

REALTY INCOME CORP  
Form 10-Q  
October 31, 2008

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2008, or

Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Commission File Number 1-13374

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

33-0580106  
(IRS Employer Identification  
Number)

600 La Terraza Boulevard, Escondido, California 92025-3873  
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (760) 741-2111

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

There were 104,268,123 shares of common stock outstanding as of October 22, 2008.



REALTY INCOME CORPORATION

Form 10-Q

September 30, 2008

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I.	<u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	Page
Item 1:	<u>Financial Statements</u>	
	<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	3
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Income</u>	4
	<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	5
	<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	6
Item 2:	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	
	<u>Forward-Looking Statements</u>	18
	<u>The Company</u>	19
	<u>Recent Developments</u>	21
	<u>Liquidity and Capital Resources</u>	23
	<u>Results of Operations</u>	28
	<u>Funds from Operations Available to Common Stockholders</u>	37
	<u>Property Portfolio Information</u>	39
	<u>Impact of Inflation</u>	44
	<u>Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements</u>	44
	<u>Other Information</u>	44
Item 3:	<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	44
	<u>Controls and</u>	
Item 4:	<u>Procedures</u>	45
PART II.	<u>OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
Item 1A:	<u>Risk Factors</u>	46
Item 6:	<u>Exhibits</u>	47
<u>SIGNATURE</u>		49

Table of contents

## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## Item 1. Financial Statements

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
 CONSOLIDATED BALANCE  
 SHEETS

September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007  
 (dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	2008	2007
	(unaudited)	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Real estate, at cost:		
Land	\$ 1,158,618	\$ 1,110,897
Buildings and improvements	2,249,003	2,127,897
	3,407,621	3,238,794
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(530,586)	(470,695)
Net real estate held for investment	2,877,035	2,768,099
Real estate held for sale, net	10,085	56,156
Net real estate	2,887,120	2,824,255
Cash and cash equivalents	112,562	193,101
Accounts receivable	8,858	7,142
Goodwill	17,206	17,206
Other assets, net	64,385	35,648
Total assets	\$ 3,090,131	\$ 3,077,352
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Distributions payable	\$ 16,735	\$ 15,844
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	21,913	38,112
Other liabilities	11,859	15,304
Lines of credit payable	--	--
Notes payable	1,470,000	1,470,000
Total liabilities	1,520,507	1,539,260
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock and paid in capital, par value \$1.00 per share, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 13,900,000 shares issued and outstanding in 2008 and 2007	337,790	337,790
Common stock and paid in capital, par value \$1.00 per share, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 104,266,403 and 101,082,717 shares issued and outstanding in 2008 and 2007, respectively	1,623,659	1,545,037
Distributions in excess of net income	(391,825)	(344,735)
Total stockholders' equity	1,569,624	1,538,092
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,090,131	\$ 3,077,352

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.



Table of contents

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF  
INCOME

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007  
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)  
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
<b>REVENUE</b>				
Rental	\$ 82,213	\$ 72,229	\$ 245,681	\$ 210,525
Other	322	1,293	1,851	3,659
	82,535	73,522	247,532	214,184
<b>EXPENSES</b>				
Interest	23,915	16,163	71,230	41,612
Depreciation and amortization	22,869	19,433	67,798	55,740
General and administrative	5,097	6,290	16,564	17,219
Property	1,778	815	4,105	2,630
Income taxes	308	350	922	948
	53,967	43,051	160,619	118,149
Income from continuing operations	28,568	30,471	86,913	96,035
Income from discontinued operations:				
Real estate acquired for resale by Crest	238	1,937	567	7,967
Real estate held for investment	5,891	1,565	10,030	3,231
	6,129	3,502	10,597	11,198
Net income	34,697	33,973	97,510	107,233
Preferred stock cash dividends	(6,063)	(6,063)	(18,190)	(18,190)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 28,634	\$ 27,910	\$ 79,320	\$ 89,043
Amounts available to common stockholders per common share:				
Income from continuing operations, basic and diluted	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.24	\$ 0.68	\$ 0.78
Net income, basic and diluted:	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.89
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	100,362,872	100,187,901	100,400,212	100,148,993
Diluted	100,420,070	100,252,953	100,462,396	100,326,859

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Table of contents

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH  
FLOWS

For the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007  
(dollars in thousands)(unaudited)

	2008	2007
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$ 97,510	\$ 107,233
Adjustments to net income:		
Depreciation and amortization	67,798	55,740
Income from discontinued operations:		
Real estate acquired for resale	(567)	(7,967)
Real estate held for investment	(10,030)	(3,231)
Gain on sales of land and improvements	(236)	(1,835)
Amortization of share-based compensation	3,966	3,025
Cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations:		
Real estate acquired for resale	70	(819)
Real estate held for investment	1,112	2,515
Investment in real estate acquired for resale	(9)	(29,892)
Proceeds from sales of real estate acquired for resale	31,511	94,131
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable and other assets	1,335	728
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	(18,213)	(773)
Net cash provided by operating activities	174,247	218,855
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from sales of investment properties:		
Continuing operations	439	4,370
Discontinued operations	8,495	3,114
Acquisition of and improvements to investment properties	(191,074)	(377,564)
Intangibles acquired in connection with acquisitions of investment properties	(397)	(319)
Restricted escrow funds acquired in connection with acquisitions of investment properties	--	(2,648)
Net cash used in investing activities	(182,537)	(373,047)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Cash distributions to common stockholders	(125,519)	(116,382)
Cash dividends to preferred stockholders	(18,190)	(18,520)
Proceeds from common stock offering, net costs of \$3,952	74,497	--
Credit facility origination costs	(3,196)	--
Proceeds from notes issued, net of offering costs of \$5,563	--	544,437
Borrowings from lines of credit	--	407,800
Payments under lines of credit	--	(407,800)
Proceeds from other stock issuances	159	728
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(72,249)	410,263
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(80,539)	256,071
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	193,101	10,573
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 112,562	\$ 266,644

For supplemental disclosures, see note 13.

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.



Table of contents

REALTY INCOME CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

(unaudited)

1. Management Statement

The consolidated financial statements of Realty Income Corporation (“Realty Income”, the “Company”, “we” or “our”) were prepared from our books and records without audit and include all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present a fair statement of results for the interim period presented. Certain of the 2007 balances have been reclassified to conform to the 2008 presentation. Readers of this quarterly report should refer to our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007, which are included in our 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as certain disclosures that would substantially duplicate those contained in the audited financial statements have not been included in this report.

At September 30, 2008, we owned 2,355 properties, located in 49 states, containing over 19.2 million leasable square feet, along with five properties owned by our wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, Crest Net Lease, Inc. (“Crest”). Crest was created to buy and sell properties, primarily to individual investors who are involved in tax-deferred exchanges under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Tax Code”).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Procedures and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

A. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Realty Income, Crest and other entities for which we make operating and financial decisions (i.e., control), after elimination of all material intercompany balances and transactions. All of Realty Income’s and Crest’s subsidiaries are wholly-owned. We have no unconsolidated or off-balance sheet investments in variable interest entities.

B. We have elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) under the Tax Code. We believe we have qualified and continue to qualify as a REIT. Under the REIT operating structure, we are permitted to deduct distributions paid to our stockholders and generally are not required to pay federal corporate income taxes on such income. Accordingly, no provision has been made for federal income taxes in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, except for the federal income taxes of Crest, which are included in discontinued operations.

C. We recognize an allowance for doubtful accounts relating to accounts receivable for amounts deemed uncollectible. We consider tenant specific issues, such as financial stability and ability to pay rent, when determining collectibility of accounts receivable and appropriate allowances to record. The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$650,000 at September 30, 2008 and \$795,000 at December 31, 2007.

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
D. Other assets consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:		
Notes receivable issued in conjunction with Crest property sales	\$ 22,375	\$ 3,132
Deferred bond financing costs, net	13,559	14,940
Value of in-place and above-market leases, net	10,804	11,211
Escrow deposits for Section 1031 tax-deferred exchanges	10,205	--
Prepaid expenses	3,146	3,803
Unamortized credit facility fees, net	2,836	434
Corporate assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,345	1,356
Settlements on treasury lock agreements	106	759
Other items	9	13

\$ 64,385 \$ 35,648

Table of contents

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
E. Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:		
Bond interest payable	\$ 10,176	\$ 24,987
Other items	11,737	13,125
	\$ 21,913	\$ 38,112

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
F. Other liabilities consist of the following (dollars in thousands) at:		
Rent received in advance	\$ 6,207	\$ 10,626
Security deposits	3,928	2,818
Value of in-place below-market leases, net	1,724	1,860
	\$ 11,859	\$ 15,304

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
G. Distributions payable are comprised of the following declared distributions (dollars in thousands) at:		
Common stock distributions	\$ 14,714	\$ 13,823
Preferred stock dividends	2,021	2,021
	\$ 16,735	\$ 15,844

**H. Impact of Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement No. 141R (revised 2007), Business Combinations. Effective January 1, 2009, Statement No. 141R will change the accounting treatment and disclosures for certain specific items in a business combination. Under Statement No. 141R, an acquiring entity will be required to recognize all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a transaction at the acquisition-date fair value with limited exceptions. We do not expect Statement No. 141R to have an impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In June 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (“FSP”) EITF No. 03-6-1, Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities. FSP EITF No. 03-6-1 clarified that all outstanding nonvested share-based payment awards that contain rights to nonforfeitable dividends are considered “participating securities,” as defined by FSP EITF No. 03-6-1, which require the two-class method of computing basic and diluted earnings per share to be applied. FSP EITF No. 03-6-1 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not expect FSP EITF No. 03-6-1 to have a material impact on our calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share.

In October 2008, the FASB issued FSP FAS No. 157-3, Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active. FSP FAS No. 157-3 clarified the application of FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, in a market that is not active and provides an example to illustrate key considerations in determining the fair value of a financial asset when the market for that financial asset is not active. FSP FAS 157-3 was effective upon issuance. FSP FAS 157-3 does not have an impact on our financial position or results of operations since we do not have any assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value as of September 30, 2008.

Table of contents

3. Retail Properties Acquired

We acquire land, buildings and improvements that are used by retail operators.

A. During the first nine months of 2008, Realty Income invested \$188.5 million in 108 new retail properties and properties under development with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.7%. These 108 properties are located in 14 states, will contain over 714,000 leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with an average lease term of 20.6 years. The initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed by dividing the estimated aggregate base rent for the first year of each lease by the estimated total cost of the properties.

In comparison, during the first nine months of 2007, Realty Income and Crest invested \$412.9 million, in aggregate, in 264 new retail properties and properties under development. These 264 properties are located in 33 states, contain over 1.6 million leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with an average lease term of 19.2 years. Of the \$412.9 million invested in the first nine months of 2007, Realty Income invested \$383.0 million in 232 new retail properties and properties under development with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.6%. These 232 properties are located in 33 states, contain over 1.5 million leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with an average lease term of 19.1 years.

B. During the first nine months of 2008, Crest did not invest in any new retail properties. During the first nine months of 2007, Crest invested \$29.9 million in 32 new retail properties.

C. Crest's property inventory at September 30, 2008 consisted of five properties with a total investment of \$6.0 million and at December 31, 2007 consisted of 30 properties with a total investment of \$56.2 million. These amounts are included on our consolidated balance sheets in "real estate held for sale, net."

D. Of the \$188.5 million invested by Realty Income in the first nine months of 2008, \$10.0 million was used to acquire two retail properties with existing leases. In accordance with FASB Statement No. 141, Business Combinations, Realty Income recorded \$397,000 as the intangible value of the in-place leases. This amount is recorded to "other assets" on our consolidated balance sheets and amortized over the life of the leases.

Of the \$412.9 million invested by Realty Income and Crest in the first nine months of 2007, \$7.1 million was used to acquire one retail property with an existing lease. In accordance with Statement No. 141, Realty Income recorded \$1.0 million as the intangible value of the in-place lease and \$689,000 as the intangible value of the below-market rents. These amounts are recorded to "other assets" and "other liabilities," respectively, on our consolidated balance sheets and are amortized over the life of the lease.

4. Credit Facility

In May 2008, we entered into a new \$355 million acquisition credit facility which replaced our existing \$300 million acquisition credit facility that was scheduled to expire in October 2008. The term of the new credit facility is for three years, until May 2011, plus two, one-year extension options. Under the new credit facility, our investment grade credit ratings provide for financing at LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate) plus 100 basis points with a facility commitment fee of 27.5 basis points, for all-in drawn pricing of 127.5 basis points over LIBOR. We also have other interest rate options available to us.

In May 2008, as a result of entering into our new credit facility, we expensed \$235,000 of unamortized credit facility origination costs from our prior credit facility, which are included in interest expense.



Table of contents

We did not utilize our credit facility during the first nine months of 2008. The effective borrowing rate at September 30, 2008 was 4.9%. Our average borrowing rate on our credit facility during the first nine months of 2007 was 6.0%. Our current and prior credit facilities are subject to various leverage and interest coverage ratio limitations. We are and have been in compliance with these covenants. Our credit facility is unsecured and, accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for this obligation.

