

XL CAPITAL LTD  
Form 10-Q  
November 09, 2007

---

---

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

---

FORM 10-Q

---

**S QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007**  
OR  
**£ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the transition period from \_ to \_**  
Commission file number 1-10804

---

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

---

CAYMAN ISLANDS                      98-0191089  
(State or other jurisdiction of      (I.R.S. Employer  
incorporation or organization)      Identification No.)

**XL House, One Bermudiana Road, Hamilton, Bermuda HM 11**

**(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)**

**(441) 292-8515**

**(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

As of November 6, 2007, there were 178,353,270 outstanding Class A Ordinary Shares, \$0.01 par value per share, of the registrant.

---

---

---

---

---

**XL CAPITAL LTD**

**INDEX TO FORM 10-Q**

|   | <b>Page<br/>No</b> |
|---|--------------------|
| <b><u>PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u></b>  |                    |
| Item 1. <u>Financial Statements:</u>  |                    |
| <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets as at September 30, 2007 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2006</u>   | 3                  |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Income for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited) and the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)</u>               | 5                  |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited) and the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)</u> | 6                  |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)</u>  | 7                  |
| <u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 (Unaudited)</u>  | 8                  |
| <u>Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements</u>   | 9                  |
| Item 2. <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>  | 27                 |
| Item 3. <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>   | 64                 |
| Item 4. <u>Controls and Procedures</u>  | 69                 |
| <b><u>PART II OTHER INFORMATION</u></b>   |                    |
| Item 1. <u>Legal Proceedings</u>  | 70                 |
| Item 1A. <u>Risk Factors</u>  | 73                 |
| Item 2. <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>  | 73                 |
| Item 6. <u>Exhibits</u>   | 73                 |
| <u>Signatures</u>   | 74                 |

**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share amounts)**

|  | <b>(Unaudited)</b><br><b>September 30,</b><br><b>2007</b> | <b>December 31,</b><br><b>2006</b> |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>  |   |                                    |
| Investments:   |   |                                    |
| Fixed maturities at fair value (amortized cost: 2007, \$36,527,309; 2006, \$35,979,759)      | \$ 35,791,400   | \$ 36,121,358                      |
| Equity securities, at fair value (cost: 2007, \$635,756; 2006, \$705,517)                    | 847,084   | 891,138                            |
| Short-term investments, at fair value (amortized cost: 2007, \$2,011,378; 2006, \$2,340,304) | 2,000,151   | 2,338,487                          |
| <br>   |   |                                    |
| Total investments available for sale   | 38,638,635  | 39,350,983                         |
| Investments in affiliates  | 3,429,614   | 2,308,781                          |
| Other investments (amortized cost: 2007, \$604,892; 2006, \$417,762)                         | 682,289   | 476,889                            |
| <br>   |   |                                    |
| Total investments  | 42,750,538  | 42,136,653                         |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 3,185,239   | 2,223,748                          |
| Accrued investment income  | 482,875   | 432,618                            |
| Deferred acquisition costs   | 861,999   | 870,237                            |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums   | 1,244,512   | 1,178,516                          |
| Premiums receivable  | 3,896,225   | 3,591,238                          |
| Reinsurance balances receivable  | 846,703   | 1,106,651                          |
| Unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable  | 4,840,071   | 5,027,772                          |
| Goodwill and other intangible assets   | 1,806,636   | 1,818,096                          |
| Deferred tax asset, net  | 336,528   | 346,122                            |
| Other assets   | 636,988   | 577,219                            |
| <br>   |   |                                    |
| Total assets   | \$ 60,888,314   | \$ 59,308,870                      |
| <br><b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>   |   |                                    |
| Liabilities:   |   |                                    |
| Unpaid losses and loss expenses  | \$ 23,014,994   | \$ 22,895,021                      |
| Deposit liabilities  | 8,682,988   | 7,857,827                          |
| Future policy benefit reserves   | 6,870,922   | 6,476,057                          |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

|                                       |               |               |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Unearned premiums                     | 5,371,645     | 5,652,897     |
| Notes payable and debt                | 2,866,399     | 3,368,376     |
| Reinsurance balances payable          | 912,042       | 902,841       |
| Net payable for investments purchased | 362,809       | 104,739       |
| Other liabilities                     | 1,372,239     | 1,357,825     |
| Total liabilities                     | \$ 49,454,038 | \$ 48,615,583 |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(U.S. dollars in thousands, except share amounts)

|  | (Unaudited)<br>September 30,<br>2007 | December 31,<br>2006 |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Commitments and Contingencies  |                                      |                      |
| Minority interest in equity of consolidated subsidiaries   | \$ 2,485                             | \$ 562,121           |
| Shareholders' Equity:  |                                      |                      |
| Series A preference ordinary shares, 23,000,000 authorized, par value \$0.01. Issued and outstanding: 2007, nil; 2006, 9,200,000 | \$                                   | \$ 92                |
| Series B preference ordinary shares, 27,000,000 authorized, par value \$0.01. Issued and outstanding: 2007 and 2006, 11,500,000  | 115                                  | 115                  |
| Series E preference ordinary shares, 1,000,000 authorized, par value \$0.01. Issued and outstanding: 2007, 1,000,000; 2006, nil  | 10                                   |                      |
| Class A ordinary shares, 999,990,000 authorized, par value \$0.01. Issued and outstanding: 2007, 179,697,903; 2006, 180,983,611  | 1,797                                | 1,810                |
| Additional paid in capital   | 7,678,436                            | 6,451,569            |
| Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income  | (172,589 )                           | 411,405              |
| Retained earnings  | 3,924,022                            | 3,266,175            |
| Total shareholders' equity   | \$ 11,431,791                        | \$ 10,131,166        |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity   | \$ 60,888,314                        | \$ 59,308,870        |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
(U.S. dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

|  | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |                  | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |                  |
|--|--|------------------|---|------------------|
|  | 2007   | 2006             | 2007  | 2006             |
| <b>Revenues:</b>   |  |                  |   |                  |
| Net premiums earned  | \$ 1,730,582                                       | \$ 1,855,064     | \$ 5,451,931                                      | \$ 5,658,203     |
| Net investment income  | 567,987  | 518,281          | 1,688,294   | 1,455,645        |
| Net realized (losses) on investments   | (160,208 )   | (52,656 )        | (132,620 )  | (53,495 )        |
| Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on derivative instruments                     | (58,162 )  | 611              | (41,233 )   | 78,700           |
| Net income from investment affiliates  | 69,435   | 39,370           | 255,414   | 174,612          |
| Fee income and other   | 3,653  | 3,494            | 11,639  | 23,086           |
| <br>Total revenues   | <br>\$ 2,153,287                                   | <br>\$ 2,364,164 | <br>\$ 7,233,425                                  | <br>\$ 7,336,751 |
| <b>Expenses:</b>   |  |                  |   |                  |
| Net losses and loss expenses incurred  | \$ 920,564   | \$ 1,025,740     | \$ 2,857,299                                      | \$ 3,229,249     |
| Claims and policy benefits   | 195,440  | 170,455          | 662,883   | 558,964          |
| Acquisition costs  | 253,077  | 260,877          | 811,049   | 823,476          |
| Operating expenses   | 270,540  | 276,425          | 857,595   | 817,450          |
| Exchange (gains) losses  | (26,204 )  | 21,943           | 19,965  | 75,385           |
| Interest expense   | 151,018  | 150,388          | 458,504   | 412,889          |
| Amortization of intangible assets  | 420  | 420              | 1,260   | 1,935            |
| <br>Total expenses   | <br>\$ 1,764,855                                   | <br>\$ 1,906,248 | <br>\$ 5,668,555                                  | <br>\$ 5,919,348 |
| <br>Income before minority interest, income tax and net income from operating affiliates | <br>\$ 388,432                                     | <br>\$ 457,916   | <br>\$ 1,564,870                                  | <br>\$ 1,417,403 |
| Minority interest in net income of subsidiary  |  | 8,355            | 23,994  | 10,613           |
| Income tax   | 58,715   | 43,655           | 192,758   | 176,728          |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

|   |            |            |              |              |
|---|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net income from operating affiliates  | 41,919     | 19,964     | 140,640      | 51,560       |
| <b>Net income</b>   | 371,636    | 425,870    | 1,488,758    | 1,281,622    |
| Preference share dividends  | (43,661 )  | (10,081 )  | (66,530 )    | (30,241 )    |
| <b>Net income available to ordinary shareholders</b>                                | \$ 327,975 | \$ 415,789 | \$ 1,422,228 | \$ 1,251,381 |
| Weighted average ordinary shares and ordinary share equivalents outstanding basic   | 178,788    | 178,818    | 178,886      | 178,662      |
| Weighted average ordinary shares and ordinary share equivalents outstanding diluted | 179,781    | 179,439    | 180,340      | 179,298      |
| Earnings per ordinary share and ordinary share equivalent basic                     | \$ 1.83    | \$ 2.33    | \$ 7.95      | \$ 7.00      |
| Earnings per ordinary share and ordinary share equivalent diluted                   | \$ 1.82    | \$ 2.32    | \$ 7.89      | \$ 6.98      |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**(U.S. dollars in thousands)**

|   | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |              | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |              |
|---|--|--------------|---|--------------|
|   | 2007   | 2006         | 2007  | 2006         |
| <b>Net income</b>   | \$ 371,636   | \$ 425,870   | \$ 1,488,758                                      | \$ 1,281,622 |
| Change in net unrealized<br>(depreciation) appreciation<br>of investments, net of tax     | (142,221 )   | 641,548      | (867,605 )  | (114,937 )   |
| Change in value on cash<br>flow hedge   | 110  | 159          | 4,227   | 471          |
| Foreign currency<br>translation adjustments, net  | 177,691  | (2,172 )     | 272,975   | 94,826       |
| Net unrealized gain (loss)<br>on future policy benefit<br>reserves                        | 2,092  | (1,685 )     | 1,819   | (14,595 )    |
| Minority interest share in<br>change in accumulated<br>other comprehensive loss<br>in SCA |  | (7,676 )     |   | (7,676 )     |
| Realization of accumulated<br>other comprehensive loss<br>on sale of SCA                  |  | 14,224       | 4,953   | 14,224       |
| Additional pension<br>liability   | (175 )   |              | (363 )  |              |
| <b>Comprehensive income</b>   | \$ 409,133   | \$ 1,070,268 | \$ 904,764  | \$ 1,253,935 |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY**  
**(U.S. dollars in thousands)**

|   | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |              |
|---|---|--------------|
|   | 2007  | 2006         |
| <b>Series A, B and E Preference Ordinary Shares:</b>                  |   |              |
| Balance beginning of year   | \$ 207  | \$ 207       |
| Issuance of Series E preference ordinary shares                       | 10  |              |
| Redemption of Series A preference ordinary shares                     | (92 )   |              |
| Balance end of period   | \$ 125  | \$ 207       |
| <b>Class A Ordinary Shares:</b>                                       |   |              |
| Balance beginning of year   | \$ 1,810  | \$ 1,795     |
| Issue of shares   | 112   | 8            |
| Exercise of stock options   | 8   | 3            |
| Repurchase of shares  | (133 )  | (1 )         |
| Balance end of period   | \$ 1,797  | \$ 1,805     |
| <b>Additional Paid in Capital:</b>                                    |   |              |
| Balance beginning of year   | \$ 6,451,569                                      | \$ 6,377,375 |
| Issuance of Class A ordinary shares                                   | 869,102   | 53,011       |
| Issuance of Series E preference ordinary shares                       | 983,786   |              |
| Repurchase of Class A ordinary shares                                 | (451,312 )  | (2,830 )     |
| Redemption of Series A preference ordinary shares                     | (229,908 )  |              |
| Stock option expense  | 11,084  | 17,354       |
| Exercise of stock options   | 50,325  | 13,772       |
| Net change in deferred compensation                                   | (6,210 )  | (6,492 )     |
| Net loss on sale of SCA   |   | (30,100 )    |
| Realization of accumulated other comprehensive loss on sale of SCA    |   | (11,000 )    |
| Balance end of period   | \$ 7,678,436                                      | \$ 6,411,090 |
| <b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss):</b>                 |   |              |
| Balance beginning of year   | \$ 411,405  | \$ 268,243   |
| Net change in unrealized (losses) on investment portfolio, net of tax | (865,687 )  | (134,263 )   |
|   | (1,918 )  | 19,326       |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

|  |               |              |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| Net change in unrealized (losses) gains on affiliate and other investments, net of tax |               |              |
| Change in value on cash flow hedge   | 4,227         | 471          |
| Impact of net unrealized gain (loss) on future policy benefit reserves                 | 1,819         | (14,595 )    |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments   | 272,975       | 94,826       |
| Realization of accumulated other comprehensive loss on sale of SCA                     | 4,953         | 14,224       |
| Minority interest share in charge in accumulated other comprehensive loss in SCA       |               | (7,676 )     |
| Additional pension liability   | (363 )        |              |
| Balance end of period  | \$ (172,589 ) | \$ 240,556   |
| <b>Retained Earnings:</b>  |               |              |
| Balance beginning of year  | \$ 3,266,175  | \$ 1,824,191 |
| Net income   | 1,488,758     | 1,281,622    |
| Dividends on Series A, B and E preference ordinary shares                              | (66,530 )     | (30,241 )    |
| Dividends on Class A ordinary shares   | (206,492 )    | (202,471 )   |
| Repurchase of Class A ordinary shares  | (557,889 )    | (2,784 )     |
| Balance end of period  | \$ 3,924,022  | \$ 2,870,317 |
| <b>Total Shareholders Equity</b>   | \$ 11,431,791 | \$ 9,523,975 |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(U.S. dollars in thousands)**

|   | <b>(Unaudited)</b>       |               |
|---|--------------------------|---------------|
|   | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |               |
|   | <b>September 30,</b>     |               |
|   | <b>2007</b>              | <b>2006</b>   |
| <b>Cash flows provided by operating activities:</b>                               |                          |               |
| Net income  | \$ 1,488,758             | \$ 1,281,622  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                          |               |
| Net realized losses on investments  | 132,620                  | 53,495        |
| Net realized and unrealized losses (gains) on derivative instruments              | 41,233                   | (78,700 )     |
| Amortization of (discounts) on fixed maturities                                   | (63,545 )                | (18,359 )     |
| Net (income) from investment and operating affiliates                             | (396,054 )               | (226,172 )    |
| Amortization of deferred compensation   | 38,149                   | 45,923        |
| Accretion of convertible debt   | 1,013                    | 725           |
| Accretion of deposit liabilities  | 306,176                  | 261,494       |
| Unpaid losses and loss expenses   | (22,479 )                | (858,959 )    |
| Future policy benefit reserves  | 69,921                   | 29,788        |
| Unearned premiums   | 471,198                  | 608,718       |
| Premiums receivable   | (234,234 )               | (194,175 )    |
| Unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable                                       | 231,154                  | 1,015,037     |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums  | (101,672 )               | (278,054 )    |
| Reinsurance balances receivable   | 274,570                  | (179,951 )    |
| Deferred acquisition costs  | (100,247 )               | (57,465 )     |
| Reinsurance balances payable  | (6,602 )                 | (142,448 )    |
| Deferred tax asset  | 6,626                    | 34,191        |
| Other   | (137,347 )               | 215,425       |
| <br>  |                          |               |
| Total adjustments   | \$ 510,480               | \$ 230,513    |
| <br>  |                          |               |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | \$ 1,999,238             | \$ 1,512,135  |
| <br>  |                          |               |
| <b>Cash flows used in investing activities:</b>                                   |                          |               |
| Proceeds from sale of fixed maturities and short-term investments                 | \$ 19,312,713            | \$ 16,618,562 |
| Proceeds from redemption of fixed maturities and short-term investments           | 1,473,034                | 897,854       |
| Proceeds from sale of equity securities   | 655,665                  | 1,048,623     |
| Proceeds from sale of SCA common shares, net of cash sold upon de-consolidation   | (110,843 )               |               |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

|   |                 |                 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| Net proceeds from sale of SCA common shares                                     |                 | 104,650         |
| Purchases of fixed maturities and short-term investments                        | (22,513,672 )   | (20,207,649 )   |
| Purchases of equity securities  | (545,942 )      | (971,591 )      |
| Net acquisitions less dispositions of affiliates                                | 250             | 177,695         |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired                               |                 | (12,600 )       |
| Other investments   | (186,625 )      | (96,396 )       |
| Other assets  |                 | 4,087           |
| Net cash used in investing activities   | \$ (1,915,420 ) | \$ (2,436,765 ) |
| <b>Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:</b>                   |                 |                 |
| Proceeds from exercise of stock options and issuance of Class A ordinary shares | \$ 875,333      | \$ 13,293       |
| Proceeds from issuance of Series E preference ordinary shares                   | 983,796         |                 |
| Redemption of Series A preference ordinary shares                               | (230,000 )      |                 |
| Repurchase of Class A ordinary shares   | (1,009,334 )    | (5,616 )        |
| Dividends paid  | (228,902 )      | (232,711 )      |
| Proceeds from issuance of debt  | 322,836         |                 |
| Repayment of debt   | (825,000 )      | (45,291 )       |
| Deposit liabilities   | 517,958         | (398,553 )      |
| Net cash flow on securities lending   | 196,736         | (335,661 )      |
| Proceeds from issuance of SCA common shares                                     |                 | 342,227         |
| Proceeds from issuance of SCA Series A perpetual preference shares              | 247,248         |                 |
| Dividends paid to minority shareholders of SCA                                  | (16,130 )       |                 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities                             | \$ 834,541      | \$ (662,312 )   |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on foreign currency cash                       | 43,132          | 21,688          |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                | 961,491         | (1,565,254 )    |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period</b>                            | 2,223,748       | 3,693,475       |
| <b>Cash and cash equivalents end of period</b>                                  | \$ 3,185,239    | \$ 2,128,221    |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Basis of Preparation and Consolidation**

These unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all of its subsidiaries and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ( GAAP ) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In addition, the year-end balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In the opinion of management, these unaudited financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and results of operations as at the end of and for the periods presented. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

To facilitate period-to-period comparisons, certain reclassifications have been made to prior period consolidated financial statement amounts to conform to current period presentation. There was no effect on net income from this change in presentation.

Unless the context otherwise indicates, references herein to the Company include XL Capital Ltd and its consolidated subsidiaries.

**2. Significant Accounting Policies**

**(a) Uncertain Tax Provisions**

The Company is not subject to any taxes in the Cayman Islands on either income or capital gains under current Cayman law. The Company has received an undertaking that the Company will be exempted from Cayman Islands income or capital gains taxes until June 2018 in the event of any such taxes being imposed. The Company's Bermuda subsidiaries are not subject to any income, withholding or capital gains taxes under current Bermuda law. In the event that there is a change such that these taxes are imposed, the Bermuda subsidiaries would be exempted from any such tax until March 2016 pursuant to the Bermuda Exempted Undertakings Tax Protection Act of 1966, and Amended Act of 1987. The Company's Indian subsidiary is not subject to certain income and capital gains taxes under current Indian law. This subsidiary is exempt from these taxes until March 31, 2009 pursuant to the Income Tax Act 1961.

The Company's U.S. subsidiaries are subject to federal, state and local corporate income taxes and other taxes applicable to U.S. corporations. The provision for federal income taxes has been determined under the principles of the consolidated tax provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and Regulations thereunder. Should the U.S. subsidiaries pay a dividend to the Company, withholding taxes will apply. The Company has operations in subsidiary and branch form in various other jurisdictions around the world, including but not limited to the U.K., Switzerland, Ireland, Germany, France, Luxembourg and various countries in Latin America that are subject to relevant taxes in those jurisdictions.

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48 ( FIN 48 ), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, on January 1, 2007. The Company did not recognize any liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits as a result of the implementation of FIN 48.

With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to tax examinations by tax authorities in the major jurisdictions in which the Company operates for years prior to 2003 in the U.S. and 2001 in the U.K.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

The U.K. taxation authority, HM Revenue and Customs, has currently ongoing examinations of the Company's U.K. income tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2001 to December 31, 2004.

The Company's policy is to recognize any interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. The Company did not have any accrued liabilities relating to interest and penalties as at September 30, 2007 or December 31, 2006, respectively.

**3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2006, the FASB issued FAS 155, Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140. This standard permits fair value re-measurement of an entire hybrid financial instrument that contains an embedded derivative that otherwise would require bifurcation; narrows the scope exemption applicable to interest-only strips and principal-only strips from FAS 133; clarifies that only the simplest separations of interest payments and principal payments qualify as not being subject to the requirements of FAS 133; establishes a requirement to evaluate interests in securitized financial assets to identify interests that are freestanding derivatives or that are hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative requiring bifurcation; clarifies that concentrations of credit risk in the form of subordination are not embedded derivatives; and amends FAS 140 to eliminate the prohibition on a qualifying special-purpose entity from holding a derivative financial instrument that pertains to a beneficial interest other than another derivative financial instrument. This statement is intended to require more consistent accounting that eliminates exemptions and provides a means to simplify the accounting for hybrid financial instruments. This statement was effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after January 1, 2007. The Company has applied the fair value option to its investments in interest-only strips from the effective date of this standard. The fair value of interest only strips was \$13.1 million and \$17.3 million at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. The application of the fair value option did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

In September 2006, the FASB issued FAS 157, Fair Value Measurements ( FAS 157 ) which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. FAS 157 is applicable in conjunction with other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, where the FASB previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, FAS 157 does not require any new fair value measurements. FAS No. 157 will be effective for interim and annual financial statements issued after January 1, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FAS 157; however, it is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

In October 2006, the FASB issued proposed FASB Staff Position EITF 03-6-a, Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities. This FASB Staff Position (FSP) addresses whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions may be participating securities prior to vesting and, therefore, need to be included in the earnings allocation in computing basic earnings per share (EPS) pursuant to the two-class method described in paragraphs 60 and 61 of FASB Statement No. 128, Earnings per Share. A share-based payment award that contains a non-forfeitable right to receive cash when dividends are paid to common shareholders irrespective of whether that award ultimately vests or remains unvested shall be considered a participating security as these rights to dividends provide a non-contingent transfer of value to the holder of the share-based payment award. Accordingly, these awards should be included in the computation of basic EPS pursuant to the two-class method.





