
127 711
65 171
26 170
93 926
(11419)
(27661)
784 552
91 752
28 529
23 221
11 837
155 339
939 891
1 206
1 206
941 097
Capital Expenditure (R'000)
Jun-08
50 018
97 022
100 247
95 141
91 410
26 049
```

```
40 985
22 028
8 954
41 078
6
(72)
628 674
4 822
194
1 090
55 092
61 198
689 872
277
668 028
668 305 1 358 177
Mar-08
43 137
73 207
83 518
83 221
81 434
25 272
53 291
40 119
21 502
8 392
28 594
167
(8)
541 846
903
354
1 886
18 185
21 328
563 174
61
324 228
324 289
887 463
Evander operations – Evander 5, Evander 7 and Evander 8
Randfontein operations – Cooke 1, Cooke 2 and Cooke 3
```

Virginia operations – Harmony 2, Merriespruit 1 and 3, Unisel and Brand

P 28 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Rand) Quarter ended Year ended June March June June June 2008 2008 2007 2008 2007 Notes (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) R million R million R million R million R million Continuing operations Revenue 2 620 2 3 3 4 1 880 9 2 1 0 8 037 Cost of sales 2 (2284)(1820)(1928)(8 184)(6729)Production cost (1625)(1517)(1855)(6673)(6.021)Amortisation and depreciation (222)(189)(214)(846)

```
(763)
Impairment of assets
(316)
123
(316)
123
Employment termination and restructuring costs
(50)
(86)
(212)
Other items
(71)
(28)
18
(137)
(68)
Gross profit/(loss)
336
514
(48)
1 026
1 308
Corporate, administration and other expenditure
(49)
(55)
(84)
(228)
(226)
Exploration expenditure
(62)
(55)
(83)
(205)
(194)
Other (expenses)/income – net
(9)
(16)
75
(90)
186
Operating profit/(loss)
216
388
(140)
503
1 074
Loss from associates
```

(68)

(10)
(1)
(78)
(19)
Profit on sale of investment in associate
_
_
-
_
236
Impairment of investment in associate
(95)
_
(95)
Loss on sale of investment in joint ventur
(2)
-
_ (2)
(2)
Mark-to-market of listed investments
Wark-to-market of fisted investments
_
31
33
111
Loss on sale of listed investments
_
(37)
(459)
(35)
Impairment of investments
(1)
_
_
(1)
(10)
Investment income
86
54
85
282
188
Finance cost
(131)
(123)
(195) (514)
11141

```
(454)
Profit/(Loss) before taxation
5
309
(257)
(331)
1 091
Taxation
(246)
(156)
84
(465)
(271)
Net (loss)/profit from continuing operations
(241)
153
(173)
(796)
820
Discontinued operations
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations
170
192
(463)
551
(438)
Net (loss)/profit
(71)
345
(636)
(245)
382
(Loss)/Earnings per share from continuing
operations attributable to the equity holders
of the Company during the year (cents)
- Basic (loss)/earnings
(60)
38
(43)
(199)
206
- Headline earnings/(loss)
38
39
(81)
19
96
- Fully diluted (loss)/earnings
```

(60)

```
38
(43)
(199)
204
Earnings/(Loss) per share from discontinuing
operations attributable to the equity holders
of the Company during the year (cents)
Basic earnings/(loss)
42
48
(116)
137
(110)
- Headline earnings/(loss)
24
(48)
108
(43)
- Fully diluted earnings/(loss)
42
48
(116)
137
(110)
Total (loss)/earnings per share from all
operations attributable to the equity holders
of the Company during the year (cents)
4
- Basic (loss)/earnings
(18)
86
(159)
(62)
- Headline earnings/(loss)
65
63
(129)
127
- Fully diluted (loss)/earnings
(18)
86
(159)
(62)
94
```

The comparative figures were adjusted to exclude further discontinued operations and interest capitalised.

P 29 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Rand) At At June March June 2008 2008 2007 Notes (Unaudited) R million R million R million **ASSETS** Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 27 556 26 575 24 538 Intangible assets 2 209 2 3 0 9 2 3 0 7 Restricted cash 78 80 Restricted investments 5 1 465 1 304 1 373 Investments in financial assets 6 67 109 14 Investments in associates 145 341 Trade and other receivables 137 7 95

30 725 28 339 Current assets Inventories 693 654 742 Investments in financial assets 2 484 Trade and other receivables 873 993 918 Income and mining taxes 82 58 66 Restricted cash 274 Cash and cash equivalents 413 346 711 2 0 6 1 2 051 5 195 Non-current assets classified as held for sale 1 539 1716 1 284 3 600 3 767 6 479 Total assets 35 257 34 492 34 818 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** Share capital and reserves Share capital 25 895 25 866 25 636

Other reserves

```
676
731
(349)
Accumulated loss
(1832)
(1779)
(1581)
24 739
24 818
23 706
Non-current liabilities
Borrowings
8
264
1918
1 743
Deferred income tax
2 990
2 599
2719
Provisions for other liabilities and charges
1 273
1 078
1 216
4 527
5 595
5 678
Current liabilities
Trade and other payables
1 372
923
1 545
Provisions and accrued liabilities
287
261
267
Borrowings
8
3 835
2 009
2 855
Bank overdraft
220
5 494
3 193
4 887
Liabilities directly associated with non-current assets
```

classified as held for sale