## 5. Common Stock

In September 2008, we issued 2,925,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$26.82 per share. The net proceeds of \$74.5 million will be used, along with our available cash on hand and, if necessary, draw-downs on our credit facility, to repay the \$100 million outstanding principal amount of our 8.25% Monthly Income Senior Notes, which come due in November 2008, and to repay the \$20 million outstanding principal amount of our 8% Notes, which come due in January 2009.

## 6. Notes Payable

Our senior unsecured note obligations consist of the following, sorted by maturity date at both September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007 (dollars in millions):

8.25% notes, issued in October 1998 and due in November 2008	\$ 100.0
8% notes, issued in January 1999 and due in January 2009	20.0
5.375% notes, issued in March 2003 and due in March 2013	100.0
5.5% notes, issued in November 2003 and due in November 2015	150.0
5.95% notes, issued in September 2006 and due in September 2016	275.0
5.375% notes, issued in September 2005 and due in September 2017	175.0
6.75% notes, issued in September 2007 and due in August 2019	550.0
5.875% bonds, issued in March 2005 and due in March 2035	100.0
	\$ 1,470.0

## 7. Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

FASB Statement No. 157, Fair Value Measurements, became effective for us at the beginning of 2008 and did not have an impact on our financial position or results of operations. In February 2008, the FASB delayed the effective date of Statement No. 157 for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis, to the beginning of 2009.

Statement No. 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, and establishes a framework for measuring fair value. Statement No. 157 also establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within this hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. This statement applies to fair value measurements and disclosures that are already required or permitted by most existing FASB accounting standards.

We believe that the carrying values reflected in the consolidated balance sheets, at September 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007, reasonably approximate the fair values for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and all liabilities, due to their short-term nature, except for the notes payable and the notes receivable issued in conjunction with Crest property sales, which are disclosed below (dollars in millions):

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At September 30, 2008	Carrying value per balance sheet	Estimated fair market value
Notes payable	\$ 1,470.0	\$ 1,246.5
Notes receivable issued in conjunction with Crest property sales	\$ 22.4	\$ 20.6

Table of contents

At December 31, 2007	Carrying value per balance sheet	Estimated fair market value
Notes payable	\$ 1,470.0	\$ 1,412.5
Notes receivable issued in conjunction with Crest property sales	\$ 3.1	\$ 2.8

In making these assessments, we used estimates. The estimated fair value of the notes payable is based upon the closing market price per note or indicative price per note. The estimated fair value of the notes receivable issued in conjunction with Crest property sales has been calculated by discounting the future cash flows using an interest rate based upon the current 10-year Treasury Yield Curve plus an applicable credit-adjusted spread.

#### 8. Gain on Sales of Real Estate Acquired for Resale by Crest

During the third quarter of 2008, Crest sold three properties for \$4.6 million, which resulted in a gain of \$199,000. In comparison, during the third quarter of 2007, Crest sold 14 properties for \$28.3 million, which resulted in a gain of \$2.2 million. Crest's gains on sales are reported before income taxes and are included in discontinued operations.

During the first nine months of 2008, Crest sold 25 properties for \$50.7 million, which resulted in a gain of \$4.6 million. As part of two sales during the first nine months of 2008, Crest provided financing to the buyers of \$19.2 million. In comparison, during the first nine months of 2007, Crest sold 45 properties for \$97.9 million, which resulted in a gain of \$8.8 million. In the first nine months of 2007, as part of two sales, Crest provided financing to the buyer of \$3.8 million.

#### 9. Gain on Sales of Investment Properties by Realty Income

During the third quarter of 2008, we sold 13 investment properties for an aggregate of \$11.0 million, which resulted in a gain of \$5.7 million. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations.

In comparison, during the third quarter of 2007, we sold three investment properties for an aggregate of \$4.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$770,000. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations. As part of one sale during the third quarter of 2007, we received a lease termination fee of \$427,000, which is reported in "income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment" on our consolidated statements of income. In addition, we sold excess land and improvements from two properties for an aggregate of \$529,000, which resulted in a gain of \$29,000. The gain from the land and improvements sales is reported in "other revenue" on our consolidated statements of income because these improvements and excess land were associated with properties that continue to be owned as part of our core operations.

During the first nine months of 2008, we sold 22 investment properties for an aggregate of \$18.8 million, which resulted in a gain of \$9.2 million. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations. Additionally, we received proceeds of \$439,000 from a sale of excess land from one property, which resulted in a gain of \$236,000. This gain is included in "other revenue" on our consolidated statements of income because this excess land was associated with a property that continues to be owned as part of our core operations.

In comparison, during the first nine months of 2007, we sold six investment properties for an aggregate of \$5.9 million, which resulted in a gain of \$1.4 million. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations. In addition, we sold excess land and improvements from five properties for an aggregate of \$4.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$1.8 million. The gain from the land and improvements sales is reported in "other revenue" on our consolidated statements of income because these improvements and excess land were associated with properties that continue to be owned as part of our core operations.





Table of contents

10. Discontinued Operations

In accordance with FASB Statement No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, Realty Income's operations from eight investment properties classified as held for sale at September 30, 2008, plus properties sold in 2008 and 2007, are reported as discontinued operations. Their respective results of operations have been reclassified to "income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment" on our consolidated statements of income. We do not depreciate properties that are classified as held for sale.

Crest acquires properties with the intention of reselling them rather than holding them for investment and operating the properties. Consequently, we typically classify properties acquired by Crest as held for sale at the date of acquisition and do not depreciate them. In accordance with Statement No. 144, the operations of Crest's properties are classified as "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" on our consolidated statements of income.

No debt was assumed by buyers of our investment properties, or repaid as a result of our investment property sales, and we do not allocate interest expense to discontinued operations related to real estate held for investment. We allocate interest expense related to borrowings specifically attributable to Crest's properties. The interest expense amounts allocated to the Crest properties held for sale are included in "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" on our consolidated statements of income.

If circumstances arise, which were previously considered unlikely and, as a result, we decide not to sell a property previously classified as held for sale, the property is reclassified as real estate held for investment. A property that is reclassified to held for investment is measured and recorded at the lower of (i) its carrying amount before the property was classified as held for sale, adjusted for any depreciation expense that would have been recognized had the property been continuously classified as held for investment, or (ii) the fair value at the date of the subsequent decision not to sell.

Provisions for impairment of \$27,000 and \$3.4 million were recorded by Crest on three properties held for sale in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, respectively. No provisions for impairment were recorded by Crest in the first nine months of 2007. These provisions for impairment are included in "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest." The provisions for impairment recorded in the first nine months of 2008 reduced the carrying values to the estimated fair-market value of those properties, net of estimated selling costs.

Table of contents

The following is a summary of Crest's "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale" on our consolidated statements of income (dollars in thousands):

Crest's income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Gain on sales of real estate acquired for resale	\$ 199	\$ 2,219	\$ 4,642	\$ 8,786
Rental revenue	129	1,547	1,764	6,736
Other revenue	353	68	561	128
Interest expense	(359)	(1,239)	(1,424)	(5,115)
General and administrative expense	(110)	(224)	(397)	(507)
Property expenses	(41)	(14)	(106)	(29)
Provisions for impairment	(27)	--	(3,374)	--
Depreciation	--	--	(771)	--
Income taxes	94	(420)	(328)	(2,032)
Income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest	\$ 238	\$ 1,937	\$ 567	\$ 7,967

The following is a summary of Realty Income's "income from discontinued operations, from real estate held for investment" on our consolidated statements of income (dollars in thousands):

Realty Income's income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Gain on sales of investment properties	\$ 5,730	\$ 770	\$ 9,203	\$ 1,355
Rental revenue	234	1,096	1,188	2,547
Depreciation and amortization	(56)	(160)	(285)	(505)
Property expenses	(17)	(7)	(76)	(32)
Provision for impairment	--	(134)	--	(134)
Income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment	\$ 5,891	\$ 1,565	\$ 10,030	\$ 3,231

The following is a summary of our total income from discontinued operations (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Real estate acquired for resale by Crest	\$ 238	\$ 1,937	\$ 567	\$ 7,967
Real estate held for investment	5,891	1,565	10,030	3,231
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 6,129	\$ 3,502	\$ 10,597	\$ 11,198
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.11

The per share amounts for "income from discontinued operations" above and the "income from continuing operations" and "net income" reported on the consolidated statements of income have each been calculated independently.

Table of contents

## 11. Distributions Paid and Payable

## A. Common Stock

We pay monthly distributions to our common stockholders. The following is a summary of the monthly distributions paid per common share for the first nine months of 2008 and 2007:

Month	2008	2007
January	\$ 0.136750	\$ 0.126500
February	0.136750	0.126500
March	0.136750	0.126500
April	0.137375	0.127125
May	0.137375	0.127125
June	0.137375	0.127125
July	0.138000	0.127750
August	0.138000	0.127750
September	0.140500	0.135500
Total	\$ 1.238875	\$ 1.151875

At September 30, 2008, a distribution of \$0.141125 per common share was payable and was paid in October 2008.

## B. Preferred Stock

In 2004, we issued 5.1 million shares of 7.375% Monthly Income Class D cumulative redeemable preferred stock. Beginning May 27, 2009, the Class D preferred shares are redeemable, at our option, for \$25 per share. During the first nine months of 2008 and 2007, we paid nine monthly dividends to holders of our Class D preferred stock totaling \$1.3828131 per share, or \$7.1 million, and at September 30, 2008 a monthly dividend of \$0.1536459 per share was payable and was paid in October 2008.

In 2006, we issued 8.8 million shares of 6.75% Monthly Income Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock. Beginning December 7, 2011, the Class E preferred shares are redeemable, at our option, for \$25 per share. During the first nine months of 2008, we paid nine monthly dividends to holders of our Class E preferred stock totaling \$1.265625 per share, or \$11.1 million, and at September 30, 2008 a monthly dividend of \$0.140625 per share was payable and was paid in October 2008. During the first nine months of 2007, we paid nine monthly dividends to holders of our Class E preferred stock totaling \$1.303125 per share, or \$11.5 million. In January 2007, we paid the first Class E preferred dividend of \$0.178125, which covered a period of 38 days.

## 12. Net Income Per Common Share

Basic net income per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted net income per common share is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders for the period by the weighted average number of common shares that would have been outstanding assuming the issuance of common shares for all potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the reporting period.

Table of contents

The following is a reconciliation of the denominator of basic net income per common share computation to the denominator of diluted net income per common share computation:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Weighted average shares used for the basic net income per share computation	100,362,872	100,187,901	100,400,212	100,148,993
Incremental shares from share-based compensation	57,198	65,052	62,184	177,866
Adjusted weighted average shares used for diluted net income per share computation	100,420,070	100,252,953	100,462,396	100,326,859
Unvested shares from share-based compensation that were anti-dilutive	619,811	267,631	620,251	267,231

### 13. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Interest paid in the first nine months of 2008 was \$84.6 million and in the first nine months of 2007 was \$50.3 million.

Interest capitalized to properties under development in the first nine months of 2008 was \$87,000 and in the first nine months of 2007 was \$767,000.

Income taxes paid by Realty Income and Crest in the first nine months of 2008 totaled \$1.6 million and in the first nine months of 2007 totaled \$3.9 million.

The following non-cash investing and financing activities are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements:

- A. Share-based compensation expense for the first nine months of 2008 was \$4.0 million and for the first nine months of 2007 was \$3.0 million.
- B. In the first nine months of 2008, Crest sold two properties for \$23.5 million and received notes totaling \$19.2 million from the buyers, which are included in "other assets" on our consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2008.
- C. In the first nine months of 2007, Crest sold two properties for \$5.5 million and received notes totaling \$3.8 million from the buyers, of which \$3.1 million is included in "other assets" on our consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2007.
- D. At September 30, 2008, Realty Income had escrow deposits of \$10.2 million for tax-deferred exchanges under Section 1031 of the Tax Code.
- E. At September 30, 2007, Realty Income had escrow deposits of \$2.8 million for tax-deferred exchanges under Section 1031 of the Tax Code.
- F. See note 10 for a discussion of impairments recorded by Realty Income and Crest in the first nine months of 2008 and 2007.

Table of contents

G. In connection with the acquisition of seven properties during the first nine months of 2007, we acquired restricted escrow funds totaling \$2.6 million. During the remainder of 2007, all of these funds were invested in improvements to these properties.

H. Accrued costs on properties under development resulted in an increase in buildings and improvements and accounts payable of \$3.9 million at September 30, 2007.

#### 14. Segment Information

We evaluate performance and make resource allocation decisions on an industry by industry basis. For financial reporting purposes, we have grouped our tenants into 31 industry and activity segments (including properties owned by Crest that are grouped together as a segment). All of the properties are incorporated into one of the applicable segments. Because almost all of our leases require the tenant to pay operating expenses, revenue is the only component of segment profit and loss we measure.