**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)**

The guidance in this proposed FSP would be effective in the first reporting period beginning after the FASB posts the final FSP to its website. All prior period EPS data will have to be adjusted retrospectively to reflect the provisions of the FSP. Under the terms of the Company's restricted stock awards, grantees are entitled to the right to receive dividends on the unvested portions of their awards. There is no requirement to return these dividends in the event the unvested awards are forfeited in the future. Accordingly, this FSP will have an impact on the Company's EPS calculations should the FASB issue the proposed guidance as final during 2007. The Company will continue to evaluate the potential impact of this guidance.

In December 2006, the FASB issued implementation guidance, FAS 133 Implementation Issue B40 Embedded Derivatives: Application of Paragraph 13(b) to Securitized Interests in Prepayable Financial Assets (DIG B40), which limits the circumstances in which prepayment risk within a securitized interest would be considered an embedded derivative. To facilitate transition, securitized interests issued before June 30, 2007, containing insignificant embedded derivatives are not subject to paragraph 13(b). The provisions of DIG B40 which became effective as of July 1, 2007 were adopted by the Company; however, the adoption of this provision did not have a material impact on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

During February 2007, the FASB issued FAS 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ( FAS 159 ), which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. A company must report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The fair value option may be applied on an instrument by instrument basis, with a few exceptions. The fair value option is irrevocable (unless a new election date occurs) and the fair value option may be applied only to entire instruments and not to portions of instruments. FAS 159 will be effective for interim and annual financial statements issued after January 1, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this guidance.

The Company is aware of the SEC's review of the loss reserving practices of the financial guaranty industry. The Company recognizes that there is diversity in practice among financial guaranty insurers and reinsurers with respect to their accounting policies. Current accounting literature, specifically FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 60 Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises ( FAS 60 ) does not specifically address the unique characteristics of financial guaranty insurance contracts. Consequently, the accounting principles applied by the industry have evolved over time and incorporate the concepts of both short-duration and long-duration contracts accounting under the provisions of FAS 60 and other accounting literature such as FAS 5 and EITF 85-20. On April 18, 2007, the FASB issued its anticipated exposure draft, Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts, an interpretation of FAS 60, which provides guidance for the accounting for financial guaranty insurance contracts under which it considers claims liability recognition, premium recognition, and the related amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs. This exposure draft was issued with a comment deadline of June 18, 2007. The Company has reviewed the exposure draft and will continue its loss reserving methodology as noted in Note 2 (k) of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, until further guidance is finalized by the SEC or FASB. The Company had reserves for financial guaranty insurance contracts of \$160.1 million and \$262.7 million at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

In June 2007, the Accounting Standards Executive Committee of the AICPA issued Statement of Position 07-1, *Clarification of the Scope of the Audit and Accounting Guide Investment Companies and Accounting by Parent Companies and Equity Method Investors for Investments in Investment Companies* ( SOP 07-1 ). SOP 07-1 provides guidance for determining whether an entity



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)**

meets the definition of an investment company for financial reporting purposes and therefore should apply investment company accounting. In addition, the standard provides guidance to determine whether the specialized industry accounting principles for investment companies should be retained in the consolidated financial statements of a non-investment parent company or of an investor who has the ability to exercise significant influence over the investment company and accounts for its investment under the equity method. In addition, SOP 07-1 includes certain disclosure requirements for parent companies and equity method investors in investment companies that retain investment company accounting in the parent company's consolidated financial statements or the financial statements of an equity method investor. SOP 07-1 was expected to be effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2007, with earlier application encouraged, however, during its October meeting the FASB agreed to issue an exposure draft that would indefinitely defer the effective date of SOP 07-1 until the FASB can reassess SOP 07-1's provisions. SOP 07-1 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

**4. Segment Information**

To better align the Company's operating and reporting structure with its current strategy, the Company revised its segment structure during the second quarter of 2007. Depending on the nature of the business written, the following product lines or transactions previously managed by and reported as part of the Financial Lines segment are now managed as part of the Insurance and Reinsurance segments and reported therewith: (i) structured indemnity products managed through the Company's financial solutions operations ( XLFS ), as well as, (ii) political risk products, (iii) weather and energy management products, and (iv) legacy financial guaranty business and other transactions not transferred to Security Capital Assurance ( SCA ). The earnings on the Company's investment in Primus Guaranty Ltd. ( Primus ) and other financial operating affiliates as well as the results of certain structured finance products are reported as a part of the Corporate segment that includes the general investment and financing operations of the Company. In addition, the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses are now reported separately within the Other Financial Lines segment.

On June 6, 2007, the Company completed the sale of a portion of SCA's common shares owned by the Company through a secondary offering and thereby reduced its ownership of SCA's outstanding common shares from approximately 63% to approximately 46%. Subsequent to this date, SCA is no longer a consolidated subsidiary or a separate operating segment of the Company and its remaining investment in SCA is now accounted for using the equity method of accounting. However, historical consolidated results of the Company will continue to include the separately reported net income of SCA through to June 6, 2007.

Given the changes in the Company's operating and reporting structure as described above, the Company is now organized into four operating segments: Insurance, Reinsurance, Life Operations, and Other Financial Lines in addition to a Corporate segment that includes the general investment and financing operations of the Company.

The Company evaluates the performance for both the Insurance and Reinsurance segments based on underwriting profit and contribution from both the Life Operations and Other Financial Lines segments. Other items of revenue and expenditure of the Company are not evaluated at the segment level for reporting purposes. In addition, the Company does not allocate investment assets by segment for its property and casualty operations. Investment assets related to (i) the Company's Life Operations and Other Financial Lines segments and (ii) certain structured products included in the Insurance and Reinsurance segments, are held in separately identified portfolios. As such, net investment income from these assets is included in the contribution from each of these segments.



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)****Three months ended September 30, 2007:**

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

|  | <b>Insurance</b> | <b>Reinsurance</b> | <b>Total P&amp;C</b> | <b>Life<br/>Operations</b> | <b>Other<br/>Financial<br/>Lines (6)</b> |
|--|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Gross premiums written                   | \$ 1,169,435     | \$ 624,303         | \$ 1,793,738         | \$ 140,694                 | \$                                       |
| Net premiums written                     | 818,185          | 437,933            | 1,256,118            | 129,353                    |  |
| Net premiums earned                      | 1,012,145        | 571,198            | 1,583,343            | 147,239                    |  |
| Fee income and other                     | 3,195            | 380                | 3,575                | 78                         |  |
| Net losses and loss expenses             | 634,872          | 285,692            | 920,564              | 195,440                    |  |
| Acquisition costs                        | 105,650          | 126,687            | 232,337              | 20,740                     |  |
| Operating expenses (1)                   | 145,121          | 52,008             | 197,129              | 7,195                      |  |
| Underwriting profit (loss)               | \$ 129,697       | \$ 107,191         | \$ 236,888           | \$ (76,058 )               | \$                                       |
| Exchange losses (gains)                  | 10,277           | (33,467 )          | (23,190 )            | (3,014 )                   |  |
| Net investment income                    |                  |                    | 325,543              | 100,005                    |  |
| Net results from structured products (2) | 1,244            | 13,392             | 14,636               |                            | 16,470                                   |
| <b>Contribution from P&amp;C, Life</b>   |                  |                    | \$ 600,257           | \$ 26,961                  | \$ 16,470                                |

**Operations  
and Other  
Financial  
Lines**

**Corporate &  
other:**

Net realized  
& unrealized  
(losses) gains  
on  
investment &  
derivative  
instruments  
(3)

Net income  
from  
investment  
and operating  
affiliates (7)

Corporate  
operating  
expenses

Interest  
expense (4)

Minority  
interest

Income taxes  
& other

**Net Income**

**Ratios P&C  
operations:  
(5)**

|                                |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Loss and loss<br>expense ratio | 62.7 % | 50.0 % | 58.1 % |
| Underwriting<br>expense ratio  | 24.7 % | 31.3 % | 27.2 % |
| Combined<br>ratio              | 87.4 % | 81.3 % | 85.3 % |

---

**Notes:**

- (1) Operating expenses exclude corporate operating expenses, shown separately.
- (2) For the three month period ended September 30, 2007, the net results from P&C structured products includes net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$35.1 million, \$15.1 million, and \$5.4 million, respectively.
- (3) This includes net realized losses on investments of \$160.2 million, net realized and unrealized losses on investment and other derivatives of \$58.2 million, but does not include unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments, which are included in accumulated

other  
comprehensive  
income (loss).

- (4) Interest  
expense  
excludes  
interest  
expense related  
to deposit  
liabilities  
recorded in the  
Insurance,  
Reinsurance,  
and Other  
Financial Lines  
segments.
- (5) Ratios are  
based on net  
premiums  
earned from  
property and  
casualty  
operations. The  
underwriting  
expense ratio  
excludes  
exchange gains  
and losses.
- (6) The Other  
Financial Lines  
segment is  
comprised of  
the guaranteed  
investment  
contract and  
funding  
agreement  
businesses. For  
the three month  
period ended  
September 30,  
2007, the net  
results from  
these products  
includes net  
investment  
income, interest  
expense and



operating  
expenses of  
\$107.3 million,  
\$86.9 million,  
and \$3.9  
million,  
respectively.

- (7) Net income  
from  
investment and  
operating  
affiliates  
includes the  
equity earnings  
from the  
Company's  
investment in  
SCA reported  
on a one  
quarter lag.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)****Three months ended September 30, 2006:**

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

|  | <b>Insurance (2)</b> | <b>Reinsurance<br/>(2)(7)</b> | <b>Total P&amp;C</b> | <b>Life<br/>Operations (7)</b> | <b>Other<br/>Financial<br/>Lines (8)</b> |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Gross premiums written                   | \$ 1,290,245         | \$ 758,597                    | \$ 2,048,842         | \$ 113,371                     | \$                                       |
| Net premiums written                     | 778,250              | 493,482                       | 1,271,732            | 103,306                        |  |
| Net premiums earned                      | 1,025,071            | 663,616                       | 1,688,687            | 120,922                        |  |
| Fee income and other                     | 3,067                | 302                           | 3,369                | 66                             |  |
| Net losses and loss expenses             | 645,425              | 375,321                       | 1,020,746            | 170,455                        |  |
| Acquisition costs                        | 117,592              | 124,754                       | 242,346              | 12,707                         |  |
| Operating expenses (1)                   | 154,383              | 46,880                        | 201,263              | 9,445                          |  |
| Underwriting profit (loss)               | \$ 110,738           | \$ 116,963                    | \$ 227,701           | \$ (71,619 )                   | \$                                       |
| Exchange losses (gains)                  | 23,655               | (2,388 )                      | 21,267               | 595                            |  |
| Net investment income (2)                |                      |                               | 283,172              | 90,001                         |  |
| Net results from structured products (3) | 2,926                | 6,170                         | 9,096                |                                | 7,521                                    |
| <b>Contribution from P&amp;C, Life</b>   |                      |                               | \$ 498,702           | \$ 17,787                      | \$ 7,521                                 |

**Operations,  
Other  
Financial  
Lines and  
SCA**

**Corporate &  
other: (2)**

Net realized  
& unrealized  
(losses) gains  
on  
investment &  
derivative  
instruments  
(4)

Net income  
from  
investment  
and operating  
affiliates

Corporate  
operating  
expenses

Interest  
expense (5)

Minority  
interest

Income taxes  
& other

**Net Income**

**Ratios P&C  
operations:  
(6)**

|                                |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Loss and loss<br>expense ratio | 63.0 % | 56.6 % | 60.4 % |
| Underwriting<br>expense ratio  | 26.6 % | 25.9 % | 26.3 % |
| Combined<br>ratio              | 89.6 % | 82.5 % | 86.7 % |

---

**Notes:**

- (1) Operating expenses exclude corporate operating expenses, shown separately.
- (2) Certain lines of business and transactions previously reported under the Financial Lines segment have been reclassified and reported under the Insurance, Reinsurance and Corporate (that includes the general investment and financing operations of the Company) segments based on the nature of the underlying business.
- (3) For the three month period ended September 30, 2006, the net results from P&C structured products includes net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$30.4 million, \$16.8 million, and \$4.5

million,  
respectively.

- (4) This includes net realized losses on investments of \$52.6 million, net realized and unrealized gains on investment and other derivatives of \$0.6 million, but does not include unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments, which are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).
- (5) Interest expense excludes interest expense related to deposit liabilities recorded in the Insurance, Reinsurance, and Other Financial Lines segments.
- (6) Ratios are based on net premiums earned from property and casualty operations. The underwriting expense ratio excludes exchange gains

and losses.

- (7) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has been reclassified to the Life Operations segment to conform to current segment management responsibilities.
  
- (8) The Other Financial Lines segment is comprised of the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses. For the three month period ended September 30, 2006, the net results from these products includes net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$92.9 million, \$83.2 million, and \$2.2 million, respectively.



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)****Nine months ended September 30, 2007:**

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

|  | <b>Insurance</b> | <b>Reinsurance</b> | <b>Total P&amp;C</b> | <b>Life<br/>Operations</b> | <b>Other<br/>Financial<br/>Lines (6)</b> |
|--|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Gross premiums written                   | \$ 4,166,709     | \$ 2,525,507       | \$ 6,692,216         | \$ 588,930                 | \$                                       |
| Net premiums written                     | 3,168,942        | 1,989,716          | 5,158,658            | 556,778                    |  |
| Net premiums earned                      | 3,116,195        | 1,715,968          | 4,832,163            | 534,086                    |  |
| Fee income and other                     | 10,480           | 869                | 11,349               | 227                        |  |
| Net losses and loss expenses             | 1,941,559        | 914,313            | 2,855,872            | 662,883                    |  |
| Acquisition costs                        | 361,804          | 377,871            | 739,675              | 64,622                     |  |
| Operating expenses (1)                   | 474,558          | 144,078            | 618,636              | 25,867                     |  |
| Underwriting profit (loss)               | \$ 348,754       | \$ 280,575         | \$ 629,329           | \$ (219,059 )              | \$                                       |
| Exchange losses (gains)                  | 25,429           | (514 )             | 24,915               | (4,989 )                   |  |
| Net investment income                    |                  |                    | 962,721              | 288,788                    |  |
| Net results from structured products (2) | 3,038            | 28,802             | 31,840               |                            | 32,422                                   |
| <b>Contribution from P&amp;C, Life</b>   |                  |                    | \$ 1,598,975         | \$ 74,718                  | \$ 32,422                                |



**Operations,  
Other  
Financial  
Lines and  
SCA**

**Corporate &  
other:**

Net realized  
& unrealized  
(losses) gains  
on  
investment &  
derivative  
instruments  
(3)

Net income  
from  
investment  
and operating  
affiliates (8)

Corporate  
operating  
expenses

Interest  
expense (4)

Minority  
interest

Income taxes  
& other

**Net Income**

**Ratios P&C  
operations:  
(5)**

|                                |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Loss and loss<br>expense ratio | 62.3 % | 53.3 % | 59.1 % |
| Underwriting<br>expense ratio  | 26.8 % | 30.4 % | 28.1 % |
| Combined<br>ratio              | 89.1 % | 83.7 % | 87.2 % |

---

**Notes:**

- (1) Operating expenses exclude corporate operating expenses, shown separately.
- (2) For the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the net results from P&C structured products includes net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$98.5 million, \$52.1 million, and \$14.6 million, respectively.
- (3) This includes net realized losses on investments of \$132.6 million, net realized and unrealized losses on investment and other derivatives of \$41.2 million, but does not include unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments, which are included in accumulated

other  
comprehensive  
income (loss).

- (4) Interest  
expense  
excludes  
interest  
expense related  
to deposit  
liabilities  
recorded in the  
Insurance,  
Reinsurance,  
and Other  
Financial Lines  
segments.
- (5) Ratios are  
based on net  
premiums  
earned from  
property and  
casualty  
operations. The  
underwriting  
expense ratio  
excludes  
exchange gains  
and losses.
- (6) The Other  
Financial Lines  
segment is  
comprised of  
the guaranteed  
investment  
contract and  
funding  
agreement  
businesses. For  
the nine month  
period ended  
September 30,  
2007, the net  
results from  
these products  
includes net  
investment  
income, interest  
expense and

operating expenses of \$289.8 million, \$247.3 million, and \$10.1 million, respectively.

- (7) Net income from SCA represents consolidated earnings for the period from January 1, 2007 through to June 6, 2007, and prior to a secondary offering of SCA's common shares owned by the Company, which had the effect of reducing its ownership of SCA's outstanding common shares from approximately 63% to approximately 46%. Subsequent to June 6, 2007, the Company accounts for its remaining investment in SCA using the equity method of accounting.
- (8) Earnings from the Company's investment in SCA are recorded as net

income from  
operating  
affiliates  
following the  
secondary sale  
of shares on  
June 6, 2007.

15

---

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)****Nine months ended September 30, 2006****(U.S. dollars in thousands)****(Unaudited)**

|  | <b>Insurance (2)</b> | <b>Reinsurance<br/>(2)(7)</b> | <b>Total P&amp;C</b> | <b>Life<br/>Operations (7)</b> | <b>Other<br/>Financial<br/>Lines (8)</b> |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Gross premiums written                   | \$ 4,257,861         | \$ 2,776,496                  | \$ 7,034,357         | \$ 479,813                     | \$                                       |
| Net premiums written                     | 3,071,320            | 2,175,749                     | 5,247,069            | 450,465                        |  |
| Net premiums earned                      | 3,119,692            | 1,958,562                     | 5,078,254            | 431,469                        |  |
| Fee income and other                     | 18,608               | 1,910                         | 20,518               | 260                            |  |
| Net losses and loss expenses             | 2,066,141            | 1,151,706                     | 3,217,847            | 558,964                        |  |
| Acquisition costs                        | 365,385              | 393,977                       | 759,362              | 48,435                         |  |
| Operating expenses (1)                   | 450,689              | 128,533                       | 579,222              | 24,369                         |  |
| Underwriting profit (loss)               | \$ 256,085           | \$ 286,256                    | \$ 542,341           | \$ (200,039 )                  | \$                                       |
| Exchange losses (gains)                  | 100,661              | (19,810 )                     | 80,851               | (5,643 )                       |  |
| Net investment income (2)                |                      |                               | 806,650              | 258,011                        |  |
| Net results from structured products (3) | 8,861                | 23,768                        | 32,629               |                                | 24,584                                   |
| <b>Contribution from P&amp;C, Life</b>   |                      |                               | <b>\$ 1,300,769</b>  | <b>\$ 63,615</b>               | <b>\$ 24,584</b>                         |

**Operations,  
Other  
Financial  
Lines and  
SCA**

**Corporate &  
other: (2)**

Net realized  
& unrealized  
(losses) gains  
on  
investment &  
derivative  
instruments  
(4)

Net income  
from  
investment  
and operating  
affiliates

Corporate  
operating  
expenses

Interest  
expense (5)

Minority  
interest

Income taxes  
& other

**Net Income**

**Ratios P&C  
operations:  
(6)**

|                                |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Loss and loss<br>expense ratio | 66.2 % | 58.8 % | 63.4 % |
| Underwriting<br>expense ratio  | 26.1 % | 26.7 % | 26.4 % |
| Combined<br>ratio              | 92.3 % | 85.5 % | 89.8 % |

---

**Notes:**

- (1) Operating expenses exclude corporate operating expenses, shown separately.
- (2) Certain lines of business and transactions previously reported under the Financial Lines segment have been reclassified and reported under the Insurance, Reinsurance and Corporate (that includes the general investment and financing operations of the Company) segments based on the nature of the underlying business.
- (3) For the nine month period ended September 30, 2006, the net results from P&C structured products includes net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$85.5 million, \$37.9 million, and \$15.0



million,  
respectively.

- (4) This includes net realized losses on investments of \$53.5 million, net realized and unrealized gains on investment and other derivatives of \$78.7 million, but does not include unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments, which are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).
- (5) Interest expense excludes interest expense related to deposit liabilities recorded in the Insurance, Reinsurance, and Other Financial Lines segments.
- (6) Ratios are based on net premiums earned from property and casualty operations. The underwriting expense ratio excludes exchange gains

and losses.

(7) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has been reclassified to the Life Operations segment to conform to current segment management responsibilities.

(8) The Other Financial Lines segment is comprised of the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2006, the net results from these products includes net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$251.9 million, \$220.1 million, and \$7.2 million, respectively.



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)**

The following tables summarize the Company's net premiums earned by line of business:

**Three months ended September 30, 2007:**

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

|  | Insurance           | Reinsurance       | Life<br>Operations | Total               |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| <b>P&amp;C Operations:</b>             |                     |                   |                    |                     |
| Casualty professional lines            | \$ 354,622          | \$ 66,140         | \$                 | \$ 420,762          |
| Casualty other lines                   | 186,190             | 139,224           |                    | 325,414             |
| Property catastrophe                   | 17,075              | 70,396            |                    | 87,471              |
| Other property                         | 165,725             | 205,967           |                    | 371,692             |
| Marine, energy, aviation and satellite | 141,262             | 35,110            |                    | 176,372             |
| Other specialty lines (1)              | 125,182             |                   |                    | 125,182             |
| Other (2)                              | 5,037               | 51,476            |                    | 56,513              |
| Structured Indemnity                   | 17,052              | 2,885             |                    | 19,937              |
| <b>Total P&amp;C Operations</b>        | <b>\$ 1,012,145</b> | <b>\$ 571,198</b> | <b>\$</b>          | <b>\$ 1,583,343</b> |
| <b>Life operations:</b>                |                     |                   |                    |                     |
| Other Life                             | \$                  | \$                | \$ 98,892          | \$ 98,892           |
| Annuity                                |                     |                   | 48,347             | 48,347              |
| <b>Total Life Operations</b>           | <b>\$</b>           | <b>\$</b>         | <b>\$ 147,239</b>  | <b>\$ 147,239</b>   |
| <b>Total</b>                           | <b>\$ 1,012,145</b> | <b>\$ 571,198</b> | <b>\$ 147,239</b>  | <b>\$ 1,730,582</b> |

(1) Other specialty lines within the Insurance segment includes: environmental,

programs,  
equine,  
warranty, and  
excess and  
surplus lines.