```
P
30
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Rand)
Issued share
        Accumulated
Other
capital
reserves
loss
Total
R million
R million
R million
R million
Balance – 30 June 2007 (as previously reported)
25 636
(349)
(1681)
23 606
Change in accounting policy for the capitalisation of
interest on assets under construction
100
100
Balance – 30 June 2007 (restated)
25 636
(349)
(1581)
23 706
Issue of share capital
259
259
Currency translation adjustment and other
1 025
1 025
Net loss
(245)
(245)
Dividends paid
(6)
Balance as at 30 June 2008
25 895
```

```
676
(1832)
24 739
Balance – 30 June 2006 (as previously reported)
25 489
(271)
(2015)
23 203
Change in accounting policy for the capitalisation of
interest on assets under construction
59
59
Balance – 30 June 2006 (restated)
25 489
(271)
(1956)
23 262
Issue of share capital
147
147
Currency translation adjustment and other
(78)
(78)
Net profit
382
382
Dividends paid
(7)
Balance as at 30 June 2007
25 636
(349)
(1581)
23 706
```

P 31 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Rand) Quarter ended Year ended June March June June 2008 2008 2008 2007 Notes (Unaudited) (Unaudited) R million R million R million R million Cash flow from operating activities Cash generated by operations 1 506 794 1 978 1 221 Interest and dividends received 97 64 306 204 Interest paid (117)(123)(417)(226)Income and mining taxes paid (67)(41)(129)(13)Cash generated by operating activities 1 419 694 1738 1 186 Cash flow from investing activities (Increase)/decrease in restricted cash 2

```
(29)
Net proceeds on disposal of listed investments
1 310
395
Net additions to property, plant and equipment
(884)
(3718)
(2549)
Other investing activities
(190)
6
(170)
(45)
Cash utilised by investing activities
(1455)
(877)
(2373)
(2228)
Cash flow from financing activities
Long-term loans raised
136
2 2 3 4
1 804
Long-term loans repaid
(12)
(6)
(1820)
(1\ 002)
Ordinary shares issued – net of expenses
23
40
87
138
Dividends paid
(6)
(6)
Cash generated by financing activities
141
34
495
933
Foreign currency translation adjustments
(38)
```

```
62
61
(48)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and equivalents
(87)
(79)
(157)
Cash and equivalents – beginning of period
348
435
494
651
Cash and equivalents - end of period
415
348
415
494
```

P 32

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

1

Accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2008 have been prepared using accounting policies that comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), which are consistent with the accounting policies used in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2007, except for accounting policy changes made after the date of the annual financial statements. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2007.

(b) Implementation of accounting policy

IAS 23 (Revised) – Borrowing Costs: The company early adopted IAS 23 (Revised) – Borrowing Costs, retrospectively as at 1 July 2000, which requires that management capitalise borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets. Qualifying assets are assets that take a substantial time to get ready for their intended use.

The impact of this adjustment was as follows:

Ouarter ended

Year ended

June

March

June

June

June

2008

2008

2007

2008

2007

(Unaudited)

(Unaudited)

(Unaudited)

R million

R million

R million

R million

R million

Effect on net loss/profit:

Decrease in interest expense

91

11

21

128

58

Income tax

(26)

(3)

(6)

(38)

(17)
Decrease in net loss
65
8
15
90
41
Effect on opening accumulated loss:
Decrease in interest expense
177
166
119
140
82
Income tax
(52)
(49)
(34)
(40)
(23)
Decrease in accumulated loss
125
117
85
100
59
The borrowing costs are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for
their intended use.

All other borrowing costs are dealt with in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

P 33 2. Cost of sales The income statement is now presented by function as per the requirements of IAS1 – Presentation of Financial Statements. The major difference is that cost of sales in disclosed on the face of the income statement, with the items disclosed by nature in the notes to the financial statements. Quarter ended Year ended June March June June June 2008 2008 2007 2008 2007 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) R million R million R million R million R million Cost of sales consists of: **Production costs** 1 625 1 517 1 855 6 673 6 021 Amortisation and depreciation 222 189 214 846 763 Impairment of assets 316 (123)316 (123)Provision for rehabilitation costs 12 (19)12

(16)Care and maintenance cost of restructured shafts 29 24 11 74 56 Employment termination and restructuring costs 50 86 212 Share-based compensation 19 4 3 42 41 Provision for post retirement benefits 11 (13)9 (13)2 284 1 820 1 928 8 184 6729 Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations The assets and liabilities related to Mt Magnet and South Kal (operations in Australia), ARMgold Welkom and (operations in the Free State and Northwest areas), and Kudu/Sable (operations in the Free State area), have been presented as held for sale on 30 June 2007.

On 6 December 2007, the sale relating to the South Kal operation (operation in Australia) was concluded at a loss, net of

tax, of R51 million and the assets were derecognised.

On 27 February 2008, the sale relating to the Orkney operations (operations in the Northwest area) was concluded at a profit, of R66 million and the assets were derecognised.

The assets and liabilities relating to the Cooke 1, Cooke 2, Cooke 3, Cooke plant and relating surface operations (operations

in the Gauteng area) have been presented as held for sale following the approval of the Group's management on 16 October 2007. The comparative prior year quarter and year to date information has been restated for this reclassification.

During June 2008, management decided not to sell the ARMgold Welkom shafts and Kudu/Sable. Due to this, their

have been included in net profit/(loss) from continuing operations and the comparative periods restated.

At 30 June 2008, the sale of Mt Magnet was postponed. As management and the buyer were intent on the sale, even though the one-year period allowed by IFRS 5 has expired, these assets have still been classified as held for sale. See

note 11 for further details.

4.

Earnings/(Loss) per share

Earnings/(Loss) per share is calculated on the weighted average number of shares in issue for the quarter ended 30 June

2008: 402.8 million (31 March 2008: 400.7 million, 30 June 2007: 398.6 million) and the year ended 30 June 2008: 400.8 million (30 June 2007: 397.9 million).

The fully diluted earnings/(loss) per share is calculated on weighted average number of diluted shares in issue for the quarter ended 30 June 2008: 405.2 million (31 March 2008: 403.5 million, 30 June 2007: 403.1 million) and the year ended

30 June 2008: 402.9 million (30 June 2007: 402.4 million).

P 34 Quarter ended Year ended June March June June June 2008 2008 2007 2008 2007 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) (Unaudited) R million R million R million R million R million Total (loss)/earnings per share (cents): Basic (loss)/earnings (18)86 (159)(62)96 Headline earnings/(loss) 65 63 (129)127 53 Fully diluted (loss)/earnings (18)86 (159)(62)94 R million R million R million R million R million Reconciliation of headline earnings/(loss): Continuing operations Net (loss)/profit (241)