The following tables set forth certain information regarding the properties owned by us, classified according to the business of the respective tenants as of September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

Revenue	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Segment rental revenue(1):				
Automotive service	\$ 3,954	\$ 3,768	\$ 11,911	\$ 11,150
Automotive tire services	5,527	5,283	16,518	15,848
Child care	6,274	5,982	18,647	17,933
Convenience stores	13,425	10,229	38,508	29,715
Drug stores	3,482	1,941	9,842	5,824
Health and fitness	4,616	3,882	13,705	10,768
Motor vehicle dealerships	2,602	2,375	7,755	7,096
Restaurants	17,557	14,998	54,352	41,310
Theaters	7,498	6,514	22,142	19,542
22 non-reportable segments	17,278	17,257	52,301	51,339
Total rental revenue	82,213	72,229	245,681	210,525
Other revenue	322	1,293	1,851	3,659
Total revenue	\$ 82,535	\$ 73,522	\$ 247,532	\$ 214,184

(1) Crest's revenue appears in "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" and is not included in this table, which covers revenue but does not include revenue classified as part of income from discontinued operations.

Table of contents

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Assets, as of:		
Segment net real estate:		
Automotive service	\$ 107,704	\$ 110,100
Automotive tire services	210,228	212,747
Child care	86,680	90,757
Convenience stores	475,889	408,119
Drug stores	146,777	100,154
Health and fitness	168,949	169,109
Motor vehicle dealerships	105,841	101,887
Restaurants	757,518	776,973
Theaters	302,018	267,413
22 non-reportable segments	525,516	586,996
Total segment net real estate	2,887,120	2,824,255
Other intangible assets – Automotive tire services	720	765
Other intangible assets – Drug stores	6,893	6,988
Other intangible assets – Grocery stores	924	962
Other intangible assets – Theaters	2,267	2,496
Other corporate assets	192,207	241,886
Total assets	\$ 3,090,131	\$ 3,077,352

## 15. Common Stock Incentive Plan

In 2003, our Board of Directors adopted, and our stockholders approved, the 2003 Incentive Award Plan of Realty Income Corporation (the “Stock Plan”) to enable us to attract and retain the services of directors, employees and consultants, whom we consider to be essential to our long-term success. The Stock Plan offers our directors, employees and consultants an opportunity to own stock in Realty Income and/or rights that will reflect our growth, development and financial success. The Stock Plan was amended and restated by our Board of Directors in February 2006 and in May 2007.

Effective January 1, 2006, we adopted FASB Statement No. 123R, Share-Based Payments. Statement No. 123R requires companies to recognize in the income statement the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees. Effective January 1, 2002, we adopted the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, and starting January 1, 2002 expensed costs for all stock option awards granted, modified, or settled.

The amount of share-based compensation costs charged against income during the third quarter of 2008 was \$1.1 million, during the third quarter of 2007 was \$828,000, during the first nine months of 2008 was \$4.0 million and during the first nine months of 2007 was \$3.0 million.

The following table summarizes our common stock grant activity under our Stock Plan. Our common stock grants vest over periods ranging from immediately to 10 years.

Table of contents

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2008		For the year ended December 31, 2007	
	Number of shares	Weighted average price (1)	Number of shares	Weighted average price (1)
Outstanding nonvested shares, beginning of year	994,572	\$ 19.46	868,726	\$ 17.96
Shares granted	249,047	26.63	276,631	27.64
Shares vested	(176,991)	22.02	(149,284)	20.94
Shares forfeited	(8,112)	24.83	(1,501)	24.81
Outstanding nonvested shares, end of each period	1,058,516	\$ 20.62	994,572	\$ 19.46

(1) Grant date fair value.

During the first nine months of 2008, we issued 249,047 shares of common stock under our Stock Plan. These shares vest over the following service periods: 24,350 vested upon grant, 16,000 vest over a service period of one year, 156 vest over a service period of two years, 12,000 vest over a service period of three years, 3,681 vest over a service period of four years, 92,153 vest over a service period of five years and 100,707 vest over a service period of 10 years.

As of September 30, 2008, the remaining unamortized share-based compensation expense totaled \$21.8 million, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over the service period of each applicable award.

The effect of pre-vesting forfeitures on our recorded expense has historically been negligible. Any future pre-vesting forfeitures are also expected to be negligible and we will record the benefit related to such forfeitures as they occur. Under the terms of our Stock Plan, we pay non-refundable dividends to the holders of our nonvested shares. Under Statement No. 123R, the dividends paid to holders of these nonvested shares should be charged as compensation expense to the extent that they relate to nonvested shares that do not or are not expected to vest. Given the negligible historical and prospective forfeiture rate determined by us, we did not record any amount to compensation expense related to dividends paid in 2008 or 2007.

No stock options were granted after January 1, 2002 and all outstanding options were fully vested as of December 31, 2006. Stock options were granted with an exercise price equal to the underlying stock's fair market value at the date of grant. Stock options expire ten years from the date they were granted and vested over service periods of one, three, four or five years. As of September 30, 2008, there were 22,614 vested stock options outstanding and exercisable with a weighted average exercise price of \$13.28. There were 22,393 stock options exercised in the first nine months of 2008, with a weighted average exercise price of \$12.14. There were no stock option forfeitures in the first nine months of 2008.

## 16. Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, we are party to various legal actions which we believe are routine in nature and incidental to the operation of our business. We believe that the outcome of the proceedings will not have a material adverse effect upon our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

At September 30, 2008, we have committed \$1.6 million under construction contracts. These costs are expected to be paid in the next 12 months. In addition, we also have contingent payments for tenant improvements and leasing costs of \$920,000.





Table of contents

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q, including documents incorporated by reference, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. When used in this quarterly report, the words "estimated", "anticipated", "expect", "believe", "intend" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions about Realty Income Corporation, including, among other things:

- Our anticipated growth strategies;
- Our intention to acquire additional properties and the timing of these acquisitions;
- Our intention to sell properties and the timing of these property sales;
- Our intention to re-lease vacant properties;
- Anticipated trends in our business, including trends in the market for long-term net-leases of freestanding, single-tenant retail properties;
- Future expenditures for development projects; and
- Profitability of our subsidiary, Crest Net Lease, Inc. ("Crest").

Future events and actual results, financial and otherwise, may differ materially from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. In particular, some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are:

- Our continued qualification as a real estate investment trust;
- General business and economic conditions;
- Competition;
- Fluctuating interest rates;
- Access to debt and equity capital markets;
- Continued uncertainty in the credit markets;
- Other risks inherent in the real estate business including tenant defaults, potential liability relating to environmental matters, illiquidity of real estate investments, and potential damages from natural disasters;
- Impairments in the value of our real estate assets;
- Changes in the tax laws of the United States of America;
- The outcome of any legal proceedings to which we are a party; and
- Acts of terrorism and war.

Additional factors that may cause risks and uncertainties include those discussed in the sections entitled "Business", "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date that this quarterly report was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC. We undertake no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this quarterly report or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking events discussed in this quarterly report might not occur.

Table of contents

THE COMPANY

Realty Income Corporation, The Monthly Dividend Company®, is a Maryland corporation organized to operate as an equity real estate investment trust, or REIT. Our primary business objective is to generate dependable monthly cash distributions from a consistent and predictable level of funds from operations, or FFO per share. Our monthly distributions are supported by the cash flow from our portfolio of retail properties leased to regional and national retail chains. We have in-house acquisition, leasing, legal, retail and real estate research, portfolio management and capital markets expertise. Over the past 39 years, Realty Income and its predecessors have been acquiring and owning freestanding retail properties that generate rental revenue under long-term lease agreements (primarily 15 to 20 years).

In addition, we seek to increase distributions to stockholders and FFO per share through both active portfolio management and the acquisition of additional properties. Our portfolio management focus includes:

- Contractual rent increases on existing leases;
- Rent increases at the termination of existing leases, when market conditions permit; and
- The active management of our property portfolio, including re-leasing vacant properties and selectively selling properties.

In acquiring additional properties, we adhere to a focused strategy of primarily acquiring properties that are:

- Freestanding, single-tenant, retail locations;
- Leased to regional and national retail chains; and
- Leased under long-term, net-lease agreements.

At September 30, 2008, we owned a diversified portfolio:

- Of 2,355 retail properties;
- With an occupancy rate of 96.9%, or 2,282 properties occupied of the 2,355 properties in the portfolio;
  - With only 73 properties available for lease;
- Leased to 118 different retail chains doing business in 30 separate retail industries;
- Located in 49 states;
- With over 19.2 million square feet of leasable space; and
- With an average leasable retail space per property of approximately 8,150 square feet.

Of the 2,355 properties in the portfolio, 2,344, or 99.5%, are single-tenant, retail properties and the remaining 11 are multi-tenant properties. At September 30, 2008, 2,272 of the 2,344 single-tenant properties were leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding extension options) of approximately 12.1 years.

In addition, at September 30, 2008, our wholly-owned taxable REIT subsidiary, Crest, had invested \$6.0 million in five properties, which are classified as held for sale. Crest was created to buy and sell properties, primarily to individual investors who are involved in tax-deferred exchanges under Section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Tax Code"). Crest also holds notes receivable of \$22.4 million.

We typically acquire retail store properties under long-term leases with retail chain store operators. These transactions generally provide capital to owners of retail real estate and retail chains for expansion or other corporate purposes. Our acquisition and investment activities are concentrated in well-defined target markets and generally focus on retail chains providing goods and services that satisfy basic consumer needs.



Table of contents

Our net-lease agreements generally:

- Are for initial terms of 15 to 20 years;
- Require the tenant to pay minimum monthly rent and property operating expenses (taxes, insurance and maintenance); and
- Provide for future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, fixed increases, or to a lesser degree, additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants' gross sales above a specified level.

Investment Philosophy

We believe that owning an actively managed, diversified portfolio of retail properties under long-term, net leases produces consistent and predictable income. Net leases typically require the tenant to be responsible for minimum monthly rent and property operating expenses including property taxes, insurance and maintenance. In addition, tenants are typically responsible for future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, fixed increases or, to a lesser degree, additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants' gross sales above a specified level. We believe that a portfolio of properties under long-term leases, coupled with the tenant's responsibility for property expenses, generally produces a more predictable income stream than many other types of real estate portfolios, while continuing to offer the potential for growth in rental income.

Credit Strategy

We generally provide sale-leaseback financing to less than investment grade retail chains. We typically acquire and lease back properties to regional and national retail chains and believe that within this market we can achieve an attractive risk-adjusted return on the financing we provide to retailers. Since 1970, our overall weighted average occupancy rate at the end of each year has been 98.5%, and the occupancy rate at the end of each year has never been below 97%.

Acquisition Strategy

We seek to invest in industries in which several, well-organized, regional and national retail chains are capturing market share through service, quality control, economies of scale, advertising and the selection of prime retail locations. We execute our acquisition strategy by acting as a source of capital to regional and national retail chain store owners and operators, doing business in a variety of industries, by acquiring and leasing back retail store locations. We undertake thorough research and analysis to identify appropriate industries, tenants and property locations for investment. Our research expertise is instrumental to uncovering net-lease opportunities in markets where our real estate financing program adds value. In selecting real estate for potential investment, we generally seek to acquire properties that have the following characteristics:

- Freestanding, commercially-zoned property with a single tenant;
- Properties that are important retail locations for regional and national retail chains;
  - Properties that we deem to be profitable for the retailers;
- Properties that are located within attractive demographic areas relative to the business of their tenants, with high visibility and easy access to major thoroughfares; and
- Properties that can be purchased with the simultaneous execution or assumption of long-term, net-lease agreements, offering both current income and the potential for rent increases.

Table of contents

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Acquisitions During the Third Quarter of 2008

During the third quarter, Realty Income invested \$4.3 million in retail properties. The Company invested \$400,000 in one new convenience store property, with an initial lease term of 23.0 years and an average contractual lease yield of 10.1%, and funded \$3.9 million in properties under development based on prior development agreements. All of the properties are 100% leased under net-lease agreements and the initial average contractual lease yield on third quarter real estate investments is 8.5%.

Acquisitions During the First Nine Months of 2008

During the first nine months of 2008, Realty Income invested \$188.5 million in 108 new retail properties and properties under development with an initial weighted average contractual lease rate of 8.7%. These 108 properties are located in 14 states, will contain over 714,000 leasable square feet, and are 100% leased with an average lease term of 20.6 years. The 108 new properties acquired by Realty Income are net-leased to eight different retail chains in the following seven industries: automotive tire service, convenience store, drug store, financial service, motor vehicle dealership, restaurant and theater. There were no acquisitions by Crest in the first nine months of 2008.

At September 30, 2008, Realty Income had invested \$917,000 in one property that was leased and being developed by the tenant (with development costs funded by Realty Income). Rent on this property is scheduled to begin in the next six months. At September 30, 2008, we had outstanding commitments to pay estimated unfunded development costs totaling approximately \$1.6 million.