- (2) Other includes  
employers  
liability, surety,  
political risk  
and other lines.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)****Three months ended September 30, 2006:**

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

|  | Insurance (3)    | Reinsurance<br>(3)(4) | Life<br>Operations (4) | SCA           | Total            |
|--|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| <b>P&amp;C Operations:</b>             |                  |                       |                        |               |                  |
| Casualty professional lines            | \$ 350,644       | \$ 87,213             | \$                     | \$            | \$ 437,857       |
| Casualty other lines                   | 222,857          | 183,901               |                        |               | 406,758          |
| Property catastrophe                   | 16,593           | 63,736                |                        |               | 80,329           |
| Other property                         | 149,362          | 213,863               |                        |               | 363,225          |
| Marine, energy, aviation and satellite | 158,843          | 40,407                |                        |               | 199,250          |
| Other specialty lines (1)              | 104,391          |                       |                        |               | 104,391          |
| Other (2)                              | 11,734           | 71,925                |                        |               | 83,659           |
| Structured Indemnity                   | 10,647           | 2,571                 |                        |               | 13,218           |
| <br>Total P&C Operations               | <br>\$ 1,025,071 | <br>\$ 663,616        | <br>\$                 | <br>\$        | <br>\$ 1,688,687 |
| <b>Life operations:<br/>(4)</b>        |                  |                       |                        |               |                  |
| Other Life                             | \$               | \$                    | \$ 79,554              | \$            | \$ 79,554        |
| Annuity                                |                  |                       | 41,368                 |               | 41,368           |
| <br>Total Life Operations              | <br>\$           | <br>\$                | <br>\$ 120,922         | <br>\$        | <br>\$ 120,922   |
| <br>SCA                                | <br>\$           | <br>\$                | <br>\$                 | <br>\$ 45,455 | <br>\$ 45,455    |
| <br><b>Total</b>                       | <br>\$ 1,025,071 | <br>\$ 663,616        | <br>\$ 120,922         | <br>\$ 45,455 | <br>\$ 1,855,064 |

- (1) Other specialty lines within the Insurance segment includes: environmental, programs, equine, warranty, and excess and surplus lines.
- (2) Other includes employers liability, surety, political risk and other lines.
- (3) Certain lines of business previously reported under the Financial Lines segment have been reclassified and reported within the Insurance and Reinsurance segments based on the nature of the business written.
- (4) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has been reclassified to the Life

Operations  
segment to  
conform to  
current segment  
management  
responsibilities.



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)****Nine months ended September 30, 2007:**

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

|  | Insurance           | Reinsurance         | Life<br>Operations | SCA              | Total               |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| <b>P&amp;C Operations:</b>             |                     |                     |                    |                  |                     |
| Casualty professional lines            | \$ 1,078,366        | \$ 199,926          | \$                 | \$               | \$ 1,278,292        |
| Casualty other lines                   | 610,551             | 457,652             |                    |                  | 1,068,203           |
| Property catastrophe                   | 48,054              | 202,756             |                    |                  | 250,810             |
| Other property                         | 475,605             | 553,998             |                    |                  | 1,029,603           |
| Marine, energy, aviation and satellite | 484,841             | 102,235             |                    |                  | 587,076             |
| Other specialty lines (1)              | 353,730             |                     |                    |                  | 353,730             |
| Other (2)                              | 27,314              | 175,773             |                    |                  | 203,087             |
| Structured Indemnity                   | 37,734              | 23,628              |                    |                  | 61,362              |
| <b>Total P&amp;C Operations</b>        | <b>\$ 3,116,195</b> | <b>\$ 1,715,968</b> | <b>\$</b>          | <b>\$</b>        | <b>\$ 4,832,163</b> |
| <b>Life operations:</b>                |                     |                     |                    |                  |                     |
| Other Life                             | \$                  | \$                  | \$ 305,257         | \$               | \$ 305,257          |
| Annuity                                |                     |                     | 228,829            |                  | 228,829             |
| <b>Total Life Operations</b>           | <b>\$</b>           | <b>\$</b>           | <b>\$ 534,086</b>  | <b>\$</b>        | <b>\$ 534,086</b>   |
| <b>SCA</b>                             | <b>\$</b>           | <b>\$</b>           | <b>\$</b>          | <b>\$ 85,682</b> | <b>\$ 85,682</b>    |
| <b>Total</b>                           | <b>\$ 3,116,195</b> | <b>\$ 1,715,968</b> | <b>\$ 534,086</b>  | <b>\$ 85,682</b> | <b>\$ 5,451,931</b> |

- (1) Other specialty lines within the Insurance segment includes: environmental, programs, equine, warranty, and excess and surplus lines.
- (2) Other includes employers liability, surety, political risk and other lines.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**4. Segment Information (continued)****Nine months ended September 30, 2006:**

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

|  | Insurance (3)       | Reinsurance<br>(3)(4) | Life<br>Operations (4) | SCA               | Total               |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| <b>P&amp;C Operations:</b>             |                     |                       |                        |                   |                     |
| Casualty professional lines            | \$ 1,134,025        | \$ 265,669            | \$                     | \$                | \$ 1,399,694        |
| Casualty other lines                   | 635,547             | 561,447               |                        |                   | 1,196,994           |
| Property catastrophe                   | 57,451              | 186,538               |                        |                   | 243,989             |
| Other property                         | 448,595             | 566,018               |                        |                   | 1,014,613           |
| Marine, energy, aviation and satellite | 468,586             | 114,438               |                        |                   | 583,024             |
| Other specialty lines (1)              | 304,596             |                       |                        |                   | 304,596             |
| Other (2)                              | 45,358              | 233,945               |                        |                   | 279,303             |
| Structured Indemnity                   | 25,534              | 30,507                |                        |                   | 56,041              |
| <b>Total P&amp;C Operations</b>        | <b>\$ 3,119,692</b> | <b>\$ 1,958,562</b>   | <b>\$</b>              | <b>\$</b>         | <b>\$ 5,078,254</b> |
| <b>Life operations:</b>                |                     |                       |                        |                   |                     |
| <b>(4)</b>                             |                     |                       |                        |                   |                     |
| Other Life Annuity                     | \$                  | \$                    | \$ 235,188             | \$                | \$ 235,188          |
|  |                     |                       | 196,281                |                   | 196,281             |
| <b>Total Life Operations</b>           | <b>\$</b>           | <b>\$</b>             | <b>\$ 431,469</b>      | <b>\$</b>         | <b>\$ 431,469</b>   |
| <b>SCA</b>                             | <b>\$</b>           | <b>\$</b>             | <b>\$</b>              | <b>\$ 148,480</b> | <b>\$ 148,480</b>   |
| <b>Total</b>                           | <b>\$ 3,119,692</b> | <b>\$ 1,958,562</b>   | <b>\$ 431,469</b>      | <b>\$ 148,480</b> | <b>\$ 5,658,203</b> |

- (1) Other specialty lines within the Insurance segment includes: environmental, programs, equine, warranty, and excess and surplus lines.
- (2) Other includes employers liability, surety, political risk and other lines.
- (3) Certain lines of business previously reported under the Financial Lines segment have been reclassified and reported under the Insurance and Reinsurance segments based on the nature of the business written.
- (4) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has

been  
reclassified to  
the Life  
Operations  
segment to  
conform to  
current segment  
management  
responsibilities.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**5. Notes Payable and Debt and Financing Arrangements**

In March 2004, the Company issued 33 million 6.5% Equity Security Units (the 6.5% Units ) in a public offering. Each 6.5% Unit had a stated amount of \$25 and consisted of (a) a purchase contract pursuant to which the holder agreed to purchase, for \$25, a variable number of shares of the Company's Class A ordinary shares on May 15, 2007 and (b) a one-fortieth, or 2.5%, ownership interest in a 2.53% senior note with a principal amount of \$1,000, issued by the Company due May 15, 2009 (the 2009 Senior Notes ). The 2009 Senior Notes were pledged by the holders to secure their obligations under the purchase contracts. The number of shares issued under the purchase contracts was adjustable based on, among other things, the average share price of the Company for the twenty consecutive trading days ending on the third trading day immediately preceding the stock purchase date and the dividend rate of the Company. On May 2, 2007, the 2009 Senior Notes were remarketed whereby the interest rate was reset in order to generate sufficient remarketing proceeds to satisfy the 6.5% Unit holders' obligations under the purchase contracts. The Company purchased and retired the aggregate principal amount of the 2009 Senior Notes as a part of that remarketing. On May 15, 2007, the purchase contracts matured and the Company issued Class A ordinary shares in connection therewith. Each purchase contract provided for the sale by the Company of 0.32727 Class A Ordinary shares (the Shares ) at a price of \$25.00. The settlement of the purchase contracts resulted in the Company's issuance of an aggregate of 10,799,913 Shares for net proceeds of approximately \$823 million.

On May 7, 2007, the Company issued \$325.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% senior notes due 2027 (the 2027 Senior Notes ). The 2027 Senior Notes were issued at 99.805% and gross proceeds were approximately \$324.4 million. Related expenses of the offering, including underwriting discounts, amounted to approximately \$2.5 million. Interest on the 2027 Senior Notes is payable on May 15, and November 15 of each year, beginning November 15, 2007. The Company may redeem the 2027 Senior Notes in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at a make-whole redemption price. The Company may also redeem the 2027 Senior Notes in whole, but not in part, at any time upon the occurrence of certain tax events. The 2027 Senior Notes are unsecured and rank equally with all the Company's existing and future unsecured senior debt.

In addition, during March 2007, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement in anticipation of the issuance of the 2027 Senior Notes. This transaction, which met the requirements of a cash flow hedge of a forecasted transaction under SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, was entered into to mitigate the interest rate risk associated with the subsequent issuance of the 2027 Senior Notes. The gain on the settlement of the swap transaction on May 2, 2007 of \$3.8 million was credited to Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and is being amortized to interest expense over the 20-year term of the related debt.

On June 22, 2007, three facilities expired which included a \$2 billion three-year unsecured credit and letter of credit facility, a \$500 million 364-day letter of credit facility, and a bilateral 364-day \$100 million credit and letter of credit facility.

On June 22, 2007, the Company closed a new \$4 billion unsecured revolving credit and letter of credit facility. The new facility has a term of five years. The facility is available in the form of revolving credit in the amount of \$1 billion (such limit is shared with the Company's other syndicated revolving credit facility that closed in June 2005) and in the form of letters of credit in the aggregate amount of \$4 billion. In addition, effective February 21, 2007, the Company amended the letter of credit facility supporting its syndicates at Lloyd's of London by reducing the aggregate commitments from the participating banks from £500 million to £450 million.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**6. Share Capital**

On March 15, 2007, the Company issued 1,000,000 Fixed/Floating Series E Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.01 each, with liquidation preference US\$1,000 per share (the Series E Preference Shares). The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$983.8 million from the offering. Until April 15, 2017, dividends on the Series E Preference Shares are payable semiannually on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, on April 15 and October 15 of each year at a fixed rate equal to 6.5% per annum on the liquidation preference. From and after April 15, 2017, dividends on the Series E Preference Shares are payable quarterly on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, on January 15, April 15, July 15 and October 15 of each year at a floating rate equal to three-month LIBOR plus 2.4575% on the liquidation preference. Dividends of \$38.64 per Series E Preference Share were declared on July 30, 2007 and were paid on October 15, 2007. The Series E Preference Shares are perpetual securities with no fixed maturity date and are not convertible into any of the Company's other securities.

In connection with the maturity of the purchase contracts associated with the 6.5% Units, the Company issued 10,799,913 shares for net proceeds of approximately \$823.0 million, a portion of which was used to retire the 2009 Senior Notes.

During the first quarter of 2007, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program of up to \$1.0 billion of Class A ordinary shares which included the unused \$135.4 million allocated to the share repurchase program authorized by the Board of Directors in January of 2000. Under the program, the Company repurchased and cancelled 13.2 million shares during the first nine months of 2007 and fully utilized the \$1.0 billion authorized under the share repurchase program. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new share repurchase program of up to \$500.0 million of Class A ordinary shares which was unutilized at September 30, 2007. Subsequent to September 30, 2007 through November 6, 2007, the Company repurchased 1.4 million shares for \$100.0 million.

On August 14, 2007, the Company redeemed all of its outstanding 8.0% Series A Preference Ordinary Shares (the Series A Preference Shares) for approximately \$25.24 per Series A Preference Share including accrued dividends. The aggregate redemption price was approximately \$232.2 million.

On October 12, 2007, the Company called for redemption all of its outstanding 7.625% Series B Preference Ordinary Shares (the Series B Preference Shares). The redemption date for the Series B Preference Shares will be November 19, 2007, and the redemption price will be approximately \$25.26 per Series B Preference Share including accrued and unpaid dividends. The aggregate redemption price for all outstanding Series B Preference Shares will be approximately \$290.5 million.

**7. XL Capital Finance (Europe) plc**

XL Capital Finance (Europe) plc (XLFE) is a wholly owned finance subsidiary of the Company. In January 2002, XLFE issued \$600.0 million par value 6.5% Guaranteed Senior Notes due January 2012. These Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company. XL Capital Ltd's ability to obtain funds from its subsidiaries is subject to certain contractual restrictions, applicable laws and statutory requirements of the various countries in which the Company operates including Bermuda, the U.S. and the U.K., among others. Required statutory capital and surplus for the principal operating subsidiaries of the Company was \$5.5 billion as of December 31, 2006.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**8. Sale of Shares in Security Capital Assurance ( SCA )**

On June 6, 2007, the Company completed the sale of a portion of SCA's common shares owned by the Company through a secondary offering and thereby reduced its ownership of SCA's outstanding common shares from approximately 63% to approximately 46%. Upon completion of the secondary public offering of 10,627,422 SCA common shares previously held by XL Insurance (Bermuda) Ltd, the Company received proceeds, net of offering costs of approximately \$316.3 million. The transaction resulted in a gain on sale of \$81.3 million, representing the difference between the carrying value of the SCA shares sold and the secondary proceeds, net of offering costs. This gain includes the realization of \$5.0 million of SCA's other comprehensive loss, which had no effect on shareholders equity. Accordingly, SCA is no longer a consolidated subsidiary or operating segment of the Company and the Company now accounts for its remaining investment in SCA using the equity method of accounting. As at September 30, 2007, the carrying value of SCA recorded as part of investments in affiliates, was \$669.8 million.

Due to the reporting lag related to the results of SCA, the Company's results for the period ended September 30, 2007, includes the Company's share of SCA's results for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The Company's share of SCA's results for the three months ended September 30, 2007 will be recorded in the three months ending December 31, 2007. Based on recent press releases issued by SCA, it is expected that the Company's results for the three months ended December 31, 2007 will include losses of approximately \$42 million, representing the Company's proportionate share of this loss. It is important to note that SCA's loss includes certain mark-to-market adjustments that do not represent an actual gain or loss, claim or impairment of the underlying credit derivative portfolios and that these positions are not subject to collateral or margin requirements. The carrying value of the Company's investment in SCA as at September 30, 2007 was \$669.8 million. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, however, the market price of SCA shares traded on the NYSE has fallen.

**9. Related Party Transactions**

At September 30, 2007, the Company owned minority interests in certain independent investment manager companies ( Investment Manager Affiliates ). These ownership stakes are part of the Company's asset management strategy, pursuant to which the Company seeks to develop relationships with specialty investment manager organizations, generally acquiring an equity interest in the business. The Company also invests in certain of the funds and limited partnerships and other legal entities managed by these affiliates and through these funds and partnerships pays management and performance fees to the Company's Investment Manager Affiliates.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into certain quota share reinsurance contracts with one of its other strategic affiliates, American Strategic Inc. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, these contracts resulted in reported net premiums of \$43.8 million and \$100.7 million, net paid claims of \$13.4 million and \$29.7 million, and reported acquisition costs of \$32.7 million and \$52.9 million, respectively. During the same periods in 2006, these contracts resulted in reported net premiums of \$29.0 million and \$67.3 million, net paid claims of \$4.4 million and \$7.6 million, and reported acquisition costs of \$15.4 million and \$36.8 million. Management believes that these transactions are conducted at market rates consistent with negotiated arms-length contracts.

During the normal course of business, the Company enters into cost sharing and service level agreement transactions with certain other strategic affiliates, which management believes to be conducted consistent with arms-length rates. Such transactions, individually and in the aggregate, are not material to the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**9. Related Party Transactions (continued)**

Concurrent with the initial public offering ( IPO ) of SCA and subsequently, the Company has entered into arrangements with SCA and its subsidiaries, to govern certain aspects of the Company's relationship with SCA. Prior to the sale of SCA shares through the secondary offering on June 6, 2007, the impacts of these arrangements have been eliminated upon consolidation of the Company's results.

The Company has entered into a series of service agreements under which subsidiaries of the Company provide services to SCA and its subsidiaries such as (i) information technology support, (ii) consulting and management services, (iii) actuarial, finance, legal and internal audit services, (iv) certain long-term compensation costs and (v) certain investment management services or receive certain services for a period of time after the IPO. For the three months ended September 30, 2007, the Company reported fee income under the aforementioned agreements aggregating to approximately \$1.9 million.

The Company provides certain reinsurance protections with respect to adverse development on certain transactions as well as indemnification under specific facultative and excess of loss coverages for subsidiaries of SCA: XL Financial Assurance ( XLFA ) and XL Capital Assurance ( XLCA ). The adverse development cover relates to a specific project financing transaction while the facultative covers generally reinsure certain policies up to the amount necessary for XLCA and XLFA to comply with certain regulatory and risk limits. As at September 30, 2007, the aggregate par at risk under the adverse development cover and facultative agreements was \$6.6 billion. The excess of loss reinsurance provides indemnification for the portion of any individual paid loss covered by XLFA in excess of 10% of XLFA's surplus (XLFA's surplus on a Bermuda statutory basis was approximately \$375 million as at September 30, 2007), up to an aggregate amount of \$500 million, and excludes coverage for liabilities arising other than pursuant to the terms of the underlying policies. For the three months ended September 30, 2007, the Company received aggregate premiums of \$1.1 million net of ceding commission and had no incurred losses under the aforementioned agreements. The Company also carries a net receivable of approximately \$6.4 million from SCA in relation to these agreements as at September 30, 2007.

The following tables presents the financial guaranty portfolio reinsured from XLCA and XLFA under the adverse development facultative reinsurance noted above at September 30, 2007 by credit quality and broad sector allocation:

|                            | (Unaudited)              |                |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
|                            | As at September 30, 2007 |                |
| (U.S. dollars in millions) | Net Par<br>Outstanding   | % of Total     |
| Credit Quality:            |                          |                |
| AAA                        | 701.1                    | 10.7 %         |
| AA                         | 346.6                    | 5.3 %          |
| A                          | 941.2                    | 14.3 %         |
| BBB                        | 4,298.9                  | 65.4 %         |
| BB and below               | 281.1                    | 4.3 %          |
| <b>Total</b>               | <b>\$ 6,568.9</b>        | <b>100.0 %</b> |



**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

| (Unaudited)                |                        |                |
|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| As at September 30, 2007   |                        |                |
| (U.S. dollars in millions) | Net Par<br>Outstanding | % of Total     |
| International Finance      | 3,356.5                | 51.1 %         |
| Public Finance             | 713.9                  | 10.9 %         |
| Structured Finance         | 2,498.5                | 38.0 %         |
| <b>Total</b>               | <b>\$ 6,568.9</b>      | <b>100.0 %</b> |

The Company has also entered into certain agreements with subsidiaries of SCA which unconditionally and irrevocably guarantee: (i) XLCA for the full and complete payment when due of all of XLFA's obligations under its facultative quota share reinsurance agreement with XLCA, (ii) the full and complete payments when due of XLCA's obligations under certain financial guarantees issued by XLCA and arranged by XL Capital Assurance (U.K.) Limited and (iii) Financial Security Assurance ( FSA ) for the full and complete payment of XLFA's obligations under a FSA Master Facultative Agreement. These guarantee agreements terminated with respect to any new business produced through the underlying agreements after the effective date of the IPO, but the agreements remain in effect with respect to cessions or guarantees written under these agreements prior to the IPO. The aggregate net par value outstanding of business guaranteed by the Company under these agreements was approximately \$78.4 billion as of September 30, 2007. As at September 30, 2007 XLFA and XLCA had financial strength ratings of AAA from internationally recognized rating agencies. Although further deterioration in the credit markets could potentially lead to a downgrade of XLFA or XLCA, which would impair SCA's ability to continue to execute its business plan, XLFA and XLCA would have to fail to meet their respective payment obligations under the related policies before the Company would be required to pay any claims under these guarantees. Subsequent to September 30, 2007 several major ratings agencies have indicated that they intend to update their capital adequacy analyses in light of recent credit market deterioration. This has increased the risk of potential ratings actions with respect to SCA. XLFA and XLCA had total assets of approximately \$2.3 billion and \$1.3 billion, respectively, as of June 30, 2007.

