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Blink Couture Inc.  
Form 10-K  
October 29, 2012

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2012

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 333-138951

BLINK COUTURE, INC.

(Exact name of small Business Issuer as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation  
or  
organization)

98-0568153  
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

c/o Regent Private Capital, LLC  
5727 South Lewis Avenue  
Tulsa, Oklahoma  
(Address of principal executive offices)

74105  
(Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (918) 392-3200

Not Applicable

Former address if changed since last report

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.  
Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes  No

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Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Website, if any, every interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers in response to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.  
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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-Accelerated Filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company <input type="checkbox"/>
		(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of January 31, 2012 (the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter) was \$808,667.

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share outstanding on October 26, 2012 was 393,169 shares.

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## Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “Report”), including “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in Item 7 contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 regarding future events and the future results of Blink Couture, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (the “Company”) that are based on management’s current expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions about the Company’s business. Words such as “expects,” “anticipates,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “estimates” and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements due to numerous factors, including, but not limited to, those discussed in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in Item 7 and elsewhere in this Report as well as those discussed from time to time in the Company’s other Securities and Exchange Commission filings and reports. In addition, such statements could be affected by general industry and market conditions. Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Report or, in the case of any document incorporated by reference, the date of that document, and we do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Report. If we update or correct one or more forward-looking statements, investors and others should not conclude that we will make additional updates or corrections with respect to other forward-looking statements.

## PART I

### ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

#### Background

The Company was incorporated in the State of Delaware on October 23, 2003, under the name Fashionfreakz International Inc. On December 2, 2005, the Company changed its name to Blink Couture, Inc. Until March 4, 2008, the Company’s principal business was the online retail marketing of trendy clothing and accessories produced by independent designers. On March 4, 2008, the Company discontinued its prior business and changed its business plan. The Company’s business plan now consists of exploring potential targets for a business combination through the purchase of assets, share purchase or exchange, merger or similar type of transaction.

#### Proposed Acquisition of Operating Business

On November 10, 2011, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Merger Agreement”), pursuant to which we intend to acquire Latitude Global, Inc. (“Latitude Global”), a company which, through its subsidiaries, currently operates a combined restaurant and entertainment facility in Jacksonville, Florida. For the purpose of entering into the Merger Agreement with Latitude Global, on November 4, 2011, we formed Latitude Global Acquisition Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary, which is a party to the Merger Agreement. We filed a Current Report on Form 8-K (the “November Form 8-K”) with the SEC on November 14, 2011, which reports the material provisions of the Merger Agreement and also includes a copy of the Merger Agreement, which was filed as Exhibit 10.17 to the November Form 8-K. All information contained in the November Form 8-K is incorporated herein by reference. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, either the Company or Latitude Global was permitted to terminate the Merger Agreement, if the acquisition of Latitude Global had not been completed on or before December 31, 2011, subject to certain restrictions prohibiting a party to terminate the Merger Agreement if such party is responsible for the delay in the closing of the transaction. On December 27, 2011, the parties entered into an Extension Agreement extending the date, after which either the Company or Latitude Global could terminate the Merger Agreement, until February 28, 2012. We filed a Current Report on Form 8-K (the “December Form 8-K”) with the SEC on December 27,

2011, which reports the material provisions of the Extension Agreement and also includes a copy of the Extension Agreement, which was filed as Exhibit 10.19 to the December Form 8-K. All information contained in the December Form 8-K is incorporated herein by reference.

On February 28, 2012, the parties entered into a Second Extension Agreement further amending the Merger Agreement extending the date, after which either the Company or Latitude Global could terminate the Merger Agreement, until March 30, 2012. We filed a Current Report on Form 8-K (the "February Form 8-K") with the SEC on February 29, 2012, which reports the material provisions of the Second Extension Agreement and also includes a copy of the Second Extension Agreement, which was filed as Exhibit 10.20 to the February Form 8-K. All information contained in the February Form 8-K is incorporated herein by reference. We have not entered into any additional extensions or amendments to the Merger Agreement, since entering into the Second Extension Agreement with Latitude Global on February 28, 2012. As a result, either the Company or Latitude Global currently may unilaterally terminate the Merger Agreement, at any time, subject to certain restrictions in the Merger Agreement which prohibit a party from unilaterally terminating the Merger Agreement if such party is responsible for the delay which prevented the closing of the merger on or before March 30, 2012.

As of the date of this report the merger transaction contemplated under the terms of the Merger Agreement has not yet been consummated and there are no assurances that such transaction will ever be consummated.

### Business Plan

Prior to our execution of the Merger Agreement and in the event that the merger transaction with Latitude Global is not consummated, the Company's business plan is to seek, investigate, and, if warranted, acquire one or more properties or businesses, and to pursue other related activities intended to enhance shareholder value. The acquisition of a business opportunity may be made by purchase, merger, exchange of stock, or otherwise, and may encompass assets or a business entity, such as a corporation, joint venture, or partnership. The Company has limited capital, and it is unlikely that the Company will be able to take advantage of more than one such business opportunity. The Company intends to seek opportunities demonstrating the potential of long-term growth as opposed to short-term earnings.

We will be competing against other entities that possess greater financial, technical and managerial capabilities for identifying and completing business combinations. In evaluating a prospective business combination, we will conduct a reasonable due diligence review of potential targets given the lack of information which may be available regarding private companies, our limited personnel and financial resources and the limited experience of our management with respect to such activities. We expect that our due diligence will encompass, among other things, meetings with the target business's incumbent management and inspection of its facilities, as necessary, as well as a review of financial and other information which is made available to us. This due diligence review will be conducted either by our management or by unaffiliated third parties we may engage. Our limited funds and the lack of full-time management will likely make it impracticable to conduct a complete and exhaustive investigation and analysis of a target business before we consummate a business combination. Management decisions, therefore, will likely be made without detailed feasibility studies, independent analysis, market surveys and the like which, if we had more funds available to us, would be desirable. Our decision-making will be particularly dependent upon information provided by the promoters, owners, sponsors or others associated with the target business seeking our participation.

Additionally, the Company is in a highly competitive market for a small number of business opportunities which could reduce the likelihood of consummating a successful business combination. We are, and will continue to be, an insignificant participant in the business of seeking mergers with, joint ventures with and acquisitions of small private and public entities. A large number of established and well-financed entities, including small public companies and venture capital firms, are active in mergers and acquisitions of companies that may be desirable target candidates for us. Nearly all these entities have significantly greater financial resources, technical expertise and managerial capabilities than we do; consequently, we will be at a competitive disadvantage in identifying possible business opportunities and successfully completing a business combination. These competitive factors may reduce our likelihood of identifying and consummating a successful business combination.

Any business opportunity that is acquired by the Company is expected to have a desire to become a public company and establish a public trading market for its securities. As such, in connection with such business combination, it is likely that control of the Company would be transferred from the current principal shareholders of the Company to the acquiring entity or its affiliates. If such a change of control is affected through the purchase of stock from current shareholders, the transaction is very likely to result in substantial gains.



We anticipate that business opportunities will come to the Company's attention from various sources. These sources may include, but not be limited to, its principal shareholders, professional advisors such as attorneys and accountants, securities broker-dealers, and others who may present unsolicited proposals. Although the Company does not currently have any written agreements, with any individual or entity, to act as a finder for the Company, our majority shareholder, Regent Private Capital, LLC ("Regent") or certain of its affiliates may introduce business combination targets to us, in the future. Regent introduced Latitude Global, the company with which we entered into the Merger Agreement and with which we intend to enter into a merger transaction. Lawrence Field, our sole officer and director, is also a managing director of Regent.

It is possible that the range of business opportunities that might be available for consideration by the Company could be limited by the impact of Securities and Exchange Commission regulations regarding purchase and sale of "penny stocks." The regulations would affect, and possibly impair, any market that might develop in the Company's securities until such time as they qualify for listing on NASDAQ or on another exchange which would make them exempt from applicability of the "penny stock" regulations.