The initial weighted average contractual lease rate is computed as estimated contractual net operating income (in a net-leased property that is equal to the base rent or, in the case of properties under development, the estimated base rent under the lease) for the first year of each lease, divided by the estimated total costs. Since it is possible that a tenant could default on the payment of contractual rent, we cannot assure you that the actual return on the funds invested will remain at the percentages listed above.

\$355 Million Acquisition Credit Facility

In May 2008, we entered into a new \$355 million acquisition credit facility which replaced our existing \$300 million acquisition credit facility that was scheduled to expire in October 2008. The term of the new credit facility is for three years until May 2011, plus two, one-year extension options. Under the new credit facility, our investment grade credit ratings provide for financing at the London Interbank Offered Rate, commonly referred to as LIBOR, plus 100 basis points with a facility fee of 27.5 basis points, for all-in drawn pricing of 127.5 basis points over LIBOR. We also have other interest rate options available to us.

Issuance of Common Stock

In September 2008, we issued 2,925,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$26.82 per share. The net proceeds of \$74.5 million will be used, along with our available cash on hand and, if necessary, draw-downs on our credit facility, to repay the \$100 million outstanding principal amount of our 8.25% Monthly Income Senior Notes, which come due in November 2008, and to repay the \$20 million outstanding principal amount of our 8% Notes, which come due in January 2009.

Investments in Existing Properties

In the third quarter of 2008, we capitalized costs of \$560,000 on existing properties in our portfolio, consisting of \$256,000 for re-leasing costs and \$304,000 for building improvements.

In the first nine months of 2008, we capitalized costs of \$1.7 million on existing properties in our portfolio, consisting of \$657,000 for re-leasing costs and \$1.1 million for building improvements.



Table of contents

Net Income Available to Common Stockholders

Net income available to common stockholders was \$28.6 million in the third quarter of 2008 versus \$27.9 million in the same quarter of 2007, an increase of \$0.7 million. On a diluted per common share basis, net income was \$0.29 per share in the third quarter of 2008 compared to \$0.28 in the third quarter of 2007.

Net income available to common stockholders was \$79.3 million in the first nine months of 2008 versus \$89.0 million in the same period of 2007, a decrease of \$9.7 million. On a diluted per common share basis, net income was \$0.79 per share in the first nine months of 2008 compared to \$0.89 per share in the first nine months of 2007.

The calculation to determine net income available to common stockholders includes gains from the sales of properties. The amount of gains varies from period to period based on the timing of property sales and can significantly impact net income available to common stockholders.

The gain recognized from the sales of investment properties during the third quarter of 2008 was \$5.7 million, as compared to a \$799,000 gain recognized from the sales of investment properties during the third quarter of 2007. The gain recognized during the first nine months of 2008 from the sales of investment properties and from the additional proceeds received from a sale of excess land was \$9.4 million, as compared to a \$3.2 million gain recognized from the sales of investment properties for the first nine months of 2007.

Funds from Operations (FFO)

In the third quarter of 2008, our FFO decreased by \$0.9 million, or 1.9%, to \$45.7 million versus \$46.6 million in the third quarter of 2007. On a diluted per common share basis, FFO was \$0.46 in the third quarter of 2008 compared to \$0.47 in the third quarter of 2007, a decrease of \$0.01, or 2.1%.

In the first nine months of 2008, our FFO decreased by \$3.4 million, or 2.4%, to \$138.5 million versus \$141.9 million in the first nine months of 2007. On a diluted per common share basis, FFO was \$1.38 in the first nine months of 2008 compared to \$1.41 in the first nine months of 2007, a decrease of \$0.03, or 2.1%.

See our discussion of FFO later in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for a reconciliation of net income available to common stockholders to FFO.

Crest's Property Sales

During the third quarter of 2008, Crest sold three properties from its inventory for an aggregate of \$4.6 million, which resulted in a gain of \$199,000. During the first nine months of 2008, Crest sold 25 properties for an aggregate of \$50.7 million, which resulted in a gain of \$4.6 million. Crest's gains are included in "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" on our consolidated statements of income.

Crest's Property Inventory

At September 30, 2008, Crest had \$6.0 million invested in five properties. At December 31, 2007, Crest's property inventory totaled \$56.2 million in 30 properties. These properties are included in "real estate held for sale, net" on our consolidated balance sheets.



Table of contents

Increases in Monthly Distributions to Common Stockholders

We continue our 39-year policy of paying distributions monthly. Monthly distributions per share were increased in October 2008 by \$0.000625 to \$0.141125. The increase in October 2008 was our 44th consecutive quarterly increase and the 51st increase in the amount of our dividend since our listing on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, in 1994. In the first nine months of 2008, we paid three monthly cash distributions per share in the amount of \$0.13675, three in the amount of \$0.137375, two in the amount of \$0.138 and one in the amount of \$0.1405, totaling \$1.238875. In September 2008 and October 2008, we declared distributions of \$0.141125 per share, which were paid in October 2008 and will be paid in November 2008, respectively.

The monthly distribution of \$0.141125 per share represents a current annualized distribution of \$1.6935 per share, and an annualized distribution yield of approximately 8.2% based on the last reported sale price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$20.63 on October 22, 2008. Although we expect to continue our policy of paying monthly distributions, we cannot guarantee that we will maintain our current level of distributions, that we will continue our pattern of increasing distributions per share, or what our actual distribution yield will be in any future period.

Matters Pertaining to a Certain Tenant

On January 22, 2008, Buffets Holdings, Inc. ("Buffets Holdings") together with each of its subsidiaries, filed voluntary petitions for reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. Realty Income owned 116 properties and Crest owned three properties leased to subsidiaries of Buffets, Inc. ("Buffets") and guaranteed by Buffets. Buffets is a subsidiary of Buffets Holdings. In February 2008, Buffets Holdings elected to reject the leases for 12 properties owned by Realty Income and two properties owned by Crest, and returned those 14 properties to us. In July 2008, Realty Income reached an agreement with Buffets Holdings for the continued lease of all of its remaining properties. The terms of the agreement were approved by the Bankruptcy Court on September 15, 2008. Under the terms of the agreement, all 105 of the remaining leases, including 104 owned by Realty Income and one owned by Crest, will be assumed and continue to be operated by Buffets Holdings. Rents will be modified, for the 104 Realty Income properties, from an annualized rent of \$22.4 million to \$19.4 million, or 87% of previous rents. In addition, the majority of the leases call for annual increases in rent. Buffets Holdings continues to be our largest tenant and represents approximately 5.9% of Realty Income's annualized lease revenue as of September 30, 2008.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Reserves

We are organized to operate as an equity REIT that acquires and leases properties and distributes to stockholders, in the form of monthly cash distributions, a substantial portion of our net cash flow generated from leases on our retail properties. We intend to retain an appropriate amount of cash as working capital. At September 30, 2008, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$112.6 million, a portion of which represents the net proceeds of \$74.5 million from the September 2008 issuance of common stock.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents on hand, cash provided from operating activities and borrowing capacity is sufficient to meet our liquidity needs for the foreseeable future. We intend, however, to use additional sources of capital to fund property acquisitions and to repay future borrowings under our credit facility.

Table of contents

**\$355 Million Acquisition Credit Facility**

In May 2008, we entered into a new \$355 million revolving, unsecured credit facility which replaced our existing \$300 million acquisition credit facility that was scheduled to expire in October 2008. The term of the new credit facility is for three years until May 2011, plus, two, one-year extension options. Under the new credit facility, our investment grade credit ratings provide for financing at the London Interbank Offered Rate, commonly referred to as LIBOR, plus 100 basis points with a facility fee of 27.5 basis points, for all-in drawn pricing of 127.5 basis points over LIBOR. We also have other interest rate options available to us. At October 22, 2008, we had a borrowing capacity of \$355 million available on our new credit facility and no outstanding balance.

We expect to use our credit facility to acquire additional retail properties and for other corporate purposes. Any additional borrowings will increase our exposure to interest rate risk. We have the right to request an increase in the borrowing capacity of the credit facility by up to \$100 million, to a total borrowing capacity of \$455 million. Any increase in the borrowing capacity is subject to approval by the lending banks on our credit facility.

**Mortgage Debt**

We have no mortgage debt on any of our properties.

**Universal Shelf Registration**

In April 2006, we filed a shelf registration statement with the SEC, which is effective for a term of three years. In accordance with SEC rules, the amount of the securities to be issued pursuant to this shelf registration statement was not specified when it was filed. The securities covered by this registration statement include common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, or any combination of such securities. We may periodically offer one or more of these securities in amounts, prices and on terms to be announced when and if the securities are offered. The specifics of any future offerings, along with the use of proceeds of any securities offered, will be described in detail in a prospectus supplement, or other offering materials, at the time of any offering. There is no specific limit to the dollar amount of new securities that can be issued under this new shelf registration before it expires in April 2009, and our common stock, preferred stock and notes issued after April 2006 were all issued pursuant to this universal shelf registration statement.

**Conservative Capital Structure**

We believe that our stockholders are best served by a conservative capital structure. Therefore, we seek to maintain a conservative debt level on our balance sheet and solid interest and fixed charge coverage ratios. At October 22, 2008, our total outstanding credit facility borrowings and outstanding notes were \$1.47 billion or approximately 37.0% of our total market capitalization of \$3.97 billion.

We define our total market capitalization at October 22, 2008 as the sum of:

- Shares of our common stock outstanding of 104,268,123 multiplied by the last reported sales price of our common stock on the NYSE of \$20.63 per share on October 22, 2008, or \$2.15 billion;
- Aggregate liquidation value (par value of \$25 per share) of the Class D preferred stock of \$127.5 million;
- Aggregate liquidation value (par value of \$25 per share) of the Class E preferred stock of \$220 million; and
- Outstanding notes of \$1.47 billion.

Table of contents

Historically, we have met our long-term capital needs through the issuance of common stock, preferred stock and long-term unsecured notes and bonds. Over the long term, we believe that common stock should be the majority of our capital structure, however, we may issue additional preferred stock or debt securities from time to time. We may issue common stock when we believe that our share price is at a level that allows for the proceeds of any offering to be accretively invested into additional properties. In addition, we may issue common stock to permanently finance properties that were financed by our credit facility or debt securities. However, we cannot assure you that we will have access to the capital markets at terms that are acceptable to us.

**Credit Agency Ratings**

We are currently assigned investment grade corporate credit ratings on our senior unsecured notes. Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB+, Moody's Investors Service has assigned a rating of Baa1 and Standard & Poor's Ratings Group has assigned a rating of BBB to our senior notes. The ratings by Standard & Poor's, Fitch and Moody's have "stable" outlooks.

We have also been assigned credit ratings on our preferred stock. Fitch Ratings has assigned a rating of BBB, Moody's has assigned a rating of Baa2 and Standard & Poor's has assigned a rating of BB+ to our preferred stock. The ratings by Standard & Poor's, Fitch and Moody's have "stable" outlooks.

The credit ratings assigned to us could change based upon, among other things, our results of operations and financial condition. These ratings are subject to ongoing evaluation by credit rating agencies and we cannot assure you that any rating will not be changed or withdrawn by a rating agency in the future if, in its judgment, circumstances warrant. Moreover, a rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold our debt securities, preferred stock or common stock.

**Notes Outstanding**

Our senior unsecured note obligations consist of the following as of September 30, 2008, sorted by maturity date (dollars in millions):

8.25% notes, issued in October 1998 and due in November 2008	\$ 100.0
8% notes, issued in January 1999 and due in January 2009	20.0
5.375% notes, issued in March 2003 and due in March 2013	100.0
5.5% notes, issued in November 2003 and due in November 2015	150.0
5.95% notes, issued in September 2006 and due in September 2016	275.0
5.375% notes, issued in September 2005 and due in September 2017	175.0
6.75% notes, issued in September 2007 and due in August 2019	550.0
5.875% bonds, issued in March 2005 and due in March 2035	100.0
	\$ 1,470.0

All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates.

We plan to use our available cash on hand and, if necessary, draw-downs on our credit facility, to repay the \$100 million outstanding principal amount of our 8.25% Monthly Income Senior Notes, which come due in November 2008, and to repay the \$20 million outstanding principal amount of our 8% Notes, which come due in January 2009.

Interest on all of our senior note obligations is paid semiannually, with the exception of the interest on the 8.25% senior notes issued in October 1998, which is paid monthly. All of these notes contain various covenants, including: (i) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 60%; (ii) a limitation on incurrence of any secured debt which would cause our secured debt to total adjusted assets ratio to exceed 40%; (iii) a limitation on incurrence of any debt which would cause our debt service coverage ratio to be less

than 1.5 times; and (iv) the maintenance at all times of total unencumbered assets not less than 150% of our outstanding unsecured debt. We have been in compliance with these covenants since each of the notes were issued.