In addition, XLCA provides financial guarantee insurance policies insuring timely payment of investment contracts issued by XL Asset Funding Company I LLC ( XLAF ), a subsidiary of the Company. As of September 30, 2007, the aggregate par amount of such investment contracts insured by XLCA was \$4.8 billion. In addition, XLCA insures XLAF's obligations under certain derivative contracts entered into by XLAF. As of September 30, 2007, the total notional value of such contracts insured was \$167.7 million. The Company recorded expenses of approximately \$1.2 million for three months ended September 30, 2007, relating to the aforementioned contracts.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

**10. Computation of Earnings per Ordinary Share and Ordinary Share Equivalent**

| (U.S. dollars<br>and shares in<br>thousands,<br>except per<br>share<br>amounts)                  | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |             | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |              |
|--|--|-------------|---|--------------|
| <b>Basic<br/>earnings per<br/>ordinary<br/>share and<br/>ordinary<br/>share<br/>equivalents:</b> | <b>2007</b>  | <b>2006</b> | <b>2007</b>                                       | <b>2006</b>  |
| Net income   | \$ 371,636   | \$ 425,870  | \$ 1,488,758                                      | \$ 1,281,622 |
| Less:<br>preference<br>share<br>dividends  | (43,661 )  | (10,081 )   | (66,530 )   | (30,241 )    |
| Net income<br>available to<br>ordinary<br>shareholders   | \$ 327,975   | \$ 415,789  | \$ 1,422,228                                      | \$ 1,251,381 |
| Weighted<br>average<br>ordinary<br>shares<br>outstanding   | 178,788  | 178,818     | 178,886   | 178,662      |
| Basic earnings<br>per ordinary<br>share &<br>ordinary share<br>equivalents<br>outstanding        | \$ 1.83  | \$ 2.33     | \$ 7.95   | \$ 7.00      |
| <b>Diluted<br/>earnings per<br/>ordinary<br/>share and<br/>ordinary<br/>share</b>                |  |             |   |              |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

**equivalents:**

|  |            |            |              |              |
|--|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Net income   | \$ 371,636 | \$ 425,870 | \$ 1,488,758 | \$ 1,281,622 |
| Less:<br>preference<br>share<br>dividends  | (43,661 )  | (10,081 )  | (66,530 )    | (30,241 )    |
| Net income<br>available to<br>ordinary<br>shareholders   | \$ 327,975 | \$ 415,789 | \$ 1,422,228 | \$ 1,251,381 |
| Weighted<br>average<br>ordinary<br>shares<br>outstanding<br>basic                              | 178,788    | 178,818    | 178,886      | 178,662      |
| Impact of<br>share based<br>compensation<br>and certain<br>conversion<br>features (1)(2)       | 993        | 621        | 1,454        | 636          |
| Weighted<br>average<br>ordinary<br>shares<br>outstanding<br>diluted                            | 179,781    | 179,439    | 180,340      | 179,298      |
| Diluted<br>earnings per<br>ordinary share<br>& ordinary<br>share<br>equivalents<br>outstanding | \$ 1.82    | \$ 2.32    | \$ 7.89      | \$ 6.98      |
| <b>Dividends<br/>per ordinary<br/>share</b>  | \$ 0.38    | \$ 0.38    | \$ 1.14      | \$ 1.14      |

---

- (1) Net of shares repurchased under the treasury stock method.
- (2) For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the impact of share based compensation and certain conversion features includes the application of the if converted method of accounting for the 6.5% Units for the period from the announcement of the Company's intent to participate in the remarketing of the 2009 Senior Notes until the settlement of the related share purchase contracts.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### General

The following is a discussion of the Company's financial condition and liquidity and results of operations. Certain aspects of the Company's business have loss experience characterized as low frequency and high severity. This may result in volatility in both the Company's and an individual segment's results of operations and financial condition.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains forward-looking statements that involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about the Company's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. These statements are based upon current plans, estimates and projections. Actual results may differ materially from those included in such forward-looking statements, and therefore undue reliance should not be placed on them. See Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements below for a list of factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement.

This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, and the audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto, presented under Item 7 and Item 8, respectively, of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

### Executive Overview

See Executive Overview in Item 7 of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

### Results of Operations

The following table presents an analysis of the Company's net income available to ordinary shareholders and other financial measures (described below) for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)                  | (Unaudited)                         |            |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------|
|   | Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |            |
|   | 2007                                | 2006       |
| Net income available to ordinary shareholders                                     | \$ 327,975                          | \$ 415,789 |
| Earnings per ordinary share and ordinary share equivalents basic                  | \$ 1.83                             | \$ 2.33    |
| Earnings per ordinary share and ordinary share equivalents diluted                | \$ 1.82                             | \$ 2.32    |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares and ordinary share equivalents basic   | 178,788                             | 178,818    |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares and ordinary share equivalents diluted | 179,781                             | 179,439    |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

The following table presents an analysis of the Company's net income available to ordinary shareholders and other financial measures (described below) for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| <b>(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)</b>           | <b>(Unaudited)</b>                         |              |
|---|--|--------------|
|   | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |              |
|   | <b>2007</b>                                | <b>2006</b>  |
| Net income available to ordinary shareholders                                     | \$ 1,422,228                               | \$ 1,251,381 |
| Earnings per ordinary share and ordinary share equivalents basic                  | \$ 7.95                                    | \$ 7.00      |
| Earnings per ordinary share and ordinary share equivalents diluted                | \$ 7.89                                    | \$ 6.98      |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares and ordinary share equivalents basic   | 178,886                                    | 178,662      |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares and ordinary share equivalents diluted | 180,340                                    | 179,298      |

The Company's net income and other financial measures as shown below for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 have been affected, among other things, by the following significant items:

*1) Continuing competitive underwriting environment*

Insurance

In the first nine months of 2007, most lines of business within the Insurance segment have continued to experience rate declines as well as increased competition as the insurance market has continued to soften, resulting in a decrease in gross premiums written. While the Company has seen rates across the market in professional and certain casualty lines decline by as much as 15%, year- to-date renewal rate changes on business written in these lines have decreased by up to 10%. In addition, aerospace has experienced pricing erosion of up to 10%, while property rates have decreased 5 to 10%. However, partially offsetting these decreases was growth within the excess and surplus book of business in the U.S.

The following table provides an analysis of gross premiums written, net premiums written and net premiums earned for the Insurance segment for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| <b>(U.S. dollars in thousands)</b> | <b>(Unaudited)</b>                              |                                     |                                    | <b>(Unaudited)</b>                              |                                     |
|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
|                                    | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30, 2007</b> |                                     |                                    | <b>Nine Months Ended<br/>September 30, 2006</b> |                                     |
|                                    | <b>Gross<br/>Premiums<br/>Written</b>           | <b>Net<br/>Premiums<br/>Written</b> | <b>Net<br/>Premiums<br/>Earned</b> | <b>Gross<br/>Premiums<br/>Written</b>           | <b>Net<br/>Premiums<br/>Written</b> |
| Casualty professional lines        | \$ 1,134,326                                    | \$ 1,031,880                        | \$ 1,078,366                       | \$ 1,166,148                                    | \$ 1,112,840                        |
| Casualty other lines               | 1,078,947                                       | 679,672                             | 610,551                            | 1,011,243                                       | 618,286                             |
|                                    | 15,358  | (6,167 )                            | 48,054                             | 130,802   | 86,430                              |



|   |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Property catastrophe                    |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |
| Other property                          | 749,535             | 505,669             | 475,605             | 717,350             | 403,956             |
| Marine, energy, aviation, and satellite | 602,690             | 450,061             | 484,841             | 711,952             | 483,961             |
| Other specialty lines (1)               | 513,165             | 440,920             | 353,730             | 484,003             | 341,349             |
| Other (2)                               | 27,174              | 23,320              | 27,314              | (22)                | (8,048)             |
| Structured indemnity                    | 45,514              | 43,587              | 37,734              | 36,385              | 32,546              |
| <b>Total</b>                            | <b>\$ 4,166,709</b> | <b>\$ 3,168,942</b> | <b>\$ 3,116,195</b> | <b>\$ 4,257,861</b> | <b>\$ 3,071,320</b> |

(1) Other specialty lines within the Insurance segment includes: environmental, programs, equine, warranty, and excess and surplus lines.

(2) Other includes employers liability, surety, political risk and other lines.

Reinsurance

The Reinsurance segment has experienced a similar decline in premium rates as the Insurance segment, although at a slower pace, and overall the reinsurance industry continues to be impacted by supply and demand forces within the marketplace. For the first nine months of 2007, most lines of business within the Reinsurance segment have experienced pricing erosion, increased retentions by cedants and competitive pressures in the form of other reinsurers, capital markets, and local governments. Renewals and new business continue to be assessed against internal hurdle rates with a continued focus on underwriting discipline. Within U.S. catastrophe exposed property lines of business, rates have decreased approximately 10% off prior highs for wind exposure while rates for U.S. earthquake remain flat to down 5%. For non-U.S. non-catastrophe property lines of business, increased competition has also led to price reductions of approximately 10 to 15%. Ocean marine pricing rates have fallen by approximately 10% except on programs that have experienced adverse claims. In addition, casualty pricing trends in the Reinsurance segment have generally followed those of the Insurance segment with an overall deterioration in rates and pressures on terms and conditions. Within the aviation market, rate reductions in the region of 5 to 10% continue to be experienced, although the declines experienced are less than those in the primary insurance market.

The following table provides an analysis of gross premiums written, net premiums written and net premiums earned for the Reinsurance segment for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S.<br>dollars in<br>thousands)                | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, 2007 |                            |                           | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, 2006 |                            |                           |
|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|
|  | Gross<br>Premiums<br>Written                           | Net<br>Premiums<br>Written | Net<br>Premiums<br>Earned | Gross<br>Premiums<br>Written                           | Net<br>Premiums<br>Written | Net<br>Premiums<br>Earned |
| Casualty<br>professional<br>lines                | \$ 237,630   | \$ 241,712                 | \$ 199,926                | \$ 287,693   | \$ 286,025                 | \$ 286,025                |
| Casualty<br>other lines                          | 483,698  | 465,452                    | 457,652                   | 553,698  | 509,854                    | 509,854                   |
| Property<br>catastrophe                          | 465,157  | 267,379                    | 202,756                   | 434,012  | 239,356                    | 239,356                   |
| Other<br>property                                | 938,753  | 663,224                    | 553,998                   | 946,632  | 662,964                    | 662,964                   |
| Marine,<br>energy,<br>aviation, and<br>satellite | 133,789  | 120,987                    | 102,235                   | 162,340  | 138,149                    | 138,149                   |
| Other (1)  | 238,219  | 202,701                    | 175,773                   | 355,009  | 302,289                    | 302,289                   |
| Structured<br>Indemnity                          | 28,261   | 28,261                     | 23,628                    | 37,112   | 37,112                     | 37,112                    |
| <b>Total</b>                                     | <b>\$ 2,525,507</b>                                    | <b>\$ 1,989,716</b>        | <b>\$ 1,715,968</b>       | <b>\$ 2,776,496</b>                                    | <b>\$ 2,175,749</b>        | <b>\$ 2,175,749</b>       |

- (1) Other  
includes  
employers  
liability,  
surety,  
political  
risk and  
other lines.

*2) Impact of credit market movements on the Company's results of operations*

During the quarter, increasing delinquencies in U.S. sub-prime residential mortgage collateral triggered increased volatility and decreased liquidity across financial markets as a whole and particularly in the area of structured credit assets. The Company's management has been engaged in market developments and has reduced the Company's exposure to lower rated investment grade 2005 and 2006 vintage sub-prime securities given concerns about future deterioration.

These market developments have negatively impacted the Company's results for both the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 through both impairment charges and realized losses largely in various residential sub-prime related mortgage portfolios, negative mark-to-market adjustments on certain swap transactions and a loss recorded by one of the Company's investment manager affiliates.

Realized losses and impairments in the sub-prime and related mortgage exposed portfolios totaled \$138.9 million during the third quarter of 2007 and represented a combination of losses on sub-prime non-agency securities, second liens, ABS CDOs with sub-prime collateral as well as Alt-A

mortgage exposures. These losses and impairments were principally concentrated in 2005, 2006, and 2007 vintage securities. In addition, derivative losses in the third quarter of 2007 include a mark-to-market loss of \$37.0 million with respect to a total return swap on a structured credit instrument impacted by the challenging credit markets throughout the quarter.

Much of the negative impact of credit markets during the third quarter of 2007 impacted the Company's Other Financial Lines segment which comprises the municipal guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses which are largely credit spread activities and have a higher component of structured credit exposure. During the quarter, net realized losses and impairments within the Other Financial Lines segment totaled \$105.4 million and net unrealized losses increased by \$190.4 million.

In addition to the impact on net income, the Company's overall book value has also been impacted through the increase of unrealized losses on the portfolio as a whole as a result of year-to-date widening of credit spreads on corporate and structured credit assets, partially offset by declining U.S. government interest rates for the year.

The following table details the current exposures to sub-prime and related mortgage exposed assets within the Company's fixed income portfolio as well as the current net unrealized gain/loss position as at September 30, 2007, and related earnings and comprehensive earnings impact in the third quarter of 2007 allocated by exposure to sub-prime collateral:

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

|   | (Unaudited)<br>As at<br>September 30, 2007 |                                  | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, 2007 |   |   |
|---|--|----------------------------------|---|---|---|
|   | Percent<br>of<br>Portfolio                 | Net<br>Unrealized<br>(Loss) Gain | Realized<br>(Loss) and<br>(Impairments)                 | Change in Net<br>Unrealized<br>(Loss)<br>Gain | Change in Net<br>Unrealized<br>(Loss)<br>Gain |
| Fixed income<br>portfolio:  | Percent<br>of<br>Portfolio                 | Net<br>Unrealized<br>(Loss) Gain | Realized<br>(Loss) and<br>(Impairments)                 | Change in Net<br>Unrealized<br>(Loss)<br>Gain | Change in Net<br>Unrealized<br>(Loss)<br>Gain |
| Sub-prime first<br>lien mortgages   | 2.9 %                                      | \$ (62,868 )                     | \$ (75,583 )  | \$ (49,646 )                                  | \$ (49,646 )                                  |
| Alt-A mortgages   | 2.4 %                                      | (19,069 )                        | (4,637 )  | (18,093 )                                     | (18,093 )                                     |
| Second lien<br>mortgages<br>(including<br>sub-prime second<br>lien mortgages) | 0.3 %                                      | 710                              | (37,872 )   | 17,734  | 17,734  |
| ABS CDOs with<br>sub-prime<br>collateral                                      | 0.3 %                                      | (7,126 )                         | (20,792 )   | 274   | 274   |
| <b>Total exposure<br/>to sub-prime<br/>and related<br/>collateral</b>         | <b>5.9 %</b>                               | <b>\$ (88,353 )</b>              | <b>\$ (138,884 )</b>                                    | <b>\$ (49,731 )</b>                           | <b>\$ (49,731 )</b>                           |

As at September 30, 2007, approximately 15.0% of the asset and mortgage-backed holdings had exposure to sub-prime related mortgage exposed portfolios. This represented approximately 5.9% of the total fixed income portfolio and 11.8% of the total unrealized loss position. Of the securities with sub-prime exposure, approximately 99% are rated as investment grade. All asset-backed securities, including those with sub-prime exposure, are reviewed as part of the ongoing other-than-temporary-impairment monitoring process. The Company continues to actively monitor its exposures, and to the extent market disruptions continue, including but not limited to residential mortgages, the Company's financial position would be negatively impacted.

The Company is not a primary originator or insurer of mortgages, nor does it guarantee mortgages other than indirectly through the activities of its financial operating affiliate, SCA, and as such any negative impact to the Company with respect to credit enhancement activities is expected to be largely limited to SCA's operations. Such impact on the Company could result from a reduction in the value of the reported investment in SCA, or by way of any losses related to the guarantees and reinsurances provided by the Company's subsidiaries XLCA and XLFA, following the failure of either of those companies to meet their respective obligations. Exposures under both

the reinsurance and guarantee agreements are described in Note 9 of the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements as at September 30, 2007 included above.

The financial guarantees issued by XLCA and XLFA are generally guarantees of payments under financial guaranty insurance policies and credit default swaps. The financial guaranty business model generally provides for a guarantee of payment of interest and principal over the defined expected life of a transaction, with no acceleration and no need for collateralization by the guarantor in the case of any weakness or default by the underlying obligor. These characteristics reduce the need for liquidity by the financial guarantor in case of underlying deterioration in the guaranteed transaction, since the calendar of payments remains as set in the original transaction. As a general matter, the obligations of XLCA under credit default swaps issued in connection with their business accrue in a similar manner, however, they do not qualify for the financial guaranty insurance scope exception under FAS 133 and, therefore, are reported at fair value, with changes in fair value included in our earnings.

As a result of the broad market developments noted above, including but not limited to residential mortgage exposures, those transactions executed in derivative form were subject to negative mark-to-market valuations. During the third quarter of 2007, the impact of those valuations on the Company's reported earnings from SCA and Primus has been limited due to the one quarter reporting lag related to the results of these companies. The Company's results for the three month period ended September 30, 2007 included the Company's share of SCA and Primus's results for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The Company's share of SCA and Primus's results for the three months ended September 30, 2007 will be recorded in the three months ending December 31, 2007. Based on recent press releases issued by both SCA and Primus, it is expected that the Company's results for the three months ended December 31, 2007 will include losses of approximately \$42 million and \$43 million, respectively, representing the Company's proportionate share of these companies' losses, including significant mark-to-market adjustments on these companies' credit derivative portfolios. It is important to note that the mark-to-market adjustments noted above do not represent an actual gain or loss, claim or impairment of the underlying credit derivative portfolios and that generally these positions are not subject to collateral or margin requirements. For transactions that will maintain a satisfactory future payment record, it is expected that over the life of those transactions, such mark-to-market adjustments would reverse towards maturity. The carrying values of the Company's investments in SCA and Primus as at September 30, 2007 were \$669.8 million and \$145.6 million, respectively. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, however, the market prices of both SCA and Primus shares traded on the NYSE have fallen.

The Company has not incurred any losses as result of the reinsurance or guarantee agreements with XLCA and XLFA during the three months ended September 30, 2007 as there have not been any events of default paid or reported to date on the related underlying policies. The Company is however exposed to the guarantee of consumer mortgages through reinsurance provided to XLCA and XLFA and indirectly through the guarantees described above. This exposure is primarily in the form of guarantees of residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) and CDOs of asset-backed securities.

Within the financial guaranty portfolio reinsured from XLCA and XLFA under the facultative and adverse development reinsurance agreements described above, totaling \$6.6 billion as at September 30, 2007, the residential real estate exposure totaled approximately \$826 million. This included \$184 million of indirect sub-prime residential exposures within AAA rated ABS CDOs with a par outstanding of \$651 million, \$72 million of BBB minus rated prime HELOC exposures and \$103 million of BBB rated prime closed-end second liens.

Where appropriate, further details of each of the items noted above can be found in the related section of management's detailed discussion and analysis of operations below.

*3) Favorable prior year reserve development*

During the three months ended September 30, 2007, the Company had net favorable prior year reserve development in property and casualty operations of \$144.0 million as compared to \$33.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2006. Net favorable development within the Reinsurance segment accounted for \$83.3 million of the release in 2007, while net favorable development within the Insurance segment totaled \$60.7 million for the same period. Within the Reinsurance segment, reserve releases were comprised of \$45.1 million in property and other short-tail lines of business, \$37.9 million in casualty and other lines of business and \$0.3 million within structured indemnity lines of business. The Insurance segment reserve releases consisted mainly of \$104.0 million within property and casualty lines of business and was partially offset by net adverse development of \$43.3 million within specialty and other lines of business. For further details see the segment results in the Statement of Income Analysis below.

During the first nine months of 2007, the Company had net favorable prior year reserve development in property and casualty operations of \$332.8 million compared to net favorable prior year reserve development of \$7.7 million for the same period in 2006. Reinsurance net favorable development accounted for \$208.2 million of the release in 2007, while net favorable development within the Insurance segment totaled \$124.6 million for the same period. Within the Reinsurance segment, reserve releases of \$140.3 million primarily in property and other short-tail lines of business and \$76.7 million in casualty and other lines, was partially offset by adverse prior year development of \$8.8 million within the structured indemnity lines of business. The Insurance segment reserve releases consisted mainly of \$196.1 million in certain property and casualty lines of business and was partially offset by net adverse development of \$71.5 million in specialty and other lines. For further details see the segment results in the Statement of Income Analysis below.

*4) Growing asset base and positive contribution from investment and operating affiliates*

Net investment income was \$1.7 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to \$1.5 billion for the same period in 2006. This increase resulted from a larger investment base combined with higher investment yields. The increase in the size of the investment portfolio resulted primarily from positive cash flow from operations for the twelve months ended September 30, 2007 and various capital and financing activities, offset by ordinary share repurchases.

Net income from investment affiliates was \$255.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to \$174.6 million for the same period in 2006. These results are due primarily to strong results in the equity accounted portion of the alternative portfolio and a higher investment asset base.

Net income from operating affiliates was \$140.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to \$51.6 million for the same period in 2006. Operating affiliates include investment manager affiliates, financial operating affiliates, and certain other strategic operating affiliates. These results reflect strong returns from the Company's investment manager affiliates during the fourth quarter of 2006 and the first two quarters of 2007, partially offset by an impairment related to the impact of credit market volatility noted above.

**Financial Measures**

The following are some of the financial measures management considers important in evaluating the Company's operating performance:

**(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except ratios and per share amounts)**

**(Unaudited)  
Three Months Ended**

|  | <b>September 30,</b> |             |
|--|----------------------|-------------|
|  | <b>2007</b>          | <b>2006</b> |
| Underwriting profit property and casualty operations       | \$ 236,888           | \$ 227,701  |
| Combined ratio property and casualty operations            | 85.3 %               | 86.7 %      |
| Net investment income property and casualty operations (1) | \$ 325,543           | \$ 283,172  |

---

32



(U.S. dollars and shares in thousands, except ratios and per share amounts)

|  | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |            |
|--|---|------------|
|  | 2007  | 2006       |
| Underwriting profit property and casualty operations       | \$ 629,329  | \$ 542,341 |
| Combined ratio property and casualty operations            | 87.2 %  | 89.8 %     |
| Net investment income property and casualty operations (1) | \$ 962,721  | \$ 806,650 |
| Annualized return on average ordinary shareholders equity  | 19.2 %  | 19.8 %     |

|   | (Unaudited)           |                      |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
|   | September 30,<br>2007 | December 31,<br>2006 |
| Book value per ordinary share                   | \$ 56.45              | \$ 53.12             |
| Fully diluted book value per ordinary share (2) | \$ 56.29              | \$ 53.01             |

---

(1) Net investment income relating to property and casualty operations does not include the net investment income related to the net results from structured products.