```
(173)
(796)
820
Adjusted for:
Loss/(Profit) on sale of property,
plant and equipment
32
(1)
(66)
(2)
(129)
Loss on sale of listed investment
31
459
30
Impairment of investments
Loss on sale of joint venture
2
2
Profit on sale of associate
(220)
Impairment of investment in associates
95
95
Impairment/(Reversal of impairment) of
property, plant and equipment
159
(117)
159
(117)
Impairment of intangible assets
105
```

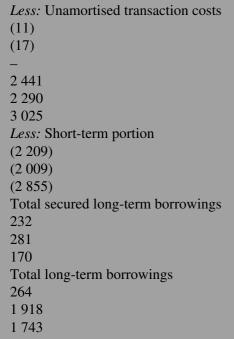
```
105
Provision for doubtful debt
4
52
Headline profit/(loss)
153
156
(325)
75
384
Discontinued operations
Net profit/(loss)
170
192
(463)
551
(438)
Adjusted for:
(Profit)/Loss on sale of property,
plant and equipment
(90)
(100)
(95)
Profit on sale of investments
Impairment/(Reversal of impairment) of
property, plant and equipment
30
4
274
(25)
274
Headline profit/(loss)
110
96
(189)
431
(170)
Total headline profit/(loss)
```

252 (514) 506 214 5. Restricted investments June March June 2008 2008 2007 (Unaudited) R million R million R million **Environmental Trust Funds** 1 428 1 271 1 336 Other 37 33 37 1 465

1 304 1 373

P
35
6.
Investment in financial assets
June
March
June
2008
2008
2007
(Unaudited)
R million R million
R million
Current
Investment in African Rainbow Minerals Limited (see note 8)
-
1 051
Investment in Gold Fields Limited *
=
_
1 433
_
_
2 484
Non-current
Other
67
109
14
67
109
2 498
* During the September 2007 quarter Harmony sold all of its remaining Gold Fields Limited (GFI) shares for a loss of R459 million.
7.
Investment in associate
On 27 February 2008, Pamodzi Gold Limited bought the Orkney operations from the Harmony Group for a
consideration
of 30 million Pamodzi Gold Limited shares. This resulted in Harmony Gold Mining Company owning 32.4% of
Pamodzi Cold Limited, At 20 June 2008, management tosted for impoirment of the investment in associate. An amount of
Gold Limited. At 30 June 2008, management tested for impairment of the investment in associate. An amount of
R91 million was impaired and accounted for in the income statement. The book value at 30 June 2008, after taking impairment and loss from associate into account, was R145 million.
impairment and loss from associate into account, was R145 million. 8.
Borrowings
June
March
June
2008