Table of contents

The following is a summary of the key financial covenants for our senior unsecured notes, as defined and calculated per the terms of our notes. These calculations, which are not based on GAAP measurements, are presented to investors to show our ability to incur additional debt under the terms of our notes only and are not measures of our liquidity or performance. The actual amounts as of September 30, 2008 are:

Note Covenants	Required	Actual
Limitation on incurrence of total debt	≤ 60%	41.0%
Limitation on incurrence of secured debt	≤ 40%	0.0%
Debt service coverage (trailing 12 months)	≥ 1.5 x	3.4x
Maintenance of total unencumbered assets	≥ 150% of unsecured debt	244%

## Table of Obligations

The following table summarizes the payments of each of our obligations as of September 30, 2008 (dollars in millions):

Year of Maturity	Credit Facility (1)	Notes	Interest (2)	Ground Leases Paid by Realty Income(3)	Ground Leases Paid by Our Tenants(4)	Other (5)	Totals
2008	\$ --	\$ 100.0	\$ 22.0	\$ --	\$ 0.9	\$ 2.5	\$ 125.4
2009	--	20.0	82.5	0.1	3.7	--	106.3
2010	--	--	82.4	0.1	3.5	--	86.0
2011	--	--	82.4	0.1	3.5	--	86.0
2012	--	--	82.4	0.1	3.4	--	85.9
Thereafter	--	1,350.0	505.9	0.9	43.2	--	1,900.0
Totals	\$ --	\$ 1,470.0	\$ 857.6	\$ 1.3	\$ 58.2	\$ 2.5	\$ 2,389.6

(1) There was no outstanding credit facility balance on October 22, 2008.

(2) Interest on the credit facility and notes has been calculated based on outstanding balances as of September 30, 2008 through their respective maturity dates.

(3) Realty Income currently pays the ground lessors directly for the rent under the ground leases. A majority of this rent is reimbursed to Realty Income as additional rent from our tenants.

(4) Our tenants, who are generally sub-tenants under the ground leases, are responsible for paying the rent under these ground leases. In the event a tenant fails to pay the ground lease rent, we are primarily responsible.

(5) "Other" consists of \$1.6 million of commitments under construction contracts and \$920,000 of contingent payments for tenant improvements and leasing costs.

Our credit facility and note obligations are unsecured. Accordingly, we have not pledged any assets as collateral for these obligations.

## Preferred Stock Outstanding

In 2004, we issued 5.1 million shares of 7.375% Class D cumulative redeemable preferred stock. Beginning May 27, 2009, shares of Class D preferred stock are redeemable at our option for \$25 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. Dividends on shares of Class D preferred are paid monthly in arrears.

In December 2006, we issued 8.8 million shares of 6.75% Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock. Beginning December 7, 2011, shares of Class E preferred stock are redeemable at our option for \$25 per share, plus any accrued and unpaid dividends. Dividends on shares of Class E preferred stock are paid monthly in arrears.

Table of contents

No Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements or Unconsolidated Investments

We have no unconsolidated or off-balance sheet investments in “variable interest entities” or off-balance sheet financing, nor do we engage in trading activities involving energy or commodity contracts or other derivative instruments.

As we have no joint ventures, off-balance sheet entities, or mandatory redeemable preferred stock, our financial position or results of operations are currently not affected by Financial Accounting Standard Board Interpretation No. 46R, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities and Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity.

Distribution Policy

Distributions are paid monthly to our common, Class D preferred and Class E preferred stockholders if, and when, declared by our Board of Directors.

In order to maintain our tax status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we generally are required to distribute dividends to our stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction and by excluding net capital gains), and we are subject to income tax to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income (including net capital gains). In 2007, our cash distributions totaled \$182.2 million, or approximately 113.6% of our REIT taxable income of \$160.4 million. Our estimated REIT taxable income reflects non-cash deductions for depreciation and amortization. Our estimated REIT taxable income is a non-GAAP financial measure presented to show our compliance with REIT distribution requirements and is not a measure of our liquidity or performance.

We intend to continue to make distributions to our stockholders that are sufficient to meet this distribution requirement and that will reduce our exposure to income taxes. Our cash distributions to common stockholders for the first nine months of 2008 totaled \$125.5 million, representing 90.6% of our funds from operations available to common stockholders of \$138.5 million. In comparison, our 2007 cash distributions to common stockholders totaled \$157.7 million, representing 83.1% of our funds from operations available to common stockholders of \$189.7 million.

The Class D preferred stockholders receive cumulative distributions at a rate of 7.375% per annum on the \$25 per share liquidation preference (equivalent to \$1.84375 per annum per share). The Class E preferred stockholders receive cumulative distributions at a rate of 6.75% per annum on the \$25 per share liquidation preference (equivalent to \$1.6875 per annum per share).

Future distributions will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend on, among other things, our results of operations, FFO, cash flow from operations, financial condition and capital requirements, the annual distribution requirements under the REIT provisions of the Tax Code, our debt service requirements and any other factors the Board of Directors may deem relevant. In addition, our credit facility contains financial covenants that could limit the amount of distributions payable by us in the event of a deterioration in our results of operations or financial condition, and which prohibit the payment of distributions on the common or preferred stock in the event that we fail to pay when due (subject to any applicable grace period) any principal or interest on borrowings under our credit facility.

Table of contents

Distributions of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for federal income tax purposes generally will be taxable to stockholders as ordinary income, except to the extent that we recognize capital gains and declare a capital gains dividend or that such amounts constitute "qualified dividend income" subject to a reduced rate of tax. The maximum tax rate of non-corporate taxpayers for "qualified dividend income" has generally been reduced to 15% (until it "sunsets" or reverts to the provisions of prior law, which under current law will occur with respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2010). In general, dividends payable by REITs are not eligible for the reduced tax rate on corporate dividends, except to the extent the REIT's dividends are attributable to dividends received from taxable corporations (such as our taxable REIT subsidiary, Crest), to income that was subject to tax at the corporate or REIT level (for example, if we distribute taxable income that we retained and paid tax on in the prior taxable year) or, as discussed above, dividends properly designated by us as "capital gain dividends." Distributions in excess of earnings and profits generally will be treated as a non-taxable reduction in the stockholders' basis in their stock. Distributions above that basis, generally, will be taxable as a capital gain to stockholders who hold their shares as a capital asset. Approximately 11.2% of the distributions to our common stockholders, made or deemed to have been made in 2007, were classified as a return of capital for federal income tax purposes. We are unable to predict the portion of future distributions that may be classified as a return of capital.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Critical Accounting Policies

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Our consolidated financial statements are the basis for our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. Preparing our consolidated financial statements requires us to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. We believe that we have made these estimates and assumptions in an appropriate manner and in a way that accurately reflects our financial condition. We continually test and evaluate these estimates and assumptions using our historical knowledge of the business, as well as other factors, to ensure that they are reasonable for reporting purposes. However, actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

In order to prepare our consolidated financial statements according to the rules and guidelines set forth by GAAP, many subjective judgments must be made with regard to critical accounting policies. One of these judgments is our estimate for useful lives in determining depreciation expense for our properties. Depreciation of buildings and improvements is computed using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 25 years. If we use a shorter or longer estimated useful life it could have a material impact on our results of operations. We believe that 25 years is an appropriate estimate of useful life. No depreciation has been recorded on properties that are classified as held for sale.

Another significant judgment must be made as to if, and when, impairment losses should be taken on our properties when events or a change in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Generally, a provision is made for impairment loss if estimated future operating cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) plus estimated disposition proceeds (undiscounted) are less than the current book value. Impairment losses are measured as the amount by which the current book value of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. If a property is held for sale, it is carried at the lower of carrying cost or estimated fair value, less cost to sell. The carrying value of our real estate is the largest component of our consolidated balance sheet. If events should occur that require us to reduce the carrying value of our real estate by recording provisions for impairment losses, it could have a material impact on our results of operations.



Table of contents

The following is a comparison of our results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007.

Rental Revenue

Rental revenue was \$82.2 million for the third quarter of 2008 versus \$72.2 million for the third quarter of 2007, an increase of \$10.0 million, or 13.9%. The increase in rental revenue in the third quarter of 2008 compared to the third quarter of 2007 is primarily attributable to:

- The 108 retail properties acquired by Realty Income in 2008, which generated \$3.9 million of rent in the third quarter of 2008;
- The 325 retail properties acquired by Realty Income in 2007, which generated \$10.44 million of rent in the third quarter of 2008 compared to \$3.67 million in the third quarter of 2007, an increase of \$6.8 million;
- Same store rents generated on 1,782 properties during the entire third quarters of 2008 and 2007 increased by \$701,000, or 1.1%, to \$65.1 million from \$64.4 million; and
  - An increase in straight-line rent and other non-cash adjustments to rent of \$59,000 in the third quarter of 2008 as compared to the third quarter of 2007; net of
- A net decrease of \$1.5 million relating to the aggregate of (i) development properties acquired before 2007 that started paying rent in 2007, (ii) properties that were vacant during part of 2008 or 2007, (iii) properties sold during 2008 and 2007 and (iv) lease termination settlements. These items totaled \$2.5 million, in aggregate, in the third quarter of 2008 compared to \$4.0 million in the same quarter of 2007.

Rental revenue was \$245.7 million for the first nine months of 2008 versus \$210.5 million for the first nine months of 2007, an increase of \$35.2 million, or 16.7%. The increase in rental revenue in the first nine months of 2008 compared to the first nine months of 2007 is primarily attributable to:

- The 108 retail properties acquired by Realty Income in 2008, which generated \$9.1 million of rent in the first nine months of 2008;
- The 325 retail properties acquired by Realty Income in 2007, which generated \$30.5 million of rent in the first nine months of 2008 compared to \$5.2 million in the first nine months of 2007, an increase of \$25.3 million;
- Same store rents generated on 1,782 properties during the entire first nine months of 2008 and 2007 increased by \$2.5 million, or 1.3%, to \$195.0 million from \$192.5 million; and
- An increase in straight-line rent and other non-cash adjustments to rent of \$726,000 in the first nine months of 2008 as compared to the first nine months of 2007; net of
- A net decrease of \$2.6 million relating to the aggregate of (i) development properties acquired before 2007 that started paying rent in 2007, (ii) properties that were vacant during part of 2008 or 2007, (iii) properties sold during 2008 and 2007 and (iv) lease termination settlements. These items totaled \$9.4 million, in aggregate, in the first nine months of 2008 compared to \$12.0 million in the first nine months of 2007.

Of the 2,355 properties in the portfolio at September 30, 2008, 2,344, or 99.5%, are single-tenant properties and the remaining 11 are multi-tenant properties. Of the 2,344 single-tenant properties, 2,272, or 96.9%, were net leased with a weighted average remaining lease term (excluding rights to extend a lease at the option of the tenant) of approximately 12.1 years at September 30, 2008. Of our 2,272 leased single-tenant properties, 2,072, or 91.2%, were under leases that provide for increases in rents through:

- Primarily base rent increases tied to a consumer price index;
- Fixed increases;
- To a lesser degree, overage rent based on a percentage of the tenants' gross sales; or
- A combination of two or more of the above rent provisions.



Table of contents

Percentage rent, which is included in rental revenue, was \$163,000 in the third quarter of 2008 and \$227,000 in the third quarter of 2007. Percentage rent was \$925,000 in the first nine months of 2008 and \$556,000 in the first nine months of 2007. Percentage rent in the third quarter and first nine months of 2008 was less than 1% of rental revenue and we anticipate percentage rent to continue to be less than 1% of rental revenue for 2008.

Our portfolio of retail real estate, leased primarily to regional and national chains under net leases, continues to perform well and provides dependable lease revenue supporting the payment of monthly dividends to our stockholders. At September 30, 2008, our portfolio of 2,355 retail properties was 96.9% leased with 73 properties available for lease, one of which is a multi-tenant property.

As of October 22, 2008, transactions to lease or sell 16 of the 73 properties available for lease at September 30, 2008 were underway or completed. We anticipate these transactions will be completed during the next several months, although we cannot guarantee that all of these properties can be leased or sold within this period. It has been our experience that approximately 1% to 3% of our property portfolio will be unleased at any given time; however, we cannot assure you that the number of properties available for lease will not exceed these levels.

**Interest Expense**

Interest expense was \$7.8 million higher in the third quarter of 2008 than in the third quarter of 2007. Interest expense was \$29.6 million higher in the first nine months of 2008 than in the first nine months of 2007. Interest expense increased in 2008 primarily due to higher average outstanding balances and higher interest rates related to our average outstanding borrowings. We issued \$550 million of 12-year notes in September 2007 which contributed to the increase in average outstanding balances and higher average interest rates on our debt.

In the second quarter of 2008, as a result of entering into our new credit facility in May 2008, we expensed \$235,000 of unamortized credit facility origination costs from our prior credit facility.