(2) Fully diluted book value per ordinary share is a non-GAAP measure and represents book value per ordinary share combined with the

impact from dilution of share based compensation including in-the-money stock options at any period end. The Company believes that fully diluted book value per ordinary share is a financial measure important to investors and other interested parties who benefit from having a consistent basis for comparison with other companies within the industry. However, this measure may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by companies either outside or inside of the insurance industry.

*Underwriting profit property and casualty operations*

One way the Company evaluates the performance of its property and casualty insurance and reinsurance operations is the underwriting profit or loss. The Company does not measure performance based on the amount of gross premiums written. Underwriting profit or loss is calculated from premiums earned and fee income, less net losses incurred and expenses related to the underwriting activities. Underwriting profits in the three and nine months period ended September 30, 2007 are primarily reflective of the combined ratio discussed below.

*Combined ratio property and casualty operations*

The combined ratio for property and casualty operations is used by the Company, and many other property and casualty insurance and reinsurance companies, as another measure of underwriting profitability. The combined ratio is calculated from the net losses incurred and underwriting expenses as a ratio of the net premiums earned for the Company's property and casualty operations. A combined ratio of less than 100% indicates an underwriting profit and greater than 100% reflects an underwriting loss. The Company's combined ratio for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, is lower than the same periods in the previous year, primarily as a result of a lower loss and loss expenses ratio partially offset by a higher underwriting expense ratio. The lower loss and loss expense ratio has resulted mainly from higher net favorable prior year development in the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007 as compared to the same periods in 2006. The increased underwriting expense ratio has been driven largely by increased compensation costs and continued pricing pressures that have resulted in less premium earned.

*Net investment income - property and casualty operations*

Net investment income from the Company's property and casualty operations, excluding net investment income from structured products, is an important measure that affects the Company's overall profitability. The largest liability of the Company relates to its unpaid loss reserves, and the Company's investment portfolio provides liquidity for claims settlements of these reserves as they become due, and thus a significant part of the portfolio is in fixed income securities. Net investment income is affected primarily by the size of the portfolio and also the level of market interest rates. The average size of the investment portfolio during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, increased as compared to the same periods in 2006, mainly due to positive operating cash flow and positive net cash flow from the Company's capital and financing activities. Portfolio yields have

increased as yields earned on investment of cash flows and reinvestment of maturing or sold securities are higher than on securities previously held, as prevailing market interest rates have generally increased in 2007 across most major geographies.

*Book value per ordinary share and fully diluted book value per ordinary share*

Management also views the Company's book value per ordinary share as an additional measure of the Company's performance. Book value per ordinary share is calculated by dividing ordinary shareholders' equity by the number of outstanding ordinary shares at any period end. Book value per ordinary share is affected primarily by the Company's net income (loss), by any changes in the net unrealized gains and losses on its investment portfolio and also the impact of any ordinary share repurchase or issuance activity. Book value per ordinary share has increased by \$3.33 in the first nine months of 2007 as compared to an increase of \$5.59 in the first nine months of 2006. The factors noted above have created net income of \$1.4 billion for the nine months of 2007, which increased book value together with an increase in currency translation adjustments due to the decline in the value of the U.S. dollar on the net assets of European-based subsidiaries. However, partially offsetting this increase in book value was an increase in unrealized losses on investments of \$862.7 million, net of tax, largely during the second and third quarters of 2007. The increase in unrealized losses on investments was primarily as a result of year-to-date widening credit spreads on corporate and structured credit assets, partially offset by declining U.S. government interest rates for the year. In relation to capital and financing activities, book value per ordinary share increased in connection with the issuance of Class A ordinary shares upon maturity of the purchase contracts associated with the 6.5% Units, as the ordinary shares were issued at a premium to book value. However, this increase was essentially neutralized due to the Company's share repurchase activity as the price paid for such shares was at a premium to book value.

As noted above, fully diluted book value per ordinary share represents book value per ordinary share combined with the impact from dilution of share based compensation including in-the-money stock options at any period end. Fully diluted book value per ordinary share increased by \$3.28 in the first nine months of 2007 primarily as a result of the factors noted above and offset by the dilutive impact of in-the-money stock options as a result of a higher stock price at September 30, 2007 as compared to December 31, 2006.

**Other Key Focuses of Management**

See the discussion of the Other Key Focuses of Management in Item 7 of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. That discussion is updated with the disclosures set forth below.

*Launch of Refined Strategy*

In the second quarter of 2007, the Company announced a refined strategy that will focus on its insurance, reinsurance and life reinsurance operations. Thus, the Company will no longer pursue diversification outside of its insurance and reinsurance platforms unless it meets high hurdle rates and is connected to its business. Accordingly, the following product lines or transactions previously managed by and reported via the Financial Lines Segment are now, depending on the nature of the business written, managed as part of the Insurance and Reinsurance segments and reported therewith: (i) structured indemnity products managed through the Company's financial solutions operations ( XLFS ), as well as, (ii) political risk products, (iii) weather and energy management products, and (iv) legacy financial guaranty business and other transactions not transferred to SCA. The earnings on the Company's investment in Primus Guaranty Ltd. ( Primus ) and other financial operating affiliates as well as the results of certain structured finance products are reported as part of the Corporate segment that includes the general investment and financing operations of the Company. The Company has exited and placed into run-off the political risk insurance business, but remains in the political risk reinsurance business. In addition, the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses are now reported separately within the Other Financial Lines segment.



In addition, in connection with its refined strategy, the Company completed the secondary public offering of 10,627,422 SCA common shares previously held by XL Insurance (Bermuda) Ltd and received proceeds, net of offering costs, of approximately \$316.3 million and thereby reduced its ownership of SCA's outstanding common shares from approximately 63% to approximately 46%. Subsequent to the effective date of sale, June 6, 2007, SCA is no longer a consolidated subsidiary or operating segment of the Company and its remaining investment in SCA is accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

#### *Ratings and Capital Management*

The Company's ability to underwrite business is dependent upon the quality of its claims paying and financial strength ratings as evaluated by independent rating agencies. As a result, in the event that the Company's financial strength rating was downgraded, its ability to write business may be adversely affected.

The Company regularly evaluates the efficiency of its capital structure and its capital needs to support the volume of business written in order to maintain its claims paying and financial strength ratings. The Company continues to address these needs by monitoring various risk management measures and capital structuring initiatives intended to reduce volatility while, at the same time, improve the quality of the Company's risk adjusted returns. The Company addressed these needs during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 with several key transactions described below.

On February 23, 2007, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a share repurchase program that authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its Class A ordinary shares and included the unused \$135.4 million allocated to the share repurchase program authorized by the Board of Directors in January of 2000. Under the program, the Company repurchased and cancelled approximately 13.2 million shares during the first nine months of 2007 and fully utilized the \$1.0 billion authorized under the share repurchase program. On September 24, 2007, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a new share repurchase program, authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$500.0 million of its Class A ordinary shares. Repurchases may be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, and the Company expects that those repurchases will be funded from cash on-hand. The timing and amount of the share repurchases under the program will depend on a variety of factors, including market conditions, legal requirements and other factors. As of September 30, 2007, no share repurchases had been made under the new share repurchase program. Subsequent to September 30, 2007 through November 6, 2007, the Company repurchased 1.4 million shares for \$100.0 million.

On March 15, 2007, the Company issued 1,000,000 Fixed/Floating Series E Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.01 each, with liquidation preference US\$1,000 per share (the "Series E Preference Shares"). The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$983.0 million from the offering. Until April 15, 2017, dividends on the Series E Preference Shares will be payable semi-annually on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, on April 15 and October 15 of each year at a fixed rate equal to 6.5% per annum on the liquidation preference. From and after April 15, 2017, dividends on the Series E Preference Shares will be payable quarterly on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, on January 15, April 15, July 15 and October 15 of each year at a floating rate equal to three-month LIBOR plus 2.4575% on the liquidation preference. Dividends of \$38.64 per Series E Preference Share were declared on July 30, 2007 and were paid on October 15, 2007. The Series E Preference Shares will be perpetual securities with no fixed maturity date and will not be convertible into any of the Company's other securities.

On May 7, 2007 the Company issued \$325.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Senior Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Senior Notes"). The 2027 Senior Notes were issued at 99.805% and gross proceeds were approximately \$324.4 million. Related expenses of the offering, including underwriting discounts, amounted to approximately \$2.5 million. Interest on the 2027 Senior Notes is payable on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning November 15, 2007. The Company may redeem



the 2027 Senior Notes in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at a make-whole redemption price. The Company may also redeem the Senior Notes in whole, but not in part, at any time upon the occurrence of certain tax events. The 2027 Senior Notes are unsecured and rank equally with all the Company's existing and future unsecured senior debt.

In March 2004, the Company issued 33 million 6.5% Equity Security Units (the "6.5% Units") in a public offering. Each 6.5% Unit had a stated amount of \$25 and consisted of (a) a purchase contract pursuant to which the holder agreed to purchase, for \$25, a variable number of shares of the Company's Class A ordinary shares on May 15, 2007 and (b) a one-fortieth, or 2.5%, ownership interest in a 2.53% senior note with a principal amount of \$1,000, issued by the Company due May 15, 2009 (the "2009 Senior Notes"). The 2009 Senior Notes were pledged by the holders to secure their obligations under the purchase contracts. The number of shares issued under the purchase contracts was adjustable based on, among other things, the average share price of the Company for the twenty consecutive trading days ending on the third trading day immediately preceding the stock purchase date and the dividend rate of the Company. On May 2, 2007, the 2009 Senior Notes were remarketed whereby the interest rate was reset in order to generate sufficient remarketing proceeds to satisfy the 6.5% Unit holders' obligations under the purchase contracts. The Company purchased and retired the aggregate principal amount of the 2009 Senior Notes as a part of that remarketing. On May 15, 2007, the purchase contracts matured and the Company issued Class A ordinary shares in connection therewith. Each purchase contract provided for the sale by the Company of 0.32727 Class A ordinary shares (the "Shares") at a price of \$25.00. The settlement of the purchase contracts resulted in the Company's issuance of an aggregate of 10,799,913 Shares for net proceeds of approximately \$823.0 million.

On August 14, 2007, the Company redeemed all of its outstanding 8.0% Series A Preference Ordinary Shares (the "Series A Preference Shares") for approximately \$25.24 per Series A Preference Share including accrued dividends. The aggregate redemption price was approximately \$232.2 million.

On October 12, 2007, the Company called for redemption all of its outstanding 7.625% Series B Preference Ordinary Shares (the "Series B Preference Shares"). The redemption date for the Series B Preference Shares will be November 19, 2007, and the redemption price will be approximately \$25.26 per Series B Preference Share including accrued and unpaid dividends. The aggregate redemption price for all outstanding Series B Preference Shares will be approximately \$290.5 million.

#### *Management Changes*

In late October 2007, the Company announced that Mr. Brian M. O'Hara, President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company, had informed the Company's Board of Directors of his decision to retire as President and CEO in mid-2008. Accordingly, the Board of Directors implemented a CEO succession plan including the authorization of a Succession Committee to lead the new CEO selection process. In addition, Mr. Michael P. Esposito Jr., Chairman, advised the Board of Directors that he will retire from the Board upon the appointment of Mr. O'Hara's successor. In order to provide continuity during the transition, the Board anticipates that after his retirement as CEO, Mr. O'Hara will serve as Chairman during the final year of his current board term which expires in 2009.

In late July 2007, Mr. Brian W. Nocco joined the Company and effective August 10, 2007 began serving as the Company's Chief Financial Officer. Ms. Fiona E. Luck, who served as the Company's Interim Chief Financial Officer prior to the effective date, will continue in her role as the Company's Chief of Staff.

In September 2007, Ms. Kirstin Romann Gould was appointed to the role of General Counsel of the Company which also includes her prior responsibilities as General Counsel, Corporate Affairs. In addition, Ms. Gould will continue to serve in her role as Secretary of the Company.



### *Financial Reporting and Controls Initiative*

The Company has in place and continues to develop programs and initiatives aimed at enhancing its operational efficiency and effectiveness. In particular, the Company continues to make significant investments in information technology and related systems in order to develop and implement a new framework for financial reporting and controls which will lead a transformation of the Company's financial architecture. While the primary focus of this initiative will be to implement a new chart of accounts and technical architecture centered around an upgraded general ledger system, the Company expects to benefit from a stronger control environment and greater flexibility in its ability to analyze financial information. Supporting this initiative, the Company continues to enhance the structure of its various business processes and implement operational transformations in order to support the Company's long-term strategy and vision.

### *Operational Efficiency and Effectiveness*

The Company's ability to compete is influenced by its operational efficiency and effectiveness, including the development and retention of its people. In recognition of this, the Company has in place and continues to develop programs and initiatives aimed at enhancing its position in these areas. For example, the Company continues to make significant investments in information technology in both the Insurance and Reinsurance segments, implement operational transformation through enhancement of its various business processes, and continues to build out its operations center based in India. Each of these related initiatives requires considerable investment and commitment of the Company's resources in an effort to achieve the ultimate goals of increased operational efficiency and effectiveness.

### *Enterprise Risk Management*

The Company created an Enterprise Risk Management committee (the ERM Committee) to facilitate the management of firm-wide risks that the Company faces across all of its businesses. The ERM Committee is comprised of the most senior risk takers and managers of the Company. The objective of the ERM Committee is to make recommendations to the Executive Management Board on overall risk aggregates, correlated risk as well as risk allocation in order to proactively manage enterprise risks. In August 2007, the Company and its core operating subsidiaries received from Standard & Poor's an enterprise risk management rating of Adequate and is seeking to achieve a Strong level within 12 to 18 months.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

See the discussion of the Company's Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in Item 7 of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

### **Statement of Income Analysis**

#### **Segment Results for the three months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2006**

To better align the Company's operating and reporting structure with its current strategy and subsequent to secondary offering of SCA's common shares on June 6, 2007, the Company revised its segment structure during the second quarter of 2007. Depending on the nature of the business written, the following product lines or transactions previously managed by and reported as part of the Financial Lines segment are now, depending on the nature of the business written, managed as part of the Insurance and Reinsurance segments and reported therewith: (i) structured indemnity products managed through the Company's financial solutions operations (XLFS), as well as, (ii) political risk products, (iii) weather and energy management products, and (iv) legacy financial guaranty business and other transactions not transferred to SCA. Subsequent to June 6, 2007, SCA is no longer a consolidated subsidiary or a

separate operating segment of the Company and its remaining investment in SCA is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. However, historical consolidated results of the Company will continue to include the separately reported net income of SCA through to June 6, 2007. The earnings on the Company's investment in Primus and

other financial operating affiliates as well as the results of certain structured finance products are reported as part of the Corporate segment that includes the general investment and financing operations of the Company. In addition, the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses are now reported separately within the Other Financial Lines segment.

Given the changes in the Company's operating and reporting structure as described above, the Company is now organized into four operating segments: Insurance, Reinsurance, Life Operations, and Other Financial Lines in addition to a corporate segment that includes the general investment and financing operations of the Company.

The Company evaluates the performance for both the Insurance and Reinsurance segments based on underwriting profit and contribution from both the Life Operations and Other Financial Lines segments. Other items of revenue and expenditure of the Company are not evaluated at the segment level for reporting purposes. In addition, the Company does not allocate investment assets by segment for its property and casualty operations. Investment assets related to (i) the Company's Life Operations and Other Financial Lines segments and (ii) certain structured products included in the Insurance and Reinsurance segments, are held in separately identified portfolios. As such, net investment income from these assets is included in the contribution from each of these segments.

### *Insurance*

General insurance business written includes risk management and specialty lines. Risk management products are comprised of global property and casualty insurance programs for large multinational companies, including umbrella liability, integrated risk and primary master property and liability coverages. Specialty lines products include directors and officers liability, environmental liability, professional liability, aviation and satellite, employment practices liability, marine, equine and certain other insurance coverages including program business. In addition, certain structured indemnity products structured by XLFS are included within the results of the Insurance segment covering a range of insurance risks including property and casualty insurance, certain types of residual value exposures and other market risk management products.

A large part of the Company's casualty insurance business written has loss experience that is low frequency and high severity. As a result, large losses, though infrequent, can have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations, financial condition and liquidity. The Company attempts to mitigate this risk by using strict underwriting guidelines and various reinsurance arrangements.

The following table summarizes the underwriting results for this segment:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)  | (Unaudited)                         |              |          |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
|                              | Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |              |          |
|                              | 2007                                | 2006 (1)     | % Change |
| Gross premiums written       | \$ 1,169,435                        | \$ 1,290,245 | (9.4 )%  |
| Net premiums written         | 818,185                             | 778,250      | 5.1 %    |
| Net premiums earned          | 1,012,145                           | 1,025,071    | (1.3 )%  |
| Fee income and other         | 3,195                               | 3,067        | 4.2 %    |
| Net losses and loss expenses | 634,872                             | 645,425      | (1.6 )%  |
| Acquisition costs            | 105,650                             | 117,592      | (10.2 )% |
| Operating expenses           | 145,121                             | 154,383      | (6.0 )%  |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

|                                 |    |         |    |         |          |
|---------------------------------|----|---------|----|---------|----------|
| Underwriting profit             | \$ | 129,697 | \$ | 110,738 | 17.1 %   |
| Exchange losses                 | \$ | 10,277  | \$ | 23,655  | (56.6 )% |
| Net results structured products | \$ | 1,244   | \$ | 2,926   | (57.5 )% |

---

- (1) Certain lines of business previously reported under the Financial Lines segment have been reclassified and reported under the Insurance and Reinsurance segments based on the nature of the business written.

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

Gross premiums written decreased by 9.4% during the three months ended September 30, 2007 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2006, while net premiums written increased by 5.1% during the same period. Decreases in gross premiums written were due primarily to lower premium rates, selective non-renewals, and reduced shares within certain property and marine lines of business as a result of softening market conditions and increased competition in the marketplace. In addition, there was a reduction in program business as a result of the runoff of a large property catastrophe program. Partially offsetting these unfavorable variances was growth in the U.S. excess and surplus lines of business and a favorable impact on premiums written of foreign exchange movements on premiums, as the value of various European currencies increased relative to the U.S. dollar. Net premiums written increased as the reduction in ceded premiums written more than offset the reduction in gross premiums written noted above. Ceded premiums written decreased as a result of the run-off of reinsurance associated with a large property catastrophe program, favorable reinsurance pricing conditions and ceded premium refunds associated with certain property lines of business.

Net premiums earned decreased slightly by 1.3% in the three months ended September 30, 2007 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2006 as a result of the earn-out of overall lower net premiums written over the past twelve months, as compared to the periods preceding those.

The following table presents the ratios for this segment:

|                             | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        |             |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
|                             | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             |
|                             | <b>September 30,</b>      |             |
|                             | <b>2007</b>               | <b>2006</b> |
| Loss and loss expense ratio | 62.7 %                    | 63.0 %      |
| Underwriting expense ratio  | 24.7 %                    | 26.6 %      |
| Combined ratio              | 87.4 %                    | 89.6 %      |

The loss and loss expense ratio includes net losses incurred for both the current year and any favorable or adverse prior year development of loss and loss expense reserves held at the beginning of the year. The loss ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2007 decreased compared with the three months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to net favorable prior year development of \$60.7 million as compared to net favorable development of \$9.5 million in the same period of the prior year. The following table summarizes the net (favorable) adverse prior year development relating to the Insurance segment for the three month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| <b>(U.S. dollars in millions)</b> | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        |                  |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                   | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |                  |
|                                   | <b>September 30,</b>      |                  |
|                                   | <b>2007</b>               | <b>2006</b>      |
| Property                          | \$ (20.9 )                | \$ (26.4 )       |
| Casualty and professional         | (87.4 )                   | (22.5 )          |
| Specialty and other               | 47.6                      | 39.4             |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>\$ (60.7 )</b>         | <b>\$ (9.5 )</b> |

|  |        |        |
|--|--------|--------|
| Loss and loss expense ratio excluding prior year development | 68.7 % | 63.9 % |
|--|--------|--------|

Net releases in casualty lines for the three months ended September 30, 2007 reflects favorable development in the 2002-2005 years partially offset by strengthening in years prior to 2002, while net favorable development in property lines represents a release of reserves related to attritional losses. Within specialty and other lines, reserve strengthening within the marine book of business resulted from a detailed review in the current quarter of the marine excess liability portfolio which highlighted an increase in loss frequency across several recent years. Additional reserve strengthening within specialty and other lines pertained to the Company's London Market operation.

Excluding prior year development, the loss ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2007 increased by 4.8 loss percentage points as compared to the same period in 2006 as a result of an increase in current year loss ratios within casualty and marine lines of business due to lower premium rates as well as an increase in minor catastrophe losses impacting property lines.

The decrease in the underwriting expense ratio in the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2006, was due to a decrease in both acquisition expense and operating expense ratios to 10.4% and 14.3%, respectively, as compared with 11.5% and 15.1%, respectively, in the third quarter of 2006. The acquisition expense ratio decreased mainly due to higher ceded profit commissions recorded in the third quarter of 2007 combined with favorable adjustments relating to accrued licenses and fee expenses. The decrease in the operating expense ratio was due primarily to adjustments booked in the third quarter of 2007 relating to previously accrued regulatory costs and partially offset by higher compensation costs as overall headcount has grown to support new segment initiatives such as the growth of certain U.S. books of business.

Foreign exchange losses in the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were due primarily to the decline in the value of the U.S. dollar against certain European currencies such as the U.K. sterling and the Euro on certain inter-company balances.

Net results from structured insurance products include certain structured indemnity contracts that are accounted for as deposit contracts. Net results from these contracts for the three months ended September 30, 2007, have decreased compared to the same period in 2006 due to higher net investment income recorded in 2006 as a result of a reclassification adjustment combined with higher operating expenses as a result of higher corporate allocations in the third quarter of 2007.