```
2008
2007
(Unaudited)
R million
R million
R million
Unsecured borrowings
Convertible unsecured fixed rate bonds
1 626
1 605
1 541
Africa Vanguard Resources (Proprietary) Limited
32
32
1 658
1 637
1 573
Less: Short-term portion
(1626)
Total unsecured long-term borrowings
1 637
1 573
Secured borrowings
Westpac Bank Limited*
258
119
Africa Vanguard Resources (Doornkop) (Pty) Limited (Nedbank Limited)
194
188
170
ARM Empowerment Trust 1 (Nedbank Limited)**
450
ARM Empowerment Trust 2 (Nedbank Limited)**
601
Rand Merchant Bank
1 802
Nedbank Limited
2 000
2 000
```



^{*} The lease was entered into for the purchase of mining fleet to be used on the Hidden Valley project.

in this regard. The ARM investment and associated Nedbank loans were derecognised from this date.

^{**} The guarantees relating to the Nedbank loans were cancelled on 28 September 2007 and consequently Harmony has no further obligations to Nedbank

P 36 The future minimum lease payments to Westpac Bank Limited are as follows: June March June 2008 2008 2007 (Unaudited) R million R million R million Due within one year 57 26 Due between one and five years 228 97 285 123 9. Cash and cash equivalents June March June 2008 2008 2007 (Unaudited) R million R million R million Comprises: Continuing operations 413 346 491 Discontinued operations 2 2 3 Total cash and cash equivalents 415 348 494 10. Commitments and contingencies June

March June 2008 2008

million

To The Point Investments.

20	007
J)	Jnaudited)
R	million
R	million
R	million
C	apital expenditure commitments
C	ontracts for capital expenditure
1	164
1	191
3:	52
A	uthorised by the directors but not contracted for
1	720
1	422
1	881
2	884
2	613
2	233
T	his expenditure will be financed from existing resources and
W	here appropriate, borrowings.
	ontingent liabilities
G	uarantees and suretyships
13	
13	
13	8
	nvironmental guarantees
	52
	73
	$\frac{29}{1}$
	70
	91
	47
	ontingent liability
	in 18 April 2008, Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited was made aware that it has been named or may be
	amed as
	defendant in a lawsuit filed in the U.S. District Court in the Southern District of New York on behalf of certain
	urchasers
	nd sellers of Harmony's American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"). Harmony has retained legal counsel, who will advise
	farmony on further developments in the U.S.
	1. Subsequent events
	illage Main Reef
U	n 11 July 2008, Harmony sold its 37.8% share in Village Main Reef Gold Mining Company (1934) Limited for R1.1

to To The Point Investments. Z B Swanepoel, Harmony's previous Chief Executive Officer, is a director and founder

P

37

PNG Partnership agreement

On 22 April 2008 Morobe Consolidated Goldfields Limited and Wafi Mining Limited, subsidiaries of Harmony Gold (Australia) Pty Ltd entered into a Master Purchase and Farm-in Agreement with Newcrest Mining Limited (Newcrest). This

agreement provides for Newcrest to purchase a 30.01% Participating Interest (Stage 1) and a further buy-out of an additional 19.99% Participating Interest in Harmony's Papua New Guinea (PNG) gold and copper assets. Due to the fact

that there were a number of conditions precedents to be met, the expected profit on the transaction was not recognised in the 2007/2008 financial year.

On 16 July 2008 the conditions precedent were finalised, which included regulatory and statutory approvals by the PNG

Government. Stage 1 Completion has now taken place with an effective date of 31 July 2008.

Total consideration for Stage 1 completion of US\$229 million was received, of which US\$50 million has been placed in a

jointly controlled Escrow account which will revert to Harmony upon the confirmation of an exploration licence ("EL") approval by the PNG Mining Authorities. Re-registration of the EL is expected by the end of August 2008.

The expected profit on Stage 1 Completion is estimated to be AUD\$84.3 million (post-tax) and will be accounted for in the

September 2008 quarter.

Sale of MMG and BBO entities

Harmony announced on the 8 November 2007 that it signed a letter of intent with Monarch Gold Mining Company for the sale of its Mount Magnet operations for AUD\$65 million. On 8 July 2008 Harmony further announced a revision to

the deal and an extension of the period in which the conditions precedent is to be met. Subsequent to this announcement

Harmony was advised that the terms of the sale contract with Monarch Gold had been reconstituted, Monarch placed itself in voluntary administration.

On 1 August 2008 the Administrator indicated that Monarch will not proceed with the proposed purchase and consequently the purchase agreement has been terminated. Harmony received from Monarch a deposit of AUD\$5 million

of which AUD\$2.5 million has been refunded and AUD\$2.5 million has been recorded as revenue. Harmony has resumed

management of the operation and has re-commenced the sale process.

12. Segment report

The primary reporting format of the Company is by business segment. As there is only one business segment, being mining,

extraction and production of gold, the relevant disclosures have been given in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

13. Audit review

The condensed consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2008 on pages 28 to 37 have been reviewed

in accordance with International Standards on Review Engagements 2410 – "Review of interim financial information performed by the Independent Auditors of the entity" by PricewaterhouseCoopers Inc. Their unqualified review opinion is

available for inspection at the Company's registered office.

P 38 US\$ million YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008 (Rand/Metric) Cash Cash Continuing operating operating Capital Kilograms Tonnes Operating Operations Revenue cost profit/(loss) expenditure gold milled Grade Cost South Africa R million R million R million R million t'000 R/kg Tshepong 1 621 906 715 195 8 495 1 495 5.68 106 658 Phakisa 28 17 11 293 131 31 4.23 130 221 Doornkop 258 225

448

3.06

164 099

Elandsrand

964

751

213

318

4 934

890

5.54

152 171

Target

503

374

129

256

2 644

622

4.25

141 027

Masimong

698

637

61

114

3 657

809

4.52

174 080

Evander Operations

Evander 5

360

259

101

43

1 884

346

5.45

137 386

Evander 7

316

231

85

83

1 772

280

6.33

130 210

Evander 8

2.73 138 319

P 39

Cash

Cash

Discontinued

operating

operating

Capital

Kilograms

Tonnes

Operating

Operations

Revenue

cost

profit/(loss)

expenditure

gold

milled Grade

Cost

South Africa

R million

R million

R million

R million

t'000

R/kg

Orkney 2

148

148

_

6

831

160

5.23 179 596

Orkney 4

110

145

(35)

9

637

195 3.27

228 190

Orkney 7

54

82

(28)

11

309

P 40 DETAILED OPERATING INFORMATION YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2007 (Rand/Metric) Cash Cash Continuing operating operating Capital Kilograms Tonnes Operating Operations Revenue cost profit/(loss) expenditure gold milled Cost South Africa R million R million R million R million T'000 Grade R/kg Tshepong 1 460 807 653 188 9 9 1 9 1 654 5.99 81 324 Phakisa 227 Doornkop 263 181 82 270

International

PNG

_

526

_

-

Total International

_

_

526

_

_

_

Total Harmony

- Continuing

Operations

8 037

6 021

2 016

2 301

54 340

14 781 3.68

P 41 Cash Cash Discontinued operating Capital Kilograms Tonnes Operating Operations Revenue cost profit/(loss) expenditure gold milled Cost South Africa R million R million R million R million T'000 Grade R/kg Orkney 2 240 190 50 31 1 626 282 5.77 116 621 Orkney 3 Orkney 4 209 189 20 37 1 432 360

3.98

operating