The Company believes that various types of potential merger or acquisition candidates might find a business combination with the Company to be attractive. These include acquisition candidates desiring to create a public market for their shares in order to enhance liquidity for current shareholders, acquisition candidates which have long-term plans for raising capital through the public sale of securities and believe that the possible prior existence of a public market for their securities would be beneficial, and acquisition candidates which plan to acquire additional assets through issuance of securities rather than for cash, and believe that the possibility of development of a public market for their securities will be of assistance in that process. Acquisition candidates who have a need for an immediate cash infusion are not likely to find a potential business combination with the Company to be an attractive alternative.

The Company's focus is on small and medium-sized enterprises which have a desire to become public companies and which are able to satisfy, or anticipate in the reasonably near future being able to satisfy, the minimum asset and other requirements in order to qualify shares for trading on a senior stock exchange such as the Nasdaq Market or the NYSE MKT (See "Investigation and Selection of Business Opportunities"). The Company anticipates that potential acquisition candidates may (i) be recently organized with no operating history, or a history of losses attributable to under-capitalization or other factors; (ii) be experiencing financial or operating difficulties; (iii) be in need of funds to develop a new product or service or to expand into a new market; (iv) be relying upon an untested product or marketing concept; or (v) have a combination of the characteristics mentioned in (i) through (iv). The Company intends to concentrate its acquisition efforts on properties or businesses that it believes to be undervalued. Given the above factors, investors should expect that any acquisition candidate may have a history of losses or low profitability.

The Company does not propose to restrict its search for investment opportunities to any particular geographical area or industry, and may, therefore, engage in essentially any business, to the extent of its limited resources. This includes industries such as service, finance, natural resources, manufacturing, high technology, product development, medical, communications and others. The Company's discretion in the selection of business opportunities is unrestricted, subject to the availability of such opportunities, economic conditions, and other factors.

The Company does not currently intend to enter into a merger or acquisition transaction with any business with which any of the Company's officers, directors or principal shareholders are affiliated. Notwithstanding the foregoing, should the Company determine, in the future, that a transaction with an affiliated company would be in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders, the Company is, in general, permitted by Delaware law to enter into such a transaction if:

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1. The material facts as to the relationship or interest of the affiliate and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the Board of Directors, and the Board in good faith authorizes the contract or transaction by the affirmative vote of a majority of the disinterested directors, even though the disinterested directors constitute less than a quorum; or
2. The material facts as to the relationship or interest of the affiliate and as to the contract or transaction are disclosed or are known to the stockholders entitled to vote thereon, and the contract or transaction is specifically approved in good faith by vote of the stockholders; or
3. The contract or transaction is fair as to the Company as of the time it is authorized, approved or ratified, by the Board of Directors or the stockholders.

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### Investigation and Selection of Business Opportunities

To a large extent, a decision to participate in a specific business opportunity may be made upon the principal shareholders' analysis of the quality of the other company's management and personnel, the anticipated acceptability of new products or marketing concepts, the merit of technological changes, the perceived benefit the Company will derive from becoming a publicly held entity, and numerous other factors which are difficult, if not impossible, to analyze through the application of any objective criteria. In many instances, it is anticipated that the historical operations of a specific business opportunity may not necessarily be indicative of the potential for the future because of the possible need to access capital, shift marketing approaches substantially, expand significantly, change product emphasis, change or substantially augment management, or make other changes. The Company will be dependent upon the owners of a potential acquisition candidate to identify any such problems which may exist and to implement, or be primarily responsible for the implementation of, required changes. Because the Company may participate in a business opportunity with a newly organized firm or with a firm which is entering a new phase of growth, it is possible that the Company could incur further risks, because management in many instances will not have proved its abilities or effectiveness, the eventual market for such company's products or services will likely not be established, and such company may not be profitable when acquired.

It is anticipated that the Company will not be able to diversify, but will essentially be limited to one such venture because of the Company's limited financial resources. This lack of diversification will not permit the Company to offset potential losses from one business opportunity against profits from another.

The Company may consummate transactions having a potentially adverse impact upon the Company's shareholders pursuant to the authority and discretion of the Company's management and board of directors to complete acquisitions without submitting any proposal to the stockholders for their consideration. Holders of the Company's securities should not anticipate that the Company will necessarily furnish such holders, prior to any merger or acquisition, with financial statements, or any other documentation, concerning a target company or its business. In some instances, however, the proposed participation in a business opportunity may be submitted to the stockholders for their consideration, either voluntarily by such directors to seek the stockholders' advice and consent or because state law so requires.

The analysis of new business opportunities will be undertaken by or under the supervision of our management and the Company's principal shareholders. Current or future management of the Company may decide to hire outside consultants to assist in the investigation and selection of business opportunities, and might pay a finder's fee, in stock in cash, as allowed by law. Since the Company has no current plans to use any outside consultants, no criteria or policies have been adopted. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in finding or acquiring a desirable business opportunity, given that limited funds are available for acquisitions, or that any acquisition that occurs will be on terms that are favorable to the Company or its stockholders.

As described above, the Company has entered into the Merger Agreement with Latitude Global. In the event that the merger transaction contemplated under the terms and conditions of the Merger Agreement is not consummated, the Company has unrestricted flexibility in seeking, analyzing and participating in other potential business opportunities. In its efforts to analyze potential acquisition targets, the Company will consider the following kinds of factors:

- (a) Potential for growth, indicated by new technology, anticipated market expansion or new products;
- (b) Competitive position as compared to other firms of similar size and experience within the industry segment as well as within the industry as a whole;

(c) Strength and diversity of management, either in place or scheduled for recruitment;

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- (d) Capital requirements and anticipated availability of required funds, to be provided by the Company or from operations, through the sale of additional securities, through joint ventures or similar arrangements or from other sources;
- (e) The cost of participation by the Company as compared to the perceived tangible and intangible values and potentials;
- (f) The extent to which the business opportunity can be advanced;
- (g) The accessibility of required management expertise, personnel, raw materials, services, professional assistance and other required items; and
- (h) Other relevant factors.

In applying the foregoing criteria, no one of which will be controlling, management will attempt to analyze all factors and circumstances and make a determination based upon reasonable investigative measures and available data. Potentially available business opportunities may occur in many different industries, and at various stages of development, all of which will make the task of comparative investigation and analysis of such business opportunities extremely difficult and complex. Due to the Company's limited capital available for investigation, the Company may not discover or adequately evaluate adverse facts about the opportunity to be acquired.

Prior to making a decision to participate in a business opportunity, the Company will generally request that it be provided with written materials regarding the business opportunity containing such items as a description of products, services and company history; management resumes; financial information; available projections, with related assumptions upon which they are based; an explanation of proprietary products and services; evidence of existing patents, trademarks, or services marks, or rights thereto; present and proposed forms of compensation to management; a description of transactions between such company and its affiliates during relevant periods; a description of present and required facilities; an analysis of risks and competitive conditions; a financial plan of operation and estimated capital requirements; audited financial statements, or if they are not available, unaudited financial statements, together with reasonable assurances that audited financial statements would be able to be produced within a reasonable period of time following completion of a merger transaction; and other information deemed relevant.

As part of the Company's investigation, the Company's principal shareholders may meet personally with management and key personnel of a potential acquisition candidate, visit and inspect material facilities, obtain independent analysis or verification of certain information provided, check references of management and key personnel, and take other reasonable investigative measures, to the extent of the Company's limited financial resources.

#### Form of Acquisition

In the event that the merger transaction with Latitude Global is not consummated, it is not possible to predict the manner in which the Company may participate in another business opportunity with any degree of certainty. Specific business opportunities will be reviewed as well as the respective needs and desires of the Company and the promoters of the opportunity and, upon the basis of that review and the relative negotiating strength of the Company and such promoters, the legal structure or method deemed by management to be suitable will be selected. Such structure may include, but is not limited to leases, purchase and sale agreements, licenses, joint ventures and other contractual arrangements. The Company may act directly or indirectly through an interest in a partnership, corporation or other form of organization. Implementing such structure may require the merger, consolidation or reorganization of the Company with other corporations or forms of business organization, and although it is likely, there is no assurance

that the Company would be the surviving entity. In addition, the present management, board of directors and stockholders of the Company most likely will not have control of a majority of the voting shares of the Company following a reorganization transaction. As part of such a transaction, the Company's existing management and directors may resign and new management and directors may be appointed without any vote by stockholders.