### *Reinsurance*

Reinsurance business written includes casualty, property, marine, aviation and other specialty reinsurance on a global basis. In addition, the results of certain transactions structured by XLFS that are generally written on an aggregate stop loss or excess of loss basis are included within the results of the Reinsurance segment. The Company's property reinsurance business generally has loss experience characterized as low frequency and high severity, which, if incurred, can have a negative impact on the Company's results of operations, financial condition and liquidity. The Company endeavors to manage its exposures to catastrophic events by limiting the amount of its exposure in each geographic zone worldwide and requiring that its property catastrophe contracts provide for aggregate limits and varying attachment points.

The following table summarizes the underwriting results for this segment:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)  | (Unaudited)                         |            |          |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|
|                              | Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |            |          |
|                              | 2007                                | 2006 (1)   | % Change |
| Gross premiums written       | \$ 624,303                          | \$ 758,597 | (17.7 )% |
| Net premiums written         | 437,933                             | 493,482    | (11.3 )% |
| Net premiums earned          | 571,198                             | 663,616    | (13.9 )% |
| Fee income and other         | 380                                 | 302        | 25.8 %   |
| Net losses and loss expenses | 285,692                             | 375,321    | (23.9 )% |
| Acquisition costs            | 126,687                             | 124,754    | 1.5 %    |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

|                                 |              |             |         |
|---------------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------|
| Operating expenses              | 52,008       | 46,880      | 10.9 %  |
| Underwriting profit             | \$ 107,191   | \$ 116,963  | (8.4 )% |
| Exchange (gains)                | \$ (33,467 ) | \$ (2,388 ) | NM *    |
| Net results structured products | \$ 13,392    | \$ 6,170    | 117.1 % |

---

- (1) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has been reclassified to the Life Operations segment to conform to current management



responsibilities.  
In addition,  
certain lines of  
business  
previously  
reported under  
the Financial  
Lines segment  
have been  
reclassified and  
reported under  
the Reinsurance  
and Insurance  
segments based  
on the nature of  
the business  
written.

\* NM Not  
Meaningful

Gross and net premiums written decreased by 17.7% and 11.3%, respectively, in the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the third quarter of 2006. These decreases resulted from the Company declining business due to competitive pressures continuing to drive certain rates below the Company's acceptable underwriting levels combined with increased retention by cedants as compared to prior years. In addition, decreases in gross and net premiums written were a result of a change in accrual methodology of certain U.S. property programs in the third quarter of 2006. Pricing erosion was experienced across most lines of business but was most notable in U.S. casualty and non-U.S. property lines of business. Net premiums written reflect the above decrease in gross premiums written and partially offset by higher retentions and lower cost of certain external retrocessions which renewed during the quarter.

Net premiums earned in the third quarter of 2007 decreased 13.9% as compared to the third quarter of 2006. This decrease was a reflection of the overall reduction of net premiums written over the last 24 months.

The following table presents the ratios for this segment:

|                             | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        |             |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
|                             | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |             |
|                             | <b>September 30,</b>      |             |
|                             | <b>2007</b>               | <b>2006</b> |
| Loss and loss expense ratio | 50.0 %                    | 56.6 %      |
| Underwriting expense ratio  | 31.3 %                    | 25.9 %      |
| Combined ratio              | 81.3 %                    | 82.5 %      |

The loss and loss expense ratio includes net losses incurred for both the current year and any favorable or adverse prior year development of loss reserves held at the beginning of the year. The decrease in the loss and loss expense ratio in the three months ended September 30, 2007, compared to the same three months ended September 30, 2006, primarily reflects higher net favorable prior year loss development. The following table summarizes the net (favorable) adverse prior year development relating to the Reinsurance segment for the three month periods ended

September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S. dollars in millions)                                   | (Unaudited)                         |            |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|
|  | Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |            |
|  | 2007                                | 2006       |
| Property and other short-tail lines                          | \$ (45.1 )                          | \$ (29.3 ) |
| Casualty and other   | (37.9 )                             | 5.0        |
| Structured indemnity   | (0.3 )                              |            |
| <b>Total</b>   | \$ (83.3 )                          | \$ (24.3 ) |
| Loss and loss expense ratio excluding prior year development | 64.6 %                              | 60.2 %     |

For the three months ended September 30, 2007, property and other short-tail lines reserve releases were primarily due to favorable attritional loss activity in both the property catastrophe and property risk portfolios. Casualty reserve releases of \$35.4 million related primarily to non-U.S. casualty business written through the Company's European and Bermuda operations and to a lesser extent the Company's U.S. casualty business. Offsetting these casualty reserve releases was strengthening of \$13.0 million related to asbestos and environmental related claims. Reserve releases of \$15.5 million within the Other portfolio reflect primarily whole account business written on Lloyd's Syndicates for which the reinsurance-to-close booking for the 2004 year of account reflected

reserve releases in the current quarter. Excluding prior year development, the loss ratio for the three months ended September 30, 2007 increased by 4.4 loss percentage points as compared to the same period in 2006 as a result of losses recorded relating to certain catastrophe losses including Hurricane Dean and the Peru earthquake as well as other attritional losses within property lines of business, combined with lower premium rate levels.

The increase in the underwriting expense ratio in the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2006, was due to an increase in both acquisition expense and operating expense ratios to 22.2% and 9.1%, respectively, as compared with 18.8% and 7.1%, respectively, in the third quarter of 2006. The increase in the acquisition expense ratio was primarily due to higher performance related commissions recorded in the current year as a result of the reserve releases noted above, against lower net premiums earned. The increase in the operating expense ratio was primarily due to a provision booked against certain assets in the third quarter of 2007 and a lower level of net premiums earned.

Foreign exchange gains in the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were due primarily to the decline in the value of the U.S. dollar against certain European currencies such as the U.K. sterling and the Euro on certain inter-company balances.

Net results from structured reinsurance products include certain structured indemnity contracts that are accounted for as deposit contracts. Results from these products for the three months ended September 30, 2007, have increased compared to the same period in 2006 due to higher net investment income and lower interest expense recorded in the third quarter of 2007. Investment income increased as a result of larger average investment balances while interest expense decreased primarily as a result of a commutation of a structured reinsurance contract in the quarter ended September 30, 2007.

### *Life Operations*

Business written by the Life Operations segment is primarily European life reinsurance. This includes term assurances, group life, critical illness cover, immediate annuities, disability income cover, and short-term accident and health business. Due to the nature of these contracts, premium volume may vary significantly from period to period.

The following summarizes contribution from this segment:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands) | (Unaudited)                         |            |          |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|
|                             | Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |            |          |
|                             | 2007                                | 2006 (1)   | % Change |
| Gross premiums written      | \$ 140,694                          | \$ 113,371 | 24.1 %   |
| Net premiums written        | 129,353                             | 103,306    | 25.2 %   |
| Net premiums earned         | 147,239                             | 120,922    | 21.8 %   |
| Fee income and other        | 78                                  | 66         | 18.2 %   |
| Claims and policy benefits  | 195,440                             | 170,455    | 14.7 %   |
| Acquisition costs           | 20,740                              | 12,707     | 63.2 %   |
| Operating expenses          | 7,195                               | 9,445      | (23.8 )% |
| Exchange (gains) losses     | (3,014 )                            | 595        | NM *     |
| Net investment income       | 100,005                             | 90,001     | 11.1 %   |

Contribution from Life Operations      \$    26,961      \$    17,787      51.6 %

---

- (1) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has been reclassified to the Life Operations segment to conform to current segment management responsibilities.

\* NM Not Meaningful

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

The following table is an analysis of the Life operations gross premiums written, net premiums written and net premiums earned for the three month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S. dollars<br>in<br>thousandss) | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, 2007 |                            |                           | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, 2006 |                            |                           |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                    | Gross<br>Premiums<br>Written                            | Net<br>Premiums<br>Written | Net<br>Premiums<br>Earned | Gross<br>Premiums<br>Written                            | Net<br>Premiums<br>Written | Net<br>Premiums<br>Earned |
| Other Life                         | \$ 87,023   | \$ 81,006                  | \$ 98,892                 | \$ 62,811   | \$ 61,938                  | \$ 79,554                 |
| Annuity                            | 53,671  | 48,347                     | 48,347                    | 50,560  | 41,368                     | 41,368                    |
| <b>Total</b>                       | \$ 140,694  | \$ 129,353                 | \$ 147,239                | \$ 113,371  | \$ 103,306                 | \$ 120,922                |

Gross premiums written relating to other life business increased by \$24.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 mainly due to premium growth in the underlying book of term assurance and critical illness business of \$22.1 million and favorable foreign exchange rate movements of \$2.1 million. Gross premiums written relating to annuity business increased by \$3.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2007 mainly as a result of favorable foreign exchange rate movements. Ceded premium ratios remained roughly consistent with the prior year.

Net premiums earned in the third quarter of 2007 increased 21.8% as compared to the third quarter of 2006. This increase was consistent with the increase in gross and net premiums written as described above.

Claims and policy benefit reserves increased by \$25.0 million or 14.7% in the three months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2006, primarily as a result of growth in the underlying block of business of \$15.5 million combined with unfavorable foreign exchange rate movements of \$9.5 million. Changes in claims and policy benefits include the movement in policy benefit reserves related to other contracts (such as immediate annuities) where investment assets were acquired with the assumption of the policy benefit reserves at the inception of the contract.

For the three months ended September 30, 2007, acquisition costs increased by 63.2% as compared to the same period in 2006, largely as a result of an adjustment recorded in the third quarter of 2006 relating to a term life treaty combined with an increase in business written and foreign exchange rate movements in the third quarter of 2007, as noted above. Operating expenses decreased by 23.8% in the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year due to costs recorded in 2006 associated with various life fund integration strategy activities and operating expenses relating to the short-term accident and health business.

Net investment income is included in the calculation of contribution from Life Operations, as it relates to income earned on portfolios of separately identified and managed life investment assets and other allocated assets. Net investment income increased by \$10.0 million or 11.1% in the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the same period in 2006, primarily as a result of a favorable foreign exchange rate movement of \$6.1 million, combined with improved yields on the asset annuity portfolios.

***Other Financial Lines***

The Other Financial Lines segment is comprised of the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses. For the three month period ended September 30, 2007, the net results from these products were \$16.5

million and included net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$107.3 million, \$86.9 million, and \$3.9 million, respectively, while the net results for the same period in 2006 were \$7.5 million and included net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$92.9 million, \$83.2 million, and \$2.2 million, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2007, investment income increased primarily as a result of increased yields and larger investment asset balances while interest expense was higher due to an

associated increase in crediting rates related to the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement deposit liabilities. Operating expenses increased by \$1.7 million during the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the third quarter of 2006 primarily due to the reclassification of certain contract expenses and partially offset by reduced corporate allocations. While not reported within the contribution from the Other Financial Lines segment, it should be noted that approximately \$105.4 million of the reported realized losses on investments for the three months ended September 30, 2007 related to portfolios associated with funding agreements and guaranteed investment contracts. In addition, net unrealized losses associated with these portfolios increased by \$190.4 million during the third quarter of 2007.

### Investment Activities

The following table illustrates the change in net investment income from property and casualty operations, net income from investment affiliates, net realized (losses) on investments and net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investment and other derivative instruments for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)   | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |            | % Change |
|---|--|------------|----------|
|   | 2007   | 2006       |          |
| Net investment income property and casualty operations (1)                                | \$ 325,543   | \$ 283,172 | 15.0 %   |
| Net income from investment affiliates (2)   | 69,435   | 39,370     | 76.4 %   |
| Net realized (losses) on investments  | (160,208 )   | (52,656 )  | 204.3 %  |
| Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investment and other derivative instruments | (58,162 )  | 611        | NM *     |

(1) Net investment income relating to property and casualty operations does not include the net investment income related to the net results from structured products.

- (2) The Company records the income related to alternative fund affiliates on a one month lag and the private investment fund affiliates on a three month lag in order for the Company to meet accelerated filing deadlines.

\* NM Not meaningful

Net investment income related to property and casualty operations increased in the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the third quarter of 2006 due primarily to a higher investment base and increases in the yield of the portfolio. The market yield to maturity on the total fixed income portfolio was 5.8% at September 30, 2007, as compared to 5.2% at September 30, 2006 due primarily to higher market yields. The growth in the investment base primarily reflected the Company's positive cash flow from operations as well as the net cash flow from the Company's capital and financing activities.

Net income from investment affiliates increased in the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006, due primarily to strong results in the equity accounted portion of the alternative portfolio and a higher investment asset base.

The Company manages its investment grade fixed income securities using an asset/liability management framework. Due to the unique nature of the underlying liabilities, customized benchmarks are used to measure investment performance and comparison to standard market indices is not meaningful. Investment performance is not monitored for certain assets primarily consisting of operating cash and special regulatory deposits. The following is a summary of the investment portfolio returns for the asset/liability portfolios and risk asset portfolios:



|                                   | <b>(Unaudited)</b>        |                 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
|                                   | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |                 |
|                                   | <b>September 30,</b>      |                 |
|                                   | <b>2007 (1)</b>           | <b>2006 (1)</b> |
| <b>Asset/Liability portfolios</b> |                           |                 |
| USD fixed income portfolio        | 0.3 %                     | 2.7 %           |
| Non USD fixed income portfolio    | 1.6 %                     | 3.2 %           |
| <b>Risk Asset portfolios</b>      |                           |                 |
| Alternative portfolio (2)         | 1.8 %                     | 0.7 %           |
| Equity portfolio                  | 1.5 %                     | 4.4 %           |
| High-Yield fixed income portfolio | (2.1 )%                   | 2.6 %           |

---

- (1) Portfolio returns are calculated by dividing the sum of net investment income or net income from investment affiliates, realized gains (losses) and unrealized gains (losses) by the average market value of each portfolio. Performance is measured in either the underlying asset currency or the functional currency.

- (2)

Performance on the alternative portfolio reflects the three months ended August 31, 2007 and August 31, 2006, respectively.

**Net Realized Gains and Losses and Other than Temporary Declines in the Value of Investments**

Net realized losses on investments in the third quarter of 2007 included net realized losses of \$110.9 million related to the write-down of certain of the Company's fixed income and equity investments where the Company determined that there was an other than temporary decline in the value of those investments as well as net realized losses of \$49.3 million from sales of investments. Included in the balances noted above are realized losses and impairments in the sub-prime related mortgage exposed portfolios totaling \$138.9 million.

Net realized losses on investments in the third quarter of 2006 included net realized losses of \$38.7 million related to the write-down of certain of the Company's fixed income, equity and other investments where the Company determined that there was an other than temporary decline in the value of these investments, net realized losses of \$7.2 million from sales of investments, and net realized losses of \$6.8 million related to the sale of SCA.

The Company's process for identifying declines in the fair value of investments that are other than temporary involves consideration of several factors. These primary factors include: (i) the time period during which there has been a significant decline in value; (ii) an analysis of the liquidity, business prospects and overall financial condition of the issuer; (iii) the significance of the decline; (iv) an analysis of the collateral structure and other credit support, as applicable, of the securities in question; (v) expected future interest rate movements; and (vi) the Company's intent and ability to hold the investment for a sufficient period of time for the value to recover. During the current quarter, particular focus was placed on structured credit holdings and in particular those with residential mortgage exposure. Where the Company's analysis of the above factors results in the Company's conclusion that declines in fair values are other than temporary, the cost of the security is written down to fair value and the previously unrealized loss is therefore realized in the period such determination is made.

For further details regarding realized and unrealized gains and losses related to U.S. sub-prime residential mortgages, see the Results of Operations analysis as noted above.

Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investment and other derivatives for the three month period ended September 30, 2007, resulted primarily from a mark-to-market loss of \$37.0 million with respect to a total return swap on the capital notes of a structured investment vehicle impacted by the markdown in the underlying net asset value of the assets of the capital notes, combined with mark-to-market losses associated with the Company's capital, investment and hedging activities.

**Net Unrealized Gains and Losses on Investments**

At September 30, 2007, the Company had net unrealized losses on fixed income and short-term securities of \$747.1 million and net unrealized gains on equities of \$211.3 million. Of these amounts, gross unrealized losses on fixed income and short term securities and equities were \$984.9 million and \$13.2 million, respectively. The information presented below for the gross unrealized losses on the Company's investments at September 30, 2007, shows the potential effect upon future earnings and financial position should management later conclude that some of the current declines in the fair value of these investments are other than temporary. The impact of the deteriorating corporate and structured credit spreads during the three months ended September 30, 2007, was the primary reason for the decline in the net unrealized position on fixed income securities, offset by the impact of declining government rates in the U.S., U.K., and Euro-zone.

At September 30, 2007, approximately 9,800 fixed income securities out of a total of approximately 17,200 securities were in an unrealized loss position. The largest single unrealized loss in the fixed income portfolio was \$6.0 million. Approximately 400 equity securities out of a total of approximately 1,300 securities were in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2007, with the largest individual loss being \$2.2 million.

The following is an analysis of how long each of those securities with an unrealized loss at September 30, 2007 had been in a continual unrealized loss position:

**(U.S. dollars in thousands)**

| <b>Type of Securities</b>   | <b>Length of time in a continual unrealized loss position</b> | <b>(Unaudited) Amount of unrealized loss at September 30, 2007</b> | <b>(Unaudited) Fair Value of Securities in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2007</b> |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Fixed Income and Short-Term | Less than six months  | \$ 281,352   | \$ 10,292,150  |
|                             | At least 6 months but less than 12 months                     | 481,946  | 9,091,489  |
|                             | At least 12 months but less than 2 years                      | 179,784  | 2,751,050  |
|                             | 2 years and over  | 41,770   | 2,084,117  |
|                             | Total   | \$ 984,852   | \$ 24,218,806  |
| Equities                    | Less than six months  | \$ 8,361   | \$ 82,293  |
|                             | At least 6 months but less than 12 months                     | 4,796  | 58,089   |
|                             | Total   | \$ 13,157  | \$ 140,382   |

The following is the maturity profile of the fixed income securities that were in a gross unrealized loss position at September 30, 2007:

**(U.S. dollars in thousands)**

| <b>Maturity profile in years of fixed<br/>income securities in a continual<br/>unrealized loss position</b> | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Amount of<br/>unrealized loss<br/>at<br/>September 30,<br/>2007</b> | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Fair value of<br/>securities in<br/>an unrealized loss<br/>position<br/>at September 30,<br/>2007</b> |
|---|--|--|
| Less than 1 year remaining  | \$ 16,245  | \$ 799,569   |
| At least 1 year but less than 5 years remaining   | 91,175   | 3,451,834  |
| At least 5 years but less than 10 years remaining   | 154,487  | 3,864,884  |
| At least 10 years but less than 20 years remaining  | 74,729   | 1,519,858  |
| At least 20 years or more remaining   | 242,669  | 3,613,112  |
| Mortgage and asset-backed securities  | 405,547  | 10,969,549   |
| <br>Total   | <br>\$ 984,852   | <br>\$ 24,218,806  |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

The Company operates a risk asset portfolio that includes high yield (below investment grade) fixed income securities. These represented approximately 2.1% of the total fixed income portfolio market value (including fixed maturities, short-term investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased) at September 30, 2007. Fair values of these securities have a higher volatility than investment grade securities. Of the total gross unrealized losses in the Company's fixed income portfolio as at September 30, 2007, \$68.9 million related to securities that were below investment grade or not rated. The following is an analysis of how long each of these below investment grade and unrated securities had been in a continual unrealized loss position at the date indicated:

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

| <b>Length of time in a continual<br/>unrealized loss position</b> | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Amount of<br/>unrealized loss<br/>at<br/>September 30,<br/>2007</b> | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Fair value of<br/>securities in<br/>an unrealized<br/>loss position<br/>at September 30,<br/>2007</b> |
|---|--|--|
| Less than six months  | \$ 28,151  | \$ 401,412   |
| At least 6 months but less than 12 months                         | 25,188   | 147,311  |
| At least 12 months but less than 2 years                          | 14,681   | 79,741   |
| 2 years and over  | 847  | 8,443  |
| <b>Total</b>  | <b>\$ 68,867</b>   | <b>\$ 636,907</b>  |

***Other Revenues and Expenses***

The following table sets forth other revenues and expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| <b>(U.S. dollars in thousands)</b>       | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Three Months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |             | <b>% Change</b> |
|--|---|-------------|-----------------|
|  | <b>2007</b>   | <b>2006</b> |                 |
| Net income from operating affiliates (1) | \$ 41,919   | \$ 19,964   | 110.0 %         |
| Amortization of intangible assets        | 420   | 420         | 0.0 %           |
| Corporate operating expenses             | 56,872  | 38,215      | 48.8 %          |
| Interest expense (2)                     | 49,029  | 50,454      | (2.8 )%         |
| Income tax expense                       | 58,715  | 43,655      | 34.5 %          |
| Minority Interest                        |   | 8,355       | NM *            |

(1) The Company

records the income related to its operating affiliates on a three month lag in order for the Company to meet accelerated filing deadlines.

- (2) Interest expense does not include interest expense related to structured products as reported within the Insurance and Reinsurance segments.