The following is a summary of the components of our interest expense (dollars in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Interest on our credit facility and notes	\$ 23,061	\$ 16,812	\$ 69,183	\$ 44,902
Interest included in discontinued operations from real estate acquired for resale by Crest	(359)	(1,239)	(1,424)	(5,115)
Amortization of settlements on treasury lock agreement	218	218	653	653
Credit facility commitment fees	247	114	542	342
Amortization of credit facility origination costs and deferred bond financing costs	780	554	2,363	1,597
Interest capitalized	(32)	(296)	(87)	(767)
Interest expense	\$ 23,915	\$ 16,163	\$ 71,230	\$ 41,612

Table of contents

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Credit facility and notes outstanding				
Average outstanding balances (dollars in thousands)	\$ 1,470,000	\$ 1,101,810	\$ 1,470,000	\$ 992,605
Average interest rates	6.28%	6.10%	6.28%	6.03%

At October 22, 2008, the weighted average interest rate on our notes payable of \$1.47 billion was 6.28% and on our credit line was 4.26%. There was no outstanding balance on our credit line at October 22, 2008.

**Interest Coverage Ratio**

Our interest coverage ratio for the third quarter of 2008 was 3.1 times and for the third quarter of 2007 was 4.1 times. Our interest coverage ratio for the first nine months of 2008 was 3.2 times and for the first nine months of 2007 was 4.5 times. Interest coverage ratio is calculated as: the interest coverage amount (as calculated in the following table) divided by interest expense, including interest recorded as discontinued operations. We consider interest coverage ratio to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a company's ability to meet its interest expense obligations. Our calculation of interest coverage ratio may be different from the calculation used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited. This information should not be considered as an alternative to any GAAP liquidity measures.

The following is a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities on our consolidated statements of cash flows to our interest coverage amount (dollars in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 45,055	\$ 46,598	\$ 174,247	\$ 218,855
Interest expense	23,915	16,163	71,230	41,612
Interest expense included in discontinued operations(1)	359	1,239	1,424	5,115
Income taxes	308	350	922	948
Income taxes included in discontinued operations(1)	(94)	420	328	2,032
Investment in real estate acquired for resale(1)	--	29,892	9	29,892
Proceeds from sales of real estate acquired for resale(1)	(4,591)	(28,345)	(31,511)	(94,131)
Provision for impairment included in property expenses	--	--	--	138
Crest provisions for impairment(1)	(27)	--	(3,374)	--
Gain on sales of real estate acquired for resale(1)	199	2,219	4,642	8,786
Amortization of share-based compensation	(1,114)	(828)	(3,966)	(3,025)
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable and other assets	(1,567)	262	(1,335)	(728)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	13,937	3,103	18,213	773
Interest coverage amount	\$ 76,380	\$ 71,073	\$ 230,829	\$ 210,267
Divided by interest expense(2)	\$ 24,274	\$ 17,402	\$ 72,654	\$ 46,727
Interest coverage ratio	3.1	4.1	3.2	4.5

(1) Crest activities.

(2) Includes interest expense recorded to "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" on our consolidated statements of income.

Table of contents**Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio**

Our fixed charge coverage ratio for the third quarter of 2008 was 2.5 times and for the third quarter of 2007 was 3.0 times. Our fixed charge coverage ratio for the first nine months of 2008 was 2.5 times and for the first nine months of 2007 was 3.2 times. Fixed charge coverage ratio is calculated in exactly the same manner as interest coverage ratio, except that preferred stock dividends are also added to the denominator. We consider fixed charge coverage ratio to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a company's ability to make its interest and preferred stock dividend payments. Our calculation of the fixed charge coverage ratio may be different from the calculation used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited. This information should not be considered as an alternative to any GAAP liquidity measures.

Interest coverage amount divided by interest expense plus preferred stock dividends (dollars in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Interest coverage amount	\$ 76,380	\$ 71,073	\$ 230,829	\$ 210,267
Divided by interest expense plus preferred stock dividends(1)	\$ 30,337	\$ 23,465	\$ 90,844	\$ 64,917
Fixed charge coverage ratio	2.5	3.0	2.5	3.2

(1) Includes interest expense recorded to "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" on our consolidated statements of income.

**Depreciation and Amortization**

For the third quarter of 2008, depreciation and amortization was \$22.9 million as compared to \$19.4 million in the third quarter of 2007. For the first nine months of 2008, depreciation and amortization was \$67.8 million as compared to \$55.7 million in the first nine months of 2007. The increase in depreciation and amortization in 2008 was primarily due to the acquisition of properties in 2008 and 2007, which was partially offset by property sales in these years. As discussed in the section entitled "Funds from Operations Available to Common Stockholders," depreciation and amortization is a non-cash item that is excluded from our calculation of FFO.

**General and Administrative Expenses**

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$1.2 million to \$5.1 million in the third quarter of 2008 as compared to \$6.3 million in the third quarter of 2007. In the third quarter of 2008, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue were 6.2% as compared to 8.6% in the third quarter of 2007.

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$655,000 to \$16.6 million in the first nine months of 2008 as compared to \$17.2 million in the first nine months of 2007. In the first nine months of 2008, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of total revenue were 6.7% as compared to 8.0% in the first nine months of 2007.

General and administrative expenses decreased in total dollars during the first nine months of 2008 primarily due to decreases in employee costs.

In October 2008, we had 73 permanent employees as compared to October 2007 when we had 75 permanent employees.

Table of contents

Property Expenses

Property expenses are broken down into costs associated with non-net leased multi-tenant properties, unleased single-tenant properties and general portfolio expenses. Expenses related to the multi-tenant and unleased single-tenant properties include, but are not limited to, property taxes, maintenance, insurance, utilities, property inspections, bad debt expense and legal fees. General portfolio costs include, but are not limited to, insurance, legal, bad debt expense, property inspections and title search fees. At September 30, 2008, 73 properties were available for lease, as compared to 48 at December 31, 2007 and 37 at September 30, 2007.

Property expenses were \$1.8 million in the third quarter of 2008 and \$815,000 in the third quarter of 2007. Property expenses were \$4.1 million in the first nine months of 2008 and \$2.6 million in the first nine months of 2007. The increase in property expenses in 2008 is primarily attributable to an increase in maintenance, utilities, property taxes, legal fees and bad debt expense associated with properties available for lease.

Income Taxes

Income taxes were \$308,000 in the third quarter of 2008 as compared to \$350,000 in the third quarter of 2007. Income taxes were \$922,000 in the first nine months of 2008 as compared to \$948,000 for the first nine months of 2007. These amounts are for city and state income taxes paid by Realty Income.

In addition, Crest recorded state and federal income tax benefits of \$94,000 in the third quarter of 2008 as compared to tax expense of \$420,000 in the third quarter of 2007. Crest incurred state and federal income taxes of \$328,000 in the first nine months of 2008 as compared to \$2.0 million in the first nine months of 2007. These amounts are included in "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" on our consolidated statements of income.

Discontinued Operations

Crest acquires properties with the intention of reselling them rather than holding them as investments and operating the properties. Consequently, we typically classify properties acquired by Crest as held for sale at the date of acquisition and do not depreciate them. The operations of Crest's properties are classified as "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest" on our consolidated statements of income.

If we decide not to sell a property previously classified as held for sale, the property is reclassified as real estate held for investment. A property that is reclassified to held for investment is measured and recorded at the lower of (i) its carrying amount before the property was classified as held for sale, adjusted for any depreciation expense that would have been recognized had the property been continuously classified as held for investment, or (ii) the fair value at the date of the subsequent decision not to sell.

Table of contents

The following is a summary of Crest's "income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale" on our consolidated statements of income (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
Crest's income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale	2008	2007	2008	2007
Gain on sales of real estate acquired for resale	\$ 199	\$ 2,219	\$ 4,642	\$ 8,786
Rental revenue	129	1,547	1,764	6,736
Other revenue	353	68	561	128
Interest expense	(359)	(1,239)	(1,424)	(5,115)
General and administrative expense	(110)	(224)	(397)	(507)
Property expenses	(41)	(14)	(106)	(29)
Provisions for impairment	(27)	--	(3,374)	--
Depreciation	--	--	(771)	--
Income taxes	94	(420)	(328)	(2,032)
Income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest	\$ 238	\$ 1,937	\$ 567	\$ 7,967
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$ --	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.08

Realty Income's operations from eight investment properties classified as held for sale at September 30, 2008, plus properties sold in 2008 and 2007, have been classified as discontinued operations. The following is a summary of Realty Income's "income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment" on our consolidated statements of income (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
Realty Income's income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment	2008	2007	2008	2007
Gain on sales of investment properties	\$ 5,730	\$ 770	\$ 9,203	\$ 1,355
Rental revenue	234	1,096	1,188	2,547
Depreciation and amortization	(56)	(160)	(285)	(505)
Property expenses	(17)	(7)	(76)	(32)
Provision for impairment	--	(134)	--	(134)
Income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment	\$ 5,891	\$ 1,565	\$ 10,030	\$ 3,231
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.03

The following is a summary of our total income from discontinued operations (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Real estate acquired for resale by Crest	\$ 238	\$ 1,937	\$ 567	\$ 7,967
Real estate held for investment	5,891	1,565	10,030	3,231
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 6,129	\$ 3,502	\$ 10,597	\$ 11,198
Per common share, basic and diluted	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.11

The above per share amounts have each been calculated independently.





Table of contents

Crest's Property Sales

During the third quarter of 2008, Crest sold three properties for \$4.6 million, which resulted in a gain of \$199,000. In comparison, during the third quarter of 2007, Crest sold 14 properties for \$28.3 million, which resulted in a gain of \$2.2 million. Crest's gains on sales are reported before income taxes and are included in discontinued operations.

During the first nine months of 2008, Crest sold 25 properties for \$50.7 million, which resulted in a gain of \$4.6 million. As part of two sales during the first nine months of 2008, Crest provided financing to the buyers of \$19.2 million. In comparison, during the first nine months of 2007, Crest sold 45 properties for \$97.9 million, which resulted in a gain of \$8.8 million. In the first nine months of 2007, as part of two sales, Crest provided financing to the buyer of \$3.8 million.

Crest's Property Inventory

At September 30, 2008, Crest had \$6.0 million invested in five properties, all of which are held for sale.

Gain on Sales of Investment Properties by Realty Income

During the third quarter of 2008, we sold 13 investment properties for an aggregate of \$11.0 million, which resulted in a gain of \$5.7 million. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations.

In comparison, during the third quarter of 2007, we sold three investment properties for an aggregate of \$4.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$770,000. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations. As part of one sale during the third quarter of 2007, we received a lease termination fee of \$427,000, which is reported in "income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment" on our consolidated statements of income. In addition, we sold excess land and improvements from two properties for an aggregate of \$529,000, which resulted in a gain of \$29,000. The gain from the land and improvements sales is reported in "other revenue" on our consolidated statements of income because these improvements and excess land were associated with properties that continue to be owned as part of our core operations.

During the first nine months of 2008, we sold 22 investment properties for an aggregate of \$18.8 million, which resulted in a gain of \$9.2 million. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations. Additionally, we received proceeds of \$439,000 from the sale of excess land from one property, which resulted in a gain of \$236,000. This gain is included in "other revenue" on our consolidated statements of income because this excess land was associated with a property that continues to be owned as part of our core operations.

In comparison, during the first nine months of 2007, we sold six investment properties for an aggregate of \$5.9 million, which resulted in a gain of \$1.4 million. The results of operations for these properties have been reclassified as discontinued operations. In addition, we sold excess land and improvements from five properties for an aggregate of \$4.4 million, which resulted in a gain of \$1.8 million. The gain from the land and improvements sales is reported in "other revenue" on our consolidated statements of income because these improvements and excess land were associated with properties that continue to be owned as part of our core operations.

We have an active portfolio management program that incorporates the sale of assets when we believe the reinvestment of the sale proceeds will generate higher returns, enhance the credit quality of our real estate portfolio or extend our average remaining lease term. At September 30, 2008, we classified real estate with a carrying amount of \$10.1 million as held for sale on our balance sheet, which includes properties owned by Crest. Additionally, we anticipate selling investment properties from our portfolio that have not yet been specifically identified, from which we anticipate receiving between \$10 million and \$35 million in proceeds during the next 12 months. We intend to invest these proceeds into new property acquisitions. However, we cannot guarantee that we will sell properties during the next 12 months.



Table of contents

Provisions for Impairment on Real Estate Acquired for Resale by Crest

Provisions for impairment of \$27,000 and \$3.4 million were recorded by Crest on three properties held for sale in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, respectively. These provisions for impairment are included in “income from discontinued operations, real estate acquired for resale by Crest.” In February 2008, Buffets Holdings elected to reject the leases for two of these properties owned by Crest. No provisions for impairment were recorded by Crest in the first nine months of 2007. The provisions for impairment recorded in the first nine months of 2008 reduced the carrying costs to the estimated fair-market value of those properties, net of estimated selling costs.

Provisions for Impairment on Realty Income Investment Properties

No provisions for impairment were recorded in the first nine months of 2008. We recorded a provision for impairment of \$134,000 on one property in the third quarter of 2007, which is included in “income from discontinued operations, real estate held for investment” on our consolidated statements of income. We recorded a provision for impairment of \$138,000 on another property in the first nine months of 2007, which is included in property expense on our consolidated statements of income.