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It is likely that the Company will acquire its participation in a business opportunity through the issuance of common stock or other securities of the Company. Although the terms of any such transaction cannot be predicted, it should be noted that in certain circumstances the criteria for determining whether or not an acquisition is a so-called “tax free” reorganization under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, depends upon the issuance to the stockholders of the acquired company of a controlling interest (i.e. 80% or more) of the common stock of the combined entities immediately following the reorganization. If a transaction were structured to take advantage of these provisions rather than other “tax free” provisions provided under the Internal Revenue Code, the Company’s current stockholders would retain in the aggregate 20% or less of the total issued and outstanding shares. This could result in substantial additional dilution in the equity of those who were stockholders of the Company prior to such reorganization. Any such issuance of additional shares might also be done simultaneously with a sale or transfer of shares representing a controlling interest in the Company by the principal shareholders.

It is anticipated that any new securities issued in any reorganization would be issued in reliance upon exemptions, if any are available, from registration under applicable federal and state securities laws. In some circumstances, however, as a negotiated element of the transaction, the Company may agree to register such securities either at the time the transaction is consummated, or under certain conditions or at specified times thereafter. The issuance of substantial additional securities and their potential sale into any trading market that might develop in the Company’s securities may have a depressive effect upon such market.

The Company will participate in a business opportunity only after the negotiation and execution of a written agreement. Although the terms of such agreement cannot be predicted, generally such an agreement would require specific representations and warranties by all of the parties thereto, specify certain events of default, detail the terms of closing and the conditions which must be satisfied by each of the parties thereto prior to such closing, outline the manner of bearing costs if the transaction is not closed, set forth remedies upon default, and include miscellaneous other terms normally found in an agreement of that type.

It is anticipated that the investigation of specific business opportunities and the negotiation, drafting and execution of relevant agreements, disclosure documents and other instruments will require substantial costs for accountants, attorneys and others. To date, the Company has incurred these types of costs relating to the proposed merger transaction with Latitude Global in the approximate amount of \$25,000. If a decision is made not to consummate the merger transaction with Latitude Global or to participate in any other specific business opportunity, the costs theretofore incurred might not be recoverable. Moreover, because many providers of goods and services require compensation at the time or soon after the goods and services are provided, the inability of the Company to pay until an indeterminate future time may make it impossible to procure such goods and services.

In all probability, upon completion of an acquisition or merger, there will be a change in control through issuance of substantially more shares of common stock. Further, in conjunction with an acquisition or merger, it is likely that the principal shareholders may offer to sell a controlling interest at a price not relative to or reflective of a price which could be achieved by individual shareholders at the time.

#### Investment Company Act and Other Regulation

The Company may participate in a business opportunity by purchasing, trading or selling the securities of such business. The Company does not, however, intend to engage primarily in such activities. Specifically, the Company intends to conduct its activities so as to avoid being classified as an “investment company” under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “Investment Act”), and therefore to avoid application of the costly and restrictive registration and other provisions of the Investment Act, and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Section 3(a) of the Investment Act contains the definition of an “investment company,” and it excludes any entity that does not engage primarily in the business of investing, reinvesting or trading in securities, or that does not engage in the business of investing, owning, holding or trading “investment securities” (defined as “all securities other than government securities or securities of majority-owned subsidiaries”) the value of which exceeds 40% of the value of its total assets (excluding government securities, cash or cash items). The Company intends to implement its business plan in a manner which will result in the availability of this exception from the definition of “investment company.” Consequently, the Company’s participation in a business or opportunity through the purchase and sale of investment securities will be limited.



The Company's plan of business may involve changes in its capital structure, management, control and business, especially if it consummates a reorganization as discussed above. Each of these areas is regulated by the Investment Act, in order to protect purchasers of investment company securities. Since the Company will not register as an investment company, stockholders will not be afforded these protections.

Any securities which the Company might acquire in exchange for its Common Stock are expected to be "restricted securities" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"). If the Company elects to resell such securities, such sale cannot proceed unless a registration statement has been declared effective by the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission or an exemption from registration is available. Although the plan of operation does not contemplate resale of securities acquired, if such a sale were to be necessary, the Company would be required to comply with the provisions of the Act to effect such resale.

An acquisition made by the Company may be in an industry which is regulated or licensed by federal, state or local authorities. Compliance with such regulations can be expected to be a time-consuming and expensive process.

#### Competition

The Company expects to encounter substantial competition in its efforts to locate attractive opportunities, primarily from business development companies, venture capital partnerships and corporations, venture capital affiliates of large industrial and financial companies, small investment companies, and wealthy individuals. Many of these entities will have significantly greater experience, resources and managerial capabilities than the Company and will therefore be in a better position than the Company to obtain access to attractive business opportunities.

#### Employees

We presently have no employees apart from our management. Our officers and directors are engaged in outside business activities and anticipate that they will devote to our business very limited time until the acquisition of a successful business opportunity has been identified. Lawrence Field, our sole officer and director, and a managing partner of Regent, our principal shareholder, has been devoting a portion of his working time to the proposed merger transaction with Latitude Global. We expect no significant changes in the number of our employees other than such changes, if any, incident to a business combination.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

#### ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

#### ITEM 2. PROPERTIES.

The Company neither rents nor owns any properties. The Company uses the office space and equipment of Regent rent free. The Company currently has no policy with respect to investments or interests in real estate, real estate mortgages or securities of, or interests in, persons primarily engaged in real estate activities.

#### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Company was not a party to any pending legal proceedings.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

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PART II.

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY; RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Common Stock

Our Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of up to 100,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.0001 per share (the "Common Stock"). As of October 22, 2012, there were 393,169 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding which were held by 22 holders of record.

Preferred Stock

Our Certificate of Incorporation authorizes the issuance of up to 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$.0001 per share (the "Preferred Stock"). The Company has not yet issued any of its Preferred Stock.

Options and Warrants

None of the shares of our Common Stock are subject to outstanding options or warrants.

Dividend Policy

The Company has not declared or paid any cash dividends on its Common Stock and does not intend to declare or pay any cash dividend in the foreseeable future. The payment of dividends, if any, is within the discretion of the Board of Directors and will depend on the Company's earnings, if any, its capital requirements and financial condition and such other factors as the Board of Directors may consider.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The Company does not have any equity compensation plans or any individual compensation arrangements with respect to its Common Stock or Preferred Stock. The issuance of any of our Common Stock or Preferred Stock is within the discretion of our Board of Directors, which has the power to issue any or all of our authorized but unissued shares without stockholder approval.

Market for Our Shares of Common Stock

Our Common Stock is quoted on the OTCQB, under the trading symbol "BLKU". The market for our Common Stock is highly volatile. We cannot assure you that there will be a market in the future for our Common Stock. OTCQB securities are not listed and traded on the floor of an organized national or regional stock exchange. Instead, OTCQB securities transactions are conducted through a telephone and computer network connecting dealers in stocks. OTCQB stocks are traditionally smaller companies that do not meet the financial and other listing requirements of a regional or national stock exchange.

The following table shows the high and low prices of our shares of Common Stock on the OTC Bulletin Board and the OTCQB Tier of the OTC Markets, where our shares of Common Stock began being quoted in August 2010, for each quarter during our fiscal years ended July 31, 2011 and 2012. The following quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, mark-down or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions:



Period	High	Low
August 1, 2010 – October 31, 2010	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03
November 1, 2010 – January 31, 2011	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.03
February 1, 2011 – April 30, 2011	\$ 0.03	\$ 2.00
May 1, 2011 – July 31, 2011	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.00
August 1, 2011 – October 31, 2011	\$ 2.00	\$ 1.75
November 1, 2011 – January 31, 2012	\$ 10.01	\$ 1.75
February 1, 2012 – April 30, 2012	\$ 10.01	\$ 3.00
May 1, 2012 – July 31, 2012	\$ 10.01	\$ 10.01

#### Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

#### Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company did not purchase or redeem any of its equity securities during the fourth quarter of its fiscal year ended July 31, 2012.

#### ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

#### ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements and the notes thereto.

##### Overview

The Company was incorporated in the State of Delaware on October 23, 2003, under the name Fashionfreakz International Inc. On December 2, 2005, the Company changed its name to Blink Couture, Inc. Until March 4, 2008, the Company’s principal business was the online retail marketing of trendy clothing and accessories produced by independent designers. On March 4, 2008, the Company discontinued its prior business and changed its business plan. The Company’s business plan now consists of exploring potential targets for a business combination through the purchase of assets, share purchase or exchange, merger or similar type of transaction.