\* NM Not meaningful

The following table sets forth the net income (loss) from operating affiliates for the three months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)                                 | (Unaudited)<br>Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |           |          |
|---|--|-----------|----------|
|   | 2007   | 2006      | % Change |
| Net (loss) income from financial operating affiliates       | \$ 7,047   | \$ 4,267  | 65.2 %   |
| Net income from investment manager affiliates               | 23,161   | 9,118     | 154.0 %  |
| Net income (loss) from other strategic operating affiliates | 11,711   | 6,579     | 78.0 %   |
| Total   | \$ 41,919  | \$ 19,964 | 110.0 %  |

For the three months ended September 30, 2007, the net income from financial operating affiliates increased as compared to the same period in 2006 mainly due to the inclusion of equity earnings from SCA recorded in the third quarter of 2007 following the sale of a portion of the Company's interest in the second quarter of 2007. This was

partially offset by mark-to-market losses

at Primus resulting from the credit issues that have existed since the last quarter. Due to the one quarter reporting lag related to the results of the Company's operating affiliates, the Company's results for the three month period ended September 30, 2007 included the Company's share of SCA and Primus's results for the three months ended June 30, 2007. The Company's share of SCA and Primus's results for the three months ended September 30, 2007 will be recorded in the three months ending December 31, 2007. Based on recent press releases issued by both SCA and Primus, it is expected that the Company's results for the three months ended December 31, 2007 will include losses of approximately \$42 million and \$43 million, respectively, representing the Company's proportionate share of these companies' losses, including significant mark-to-market adjustments on credit derivative portfolios. It is important to note that the mark-to-market adjustments noted above do not represent an actual gain or loss, claim or impairment of the underlying credit derivative portfolios and that generally these positions are not subject to collateral or margin requirements. For transactions that will maintain a satisfactory future payment record, it is expected that over the life of those transactions, such mark-to-market adjustments would reverse towards maturity. The carrying values of the Company's investments in SCA and Primus as at September 30, 2007 were \$669.8 million and \$145.6 million, respectively. Subsequent to September 30, 2007, however, the market price of both SCA and Primus shares traded on the NYSE have fallen.

Investment manager affiliate income has increased during the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year mainly due to strong results reported in the third quarter of 2007 relating to certain global equity investment manager affiliates.

Income from other strategic operating affiliates increased in the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the third quarter of 2006 mainly due to strong earnings reported in the third quarter of 2007 relating to an insurance affiliate which writes largely direct U.S. homeowners insurance and the Company's Brazilian joint venture ITÚA XL.

Corporate operating expenses in the three months ended September 30, 2007 increased compared to the three months ended September 30, 2006 primarily reflecting increased compensation costs related to business development initiatives and performance-based programs, combined with foreign exchange movements.

Interest expense decreased for the three months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006, primarily due to the retirement of the 2009 Senior Notes, and was partially offset by the in May 2007 issuance of the 2027 Senior Notes in the second quarter of 2007. For more information on the Company's financial structure, see Liquidity and Capital Resources.

The increase in the Company's income taxes arose principally from a change in the mix of business written in various taxable and non-taxable jurisdictions.

Minority interest expense in 2006 primarily represented the 37% ownership interest in SCA common shares held by the public. Subsequent to the secondary offering of SCA common shares on June 6, 2007, the Company accounts for its remaining investment in SCA using the equity method of accounting.

**Segment Results for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2006**

***Insurance***

The following table summarizes the underwriting results for this segment:



| (U.S. dollars in thousands)     | (Unaudited)                        |              |          |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|----------|
|                                 | Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |              |          |
|                                 | 2007                               | 2006 (1)     | % Change |
| Gross premiums written          | \$ 4,166,709                       | \$ 4,257,861 | (2.1 )%  |
| Net premiums written            | 3,168,942                          | 3,071,320    | 3.2 %    |
| Net premiums earned             | 3,116,195                          | 3,119,692    | (0.1 )%  |
| Fee income and other            | 10,480                             | 18,608       | (43.7 )% |
| Net losses and loss expenses    | 1,941,559                          | 2,066,141    | (6.0 )%  |
| Acquisition costs               | 361,804                            | 365,385      | (1.0 )%  |
| Operating expenses              | 474,558                            | 450,689      | 5.3 %    |
| Underwriting profit             | \$ 348,754                         | \$ 256,085   | 36.2 %   |
| Exchange losses                 | \$ 25,429                          | \$ 100,661   | (74.7 )% |
| Net results structured products | \$ 3,038                           | \$ 8,861     | (65.7 )% |

(1) Certain lines of business previously reported under the Financial Lines segment have been reclassified and reported within the Insurance and Reinsurance segments based on the nature of the business written.

Gross premiums written decreased by 2.1% during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2006, while net premiums written increased by 3.2% during the same period. Decreases in gross premiums written were due primarily to a combination of a decrease in rates, reduced shares and selective non-renewals in certain property and marine lines of business, as well as the runoff of certain property catastrophe exposures. Partially offsetting these decreases was growth in the excess and surplus book of business in the U.S., increases in the number of long-term agreements, strong new business and higher renewal retentions within certain casualty lines of business, and favorable foreign exchange rate movements. Net premiums written increased as the

reduction in ceded premiums written more than offset the reduction in gross premiums written noted above. Ceded premiums written decreased as a result of favorable outward reinsurance pricing conditions, increased retention related to certain captive programs and marine and energy treaties, as well as refunds associated with property catastrophe programs. Partially offsetting the decrease in ceded premiums was the impact to ceded premium of a professional lines commutation in 2006.

Net premiums earned were flat in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and reflects the earn-out of overall slightly lower net premiums written in 2006 combined with slightly higher net premiums written throughout 2007.

The following table presents the ratios for this segment:

|                             | <b>(Unaudited)</b>       |             |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
|                             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |             |
|                             | <b>September 30,</b>     |             |
|                             | <b>2007</b>              | <b>2006</b> |
| Loss and loss expense ratio | 62.3 %                   | 66.2 %      |
| Underwriting expense ratio  | 26.8 %                   | 26.1 %      |
| Combined ratio              | 89.1 %                   | 92.3 %      |

The loss and loss expense ratio includes net losses incurred for both the current year and any favorable or adverse prior year development of loss and loss expense reserves held at the beginning of the year. The loss ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 decreased compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2006, primarily due to net favorable prior year development in the first nine months of 2007 as compared to net adverse prior year development in the same period of the prior year. The following table summarizes the net (favorable) adverse prior year development relating to the Insurance segment for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

(U.S. dollars in millions)

|  | <b>(Unaudited)</b>       |               |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|
|  | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |               |
|  | <b>September 30,</b>     |               |
|  | <b>2007</b>              | <b>2006</b>   |
| Property   | \$ (65.3 )               | \$ (75.7 )    |
| Casualty and Professional                                    | (130.2 )                 | 8.1           |
| Specialty and Other  | 70.9                     | 74.5          |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$ (124.6 )</b>       | <b>\$ 6.9</b> |
| Loss and loss expense ratio excluding prior year development | 66.3 %                   | 66.0 %        |

Net prior year releases in the nine months ended September 30, 2007, occurred in certain property and casualty lines of business, partially offset by adverse prior year reserve development in certain specialty lines, particularly in the London Market portfolio including the run-off of the surety portfolio. In the same period in 2006, net adverse loss development included \$74.5 million in specialty and other lines of business and \$8.1 million in casualty and professional lines of business, partially offset by \$75.7 of reserve releases in certain property lines of business. Excluding prior year development, the loss ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was consistent with the loss ratio for the same period in 2006.

The increase in the underwriting expense ratio in the nine months ended September 30, 2007, compared to the same period in 2006 was due to an increase in the operating expense ratio of 0.8 points (15.2% as compared to 14.4%), partially offset by a decrease in the acquisition expense ratio of 0.1 points (11.6% as compared to 11.7%). The increase in the operating expense ratio was due primarily to higher compensation costs and corporate allocations, and was partially offset by adjustments booked in the third quarter of 2007 relating to previously accrued regulatory costs. The decrease in the acquisition expense ratio resulted primarily from an increase in outward reinsurance profit commissions as well as favorable prior year premium adjustments. Offsetting these decreases was the impact of the professional commutation recorded in 2006 which had no associated acquisition costs.

Foreign exchange losses in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were due primarily to the decline in the value of the U.S. dollar against certain European currencies such as the U.K. sterling and the Euro on certain intercompany balances.

Net results from structured insurance products include certain structured indemnity contracts that are accounted for as deposit contracts. Results from these contracts for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, have decreased compared to the same period in 2006 due to the accelerated earnings recorded in 2006 resulting from a commutation and an accretion adjustment recorded in 2007 based on changes in expected cash flows. Offsetting these decreases was higher net investment income as a result of higher yields and overall larger investment asset balances.

### ***Reinsurance***

The following table summarizes the underwriting results for this segment:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)     | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |              |          |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------|----------|--|
|                                 | 2007  | 2006 (1)     | % Change |  |
| Gross premiums written          | \$ 2,525,507                                      | \$ 2,776,496 | (9.0 )%  |  |
| Net premiums written            | 1,989,716   | 2,175,749    | (8.6 )%  |  |
| Net premiums earned             | 1,715,968   | 1,958,562    | (12.4 )% |  |
| Fee income and other            | 869   | 1,910        | (54.5 )% |  |
| Net losses and loss expenses    | 914,313   | 1,151,706    | (20.6 )% |  |
| Acquisition costs               | 377,871   | 393,977      | (4.1 )%  |  |
| Operating expenses              | 144,078   | 128,533      | 12.1 %   |  |
| Underwriting profit             | \$ 280,575  | \$ 286,256   | (2.0 )%  |  |
| Exchange (gains)                | \$ (514 )   | \$ (19,810 ) | (97.4 )% |  |
| Net results structured products | \$ 28,802   | \$ 23,768    | 21.2 %   |  |

---

(1) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has been reclassified to the Life Operations segment to conform to current management responsibilities. In addition, certain lines of business previously reported under the Financial Lines segment

have been reclassified and reported within the Reinsurance and Insurance segments based on the nature of the business written.

Gross and net premiums written decreased by 9.0% and 8.6%, respectively, during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared with the same period in 2006. These decreases resulted from the Company declining business due to competitive pressures continuing to drive certain rates below the Company's acceptable underwriting levels as well as certain favorable reinstatement premium and U.S. property program adjustments recorded in the first nine months of 2006. For the first nine months of 2007, premium rate decreases were most significant in certain casualty and non-U.S. property lines of business. Net premiums written reflect the above changes in gross premiums written, combined with a reduction in ceded premiums in the first nine months of 2007 as compared to same period in 2006 as a result of higher retentions and a lower cost of external retrocession.

Net premiums earned in the first nine months of 2007 decreased 12.4% as compared to the same period in of 2006. This decrease was a reflection of the overall reduction of net premiums written over the last 24 months.

The following table presents the ratios for this segment:

|                             | <b>(Unaudited)</b>       |             |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
|                             | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |             |
|                             | <b>September 30,</b>     |             |
|                             | <b>2007</b>              | <b>2006</b> |
| Loss and loss expense ratio | 53.3 %                   | 58.8 %      |
| Underwriting expense ratio  | 30.4 %                   | 26.7 %      |
| Combined ratio              | 83.7 %                   | 85.5 %      |

The loss and loss expense ratio includes net losses incurred for both the current year and any favorable or adverse prior year development of loss reserves held at the beginning of the year. The decrease in the loss and loss expense ratio in the nine months ended September 30, 2007, compared to the same nine months ended in 2006, is due primarily to net favorable prior year loss development. The following table summarizes the net (favorable) adverse prior year development relating to the Reinsurance segment for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

(U.S. dollars in millions)

|  | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |                   |
|--|---|-------------------|
|  | 2007  | 2006              |
| Property and other short-tail lines                          | \$ (140.3 )                                       | \$ (68.4 )        |
| Casualty and other   | (76.7 )   | 29.9              |
| Structured Indemnity   | 8.8   | 23.9              |
| <b>Total</b>   | <b>\$ (208.2 )</b>                                | <b>\$ (14.6 )</b> |
| Loss and loss expense ratio excluding prior year development | 65.4 %  | 59.8 %            |

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, property and other short-tail lines reserve releases were seen largely in property risk and property catastrophe portfolios while casualty releases related to both U.S. and non-U.S. source exposures. In the same period in 2006, net favorable prior year development of \$14.6 million resulted primarily from favorable development in property and other short-tail lines of \$143.0 million, partially offset by adverse development on the loss estimates for the 2005 catastrophes of \$74.6 million. The net favorable development from the property and short-tail lines was likewise partially offset by adverse development in certain casualty and other lines as well as structured indemnity lines. Excluding prior year development, the loss ratio for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 increased by 5.6 loss percentage points as compared to the same period in 2006 as a result of higher attritional losses within the property risk book of business as well as losses recorded relating to certain catastrophe losses including European windstorms Kyrill and Per/Hanno, Hurricane Dean and the Peru earthquake.

The increase in the underwriting expense ratio in the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2006, was due to an increase in both acquisition expense and operating expense ratios to 22.0% and 8.4%, respectively, as compared with 20.1% and 6.6%, respectively, in the nine month period ended September 30, 2007. The increase in acquisition expenses was primarily due to a change in the mix of business as well as an adjustment related to the earning of acquisition expenses within the U.S. individual risk portfolio recorded in the first quarter of 2007. The operating expense ratio increase was due primarily to higher compensation expenses and corporate allocations, combined with a lower level of net premiums earned.

Foreign exchange gains in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 were due primarily to the decline in the value of the U.S. dollar against certain European currencies such as the U.K. sterling and the Euro on certain inter-company balances.

Net results from structured reinsurance products for the nine months ended September 30, 2007, has increased compared to the same period in 2006 due to higher net investment income in the first nine months of 2007 as a result of an increase in the average size of investment asset balances as a result of new transactions. Offsetting the increase to net investment results was a reduction in interest expense accretion in the first nine months of 2006 related to certain deposit liabilities resulting from a change in the timing of estimated cash flows as well as a higher accretion rate recorded in 2007 on deposit liabilities relating to certain workers' compensation coverage.

**Life Operations**

The following summarizes the contribution from this segment:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)       | (Unaudited)                        |            | % Change |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------|
|                                   | Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |            |          |
|                                   | 2007                               | 2006 (1)   |          |
| Gross premiums written            | \$ 588,930                         | \$ 479,813 | 22.7 %   |
| Net premiums written              | 556,778                            | 450,465    | 23.6 %   |
| Net premiums earned               | 534,086                            | 431,469    | 23.8 %   |
| Fee income and other              | 227                                | 260        | (12.7)%  |
| Claims and policy benefits        | 662,883                            | 558,964    | 18.6 %   |
| Acquisition costs                 | 64,622                             | 48,435     | 33.4 %   |
| Operating expenses                | 25,867                             | 24,369     | 6.1 %    |
| Exchange (gains)                  | (4,989 )                           | (5,643 )   | (11.6)%  |
| Net investment income             | 288,788                            | 258,011    | 11.9 %   |
| Contribution from Life operations | \$ 74,718                          | \$ 63,615  | 17.5 %   |

- (1) To facilitate period to period comparisons, certain short-term Accident and Health business previously included in the Reinsurance segment has been reclassified to the Life Operations segment to conform to current segment management responsibilities.

The following table is an analysis of the Life operations gross premiums written, net premiums written and net premiums earned for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S.<br>dollars in<br>thousands) | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, 2007 |                            |                           | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, 2006 |                            |                           |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                   | Gross<br>Premiums<br>Written                           | Net<br>Premiums<br>Written | Net<br>Premiums<br>Earned | Gross<br>Premiums<br>Written                           | Net<br>Premiums<br>Written | Net<br>Premiums<br>Earned |
| Other Life                        | \$ 335,992   | \$ 327,949                 | \$ 305,257                | \$ 256,675   | \$ 254,184                 | \$ 235,188                |
| Annuity                           | 252,938  | 228,829                    | 228,829                   | 223,138  | 196,281                    | 196,281                   |
| <b>Total</b>                      | <b>\$ 588,930</b>                                      | <b>\$ 556,778</b>          | <b>\$ 534,086</b>         | <b>\$ 479,813</b>                                      | <b>\$ 450,465</b>          | <b>\$ 431,469</b>         |

Gross premiums written relating to other life business increased by \$79.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 primarily as a result of growth in regular premium term life treaties and short-term accident and health business of \$66.0 million and favorable foreign exchange movements of \$13.3 million. Gross premiums written relating to annuity business increased by \$29.8 million in the first nine months of 2007 as compared to the first nine months of 2006 mainly due to higher premium volume relating to immediate annuities of \$22.1 million combined with favorable foreign exchange rate movements of \$7.7 million. Ceded premium ratios remained roughly consistent with the prior year.

Net premiums earned in the first nine months of 2007 increased 23.8% as compared to the same period in 2006. This increase was consistent with the increase in gross and net premiums written as described above.

Claims and policy benefit reserves increased by \$103.9 million or 18.6% in the first nine months of 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 mainly as a result of growth in the underlying block of business of \$66.5 million combined with unfavorable foreign exchange rate movements of \$37.4 million. Changes in claims and policy benefits include the movement in policy benefit reserves related to other contracts (such as immediate annuities) where investment assets were acquired with the assumption of the policy benefit reserves at the inception of the contract.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, acquisition costs increased by 33.4%, as compared to the same period in 2006 mainly as a result of the growth in the book of regular term



treaties consistent with the earned premium variance, as well as the impact of a favorable profit commission adjustment recorded in the third quarter of 2006 relating to a term life treaty. Operating expenses increased by 6.1% in the first nine months of 2007 compared to the same period in 2006, due to higher professional fees relating to timing of certain business activities, higher corporate allocations, and the impact of foreign exchange rate movements.

Net investment income is included in the calculation of net income from Life Operations, as it relates to income earned on portfolios of separately identified and managed life investment assets and other allocated assets. Net investment income increased by \$30.8 million or 11.9% in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006, primarily as a result of favorable foreign exchange rate movements of \$18.0 million, combined with improved yields and increases in the average size of investment asset balances.

### ***Other Financial Lines***

The Other Financial Lines segment is comprised of the guaranteed investment contract and funding agreement businesses. For the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, the net results from these products were \$32.4 million and included net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$289.8 million, \$247.3 million, and \$10.1 million, respectively, while the net results for the same period in 2006 were \$24.6 million and included net investment income, interest expense and operating expenses of \$251.9 million, \$220.1 million, and \$7.2 million, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2007, investment income increased primarily as a result of an increase in the average asset balances combined with an increase in yields. Interest expense increased due to an increase in the average deposit liability balance combined with an increase in crediting rates consistent with the yield changes noted above. Operating expenses increased by \$2.9 million during the first nine months of 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 due primarily to reclassification of certain contract expenses and partially offset by reduced corporate allocations. While not reported within the contribution from the Other Financial Lines segment, it should be noted that approximately \$144.5 million of the reported realized losses on investments for the nine month period ended September 30, 2007 related to portfolios associated with funding agreements and guaranteed investment contracts.

### ***SCA***

Given the shorter period of comparative consolidated results from January 1 through June 6, 2007 as compared to the full nine month period ended September 30, 2006, the results of SCA are generally lower in the 2007 period as compared to 2006.

For the period from January 1 to June 6, 2007, continued growth in net premiums earned from SCA's financial guaranty business was offset by the absence of significant accelerated refunding premiums in 2007 that were reported in 2006. Net losses and loss expenses have decreased mainly due to no significant new case basis provisions in the first five months of 2007 combined with a case reserve release recorded in the first quarter of 2007. Overall net income from SCA, however, decreased as net realized and unrealized losses related to outstanding credit derivatives increased significantly as market spreads widened during the first five months of 2007 which was partially offset by a decrease in realized investment losses associated with an impairment charge recorded in the first nine months of 2006. In addition, operating expenses increased due to higher compensation expenses and the corporate costs associated with being a public company on a stand alone basis.

For the period from June 6, 2007 through September 30, 2007 the results of SCA are being reported on a one quarter lag through equity earnings from financial operating affiliates.

### ***Investment Activities***

The following table illustrates the change in net investment income from property and casualty operations, net income from investment affiliates, net realized (losses) on investments and net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on

investment and other derivative instruments for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

|   | (Unaudited)<br>Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |            | % Change |
|---|---|------------|----------|
|   | 2007  | 2006       |          |
| Net investment income property and casualty operations (1)                                | \$ 962,721  | \$ 806,650 | 19.3 %   |
| Net income from investment affiliates (2)   | 255,414   | 174,612    | 46.3 %   |
| Net realized (losses) on investments  | (132,620 )  | (53,495 )  | 147.9 %  |
| Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investment and other derivative instruments | (41,233 )   | 78,700     | NM *     |

(1) Net investment income relating to property and casualty operations does not include the net investment income related to the net results from structured products.

(2) The Company records the income related to alternative fund affiliates on a one month lag and the private investment affiliates on a three

month lag  
in order for  
the  
Company  
to meet  
accelerated  
filing  
deadlines.

\* NM Not  
meaningful

Net investment income related to property and casualty operations increased in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 due primarily to a higher investment base and increases in the yield of the portfolio. The market yield to maturity on the total fixed income portfolio was 5.8% at September 30, 2007, as compared to 5.2% at September 30, 2006 due primarily to higher market yields. The growth in the investment base primarily reflected the Company's positive cash flow from operations.

Net income from investment affiliates increased in the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006, due primarily to strong results in the equity accounted portion of the alternative portfolio and a higher investment asset base.

The Company manages its investment grade fixed income securities using an asset/liability management framework. Due to the unique nature of the underlying liabilities, customized benchmarks are used to measure investment performance and comparison to standard market indices is not meaningful. Investment performance is not monitored for certain assets primarily consisting of operating cash and special regulatory deposits. The following is a summary of the investment portfolio returns for the asset/liability portfolios and risk asset portfolios for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

|                                   | <b>(Unaudited)</b>       |                 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
|                                   | <b>Nine Months Ended</b> |                 |
|                                   | <b>September 30,</b>     |                 |
|                                   | <b>2007 (1)</b>          | <b>2006 (1)</b> |
| <b>Asset/Liability portfolios</b> |                          |                 |
| USD fixed income portfolio        | 1.6 %                    | 3.4 %           |
| Non USD fixed income portfolio    | (0.3 )%                  | 2.3 %           |
| <b>Risk Asset portfolios</b>      |                          |                 |
| Alternative portfolio (2)         | 12.0 %                   | 6.7 %           |
| Equity portfolio                  | 11.4 %                   | 9.8 %           |
| High-Yield fixed income portfolio | 1.0 %                    | 5.0 %           |

(1) Portfolio  
returns are  
calculated by  
dividing the

sum of net investment income or net income from investment affiliates, realized gains (losses) and unrealized gains (losses) by the average market value of each portfolio. Performance is measured in either the underlying asset currency or the functional currency.

- (2) Performance on the alternative portfolio reflects the nine months ended August 31, 2007 and August 31, 2006, respectively.