```
132 286
Orkney 7
95
86
9
42
643
217
2.96
133 723
ARM surface
4
Cooke 1
348
236
112
14
2 354
386
6.10
100 439
Cooke 2
261
251
10
27
1 780
349
5.10
141 089
Cooke 3
417
317
100
98
2 841
564
5.04
111 681
Cooke Plant Operations
88
42
46
```

5 931 3.08

117 241

Total Harmony

10 717

8 161

2 556

2 743

72 602

20 712

3.51

P 43 P 42 OPERATING RESULTS - CONTINUING OPERATIONS (US\$/Imperial) Underground production - South Africa Surface production – South Africa Total SA South International Doorn-Elands-Evander Bamba-Virginia Under-Kalgold Project Other Total SA Africa production Harmony Tshepong Phakisa kop rand Target Masimong Operations nani Joel Operations St Helena ground Surface Phoenix Surface Surface Total **PNG** Total Ore Milled -t'000Jun-08 436 18 139 323 174 225

7 202 13 664

0.07 0.15

0.11 0.14 0.16 0.20 0.13 0.10 0.14 0.05 0.01 0.01 0.07 0.07 **Cash Operating Costs** - \$/oz Jun-08 Mar-08 1 245

```
394
475
412
609
609
Cash Operating Costs
- $/t
Jun-08
62
55
47
83
86
88
77
126
65
78
77
19
2
9
6
42
42
Mar-08
81
78
90
96
69
98
94
132
93
75
89
22
2
7
6
45
45
Working Revenue
($'000)
```

Jun-08

3 402 7 174

2 895
1 130
3 849
22
67 520
121
48
2 448
2 617
70 137
43 646
113 783
Evander operations – Evander 5, Evander 7 and Evander 8
Virginia operations – Harmony 2, Merriespruit 1 and 3, Unisel and Brand

P 45 P 44 OPERATING RESULTS INCLUDING DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (US\$/Imperial) Underground production - South Africa Surface production - South Africa International production Rand-Virginia Total SA Cooke South Total Doorn-Elands-Evander fontein Bamba-Opera-Under-Kalgold **Project** plant Other Total SA Africa Inter-Harmony Tshepong Phakisa kop rand **Masimong Operations Operations** nani Joel tions St Helena ARMgold ground Surface Phoenix Operations Surface Surface Total Australia **PNG** national Total Ore milled -t'000

Yield oz/t Jun-08 0.14 0.11 0.08 0.15 0.12 0.13 0.15 0.13 0.22 0.13 0.10 0.13 0.05 0.01 0.04 0.02 0.07 0.07 Mar-08 0.18 0.17 0.07 0.15 0.11 0.14 0.16 0.14 0.20 0.13 0.10 0.08 0.14 0.05 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.07 0.05

0.05

```
3 851
251 150
Cash Operating Profit ($'000)
Jun-08
29 438
742
3 346
17 893
4 135
5 832
18 949
18 107
10 509
7 843
6 152
(47)
122 899
10 546
3 429
1 776
9 296
25 047
147 946
147 946
Mar-08
30 949
817
(1640)
10 364
5 149
5 982
17 121
17 192
8 773
3 523
12 644
(1537)
(3723)
105 614
12 352
3 840
3 126
1 593
20 911
126 525
```

43 646 43 654

119 467

Evander operations – Evander 5, Evander 7 and Evander 8 Randfontein operations – Cooke 1, Cooke 2 and Cooke 3 Virginia operations – Harmony 2, Merriespruit 1 and 3, Unisel and Brand

P 46 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT Unaudited) (US\$) Quarter ended Year ended June March June June June 2008 2008 2007 2008 2007 US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million Continuing operations Revenue 337 329 265 1 269 1 116 Cost of sales (294)(256)(272)(1 127)(935)Production cost (209)(214)(262)(919)(836)Amortisation and depreciation (29)(27)(30)(117)(106)Impairment of assets (41) 17