The Company is currently considered to be a “blank check” company. The SEC defines those companies as “any development stage company that is issuing a penny stock, within the meaning of Section 3(a)(51) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), and that has no specific business plan or purpose, or has indicated that its business plan is to merge with an unidentified company or companies.” Many states have enacted statutes, rules and regulations limiting the sale of securities of “blank check” companies in their respective jurisdictions. The Company is also a “shell company,” defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act as a company with no or nominal assets (other than cash) and no or nominal operations.

We will not be restricted in our search for business combination candidates to any particular geographical area, industry or industry segment, and may enter into a combination with a private business engaged in any line of business, including service, finance, mining, manufacturing, real estate, oil and gas, distribution, transportation,

medical, communications, high technology, biotechnology or any other. Management's discretion is, as a practical matter, unlimited in the selection of a combination candidate. Management will seek combination candidates in the United States and other countries, as available time and resources permit, through existing associations and by word of mouth. This plan of operation has been adopted in order to attempt to create value for our stockholders.

On November 4, 2011, we formed Latitude Global Acquisition Corp. in the State of Florida, which is currently a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, formed for the sole purpose of acquiring Latitude Global. On November 10, 2011, we entered into the Merger Agreement, pursuant to which we intend to acquire Latitude Global through our subsidiary, Latitude Global Acquisition Corp. As of the date of this report the merger transaction contemplated under the terms of the Merger Agreement has not yet been consummated.

## Results of Operations

The Company has not conducted any active operations since March 4, 2008, except for its efforts to locate suitable acquisition candidates. No revenue has been generated by the Company from October 23, 2003 (Inception) to July 31, 2012. It is unlikely the Company will have any revenues unless it is able to effect an acquisition or merger with an operating company. On November 10, 2011, we entered into the Merger Agreement with Latitude Global. While it is our intent to close a merger transaction with Latitude Global, there can be no assurance that we will be able to consummate this transaction or an acquisition of any other operating company. It is management's assertion that these circumstances may hinder the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's plan of operation for the next twelve months, if the merger with Latitude Global is not consummated, shall be to continue its efforts to locate suitable acquisition candidates.

## Year ended July 31, 2012 Compared to Year ended July 31, 2011

For the year ended July 31, 2012, the Company had a net loss of \$136,156 compared to a net loss of \$80,249 for the year ended July 31, 2011. This increase in net loss of \$55,907 (69.7%) between the comparable periods was primarily attributable to an increase in professional fees from \$25,235 for the year ended July 31, 2011 to \$65,220 for the year ended July 31, 2012 (\$39,985), an increase in interest expense from \$11,013 for the year ended July 31, 2011 to \$16,841 for the year ended July 31, 2012 (\$5,828), an increase in general and administrative expenses from \$4,001 for the year ended July 31, 2011 to \$9,206 for the year ended July 31, 2012 (\$5,205), as well as an increase in taxes paid by the Company from none for the year ended July 31, 2011 to \$4,889 for the year ended July 31, 2012 (\$4,889). The increase in professional fees between the comparable periods is primarily attributable to (a) a total increase of \$24,250 in legal fees, which was attributable to (i) \$18,750 payable by the Company, during the year ended July 31, 2012, in connection with its proposed merger transaction with Latitude Global and (ii) an additional \$5,500 we paid for the preparation and filing of our SEC reports, as a result of a \$500 per month increase commencing on July 1, 2011, (b) an increase of \$7,235 in accounting fees payable for preparation and review of our financial statements, which was a result of our outsourcing of the preparation of our financial statements for fiscal year 2011, payments for which were made during the year ended July 31, 2012, and (c) an increase of \$8,500 in tax preparation fees payable for the preparation of all of our income and franchise tax returns for the tax year ended July 31, 2011 and the 2012 Delaware franchise tax year, including all prior-year tax returns that we inadvertently failed to file. The increase in interest expense between the comparable periods reflects additional interest payable by the Company with respect to additional loans made by Regent Private Capital, LLC, the Company's principal stockholder ("Regent"), since December 29, 2009, to pay all expenses incurred by the Company. The increase in general and administrative expenses between the comparable periods is primarily attributable to an increase of \$5,205 relating to (a) the preparation and filing of our SEC Reports, including our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended January 31, 2012, which included financial statement information in XBRL format for the first time for that quarterly period and (b) an increase in the amount of fees payable to the Company's stock transfer agent. The increase in taxes paid by the Company between the comparable periods reflects (a) the filing of tax returns and payment of California franchise taxes, penalties and interest in November 2011 and April 2012, in the aggregate amount of \$3,686, in respect of returns which the Company inadvertently failed to file on a timely basis, (b) payment of New York franchise taxes, penalties and interest in November 2011, in the aggregate amount of \$664, in respect of taxes which the Company inadvertently failed to pay on a timely basis and (c) payment of Delaware franchise taxes in May 2012, in the amount of \$539 for the 2012 Delaware franchise tax year.





## Plan of Operation

The Company currently does not engage in any business activities that provide cash flow. During the next twelve months we anticipate incurring costs related to:

- (i) filing Exchange Act reports, and
- (ii) investigating, analyzing and consummating an acquisition.

We believe we will be able to meet these costs through use of funds in our treasury, through deferral of fees by certain service providers and additional amounts, as necessary, to be loaned to or invested in us by our stockholders, management or other investors.

If the merger with Latitude Global is not consummated, the Company may consider acquiring a business which has recently commenced operations, is a developing company in need of additional funds for expansion into new products or markets, is seeking to develop a new product or service, or is an established business which may be experiencing financial or operating difficulties and is in need of additional capital. In the alternative, a business combination may involve the acquisition of, or merger with, a company which does not need substantial additional capital but which desires to establish a public trading market for its shares while avoiding, among other things, the time delays, significant expense, and loss of voting control which may occur in a public offering.

Any target business that is selected may be a financially unstable company or an entity in its early stages of development or growth, including entities without established records of sales or earnings. In that event, we will be subject to numerous risks inherent in the business and operations of financially unstable and early stage or potential emerging growth companies. In addition, we may effect a business combination with an entity in an industry characterized by a high level of risk, and, although our management will endeavor to evaluate the risks inherent in a particular target business, there can be no assurance that we will properly ascertain or assess all significant risks.

The Company anticipates that the selection of a business combination will be complex and extremely risky. Because of general economic conditions, rapid technological advances being made in some industries and shortages of available capital, our management believes that there are numerous firms seeking even the limited additional capital which we will have and/or the perceived benefits of becoming a publicly traded corporation. Such perceived benefits of becoming a publicly traded corporation include, among other things, facilitating or improving the terms on which additional equity financing may be obtained, providing liquidity for the principals of and investors in a business, creating a means for providing incentive stock options or similar benefits to key employees, and offering greater flexibility in structuring acquisitions, joint ventures and the like through the issuance of stock. Potentially available business combinations may occur in many different industries and at various stages of development, all of which will make the task of comparative investigation and analysis of such business opportunities extremely difficult and complex.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

We had no cash on hand at July 31, 2012 and had no other assets to meet ongoing expenses or debts that may accumulate. Since inception, we have accumulated a deficit of \$460,583. As of July 31, 2012 we had total liabilities of \$386,857.

We have no commitment for any capital expenditure and foresee none. However, we have incurred certain transaction expenses and may incur additional transaction expenses, in connection with our proposed merger with Latitude Global, whether or not such merger is consummated, as well as routine fees and expenses incident to our reporting

duties as a public company. If we do not consummate the merger with Latitude Global, we will continue to incur expenses in finding and investigating possible acquisitions and other fees and expenses in the event we make an acquisition or attempt but are unable to complete an acquisition. If we do not consummate the merger with Latitude Global or any other business, our cash requirements for the next twelve months are relatively modest, principally accounting expenses and other expenses relating to making filings required under the Exchange Act, which should not exceed \$50,000 in the fiscal year ending July 31, 2013. Any travel, lodging or other expenses which may arise related to finding, investigating and attempting to complete a combination with one or more potential acquisitions could also amount to thousands of dollars.