Preferred Stock Dividends

Preferred stock cash dividends totaled \$6.1 million in the third quarters of 2008 and 2007. Preferred stock cash dividends totaled \$18.2 million in the first nine months of 2008 and 2007.

Net Income Available to Common Stockholders

Net income available to common stockholders was \$28.6 million in the third quarter of 2008, an increase of \$0.7 million as compared to \$27.9 million in the third quarter of 2007. Net income available to common stockholders was \$79.3 million in the first nine months of 2008, a decrease of \$9.7 million as compared to \$89.0 million in the first nine months of 2007.

The calculation to determine net income available to common stockholders includes gains from the sales of properties. The amount of gains varies from period to period based on the timing of property sales and can significantly impact net income available to common stockholders.

The gain recognized from the sales of investment properties during the third quarter of 2008 was \$5.7 million, as compared to a \$799,000 gain recognized from the sales of investment properties during the third quarter of 2007. The gain recognized during the first nine months of 2008 from the sales of investment properties and from the additional proceeds received from a sale of excess land was \$9.4 million, as compared to a \$3.2 million gain recognized from the sales of investment properties for the first nine months of 2007.

Table of contents

## FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS AVAILABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS (FFO)

FFO for the third quarter of 2008 decreased by \$0.9 million, or 1.9%, to \$45.7 million as compared to \$46.6 million in the third quarter of 2007. FFO for the first nine months of 2008 decreased by \$3.4 million, or 2.4%, to \$138.5 million as compared to \$141.9 million in the first nine months of 2007. The following is a reconciliation of net income available to common stockholders (which we believe is the most comparable GAAP measure) to FFO. Also presented is information regarding distributions paid to common stockholders and the weighted average number of common shares used for the basic and diluted computation per share (dollars in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended September 30, 2008		2007		Nine months ended September 30, 2008		2007	
Net income available to common stockholders	\$	28,634	\$	27,910	\$	79,320	\$	89,043
Depreciation and amortization:								
Continuing operations		22,869		19,433		67,798		55,740
Discontinued operations		56		160		1,056		505
Depreciation of furniture, fixtures and equipment		(81)		(79)		(238)		(174)
Gain on sales of land and investment properties:								
Continuing operations		--		(29)		(236)		(1,835)
Discontinued operations		(5,730)		(770)		(9,203)		(1,355)
FFO available to common stockholders	\$	45,748	\$	46,625	\$	138,497	\$	141,924
FFO per common share:								
Basic	\$	0.46	\$	0.47	\$	1.38	\$	1.42
Diluted	\$	0.46	\$	0.47	\$	1.38	\$	1.41
Distributions paid to common stockholders	\$	42,209	\$	39,519	\$	125,519	\$	116,382
FFO in excess of distributions paid to common stockholders	\$	3,539	\$	7,106	\$	12,978	\$	25,542
Weighted average number of common shares used for computation per share:								
Basic		100,362,872		100,187,901		100,400,212		100,148,993
Diluted		100,420,070		100,252,953		100,462,396		100,326,859

We define FFO, a non-GAAP measure, consistent with the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trust's definition, as net income available to common stockholders, plus depreciation and amortization of real estate assets, reduced by gains on sales of investment properties and extraordinary items.

Table of contents

We consider FFO to be an appropriate supplemental measure of a REIT's operating performance as it is based on a net income analysis of property portfolio performance that excludes non-cash items such as depreciation. The historical accounting convention used for real estate assets requires straight-line depreciation of buildings and improvements, which implies that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values historically rise and fall with market conditions, presentations of operating results for a REIT, using historical accounting for depreciation, could be less informative. The use of FFO is recommended by the REIT industry as a supplemental performance measure. In addition, FFO is used as a measure of our compliance with the financial covenants of our credit facility.

Presentation of this information is intended to assist the reader in comparing the operating performance of different REITs, although it should be noted that not all REITs calculate FFO the same way, so comparisons with other REITs may not be meaningful. Furthermore, FFO is not necessarily indicative of cash flow available to fund cash needs and should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indication of our performance. In addition, FFO should not be considered as an alternative to reviewing our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as a measure of liquidity, of our ability to make cash distributions or of our ability to pay interest payments.

**Other Non-Cash Items and Capitalized Expenditures**

The following information includes non-cash items and capitalized expenditures on existing properties in our portfolio. These items are not included in the adjustments to net income available to common stockholders to arrive at FFO. Analysts and investors often request this supplemental information.

(dollars in thousands)	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Amortization of settlement on treasury lock agreement(1)	\$ 218	\$ 218	\$ 653	\$ 653
Amortization of deferred note financing costs(2)	454	369	1,362	1,042
Amortization of share-based compensation	1,114	828	3,966	3,025
Capitalized leasing costs and commissions	(256)	(155)	(657)	(393)
Capitalized building improvements	(304)	(201)	(1,090)	(995)
Straight-line rent revenue(3)	(305)	(247)	(1,501)	(760)
Provisions for impairment	--	134	--	272
Crest provisions for impairment	27	--	3,374	--

(1) The settlement on the treasury lock agreement resulted from an interest rate risk prevention strategy that we used in 1998, which correlated to a pending issuance of senior note securities. We have not employed this strategy since 1998.

(2) Amortization of deferred note financing costs includes the amortization of costs incurred and capitalized when our notes were issued in May 1997, October 1998, January 1999, March 2003, November 2003, March 2005, September 2005, September 2006 and September 2007. These costs are being amortized over the lives of these notes. No costs associated with our credit facility agreements or annual fees paid to credit rating agencies have been included.

(3) A negative amount indicates that our straight-line rent revenue was greater than our actual cash rent collected.

Table of contents

PROPERTY PORTFOLIO INFORMATION

At September 30, 2008, we owned a diversified portfolio:

- Of 2,355 retail properties;
- With an occupancy rate of 96.9%, or 2,282 properties occupied of the 2,355 properties in the portfolio;
  - With only 73 properties available for lease;
- Leased to 118 different retail chains doing business in 30 separate retail industries;
- Located in 49 states;
- With over 19.2 million square feet of leasable space; and
- With an average leasable retail space per property of approximately 8,150 square feet.

In addition to our real estate portfolio, our subsidiary, Crest had invested \$6.0 million in five properties located in five states at September 30, 2008. These properties are classified as held for sale.

At September 30, 2008, 96.5% of our 2,355 retail properties, or 2,272 properties, were leased under net-lease agreements. A net lease typically requires the tenant to be responsible for minimum monthly rent and property operating expenses including property taxes, insurance and maintenance. In addition, our tenants are typically responsible for future rent increases based on increases in the consumer price index, fixed increases or, to a lesser degree, additional rent calculated as a percentage of the tenants' gross sales above a specified level.

Our net-leased retail properties primarily are leased to regional and national retail chain store operators. Most buildings are single-story structures with adequate parking on site to accommodate peak retail traffic periods. The properties tend to be on major thoroughfares with relatively high traffic counts, adequate access and proximity to a sufficient population base to constitute a suitable market or trade area for the retailer's business.

Table of contents

## Industry Diversification

The following table sets forth certain information regarding Realty Income's property portfolio (excluding properties owned by Crest) classified according to the business of the respective tenants, expressed as a percentage of our total rental revenue:

Industries	Percentage of Rental Revenue(1)						
	For the Quarter Ended Sept. 30, 2008	Dec 31, 2007	Dec 31, 2006	For the Years Ended			
			Dec 31, 2005	Dec 31, 2004	Dec 31, 2003	Dec 31, 2002	
Apparel stores	1.1%	1.2%	1.7%	1.6%	1.8%	2.1%	2.3%
Automotive collision services	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.0	0.3	--
Automotive parts	1.5	2.1	2.8	3.4	3.8	4.5	4.9
Automotive service	4.8	5.2	6.9	7.6	7.7	8.3	7.0
Automotive tire services	6.7	7.3	6.1	7.2	7.8	3.1	2.7
Book stores	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Business services	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Child care	7.7	8.4	10.3	12.7	14.4	17.8	20.8
Consumer electronics	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	2.1	3.0	3.3
Convenience stores	16.3	14.0	16.1	18.7	19.2	13.3	9.1
Crafts and novelties	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.4
Distribution and office	1.0	0.6	--	--	--	--	--
Drug stores	4.2	2.7	2.9	2.8	0.1	0.2	0.2
Entertainment	1.2	1.4	1.6	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.3
Equipment rental services	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	--
Financial services	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	--	--
General merchandise	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
Grocery stores	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.5
Health and fitness	5.6	5.1	4.3	3.7	4.0	3.8	3.8
Home furnishings	2.4	2.6	3.1	3.7	4.1	4.9	5.4
Home improvement	1.8	2.1	3.4	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2
Motor vehicle dealerships	3.2	3.1	3.4	2.6	0.6	--	--
Office supplies	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1
Pet supplies and services	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.7	1.7
Private education	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.3
Restaurants	21.4	21.2	11.9	9.4	9.7	11.8	13.5
Shoe stores	--	--	--	0.3	0.3	0.9	0.8

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Sporting goods	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.4	3.4	3.8	4.1
Theaters	9.1	9.0	9.6	5.2	3.5	4.1	3.9
Travel plazas	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	--
Video rental	1.0	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.3	3.3
Other	1.9	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.4	3.8	4.4
Totals	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

\* Less than 0.1%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at the end of each period presented, including revenue from properties reclassified as discontinued operations.



Table of contents

## Service Category Diversification

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the properties owned by Realty Income (excluding properties owned by Crest) at September 30, 2008, classified according to the retail business types and the level of services they provide (dollars in thousands):

Industry	Number of Properties	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008(1)	Percentage of Rental Revenue
<b>Tenants Providing Services</b>			
Automotive collision services	13	\$ 838	1.0%
Automotive service	236	3,954	4.8
Child care	264	6,312	7.7
Entertainment	8	999	1.2
Equipment rental services	2	150	0.2
Financial services	13	195	0.2
Health and fitness	26	4,616	5.6
Private education	7	620	0.7
Theaters	34	7,498	9.1
Other	9	1,526	1.9
	612	26,708	32.4
<b>Tenants Selling Goods and Services</b>			
Automotive parts (with installation)	30	526	0.7
Automotive tire services	155	5,527	6.7
Business services	2	37	*
Convenience stores	574	13,425	16.3
Distribution and office	3	832	1.0
Home improvement	2	51	*
Motor vehicle dealerships	21	2,602	3.2
Pet supplies and services	10	626	0.8
Restaurants	644	17,598	21.4
Travel plazas	1	187	0.2
Video rental	32	829	1.0
	1,474	42,240	51.3
<b>Tenants Selling Goods</b>			
Apparel stores	6	902	1.1
Automotive parts	53	695	0.8
Book stores	2	156	0.2
Consumer electronics	13	656	0.8
Crafts and novelties	5	244	0.3
Drug stores	51	3,482	4.2
General merchandise	31	589	0.7
Grocery stores	9	550	0.7
Home furnishings	43	1,968	2.4
Home improvement	30	1,478	1.8

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Office supplies	10	791	1.0
Pet supplies	2	38	*
Sporting goods	14	1,872	2.3
	269	13,421	16.3
Totals	2,355	\$ 82,369	100.0%

\* Less than 0.1%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at September 30, 2008, including revenue from properties reclassified as discontinued operations of \$156.

Table of contents

## Lease Expirations

The following table sets forth certain information regarding Realty Income's property portfolio (excluding properties owned by Crest) regarding the timing of the lease term expirations (excluding extension options) on our 2,272 net leased, single-tenant retail properties as of September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

Year	Total Portfolio			Initial Expirations(3)			Subsequent Expirations(4)		
	Total Number of Leases Expiring(1)	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008(2)	% of Total Rental Revenue	Number of Leases Expiring	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008	% of Total Rental Revenue	Number of Leases Expiring	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008	% of Total Rental Revenue
2008	44	\$ 807	1.0%	16	\$ 297	0.4%	28	\$ 510	0.6%
2009	121	2,645	3.3	37	802	1.0	84	1,843	2.3
2010	91	1,982	2.5	40	1,027	1.3	51	955	1.2
2011	81	2,396	3.0	35	1,332	1.7	46	1,064	1.3
2012	113	2,680	3.4	80	1,921	2.4	33	759	1.0
2013	125	4,483	5.6	91	3,760	4.7	34	723	0.9
2014	52	2,182	2.7	38	1,874	2.3	14	308	0.4
2015	89	1,826	2.3	66	1,278	1.6	23	548	0.7
2016	112	1,902	2.4	111	1,877	2.4	1	25	*
2017	50	2,022	2.5	45	1,934	2.4	5	88	0.1
2018	31	1,149	1.4	26	1,092	1.3	5	57	0.1
2019	98	4,728	5.9	94	4,499	5.6	4	229	0.3
2020	82	2,987	3.8	79	2,923	3.7	3	64	0.1
2021	139	5,672	7.1	138	5,617	7.0	1	55	0.1
2022	103	3,049	3.8	102	3,001	3.7	1	48	0.1
2023	245	7,707	9.7	244	7,682	9.7	1	25	*
2024	63	1,860	2.3	63	1,860	2.3	--	--	--
2025	70	5,468	6.9	66	5,402	6.8	4	66	0.1
2026	211	11,460	14.4	209	11,403	14.3	2	57	0.1
2027	163	5,216	6.5	163	5,216	6.5	--	--	--
2028	83	3,875	4.9	81	3,826	4.8	2	49	0.1
2029	45	1,088	1.4	45	1,088	1.4	--	--	--
2030	20	912	1.1	20	912	1.1	--	--	--
2031	27	641	0.8	27	641	0.8	--	--	--
2032	2	56	0.1	2	56	0.1	--	--	--
2033	7	422	0.5	7	422	0.5	--	--	--
2034	2	230	0.3	2	230	0.3	--	--	--
2037	2	354	0.4	2	354	0.4	--	--	--
2043	1	13	*	--	--	--	1	13	*
Totals	2,272	\$ 79,812	100.0%	1,929	\$ 72,326	90.5%	343	\$ 7,486	9.5%

\* Less than 0.1%

(1) Excludes ten multi-tenant properties and 73 vacant unleased properties, one of which is a multi-tenant property. The lease expirations for properties under construction are based on the estimated date of completion of

those properties.