```
(44)
17
Employment termination and restructuring costs
(12)
(29)
Other items
(9)
(3)
3
(18)
(10)
Gross profit/(loss)
43
73
(7)
142
181
Corporate, administration and other expenditure
(6)
(8)
(12)
(31)
(31)
Exploration expenditure
(8)
(8)
(12)
(28)
(27)
Other (expenses)/income - net
(1)
(2)
11
(12)
26
Operating profit/(loss)
28
55
(20)
71
149
Loss from associates
(9)
(1)
(11)
(3)
```

Profit on sale of investment in associate

```
Impairment of investment in associate
(12)
(13)
Mark-to-market of listed investments
4
5
15
Loss on sale of listed investments
(5)
(63)
Impairment of investments
(1)
Investment income
11
12
39
26
Finance cost
(17)
(17)
(28)
(71)
Profit/(Loss) before taxation
1
45
(37)
(43)
151
Taxation
(32)
(22)
```

```
(64)
(38)
Net (loss)/profit from continuing operations
(31)
23
(25)
(107)
113
Discontinued operations
Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations
22
27
(65)
76
(61)
Net (loss)/profit
(9)
50
(90)
(31)
52
(Loss)/Earnings per share from continuing operations
attributable to the equity holders of the Company
during the year (cents)
- Basic (loss)/earnings
(8)
5
(6)
(27)
29
- Headline earnings/(loss)
5
(11)
3
- Fully diluted (loss)/earnings
(8)
5
(6)
(27)
28
Earnings/(Loss) per share from discontinuing operations
attributable to the equity holders of the Company
during the year (cents)
- Basic earnings/(loss)
5
7
(16)
19
(15)
```

```
- Headline earnings/(loss)
3
(7)
15
(6)
- Fully diluted earnings/(loss)
7
(16)
19
(15)
Total (loss)/earnings per share from all operations
attributable to the equity holders of the Company
during the year (cents)
- Basic (loss)/earnings
(3)
12
(22)
(8)
14
- Headline earnings/(loss)
8
8
(18)
18
7
- Fully diluted (loss)/earnings
12
(22)
(8)
13
The currency conversion rates average for the quarters ended: June 2008: US$1 = R7.77 (March 2008: US$1 =
R7.43, June 2007:
US$1=R7.09)
The currency conversion rates average for the year ended: June 2008: US$1 = R7.26 (June 2007: US$1 = R7.20)
The comparative figures were adjusted to exclude further discontinued operations and interest capitalised
```

P 47 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Unaudited) (US\$) At At June March June 2008 2008 2007 US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million **ASSETS** Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 3 533 3 265 3 486 Intangible assets 283 284 328 Restricted cash 10 10 Restricted investments 188 160 195 Investments in financial assets 13 2 Investments in associates 19 42 Trade and other receivables 18 13 4 060 3 775 4 026 Current assets Inventories 89

80 105 Investments in financial assets 353 Trade and other receivables 122 130 Income and mining taxes 11 7 9 Restricted cash 39 Cash and cash equivalents 53 43 101 264 252 737 Non-current assets classified as held for sale 197 211 182 461 463 919 Total assets 4 521 4 238 4 945 **EQUITY AND LIABILITIES** Share capital and reserves Share capital 3 3 2 0 3 178 3 641 Other reserves 87 90 (50)Accumulated loss (235)(219)(225)

Edgar Filing: HARMONY GOLD MINING CO LTD
3 049
3 366
Non-current liabilities
Borrowings
34
236
248
Deferred income tax
383
319
386
Provisions for other liabilities and charges
163
132
173
580
687
807
Current liabilities
Trade and other payables
176
114
219
Provisions and accrued liabilities
37
32
38
Borrowings
492
247
406
Bank overdraft
_
31
705
393
694
Liabilities directly associated with non-current assets classified as held for sale
64
109
78
769
502
772
Total equity and liabilities
4 521
4 238
4 945
Number of ordinary shares in issue
403 253 756

402 818 020 399 608 384

Net asset value per share (cents)

787

757

842

Balance sheet converted at conversion rate of US\$1 = R7.80 (March 2008: R8.14) (June 2007: R7.04)

```
P
48
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY (Unaudited) (US$)
Issued share
        Accumulated
Other
capital
reserves
loss
Total
US$ million
US$ million
US$ million
US$ million
Balance – 30 June 2007 (as previously reported)
3 287
(45)
(216)
3 026
Change in accounting policy for the capitalisation of
interest on assets under construction
13
13
Balance – 30 June 2007 (restated)
3 287
(45)
(203)
3 039
Issue of share capital
33
33
Currency translation adjustment and other
131
131
Net loss
(31)
(31)
Dividends paid
(1)
Balance as at 30 June 2008
3 3 2 0
```