We will only be able to pay our future obligations and meet operating expenses by raising additional funds, acquiring a profitable company or otherwise generating positive cash flow. As a practical matter, we are unlikely to generate positive cash flow by any means other than acquiring a company with such cash flow. We believe that management members or stockholders will lend funds to us as needed for operations prior to completion of an acquisition. Management and the stockholders are not obligated to provide funds to us, however, and it is not certain they will always want or be financially able to do so. Our stockholders and management members who advance funds to us to cover operating expenses will expect to be reimbursed, either by us or by the company acquired, prior to or at the time of completing a combination. As of July 31, 2012, we have incurred an outstanding indebtedness to Regent, our principal stockholder, in the principal amount of \$349,703. If we consummate the merger transaction with Latitude Global, concurrent with such closing, the Company has agreed to issue to Regent convertible promissory notes in an aggregate principal amount of \$256,083 in consideration of a portion of the outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest owed to Regent as of July 31, 2012. The remaining portion of the outstanding indebtedness, including accrued and unpaid interest, through the date of the closing of the merger transaction will be converted into common stock of the Company issuable to Regent immediately prior to the closing so that Regent's pre-closing ownership of the Company will be increased.

We have no intention of borrowing money to reimburse or pay salaries to any of our officers, directors or stockholders or their affiliates. There currently are no plans to sell additional securities to raise capital, although sales of securities may be necessary to obtain needed funds. Our current management has agreed to continue their services to us and to accrue sums owed them for services and expenses and expect payment reimbursement only.

Should existing management or stockholders refuse to advance needed funds, however, we would be forced to turn to outside parties to either lend funds to us or buy our securities. There is no assurance whatsoever that we will be able to raise necessary funds, when needed, from outside sources. Such a lack of funds could result in severe consequences to us, including among others:

- failure to make timely filings with the SEC as required by the Exchange Act, which may also result in suspension of trading or quotation of our stock and could result in fines and penalties to us under the Exchange Act;

- curtailing or eliminating our ability to locate and perform suitable investigations of potential acquisitions; or

- inability to complete a desirable acquisition due to lack of funds to pay legal and accounting fees and acquisition-related expenses.

It is our intention to seek reimbursement from potential acquisition candidates for professional fees and travel, lodging and other due diligence expenses incurred by our management, in connection with our investigation, negotiation and consummation of a business combination with such acquisition candidates. There is no assurance that any potential candidate will agree to reimburse us for such costs.

#### Going Concern

Our independent auditors have added an explanatory paragraph to their audit issued in connection with the financial statements for the period ended July 31, 2012, relative to our ability to continue as a going concern. We had a working capital deficit of \$386,857 at July 31, 2012; we had an accumulated deficit of \$460,583 incurred through July 31, 2012; and recorded losses of \$136,156 for the year ended July 31, 2012. The going concern opinion issued by our auditors means that there is substantial doubt that we can continue as an ongoing business for the twelve month period ending July 31, 2013 and thereafter. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might

result from the uncertainty about our ability to continue our business.

#### Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity or capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to an investor in our securities.

#### Contractual Obligations

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide this information.

#### Critical Accounting Policies

The Securities and Exchange Commission issued Financial Reporting Release No. 60, "Cautionary Advice Regarding Disclosure About Critical Accounting Policies" suggesting that companies provide additional disclosure and commentary on their most critical accounting policies. In Financial Reporting Release No. 60, the Securities and Exchange Commission has defined the most critical accounting policies as the ones that are most important to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and operating results, and require management to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. The nature of our business generally does not call for the preparation or use of estimates. Due to the fact that the Company does not have any operating business, we do not believe that we have any such critical accounting policies.

#### ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As a “smaller reporting company” as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide information required by this Item.

#### ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Set forth below are the audited consolidated financial statements for the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Latitude Global Acquisition Corp. for the fiscal years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 and the reports thereon of Paritz & Co, PA.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors  
Blink Couture, Inc.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
Tulsa, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Blink Couture, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) for the years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of operations, change in stockholders' deficiency and cash flows for the years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, and the period from inception (October 23, 2003) to July 31, 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Blink Couture, Inc. as of July 31, 2012 and 2011 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, and for the period from inception (October 23, 2003) to July 31, 2012 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As described in Note 3, the Company has no revenue since inception and has generated net losses of \$460,583 during the period of October 23, 2003 (inception) to July 31, 2012 and its current liabilities and total liabilities exceed its current assets and total assets by \$386,857. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Paritz & Co., P.A.  
Hackensack, New Jersey  
October 23, 2012

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in US\$)	July 31, 2012	July 31, 2011
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash	\$-	\$0
Prepaid Expense	-	-
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Property and Equipment (net)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$-</b>	<b>\$0</b>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts Payable	\$-	\$3,415
Accrued Interest - Related Parties	37,154	20,313
Notes Due to Related Parties	349,703	226,973
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>386,857</b>	<b>250,701</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>386,857</b>	<b>250,701</b>
<b>Stockholders Deficiency</b>		
Preferred stock, (\$.0001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding)	-	-
Common stock, (\$.0001 par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized; 393,169 shares outstanding as of July 31, 2012 and July 31, 2011)	39	39
Additional Paid-in Capital	73,687	73,687
Deficit Accumulated during the Development Stage	(460,583 )	(324,427 )
<b>Total Stockholders Deficiency</b>	<b>(386,857 )</b>	<b>(250,701 )</b>
<b>Total Liabilities &amp; Stockholders Deficiency</b>	<b>\$(0 )</b>	<b>\$0</b>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in US\$)	12 Months Ended July 31,		October 23, 2003 thru July 31, 2012 Since Inception
	2012	2011	
Revenues	\$-	\$-	\$-
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
Amortization	-	-	741
General and Administrative	9,206	4,001	43,524
Taxes	4,889	-	4,889
Management Fees	40,000	40,000	187,500
Marketing	-	-	11,192
Professional Fees	65,220	25,235	174,816
Rent	-	-	767
Total Operating Expenses	119,315	69,236	423,429
<b>Other Expenses</b>			
Interest Expense - Related Parties	16,841	11,013	37,154
Total Expenses	136,156	80,249	460,583
Net Loss	\$(136,156 )	\$(80,249 )	\$(460,583 )
Basic Loss per share	\$(0.35 )	\$(0.20 )	
Weighted Average Shares	393,169	393,169	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements



BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in US\$)	12 Months Ended July 31,		October 23, 2003 thru July 31, 2012 Since Inception
	2012	2011	
<b>Operating Activities</b>			
Net Loss	(136,156 )	(80,249 )	(460,583 )
Adjustment to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities			
Amortization	-	-	741
Common Stock Issued for Services	-	-	300
Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities:			
Change in Prepaid expense	-	-	-
Change in Accounts Payable	(3,415 )	(1,235 )	-
Change in Accrued Interest	16,841	11,013	37,154
Net Cash used in Operating Activities	(122,730 )	(70,471 )	(422,388 )
<b>Investing Activities</b>			
Purchase of Property & Equipment	-	-	(741 )
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	-	-	(741 )
<b>Financing Activities</b>			
Proceeds from Notes Due to Related Parties	122,730	70,471	349,703
Donated Capital	-	-	23,636
Proceeds from Issuance of Common Stock	-	-	49,790
Net Cash provided by Financing Activities	122,730	70,471	423,129
Net (decrease) increase in Cash	(0 )	0	0
Cash Beginning of Period	-	0	-
Cash End of Period	\$(0 )	\$(0 )	\$0