- (2) Includes rental revenue of \$156 from properties reclassified as discontinued operations and excludes revenue of \$2,557 from ten multi-tenant properties and from 73 vacant and unleased properties at September 30, 2008.
- (3) Represents leases to the initial tenant of the property that are expiring for the first time.
- (4) Represents lease expirations on properties in the portfolio, which have previously been renewed, extended or re-tenanted.

Table of contents

## State Diversification

The following table sets forth certain state-by-state information regarding Realty Income's property portfolio (excluding properties owned by Crest) as of September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

State	Number of Properties	Percent Leased	Approximate Leasable Square Feet	Rental Revenue for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2008(1)	Percentage of Rental Revenue
Alabama	63	98%	425,400	\$ 1,893	2.3%
Alaska	2	100	128,500	277	0.3
Arizona	80	99	395,800	2,409	2.9
Arkansas	18	100	98,500	452	0.6
California	65	100	1,167,300	4,596	5.6
Colorado	53	96	486,300	1,891	2.3
Connecticut	25	100	279,200	1,323	1.6
Delaware	17	100	33,300	427	0.5
Florida	168	98	1,449,300	6,703	8.1
Georgia	132	98	926,900	3,933	4.8
Idaho	14	71	90,200	318	0.4
Illinois	74	96	877,800	4,202	5.1
Indiana	82	96	689,600	3,211	3.9
Iowa	22	95	296,100	1,018	1.2
Kansas	33	94	579,100	1,112	1.4
Kentucky	22	100	111,500	697	0.8
Louisiana	33	97	190,400	915	1.1
Maine	3	100	22,500	160	0.2
Maryland	29	97	271,200	1,600	1.9
Massachusetts	66	100	580,400	2,551	3.1
Michigan	52	98	257,300	1,311	1.6
Minnesota	21	100	392,100	1,534	1.9
Mississippi	71	97	347,600	1,450	1.8
Missouri	62	97	640,100	2,104	2.6
Montana	2	100	30,000	74	0.1
Nebraska	19	100	196,300	645	0.8
Nevada	15	100	191,000	858	1.0
New Hampshire	14	100	109,900	544	0.7
New Jersey	33	100	261,300	1,909	2.3
New Mexico	8	100	56,400	177	0.2
New York	40	95	502,700	2,486	3.0
North Carolina	97	99	551,100	2,937	3.6
North Dakota	6	100	36,600	57	0.1
Ohio	137	97	852,200	3,421	4.2
Oklahoma	25	96	145,900	587	0.7
Oregon	18	100	297,300	848	1.0
Pennsylvania	99	100	683,800	3,557	4.3

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Rhode Island	4	100	14,500	87	0.1
South Carolina	100	98	374,400	2,208	2.7
South Dakota	9	100	24,900	102	0.1
Tennessee	135	95	635,500	2,901	3.5
Texas	215	92	2,309,700	7,569	9.2
Utah	5	80	30,600	87	0.1
Vermont	4	100	12,700	122	0.2
Virginia	104	99	637,100	3,483	4.2
Washington	35	91	230,300	687	0.8
West Virginia	3	67	35,100	140	0.2
Wisconsin	20	90	248,100	778	0.9
Wyoming	1	100	4,200	18	*
Totals/Average	2,355	97%	19,208,000	\$ 82,369	100.0%

\* Less than 0.1%

(1) Includes rental revenue for all properties owned by Realty Income at September 30, 2008, including revenue from properties reclassified as discontinued operations of \$156.

Table of contents

IMPACT OF INFLATION

Tenant leases generally provide for limited increases in rent as a result of increases in the tenants' sales volumes, increases in the consumer price index, and/or fixed increases. We expect that inflation will cause these lease provisions to result in rent increases over time. During times when inflation is greater than increases in rent, as provided for in the leases, rent increases may not keep up with the rate of inflation.

Approximately 96.5% of our 2,355 retail properties, or 2,272 properties, in the portfolio are leased to tenants under net leases where the tenant is responsible for property expenses. Net leases tend to reduce our exposure to rising property expenses due to inflation. Inflation and increased costs may have an adverse impact on our tenants if increases in their operating expenses exceed increases in revenue.

IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

For information on the impact of recent accounting pronouncements on our business, see note 2 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

Our common stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "O" with a cusip number of 756109-104. Our central index key number is 726728.

Our Class D cumulative redeemable preferred stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "OprD" with a cusip number of 756109-609.

Our Class E cumulative redeemable preferred stock is listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "OprE" with a cusip number of 756109-708.

Our 8.25% Monthly Income Senior Notes due 2008 are listed on the NYSE under the ticker symbol "OUI" with a cusip number of 756109-203.

We maintain an Internet website at [www.realtyincome.com](http://www.realtyincome.com). On our website we make available, free of charge, copies of our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file these reports with the SEC. None of the information on our website is deemed to be a part of this report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of our credit facility and long-term notes used to maintain liquidity and expand our real estate investment portfolio and operations. Our interest rate risk management objective is to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flow and to lower our overall borrowing costs. To achieve these objectives we issue long-term notes, primarily at fixed rates, and may selectively enter into derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate lock agreements, interest rate swaps and caps in order to mitigate our interest rate risk on a related financial instrument. We were not a party to any derivative financial instruments at September 30, 2008. We do not enter into any derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes.





Table of contents

Our interest rate risk is monitored using a variety of techniques. The following table presents by year of expected maturity, the principal amounts, average interest rates, and fair values as of September 30, 2008. This information is presented to evaluate the expected cash flows and sensitivity to interest rate changes (dollars in millions):

## Expected Maturity Data

Year of maturity	Fixed rate debt	Average interest rate on fixed rate debt	Variable rate debt	Average interest rate on variable rate debt
2008(1)	\$ 100.0	8.25%	\$ --	--%
2009(2)	20.0	8.00	--	--
2010	--	--	--	--
2011(3)	--	--	--	--
2012	--	--	--	--
Thereafter(4)	1,350.0	6.10	--	--
Totals	\$ 1,470.0	6.28%	\$ --	--%
Fair Value(5)	\$ 1,246.5		\$ --	

(1) \$100 million matures in November 2008.

(2) \$20 million matures in January 2009.

(3) The credit facility expires in May 2011. There was no outstanding credit facility balance as of October 22, 2008.

(4) \$100 million matures in March 2013, \$150 million matures in November 2015, \$275 million matures in September 2016, \$175 million matures in September 2017, \$550 million matures in August 2019 and \$100 million matures in March 2035.

(5) We base the fair value of the fixed rate debt at September 30, 2008 on the closing market price or indicative price per each note.

The table incorporates only those exposures that exist as of September 30, 2008. It does not consider those exposures or positions that could arise after that date. As a result, our ultimate realized gain or loss, with respect to interest rate fluctuations, would depend on the exposures that arise during the period, our hedging strategies at the time, and interest rates.

All of our outstanding notes and bonds have fixed interest rates. Our credit facility balance is variable. At September 30, 2008, our credit facility balance was zero; however, we intend to borrow funds on our credit facility in the future. Based on a hypothetical credit facility borrowing of \$50 million, a 1% change in interest rates would change our interest costs by \$500,000 per year.

## Item 4.

## Controls and Procedures

## Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act 1934 Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible

controls and procedures.

Table of contents

As of and for the quarter ended September 30, 2008, we carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective and were operating at a reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Controls

There have not been any significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation. There were no material weaknesses in our internal controls, and therefore no corrective actions were taken.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

PART II.

OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A.

Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in our risk factors from those disclosed in our 2007 Annual Report on Form 10-K, with the exception of the following:

Recent disruptions in the financial markets could affect our ability to obtain financing on reasonable terms and have other adverse effects on us and the market price of our common stock

The United States stock and credit markets have recently experienced significant price volatility, dislocations and liquidity disruptions, which have caused market prices of many stocks to fluctuate substantially and the spreads on prospective debt financings to widen considerably. These circumstances have materially impacted liquidity in the financial markets, making terms for certain financings less attractive, and in certain cases have resulted in the unavailability of certain types of financing. Continued uncertainty in the stock and credit markets may negatively affect our ability to make acquisitions. A prolonged downturn in the stock or credit markets may cause us to seek alternative sources of potentially less attractive financing, and may require us to adjust our business plan accordingly. In addition, these factors may make it more difficult for us to sell properties or may adversely affect the price we receive for properties that we do sell, as prospective buyers may experience increased costs of financing or difficulties in obtaining financing. These events in the stock and credit markets may make it more difficult or costly for us to raise capital through the issuance of our common stock or preferred stock. These disruptions in the financial markets also may have a material adverse effect on the market value of our common stock and other adverse effects on us or the economy generally.

Table of contents

Item 6.	Exhibits
Exhibit No.	Description

Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws

3.1 Articles of Incorporation of the Company, as amended by amendment No. 1 dated May 10, 2005 and amendment No. 2 dated May 10, 2005 (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q dated June 30, 2005, and incorporated herein by reference).

3.2 Bylaws of the Company, as amended by amendment No. 1 dated March 20, 2000 and amendment No. 2 dated June 15, 2005, and as amended and restated on December 12, 2007 and amended and restated on May 13, 2008 (filed as exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K dated May 13, 2008, and incorporated herein by reference).

3.3 Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating the 7.375% Monthly Income Class D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (filed as exhibit 3.8 to the Company's Form 8-A filed on May 25, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).

3.4 Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating additional shares of the 7.375% Monthly Income Class D Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (filed as exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on October 19, 2004 and incorporated herein by reference).

3.5 Articles Supplementary to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company classifying and designating the 6.75% Class E Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (filed as exhibit 3.5 to the Company's Form 8-A filed on December 5, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).

Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures

4.1 Pricing Committee Resolutions (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated October 27, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).

4.2 Form of 8.25% Notes due 2008 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to Company's Form 8-K, dated October 27, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).

4.3 Indenture dated as of October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York (filed as exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated October 27, 1998 and incorporated herein by reference).

4.4 Pricing Committee Resolutions and Form of 8% Notes due 2009 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated January 21, 1999 and incorporated herein by reference).

Table of contents

- 4.5 Form of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated March 5, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.6 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated March 5, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.7 Form of 5.50% Senior Notes due 2015 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated November 19, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.8 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.50% Senior Notes due 2015 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated November 19, 2003 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.9 Form of 5.875% Senior Notes due 2035 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated March 8, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.10 Officer's Certificate pursuant to section 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.875% Senior Debentures due 2035 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated March 8, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.11 Form of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2017 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated September 8, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.12 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.375% Senior Notes due 2017 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated September 8, 2005 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.13 Form of 5.95% Senior Notes due 2016 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated September 6, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.14 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York, as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 5.95% Senior Notes due 2016 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated September 6, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.15 Form of 6.75% Notes due 2019 (filed as exhibit 4.2 to Company's Form 8-K, dated August 30, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).

Table of contents

4.16 Officer's Certificate pursuant to sections 201, 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated October 28, 1998 between the Company and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee, establishing a series of securities entitled 6.75% Senior Notes due 2019 (filed as exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Form 8-K, dated August 30, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).

Material Contracts

10.1 \$355 million Credit Agreement dated May 15, 2008 (filed as exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed on May 16, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).

\*10.2 Amended and Restated Form of Employment Agreement between the Company and its Executive Officers.

Certifications

\* 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications as filed by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and 34-47551.

\* 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a) Certifications as filed by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and 34-47551.

\* 32 Section 1350 Certifications as furnished by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to SEC release No. 33-8212 and 34-47551.

\* Filed herewith

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

R E A L T Y I N C O M E  
CORPORATION

Date: October 30, 2008 /s/ GREGORY J. FAHEY

Gregory J. Fahey  
Vice President, Controller  
(Principal Accounting Officer)