```
86
(235)
3 171
Balance – 30 June 2006 (as previously reported)
(38)
(286)
3 297
Change in accounting policy for the capitalisation of
interest on assets under construction
8
Balance – 30 June 2006 (restated)
3 621
(38)
(278)
3 305
Issue of share capital
21
Currency translation adjustment and other
(11)
(11)
Net profit
54
54
Dividends paid
(1)
Balance as at 30 June 2007
3 642
(49)
(225)
3 368
```

P 49 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Unaudited) (US\$) Quarter ended Year ended June March June June 2008 2008 2008 2007 US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million Cash flow from operating activities Cash generated by operations 194 107 272 177 Interest and dividends received 12 9 42 28 Interest paid (15)(17)(57)(31)Income and mining taxes paid (9) (6) (18)(2) Cash generated by operating activities 182 93 239 172 Cash flow from investing activities (Increase)/decrease in restricted cash 28 (4)Net proceeds on disposal of listed investments

```
184
55
Net additions to property, plant and equipment
(119)
(516)
(362)
Other investing activities
(24)
1
(23)
(7)
Cash utilised by investing activities
(187)
(118)
(327)
(318)
Cash flow from financing activities
Long-term loans raised
20
323
253
Long-term loans repaid
(2)
(256)
(139)
Ordinary shares issued – net of expenses
3
5
12
19
Dividends paid
(1)
(1)
Cash generated by financing activities
20
5
78
Foreign currency translation adjustments
(5)
(7)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and equivalents
```

```
(20)
(17)
(21)
Cash and equivalents – beginning of period
63
70
91
Cash and equivalents - end of period
53
43
53
70
Operating activities translated at average rates of: Three months ended June 2008: US$1 = R7.77 (March 2008:
US$1 = R7.43)
year ended June 2008: US$1 = R7.26 (June 2007: US$ = R7.20)
Closing balance translated at closing rates of: June 2008: US$1 = R7.80 (March 2008: US$1 = R8.14, June 2007:
US$1 = R7.04)
```

P 50 DETAILED OPERATING INFORMATION YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008 (US\$/Imperial) Cash Cash Continuing operating operating Capital Gold Tonnes Operating Operations Revenue cost profit/(loss) expenditure Produced milled Grade cost South Africa US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million Ounces (Imperial) (Imperial) \$/ounce Tshepong 223 125 98 27 273 119 1 649 0.166 457 Phakisa 4 2 2 40 4 2 1 2 34 0.123 558 Doornkop 35 31 4 48

Evander 8

St Helena

```
6
13
(7)
8 359
86
0.097
1 523
Kalgold
77
38
39
1
93 172
1 687
0.055
411
Project Phoenix
26
12
14
32 215
7 033
0.005
381
Other entities
23
7
16
18
23 534
804
0.029
309
Total South Africa
1 269
918
351
303 1
      550 527
19 503
0.080
591
International
PNG
197
```

- Total International - - 197 - 197 - - - Total Harmony - Continuing Operations 1 269 918 351 500 1 550 527 19 503

0.080 591

P 51 Cash Cash Discontinued operating operating Capital Gold Tonnes Operating Operations Revenue cost profit/(loss) expenditure Produced milled Grade cost South Africa US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million Ounces (Imperial) (Imperial) \$/ounce Orkney 2 18 21 (3) 26 717 176 0.152 769 Orkney 4 15 20 (5) 20 480 215 0.095 977 Orkney 7 7 11 (4)

Mt Magent

P 52 DETAILED OPERATING INFORMATION YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2007 US\$/Imperial) Cash Cash Continuing operating operating Capital Gold Tonnes Operating Operations Revenue cost profit/(loss) expenditure Produced milled Grade cost South Africa US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million Ounces (Imperial) (Imperial) \$/ounce Tshepong 203 112 91 26 318 887 1 824 0.175 351 Phakisa 32 Doornkop 37 25 12

Evander 8

St Helena

```
14
18
(4)
21 319
241
0.089
840
Kudu/Sable
1
845
16
Kalgold
36
27
9
56 129
1 740
0.032
485
Project Phoenix
13
6
7
21 346
2 368
0.009
293
Other entities
2
2
18
6 706
458
0.015
252
Total South Africa
1 116
836
280
247
       1 747 071
16 300
```

0.107

479
International
PNG

73
Total international
Total Harmony
- Continuing
Operations
1 116
836
280
320 1 747 071
16 300
0.107

P 53 Cash Cash Discontinued operating operating Capital Gold Tonnes Operating Operations Revenue cost profit/(loss) expenditure Produced milled Grade cost South Africa US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million US\$ million Ounces (Imperial) (Imperial) \$/ounce Orkney 2 34 26 8 4 52 275 311 0.168 504 Orkney 3 Orkney 4 30 26 4 5