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Common Stock	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	Total
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance – October 23, 2003 (Date of Inception)	–	–	–	–	–
October 25, 2003 – issue of common stock for services at \$0.0001 per share	45,717	5	235	–	240
July 25, 2004 – issue of common stock for services at \$0.0001 per share	342,876	34	1,766	–	1,800
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	(3,075 )	(3,075 )
Balance – July 31, 2004	388,593	39	2,001	(3,075 )	(1,035 )
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(2,665 )	(2,665 )
Balance – July 31, 2005	388,593	39	2,001	(5,740 )	(3,700 )
June 23, 2006 – issue of common stock for cash at \$0.20 per share	2,552	0	26,800	–	26,800
July 26, 2006 – issue of common stock for cash at \$0.20 per share	1,352	0	14,200	–	14,200
July 26, 2006 – issue of common stock for services at \$0.20 per share	10	0	100	–	100
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(6,201 )	(6,201 )
Balance – July 31, 2006	392,507	39	43,101	(11,941 )	31,199
August 23, 2006 – issue of common stock for cash at \$0.20 per share	595	0	6,250	–	6,250
August 23, 2006 – issue of common stock for services at \$0.20 per share	19	0	200	–	200
September 01, 2006 – issue of common stock for cash at \$0.20 per share	38	0	400	–	400
September 01, 2006 – issue of common stock for services at \$0.20 per share	10	0	100	–	100
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(42,764 )	(42,764 )
Balance – July 31, 2007	393,169	39	50,051	(54,705 )	(4,615 )
Donated capital	–	–	23,636	–	23,636
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(41,392 )	(41,392 )
Balance – July 31, 2008	393,169	39	73,687	(96,097 )	(22,371 )
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(59,121 )	(59,121 )
Balance – July 31, 2009	393,169	39	73,687	(155,218 )	(81,492 )
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(88,960 )	(88,960 )
Balance – July 31, 2010	393,169	39	73,687	(244,178 )	(170,452 )
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(80,249 )	(80,249 )
Balance – July 31, 2011	393,169	39	73,687	(324,427 )	(250,701 )
Net loss for the year	–	–	–	(136,156 )	(136,156 )

Balance – July 31, 2012	393,169	39	73,687	(460,583 )	(386,857 )
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See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
July 31, 2012

NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Business description

Blink Couture, Inc. (the “Company”) was originally incorporated as Fashionfreakz International Inc. on October 23, 2003 under the laws of the State of Delaware. On December 2, 2005, Fashionfreakz International Inc. changed its name to Blink Couture Inc. Until March 4, 2008, the Company’s principal business was the online retail marketing of trendy clothing and accessories produced by independent designers. On March 4, 2008, the Company discontinued its prior business and changed its business plan. The Company’s business plan now consists of exploring potential targets for a business combination through the purchase of assets, share purchase or exchange, merger or similar type of transaction. The Company has limited operations and in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 915, the Company is considered a development stage company.

NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND PRESENTATION

The accompanying consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of equity as of July 31, 2012 and the consolidated related statements of operations and cash flows for the years then ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, and October 23, 2003 (inception) through July 31, 2012, contain the accounts of Blink Couture, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary Latitude Global Acquisition Corp.

B. CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

C. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
July 31, 2012

D. DEVELOPMENT STAGE

The Company continues to devote substantially all of its efforts to exploring potential targets for a business combination through the purchase of assets, share purchase or exchange, merger or similar type of transaction.

E. BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Pursuant to the authoritative guidance, basic net loss per share amounts is computed by dividing the net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share are the same as basic earnings per share due to the lack of dilutive items in the Company.

F. INCOME TAXES

The Company uses the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes." Under this method, income tax expense is recognized for the amount of: (i) taxes payable or refundable for the current year and (ii) deferred tax consequences of temporary differences resulting from matters that have been recognized in an entity's financial statements or tax returns. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the results of operations in the period that includes that enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided to reduce the deferred tax assets reported if based on the weight of the available positive and negative evidence, it is more likely than not some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

ASC Topic 740.10.30 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC Topic 740.10.40 provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. We have no material uncertain tax positions for any of the reporting periods presented.

G. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company has not recognized any revenues from its operations.

H. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

From time to time new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other standard setting bodies that may have an impact on the Company's accounting and reporting. The Company believes that such recently issued accounting pronouncements and other authoritative guidance for which the effective date is in the future will not have an impact on its accounting or reporting or that such impact will not be material to its financial position, results of operations and cash flows when implemented.

I. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company adopted the provisions of ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures", which defines fair value as used in numerous accounting pronouncements, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure of fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. ASC 820 describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 – quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable

Level 3 – inputs that are unobservable (for example cash flow modeling inputs based on assumptions)

#### NOTE 3. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has had no revenue, generated net losses of \$460,583 during the period of October 23, 2003 (inception) to July 31, 2012 and its current liabilities and total liabilities exceed its current assets and total assets by \$386,857. These conditions, among others, raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent on its ability to meet its obligations, to obtain additional financing as may be required and ultimately to attain profitability. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
July 31, 2012

NOTE 3. GOING CONCERN (Cont'd)

The Company is dependent on advances from its principal shareholders for continued funding. There are no commitments or guarantees from any third party to provide such funding nor is there any guarantee that the Company will be able to access the funding it requires to continue its operations.

NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On December 29, 2009, pursuant to that certain Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") between Fountainhead Capital Management Limited ("Fountainhead") and Regent Private Capital, LLC ("Regent"), Fountainhead sold an aggregate of 312,383 shares (the "Fountainhead Shares") of common stock, par value \$0.0001 of the Registrant (the "Common Stock") to Regent in consideration for (i) Regent's payment of \$200,000 and (ii) Regent's assignment to Fountainhead of all of Regent's right, title and interest in a certain third party promissory note in the principal amount of \$150,000. The Fountainhead Shares represent approximately 79.45% of the issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Registrant. Additionally, and also included in the consideration paid by Regent, Fountainhead assigned to Regent all of Fountainhead's right, title and interest in a certain promissory note of the Registrant having an outstanding principal balance of \$90,453, along with accrued interest in the amount of \$3,937.

On January 1, 2010, Regent amended and extended the promissory note in the amount of \$90,453 bearing simple interest at 6% per annum to be due and payable on January 30, 2011 (the "Note"). On January 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$123,946 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period November 1, 2009 through January 31, 2010. At January 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$123,946, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

Effective as of January 1, 2010, the Company entered into a Services Agreement with Regent Private Capital, LLC ("Regent"). The term of the Services Agreement is one year and the Company is obligated to pay Regent a quarterly fee in the amount of \$10,000, in cash or in kind, on the first day of each calendar quarter commencing November 1, 2009. During each of the fiscal years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company paid a total of \$40,000 in fees to Regent.

On April 30, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$141,125 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period February 1, 2010 through April 30, 2010. At April 30, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$141,125, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On July 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$156,502 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period May 1, 2010 through July 31, 2010. At July 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$156,502, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
July 31, 2012

NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

On October 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$173,301 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period August 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010. At October 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$173,301, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On February 23, 2011, the parties further amended and extended the promissory note (i) increasing the principal balance amount to \$193,212, representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period November 1, 2010 through January 31, 2011 and (ii) extending the maturity date of the promissory note through and until January 31, 2012. At January 30, 2011, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$193,212, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

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On October 31, 2011, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$258,773 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period August 1, 2011 through October 31, 2011. At October 31, 2011, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$258,773, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

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On April 30, 2012, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$327,995 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period February 1, 2012 through April 30, 2012. At April 30, 2012, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$327,995, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.



BLINK COUTURE, INC.  
(A Development Stage Company)  
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
July 31, 2012

NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

On July 31, 2012, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$349,703 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period May 1, 2012 through July 31, 2012. At July 31, 2012, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$349,703, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

NOTE 5. INCOME TAXES

The Company recognizes deferred income tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company has not incurred any income tax liabilities since its inception due to operating losses of approximately \$461,000, which will expire in 2024 to 2032. The expected income tax benefit for the net operating loss carryforwards is approximately \$129,000. The difference between the expected income tax benefit and non-recognition of an income tax benefit in each period is the result of a valuation allowance applied to deferred tax assets.

This results in a net deferred tax asset, assuming an effective tax rate of 28% or approximately \$129,000 at April 30, 2012. A valuation allowance in the same amount has been provided to reduce the deferred tax asset, as realization of the asset is unlikely.

NOTE 6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events occurring after the date of these financial statements through the date that these financial statements were issued. There were no material subsequent events as of that date which would require disclosure in or adjustment to the financial statements.

**ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE**

There are not and have not been any disagreements between the Company and its accountants on any matter of accounting principles, practices or financial statement disclosure.

**ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) that is designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive officer or officers and principal financial officer or officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In accordance with Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, an evaluation was completed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this annual report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management including the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act was recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

**Evaluation of Internal Controls and Procedures**

Our management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;

- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the Company's management and directors; and

- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

As of July 31, 2012, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in “Internal Control-Integrated Framework” issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on our evaluation, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of July 31, 2012.