```
397
0.116
572
Orkney 7
13
12
1
6
20 668
239
0.086
578
ARM surface
125
Cooke 1
48
33
15
2
75 698
425
0.178
434
Cooke 2
36
35
1
3
57 215
385
0.149
610
Cooke 3
58
44
14
14
91 332
622
0.147
483
Cooke Plant Operations
12
```

P 54 **DEVELOPMENT RESULTS Metric)** Quarter ended June 2008 Channel Channel Reef Sampled Width Value Gold Metres Metres (Cm's) (g/t) (Cmg/t) Randfontein VCR Reef 837 894 50 36.03 1,819 UE1A 918 909 186 4.10 762 E8 Reef 54 54 121 9.53 1,153 Kimberley Reef 55 126 59 5.66 334 E9GB Reef 264 203 84 13.67 1,155 All Reefs 2,129 2,186 112

10.83 1,216 Free State

Basal 1,775 1,198 67 15.81 1,065 Leader 1,312

984

167

5.89985

A Reef

366 284

89

7.15 639

Middle

25 12

148

51.84

7,673

B Reef

69

66 227

0.24

54

All Reefs

3,547

2,544

113

8.78

991

Evander

Kimberley Reef

887

1,050

73

15.48

1,134

Elandskraal

VCR Reef

539

532

135

12.50

1,688

Orkney

Vaal Reef **VCR** All Reefs Target Elsburg 116 74 293 3.28 962 Freegold JV Basal 1,334 1,076 22 52.86 1,180 Beatrix 425 360 123 8.48 1,040 Leader B Reef 121 154 35 143.84 5,105 All Reefs 1,880 1,590 46

33.01 1,529

DEVELOPMENT RESULTS (Imperial)

Quarter ended June 2008

Channel Channel

Reef Sampled

Width

Value

Gold

Feet

Feet

(inches)

(oz/t) (in.ozt)

Randfontein

VCR Reef

2,747

2,933

20

1.04

21

UE1A

3,012

2,982

73

0.12

E8 Reef

177

177

48

0.27

13

Kimberley Reef

181

413

23

0.17

E9GB Reef

866

666

33

0.39 13

All Reefs

6,983

7,172

44

0.32

14

Free State

Basal

5,824

3,930 27 0.45 12 Leader 4,304 3,228 66 0.17 11 A Reef 1,201 932 35 0.21 7 Middle 83 39 58 1.52 88 B Reef 226 217 89 0.01 All Reefs 11,638 8,346 44 0.26 11 Evander Kimberley Reef 2,910 3,445 29 0.45 13 Elandskraal VCR Reef 1,768 1,745 53 0.37

Orkney Vaal Reef

VCR All Reefs Target Elsburg 379 243 115 0.10 11 Freegold JV Basal 4,377 3,530 1.51 14 Beatrix 1,394 1,181 48 0.25 12 Leader B Reef 397 505 14 4.19 59 All Reefs 6,168 5,217

18 0.98 18

```
P
55
CONTACT DETAILS
Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited
Corporate Office
PO Box 2
Randfontein, 1759
South Africa
Corner Main Reef Road
and Ward Avenue
Randfontein, 1759
Johannesburg
South Africa
Telephone:
+27 11 411 2000
Website: http://www.harmony.co.za
Directors
P T Motsepe (Chairman)*
G Briggs (Chief Executive Officer)
F Abbott, J A Chissano*
F T De Buck*, Dr D S Lushaba*
C Markus*, M Motloba*,
C M L Savage*, A J Wilkens*
Dr C Diarra*
‡
, K V Dicks*
(*non-executive)
Mozambique)
US/Mali Citizen)
Further Information
Amelia Soares
General Manager, Investor Relations
Telephone:
+27 11 411 2314
Cell:
+27 (0) 82 654 9241
E-mail:
amelia.soares@harmony.co.za
Marian van der Walt
Company Secretary
Telephone:
+27 11 411 2037
Fax:
+27 11 411 2070
Cell:
```

+27 (0) 82 888 1242

E-mail:

marian.vanderwalt@harmony.co.za

South African Share Transfer Secretaries

Link Market Services South Africa (Proprietary) Limited

(Registration number 2000/007239/07)

5th Floor, 11 Diagonal Street

Johannesburg, 2001

South Africa

PO Box 4844

Johannesburg, 2000

South Africa

Telephone:

+27 11 832 2652

Fax:

+27 11 834 4398

United Kingdom Registrars

Capita Registrars

The Registry

34 Beckenham Road

Beckenham

Kent BR3 4TU

United Kingdom

Telephone:

+44 870 162 3100

Fax:

+44 208 639 2342

ADR Depositary

The Bank of New York

101 Barclay Street

New York, NY 10286

United States of America

Telephone:

+1888-BNY ADRS

Fax:

+1 212 571 3050

Trading Symbols

JSE Limited

HAR

New York Stock Exchange, Inc.

HMY

NASDAQ

HMY

London Stock Exchange plc

HRM

Euronext Paris

HG

Euronext Brussels

HMY

Berlin Stock Exchange

HAM1

Issuer code HAPS Registration number 1950/038232/06 Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

ISIN: ZAE000015228

P 56 NOTES PRINTED BY INCE (PTY) LIMITED REF W2CF06056

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 15, 2008

Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited

By:

/s/ Frank Abbott Name: Frank Abbott

Title: Chief Interim Financial Office