This annual report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the Company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to the exemption provided to issuers that are not "large accelerated filers" nor "accelerated filers" under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

#### Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes to the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal quarter of the year ended July 31, 2012, that materially affected, or were reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

#### ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None

### PART III.

#### ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Set forth below is the name of our sole director and executive officer, his age, all positions and offices that he held with us, the period during which he has served as such, and his business experience during at least the last five years.

Name	Age	Position
Lawrence D. Field	51	President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary

Lawrence D. Field. Mr. Field was appointed President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and sole director of the Company on December 29, 2009. Since January 1989, Mr. Field has worked for Regent Private Capital, LLC, a Tulsa, Oklahoma based private investment company, as a Partner between January 1989 and June 2004 and as Managing Director since June 2004. Mr. Field also serves on the board of directors of WellQuest Medical & Wellness Corporation, 3Dicon Corporation and Aria International Holdings, Inc. Mr. Field received his Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Texas at Austin in 1982.

#### Significant Employees

As of the date hereof, the Company has no significant employees.

#### Family Relationships

There are no family relationships among directors, executive officers, or persons nominated or chosen by the Company to become directors or executive officers.

#### Involvement in Certain Legal Proceedings

There have been no events under any bankruptcy act, no criminal proceedings and no judgments, injunctions, orders or decrees material to the evaluation of the ability and integrity of any director, executive officer, promoter or control person of the Company during the past five years.

#### Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires the Company's officers and directors, and greater than 10% stockholders of companies with a class of securities registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership of its securities with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Copies of the reports are required by SEC regulation to be furnished to the Company. No reports were required to be filed by any of such persons, pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2012.

### Code of Ethics

Our board of directors has adopted a code of ethics that our officers, directors and any person who may perform similar functions is subject to. Lawrence D. Field is our only officer and our sole director, therefore, he is the only person subject to the Code of Ethics. If we retain additional officers in the future to act as our principal financial officer, principal accounting officer, controller or persons serving similar functions, they would become subject to the Code of Ethics. The Code of Ethics does not indicate the consequences of a breach of the code. If there is a breach, the board of directors would review the facts and circumstances surrounding the breach and take action that it deems appropriate, which action may include dismissal of the employee who breached the code. Currently, since Mr. Field serves as the sole director and sole officer, he is responsible for reviewing his own conduct under the Code of Ethics and determining what action to take in the event of his own breach of the Code of Ethics.

### Nominating Committee

We have not adopted any procedures by which security holders may recommend nominees to our board of directors.

### Audit Committee and Audit Committee Financial Expert

We do not currently have an audit committee financial expert, nor do we have an audit committee. Our entire board of directors, which currently consists of Mr. Field, handles the functions that would otherwise be handled by an audit committee. We do not currently have the capital resources to pay director fees to a qualified independent expert who would be willing to serve on our board and who would be willing to act as an audit committee financial expert. As our business expands and as we appoint others to our board of directors we expect that we will seek a qualified independent expert to become a member of our board of directors. Before retaining any such expert our board would make a determination as to whether such person is independent.

### ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

The following table sets forth the cash and other compensation paid by the Company to its President and all other executive officers who earned annual compensation exceeding \$100,000 for services rendered during the fiscal years ended July 31, 2012 and July 31, 2011.

Name and Position	Year	Cash Compensation	Other Compensation
Lawrence D. Field, President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary	2012	None	None
	2011	None	None

### Director Compensation

We do not currently pay any cash fees to our directors, nor do we pay directors' expenses in attending board meetings.

### Employment Agreements

The Company is not a party to any employment agreements.



ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial stock ownership as of October 26, 2012 of (i) all persons known to us to be beneficial owners of more than 5% of our outstanding common stock; (ii) each director of our company and our executive officers, and (iii) all of our officers and directors as a group. Each of the persons in the table below has sole voting power and sole dispositive power as to all of the shares shown as beneficially owned by them, except as otherwise indicated.

Name and Address	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned(1)	Percent of Outstanding Shares
Regent Private Capital LLC 5727 South Lewis Avenue Tulsa, OK 74105	312,383	79.45%
Lawrence D. Field* 5727 South Lewis Avenue Tulsa, OK 74105	312,383	79.45%
Officers and directors as a group (one person)*	312,383	79.45%

\* Mr. Field is a managing director of Regent Private Capital LLC and is deemed to be the beneficial owner of the shares of Common Stock owned by Regent Private Capital LLC, as a result of his having voting power and dispositive power over such shares of Common Stock.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

On December 29, 2009, pursuant to that certain Stock Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") between Fountainhead Capital Management Limited ("Fountainhead") and Regent Private Capital, LLC ("Regent"), Fountainhead sold an aggregate of 312,383 shares (the "Fountainhead Shares") of common stock, par value \$0.0001 of the Company (the "Common Stock") to Regent in consideration for (i) Regent's payment of \$200,000 and (ii) Regent's assignment to Fountainhead of all of Regent's right, title and interest in a certain third party promissory note in the principal amount of \$150,000. The Fountainhead Shares represent approximately 79.45% of the issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock of the Company. Additionally, and also included in the consideration paid by Regent, Fountainhead assigned to Regent all of Fountainhead's right, title and interest in a certain promissory note of the Company having an outstanding principal balance of \$90,453, along with accrued interest in the amount of \$3,937.

On January 1, 2010, Regent amended and extended the promissory note in the amount of \$90,453 bearing simple interest at 6% per annum to be due and payable on January 30, 2011 (the "Note"). On January 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$123,946 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period November 1, 2009 through January 31, 2010. At January 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$123,946, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.



Effective as of January 1, 2010, the Company entered into a Services Agreement with Regent. The term of the Services Agreement is one year and the Company is obligated to pay Regent a quarterly fee in the amount of \$10,000, in cash or in kind, on the first day of each calendar quarter commencing November 1, 2009. During each of the fiscal years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, the Company paid a total of \$40,000 in fees to Regent.

Effective as of April 30, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$141,125 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period February 1, 2010 through April 30, 2010. At April 30, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$141,125, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On July 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$156,502 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period May 1, 2010 through July 31, 2010. At July 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$156,502, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On October 31, 2010, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$173,301 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period August 1, 2010 through October 31, 2010. At October 31, 2010, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$173,301, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On February 23, 2011, the parties further amended and extended the promissory note (i) increasing the principal balance amount to \$193,212, representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period November 1, 2010 through January 31, 2011 and (ii) extending the maturity date of the promissory note through and until January 31, 2012. At January 31, 2011, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$193,212, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On April 30, 2011, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$211,023 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period February 1, 2011 through April 30, 2011. At April 30, 2011, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$211,023, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On July 31, 2011, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$226,973 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period May 1, 2011 through July 31, 2011. At April 30, 2011, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$226,973, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On October 31, 2011, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$258,773 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period August 1, 2011 through October 31, 2011. At October 31, 2011, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$258,773, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On January 31, 2012, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$299,709 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period November 1, 2011 through January 31, 2012. At January 31, 2012, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$299,709, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On April 30, 2012, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$327,995 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period February 1, 2012 through April 30, 2012. At April 30, 2012, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$327,995, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

On July 31, 2012, the parties further amended the Note increasing the principal balance to \$349,703 representing amounts advanced to the Company by the payee during the period May 1, 2012 through July 31, 2012. At July 31,

2012, the Company had loans and notes outstanding from a shareholder in the aggregate amount of \$349,703, which represents amounts loaned to the Company to pay the Company's expenses of operation.

Lawrence D. Field, our sole officer and director, is a managing director of Regent Private Capital LLC, which beneficially owns approximately 79.45% of our issued and outstanding shares of Common Stock.

#### Director Independence

The Company is not a listed issuer whose securities are listed on a national securities exchange, or an inter-dealer quotation system which has requirements that a majority of the board of directors be independent. Under NASDAQ Rule 5605(a)(2)(A), a director is not considered to be independent if he or she also is an executive officer or employee of the corporation. Under such definition, Lawrence D. Field, our director, would not be considered independent as he also serves as an executive officer of the Company.

#### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

##### Audit Fees

The aggregate fees billed by our auditors, Paritz & Co, P.A., as of October 23, 2012, for professional services rendered in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements and review of the financial statements included in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, during our fiscal year ended July 31, 2012, and for services normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings made during such fiscal year were \$5,570, all of which have been paid. We estimate additional audit fees in an amount of approximately \$4,000, in connection with the completion of the audit of our financial statements for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2012, for which we have not yet been billed. The aggregate fees billed by our auditors, Paritz & Co, P.A., for professional services rendered in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements and review of the financial statements included in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, during our fiscal year ended July 31, 2011, and for services normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings made during such fiscal year were \$8,735, all of which have been paid.

##### Audit-Related Fees

During the last two fiscal years, no fees were billed or incurred for assurance or related services by our auditors that were reasonably related to the audit or review of financial statements reported above.

##### Tax Fees

During our fiscal year ended July 31, 2012, the Company paid no fees related to tax compliance. During our fiscal year ended July 31, 2011, the Company also paid no fees related to tax compliance. During our fiscal year ended July 31, 2012, the Company paid \$8,500 for tax preparation services. No fees were paid for tax preparation services, during our fiscal year ended July 31, 2011.

##### All Other Fees

During the last two fiscal years, no other fees were billed or incurred for services by our auditors other than the fees noted above. Our board, acting as an audit committee, deemed the fees charged to be compatible with maintenance of the independence of our auditors.

##### Audit Committee's Pre-Approval Process

We do not have a separate audit committee. Our full board of directors performs the functions of an audit committee. Before an independent auditor is engaged by us to render audit or non-audit services, our board of directors pre-approves the engagement. Board of directors pre-approval of audit and non-audit services will not be required if the engagement for the services is entered into pursuant to pre-approval policies and procedures established by our board of directors regarding our engagement of the independent auditor, provided the policies and procedures are

detailed as to the particular service, our board of directors is informed of each service provided, and such policies and procedures do not include delegation of our board of directors' responsibilities under the Exchange Act to our management. Our board of directors may delegate to one or more designated members of our board of directors the authority to grant pre-approvals, provided such approvals are presented to the board of directors at a subsequent meeting. If our board of directors elects to establish pre-approval policies and procedures regarding non-audit services, the board of directors must be informed of each non-audit service provided by the independent auditor. Board of directors pre-approval of non-audit services, other than review and attest services, also will not be required if such services fall within available exceptions established by the SEC. For the fiscal year ended July 31, 2012, 100% of audit-related services, tax services and other services performed by our independent auditors were pre-approved by our board of directors.

Our board has considered whether the services described above under the caption "All Other Fees", which are currently none, is compatible with maintaining the auditor's independence.

The board approved all fees described above.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

The following documents are filed as part of this 10-K:

1. Financial Statements

The following documents are filed in Part II, Item 8 of this annual report on Form 10-K:

Report of Paritz & Co, P.A., Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of July 31, 2012 and 2011

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 and the period from October 23, 2003 (inception) to July 31, 2012

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the period from October 23, 2003 (inception) to July 31, 2012

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 and the period from October 23, 2003 (inception) to July 31, 2012

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Financial Statement Schedules

All financial statement schedules have been omitted as they are not required, not applicable, or the required information is otherwise included.

3. Exhibits

Index to Exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K.

Exhibit	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Fashionfreakz International Inc., filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware on October 23, 2003 <sup>1</sup>
3.2	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware on December 2, 2005 <sup>1</sup>
3.3	Bylaws of Fashionfreakz International Inc <sup>1</sup>
3.4	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware on June 13, 2008 <sup>10</sup>
3.5	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware on November 2, 2009 <sup>10</sup>



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4	Instrument Defining the Right of Holders – Form of Share Certificate <sup>1</sup>
10.1	Lease Agreement <sup>1</sup>
10.2	Web Development Agreement with Gravit-e Technologies, Inc. <sup>1</sup>
10.3	Management Agreement with Susanne Milka <sup>1</sup>
10.4	Distribution Agreement with Sweet Dream Tees Inc. <sup>1</sup>
10.5	Web Design Agreement with Sandra Wong <sup>1</sup>
10 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1)	Distribution Agreement with Sofia Bozikis dba Sofia Bozikis Handbags <sup>2</sup>
10 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1)	Inventory Purchase and Loan Set Off Agreement with Susan Milka <sup>3</sup>
10 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1)	Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of February 20, 2008 <sup>4</sup>
10 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1)	Service Agreement between Blink Couture, Inc. and Fountainhead Capital Management Limited dated as of March 5, 2008 <sup>5</sup>
10 (Filed as Exhibit 10.1)	Promissory Note with Fountainhead Capital Management Limited dated January 31, 2009 <sup>6</sup>
10.6	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated December 29, 2009, between Fountainhead Capital Management Limited and Regent Private Capital, LLC <sup>7</sup>
10.7	Assignment of Promissory Note of Blink Couture, Inc. dated December 29, 2009 <sup>7</sup>
10.8	Assignment of Promissory Note of Altitude Group, LLC dated December 29, 2009 <sup>7</sup>
10.9	Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of March 15, 2010 <sup>8</sup>
10.10	Services Agreement between Blink Couture, Inc. and Regent Private Capital, LLC, dated as of January 1, 2010 <sup>8</sup>
10.11	Supplement to Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of April 30, 2010 <sup>9</sup>
10.12	Supplement No. 2 to Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of July 31, 2010 <sup>10</sup>
10.13	Supplement No. 3 to Fourth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of October 31, 2010 <sup>11</sup>



10.14	Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated February 23, 201112
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10.15	Supplement No. 1 to Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of April 30, 2011 <sup>13</sup>
10.16	Supplement No. 2 to Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of July 31, 2011 <sup>14</sup>
10.17	Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Blink Couture, Inc., Latitude Global Acquisition Corp. and Latitude Global, Inc., dated as of November 10, 2011 <sup>15</sup>
10.18	Supplement No. 3 to Fifth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of October 31, 2011 <sup>16</sup>
10.19	Extension Agreement <sup>17</sup>
10.20	Second Extension Agreement <sup>18</sup>
10.21	Sixth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of January 31, 2012 <sup>19</sup>
10.22	Supplement No. 1 to Sixth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of April 30, 2012 <sup>20</sup>
10.23	Supplement No. 2 to Sixth Amendment and Restatement of Loan Agreement and Promissory Note, dated as of July 31, 2012 <sup>*</sup>
14.1	Corporate Code of Ethics and Conduct <sup>10</sup>
31.1	Certification of the Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, with respect to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2012 <sup>*</sup>
32.1	Certification of the Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002 <sup>*</sup>

\* Filed herewith

1 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form SB-2/A (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 27, 2006 and incorporated herein by this reference.

2 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-QSB (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 17, 2007 and incorporated herein by this reference.

3 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-QSB (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 27, 2008 and incorporated herein by this reference.

4 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 6, 2008 and incorporated herein by this reference.

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5 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 9, 2008 and incorporated herein by this reference.

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6 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 9, 2009 and incorporated herein by this reference.

7 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 4, 2010 and incorporated herein by this reference.

8 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 17, 2010 and incorporated herein by this reference.

9 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 14, 2010 and incorporated herein by this reference.

10 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-K (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 29, 2010 and incorporated herein by this reference.

11 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 14, 2010 and incorporated herein by this reference.

12 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2011 and incorporated herein by this reference.

13 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 20, 2011 and incorporated herein by this reference.

14 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-K (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 28, 2011 and incorporated herein by this reference.

15 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 14, 2011 and incorporated herein by this reference.

16 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 14, 2011 and incorporated herein by this reference.

17 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 27, 2011 and incorporated herein by this reference.

18 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 8-K (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 29, 2012 and incorporated herein by this reference.

19 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 16, 2012 and incorporated herein by this reference.

20 Filed as an exhibit to the Company's Form 10-Q (File No. 333-138951) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 13, 2012 and incorporated herein by this reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BLINK COUTURE, INC.

Dated: October 26, 2012 By: /s/ Lawrence D. Field  
Lawrence D. Field, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting  
Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following person on behalf of the registrant and in the capacity and on the date indicated.

	Title	Date
/s/ Lawrence D. Field Lawrence D. Field	President, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Director	October 26, 2012