**Net Realized Gains and Losses and Other than Temporary Declines in the Value of Investments**

Net realized losses on investments in the first nine months of 2007 included net realized losses of \$194.7 million related to the write-down of certain of the Company's fixed income and equity investments where the Company determined that there was an other than temporary decline in the value of those investments and net realized losses of \$19.2 million from sales of investments, both of which were largely driven by impairments and realized losses in the sub-prime and mortgage exposed portfolios. Offsetting these losses was a net realized gain of \$81.3 million from the secondary offering of SCA common shares.

Net realized losses on investments in the first nine months of 2006 included net realized losses of \$61.7 million related to the write-down of certain of the Company's fixed income, equity and other investments where the Company determined that there was an other than temporary decline in the value of these investments, net realized losses of \$6.8 million related to the SCA IPO and net realized gains of \$15.0 million from sales of investments.

Net realized and unrealized (losses) on investment and other derivatives for the nine month period ended September 30, 2007, resulted primarily from a mark-to-market loss of \$37.0 million with respect to a total return swap on the capital notes of a structured investment vehicle impacted by the markdown in the underlying net asset value of the assets of the capital notes, combined with a mark-to-market losses associated with the Company's capital, investment and hedging activities. Net realized and unrealized gains on investment derivatives for the nine month period ended September 30, 2006 resulted from the Company's investment strategy to manage interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and credit risk, and to replicate permitted investments.

***Other Revenues and Expenses***

The following table sets forth other revenues and expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)              | (Unaudited)                        |           |          |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
|  | Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |           |          |
|  | 2007                               | 2006      | % Change |
| Net income from operating affiliates (1) | \$ 140,640                         | \$ 51,560 | 172.8 %  |
| Amortization of intangible assets        | 1,260                              | 1,935     | (34.9)%  |
| Corporate operating expenses             | 144,875                            | 132,874   | 9.0 %    |
| Interest expense (2)                     | 159,059                            | 154,915   | 2.7 %    |
| Income tax expense                       | 192,758                            | 176,728   | 9.1 %    |
| Minority Interest                        | 23,994                             | 10,613    | 126.1 %  |

- (1) The Company records the income related to its operating affiliates on

a three  
month lag in  
order for the  
Company to  
meet  
accelerated  
filing  
deadlines.

- (2) Interest  
expense  
does not  
include  
interest  
expense  
related  
structured  
products as  
reported  
within the  
Insurance  
and  
Reinsurance  
segments.

The following table sets forth the net income from operating affiliates for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

| (U.S. dollars in thousands)                          | (Unaudited)                        |           |          |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
|  | Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |           |          |
|  | 2007                               | 2006      | % Change |
| Net income from financial operating affiliates       | \$ 12,347                          | \$ 15,503 | (20.4 )% |
| Net income from investment manager affiliates        | 104,476                            | 28,002    | NM *     |
| Net income from other strategic operating affiliates | 23,817                             | 8,055     | 195.7 %  |
| Total  | \$ 140,640                         | \$ 51,560 | 172.8 %  |

\* NM Not meaningful

Net income from financial operating affiliates is lower for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year, mainly due to lower equity earnings relating to Primus as a result of widening credit spreads in the first six months of 2007. Partially offsetting this decrease was equity earnings from SCA following the sale of a portion of the Company's interest in the second quarter of 2007.

Investment manager affiliate income increased during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in the prior year mainly due to strong results generated from certain global equity and mortgage specialist investment manager affiliates.

Net income from other strategic operating affiliates has increased during the first nine months of 2007 as compared to the first nine months of 2006, primarily as a result of strong results from an insurance affiliate which writes largely U.S. homeowners insurance and the Company's Brazilian joint venture ITÚA XL.

Corporate operating expenses in the nine months ended September 30, 2007 increased compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2006 primarily reflecting higher compensation costs.

Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 as compared to the same period in 2006 was higher primarily due to the issuance of the 2027 Senior Notes in early May 2007 as well as the costs associated with the retirement of the 2009 Senior Notes. For more information on the Company's financial structure, see Liquidity and Capital Resources.

The increase in the Company's income taxes arose principally from the increase in the profitability of the Company's U.S. and European operations.

Minority interest expense in 2007 related primarily to the 37% ownership interest in SCA common shares held by the public prior to the secondary offering of SCA common shares on June 6, 2007, while minority interest expense in 2006 related primarily to the 37% ownership interest in SCA following the initial public offering in August 2006 as well as the minority interest ownership in preferred shares of XL Financial Assurance ( XLFA ).



## Balance Sheet Analysis

### *Investments*

The primary objectives of the investment strategy are to support the liabilities arising from the operations of the Company, generate stable investment income and to build book value for the Company over the longer term. The strategy strives to maximize investment returns while taking into account market and credit risk. The Company's overall investment portfolio is structured to take into account a number of variables including local regulatory requirements, business needs, collateral management and risk tolerance.

At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, total investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased were \$46.1 billion and \$44.7 billion, respectively. The following table summarizes the composition of the Company's total investments and cash and cash equivalents:

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

|  | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Fair Value at<br/>September 30,<br/>2007</b> | <b>Percent of<br/>Total</b> | <b>Fair Value at<br/>December 31,<br/>2006</b> | <b>Percent of<br/>Total</b> |
|--|---|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                              | \$ 3,185,239  | 6.9 %                       | \$ 2,223,748                                   | 5.0 %                       |
| Net payable for investments purchased                  | (362,809 )  | (0.8 )%                     | (104,739 )                                     | (0.2 )%                     |
| Accrued investment income                              | 482,875   | 1.1 %                       | 432,618  | 1.0 %                       |
| Short-term investments                                 | 2,000,151   | 4.3 %                       | 2,338,487                                      | 5.2 %                       |
| Fixed maturities                                       | 35,791,400  | 77.7 %                      | 36,121,358                                     | 80.8 %                      |
| Equity securities                                      | 847,084   | 1.8 %                       | 891,138  | 2.0 %                       |
| Investments in affiliates                              | 3,429,614   | 7.5 %                       | 2,308,781                                      | 5.1 %                       |
| Other investments                                      | 682,289   | 1.5 %                       | 476,889  | 1.1 %                       |
| <b>Total investments and cash and cash equivalents</b> | <b>\$ 46,055,843</b>  | <b>100.0 %</b>              | <b>\$ 44,688,280</b>                           | <b>100.0 %</b>              |

The Company reviews on a regular basis its corporate debt concentration, credit quality and compliance with established guidelines. At September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the average credit quality of the Company's total fixed income portfolio was AA-. As at September 30, 2007, approximately 53.2% of the fixed income portfolio was rated AAA by one or more of the principal ratings agencies. Approximately 2.1% was below investment grade or not rated.

#### *Unpaid Losses and Loss Expenses*

The Company establishes reserves to provide for estimated claims, the general expenses of administering the claims adjustment process and for losses incurred but not reported. These reserves are calculated using actuarial and other reserving techniques to project the estimated ultimate net liability for losses and loss expenses. The Company's reserving practices and the establishment of any particular reserve reflects management's judgment concerning sound financial practice and do not represent any admission of liability with respect to any claims made against the Company.

Unpaid losses and loss expenses totaled \$23.0 billion at September 30, 2007, and \$22.9 billion at December 31, 2006.

The table below represents a reconciliation of the Company's unpaid losses and loss expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

(U.S. dollars in thousands)

|                                 | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Gross unpaid<br/>losses and loss<br/>expenses</b> | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Unpaid<br/>losses and<br/>loss expenses<br/>recoverable</b> | <b>(Unaudited)<br/>Net unpaid<br/>losses<br/>and loss<br/>expenses</b> |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Balance as at December 31, 2006 | \$ 22,895,021  | \$ (4,995,373 )  | \$ 17,899,648  |

Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

|   |               |              |            |
|---|---------------|--------------|------------|
| Losses and loss expenses incurred       | 3,734,540     | (877,241 )   | 2,857,299  |
| Losses and loss expenses paid/recovered | 3,875,732     | (1,079,910 ) | 2,795,822  |
| Foreign exchange and other (1)          | 261,165       | (16,621 )    | 244,544    |
| Balance as at September 30, 2007        | \$ 23,014,994 | (4,809,325 ) | 18,205,669 |

---

- (1) Includes the impact of non-consolidation of SCA as at September 30, 2007.

While the Company reviews the adequacy of established reserves for unpaid losses and loss expenses regularly, no assurance can be given that actual claims made and payments related thereto will not be in excess of the amounts reserved. In the future, if such reserves develop adversely, such deficiency would have a negative impact on future results of operations. See Unpaid Losses and Loss Expenses in Item 1, Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in Item 7 and Item 8, Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, each in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 for further discussion.

***Unpaid Losses and Loss Expenses Recoverable and Reinsurance Balances Receivable***

As a significant portion of the Company's net premiums written incept in the first nine months of the year, certain assets and liabilities have increased at September 30, 2007 compared to

December 31, 2006. This includes deferred acquisition costs, unearned premiums, premiums receivable and prepaid reinsurance premiums. Partially offsetting this increase is a decline due to SCA assets and liabilities not being consolidated at September 30, 2007.

In the normal course of business, the Company seeks to reduce the potential amount of loss arising from claims events by reinsuring certain levels of risk assumed in various areas of exposure with other insurers or reinsurers. While reinsurance agreements are designed to limit the Company's losses from large exposures and permit recovery of a portion of direct unpaid losses, reinsurance does not relieve the Company of its ultimate liability to its insureds. Accordingly, the loss and loss expense reserves on the balance sheet represent the Company's total unpaid gross losses. Unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable relate to estimated reinsurance recoveries on the unpaid loss and loss expense reserves.

Unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverables were \$4.8 billion at September 30, 2007 and \$5.0 billion at December 31, 2006.

The table below presents the Company's net paid and unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable and reinsurance balances receivable at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006.

**(U.S. dollars in thousands)**

|   | <b>(Unaudited)</b><br><b>September 30,</b><br><b>2007</b> | <b>December 31,</b><br><b>2006</b> |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Reinsurance balances receivable   | \$ 902,779  | \$ 1,128,721                       |
| Reinsurance recoverable on future policy benefits   | 30,746  | 32,399                             |
| Unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable   | 4,960,055   | 5,191,646                          |
| Bad debt reserve on unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable and reinsurance balances receivable | (206,806 )  | (218,343 )                         |
| Net paid and unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable and reinsurance balances receivable        | \$ 5,686,774  | \$ 6,134,423                       |

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As a holding company, the Company's assets consist primarily of its investments in subsidiaries, and the Company's future cash flows depend on the availability of dividends or other statutorily permissible payments from its subsidiaries. The ability to pay such dividends is limited by the applicable laws and regulations of the various countries the Company operates in including, among others, Bermuda, the United States, Ireland, Switzerland and the United Kingdom, and those of the Society of Lloyd's and certain contractual provisions. No assurance can be given that the Company or its subsidiaries will be permitted to pay dividends in the future.

The Company and its subsidiaries provide no guarantees or other commitments (express or implied) of financial support to the Company's subsidiaries or affiliates, except for where such guarantees or commitments are in writing.

### **Liquidity**

Liquidity is a measure of the Company's ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet the short and long term cash requirements of the Company's business operations.

The Company's operating subsidiaries provide liquidity in that premiums are generally received months or even years before losses are paid under the policies related to such premiums. Historically, cash receipts from operations, consisting of premiums and investment income, have provided more than sufficient funds to pay losses, operating expenses and dividends to the Company.

Net cash from operations was \$2.0 billion in the first nine months of 2007 compared with \$1.5 billion in the same period in 2006. The increase is due primarily to higher investment income received and a lower level of paid losses.

### **Capital Resources**

At September 30, 2007, the Company had total shareholders' equity of \$11.4 billion. In addition to ordinary and preferred share capital, the Company depends on external sources of financing such as debt, credit facilities and contingent capital to support its underwriting activities.

On February 23, 2007, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a share repurchase program that authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its Class A ordinary shares and included the unused \$135.4 million allocated to the share repurchase program authorized by the Board of Directors in January of 2000. Under the program, the Company repurchased and cancelled 13.2 million shares during the first nine months of 2007 and fully utilized the \$1.0 billion authorized under the share repurchase program. On September 24, 2007, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a new share repurchase program, authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$500.0 million of its Class A ordinary shares. Repurchases may be made from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, and the Company expects that those repurchases will be funded from cash on-hand. The timing and amount of the share repurchases under the program will depend on a variety of factors, including market conditions, legal requirements and other factors. As of September 30, 2007, no share repurchases had been made under the new share repurchase program. Subsequent to September 30, 2007 through November 6, 2007, the Company repurchased 1.4 million shares for \$100.0 million.

See Part II, Item 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds, below.

On March 15, 2007, the Company issued 1,000,000 Fixed/Floating Series E Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.01 each, with liquidation preference US\$1,000 per share (the Series E Preference Shares). The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$983.8 million from the offering. Until April 15, 2017, dividends on the Series E Preference Shares are payable semiannually on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, on April 15 and October 15 of each year at a fixed rate equal to 6.5% per annum on the liquidation preference. From and after April 15, 2017, dividends on the Series E Preference Shares are payable quarterly on a non-cumulative basis, when, as and if declared by the Company's Board of Directors, on January 15, April 15, July 15 and October 15 of each year at a floating rate equal to three-month LIBOR plus 2.4575% on the liquidation preference. Dividends of \$38.64 per Series E Preference Share were declared on July 30, 2007 and were paid on October 15, 2007. The Series E Preference Shares are perpetual securities with no fixed maturity date and are not convertible into any of the Company's other securities.

On March 15, 2007, in connection with the sale of the Series E Preference Shares, the Company entered into a Replacement Capital Covenant (the Replacement Capital Covenant), whereby the Company agreed for the initial benefit of the holders of the Company's 6.375% senior notes due 2024 (the Senior Notes) that all or any part of the Series E Preference Shares will not be redeemed or purchased by the Company on or before April 15, 2047, unless during the nine months prior to the date of that redemption or purchase, the Company receives a specified amount of proceeds from the sale of ordinary shares and certain other securities that have characteristics that are the same as, or more equity-like than, the applicable characteristics of the Series E Preference Shares being redeemed or purchased at that time.

On May 7, 2007, the Company issued \$325.0 million aggregate principal amount of 6.25% Senior Notes due 2027 (the 2027 Senior Notes). The 2027 Senior Notes were issued at 99.805% and gross proceeds were \$324.4 million. Related expenses of the offering, including underwriting discounts, amounted to approximately \$2.5 million. Interest on the 2027 Senior Notes is payable on May 15, and November 15 of each year, beginning November 15, 2007. The Company may redeem the 2027 Senior Notes in whole at any time, or in part from time to time, at a make-whole redemption price. The Company may also redeem the 2027 Senior Notes in whole, but not in part, at any time upon the occurrence of certain tax events. The 2027 Senior Notes are unsecured and rank equally with all the Company's existing and future unsecured senior debt.

In March 2004, the Company issued 33 million 6.5% Equity Security Units (the 6.5% Units) in a public offering. Each 6.5% Unit had a stated amount of \$25 and consisted of (a) a purchase contract pursuant to which the holder agreed to purchase, for \$25, a variable number of shares of the Company's Class A ordinary shares on May 15, 2007 and (b) a one-fortieth, or 2.5%, ownership interest in a 2.53% senior note with a principal amount of \$1,000, issued by the Company due May 15, 2009 (the 2009 Senior Notes). The 2009 Senior Notes were pledged by the holders to secure their obligations under the purchase contracts. The number of shares issued under the purchase



contracts was adjustable based on, among other things, the average share price of the Company for the twenty consecutive trading days ending on the third trading day immediately preceding the stock purchase date and the dividend rate of the Company. On May 2, 2007, the 2009 Senior Notes were remarketed whereby the interest rate was reset in order to generate sufficient remarketing proceeds to satisfy the 6.5% Unit holders obligations under the purchase contracts. The Company purchased and retired the aggregate principal amount of the 2009 Senior Notes as a part of that remarketing. On May 15, 2007, the purchase contracts matured and the Company issued Class A ordinary shares in connection therewith. Each purchase contract provided for the sale by the Company of 0.32727 Class A Ordinary shares (the Shares ) at a price of \$25.00. The settlement of the purchase contracts resulted in the Company's issuance of an aggregate of 10,799,913 Shares for net proceeds of approximately \$823.0 million.

On August 14, 2007, the Company redeemed all of its outstanding 8.0% Series A Preference Ordinary Shares (the Series A Preference Shares ) for approximately \$25.24 per Series A Preference Share including accrued dividends. The aggregate redemption price was approximately \$232.2 million.

As at September 30, 2007, the Company had revolving loan facilities from a variety of sources, including commercial banks, totaling \$4.0 billion of which \$2.9 billion in debt was outstanding. In addition, the Company had letter of credit facilities amounting to \$7.5 billion of which \$3.3 billion was utilized to provide letters of credit in issue at September 30, 2007, 4.8% of which were collateralized by the Company's investment portfolio. Such letters of credit principally support the Company's U.S. non-admitted business and the Company's capital requirements at Lloyd's.

On October 12, 2007, the Company called for redemption all of its outstanding 7.625% Series B Preference Ordinary Shares (the Series B Preference Shares ). The redemption date for the Series B Preference Shares will be November 19, 2007, and the redemption price will be approximately \$25.26 per Series B Preference Share including accrued and unpaid dividends. The aggregate redemption price for all outstanding Series B Preference Shares will be approximately \$290.5 million.

## Debt

The following table presents the Company's indebtedness under outstanding debt securities and lenders' commitments as at September 30, 2007:

| Notes Payable and Debt (U.S. dollars in thousands) | Commitment   | In Use  | Year of Expiry | Payments Due by Period |              |              |               |
|--|--------------|---------|----------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
|  |              |         |                | Less than 1 Year       | 1 to 3 Years | 3 to 5 Years | After 5 Years |
| 5-year revolvers (1)                               | \$ 1,000,000 | \$      | 2010/2012      | \$                     | \$           | \$           | \$            |
| 5-year revolver                                    | 100,000      |         | 2010           |                        |              |              |               |
| 5.25% Senior Notes                                 | 745,000      | 745,000 | 2011           |                        |              | 745,000      |               |
| 6.58% Guaranteed Senior                            | 255,000      | 255,000 | 2011           |                        |              | 255,000      |               |



|  |              |              |      |    |              |              |
|--|--------------|--------------|------|----|--------------|--------------|
| Notes                                  |              |              |      |    |              |              |
| 6.50%<br>Guaranteed<br>Senior<br>Notes | 596,635      | 596,635      | 2012 |    | 600,000      |              |
| 5.25%<br>Senior<br>Notes               | 595,470      | 595,470      | 2014 |    |              | 600,000      |
| 6.375%<br>Senior<br>Notes              | 350,000      | 350,000      | 2024 |    |              | 350,000      |
| 6.25%<br>Senior<br>Notes               | 324,294      | 324,294      | 2027 |    |              | 325,000      |
| <b>Total</b>                           | \$ 3,966,399 | \$ 2,866,399 |      | \$ | \$ 1,600,000 | \$ 1,275,000 |

Commitment and In Use data represent September 30, 2007 accreted values. Payments Due by Period data represent ultimate redemption values.

(1) The 2010 and 2012 5-year revolving credit facilities share a \$1 billion revolving credit sub-limit.

**Credit facilities, contingent capital and other sources of collateral**

At September 30, 2007, the Company had seven letter of credit facilities in place with total availability of \$7.5 billion, of which \$3.3 billion was utilized.

| Other<br>Commercial<br>Commitments<br>(U.S. dollars<br>in thousands) | Commitment   | In Use       | Year of<br>Expiry | Amount of Commitment<br>Expiration Per Period |                 |                 |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|
|  |              |              |                   | Less than<br>1 Year                           | 1 to 3<br>Years | 3 to 5<br>Years |
| Letter of credit facility  | \$ 200,000   | \$ 139,540   | Continuous        | \$ 200,000                                    | \$              | \$              |
| Letter of credit facility  | 150,000      | 150,000      | 2007              | 150,000                                       |                 |                 |
| Letter of credit facility  | 539          | 539          | 2007              | 539   |                 |                 |
| Letter of credit facility  | 1,771        | 1,771        | 2007              | 1,771   |                 |                 |
| Letter of credit facility  | 907,155      | 738,121      | 2007              | 907,155                                       |                 |                 |
| Letter of credit facility (1)  | 2,250,000    |              | 2010              |   | 2,250,000       |                 |
| Letter of credit facility (1)  | 4,000,000    | 2,254,217    | 2012              |   |                 | 4,000,000       |
| Seven letter of credit facilities                                    | \$ 7,509,465 | \$ 3,284,188 |                   | \$ 1,259,465                                  | \$ 2,250,000    | \$ 4,000,000    |

(1) Of the total letter of credit facilities above, \$1 billion is also included in the revolvers under notes payable and debt.

The Company has several letter of credit facilities provided on a syndicated and bilateral basis from banks. These facilities are principally utilized to support non-admitted insurance and reinsurance operations in the United States and capital requirements at Lloyd's. In addition to letters of credit, the Company has established insurance trusts in the U.S. that provide cedants with statutory relief under state insurance regulations in the U.S. It is anticipated that the commercial facilities will be renewed on expiry but such renewals are subject to the availability of credit from banks utilized by the Company. In the event that such credit support is insufficient, the Company could be required to provide alternative security to cedants. This could take the form of additional insurance trusts supported by the Company's investment portfolio or funds withheld using the Company's cash resources. The value of letters of credit required is driven by, among other things, loss development of existing reserves, the payment pattern of such reserves, and the expansion of business written by the Company and loss experience of such business.

In addition to funded debt transactions, the Company has entered into contingent capital transactions. No up-front proceeds were received by the Company under these transactions, however, in the event that the associated irrevocable put and/or contingent put option agreements are exercised, proceeds previously raised from investors from the issuance of pass-through trust securities would be received in return for the issuance of preferred shares by the Company as applicable.

### **Ratings**

The Company's ability to underwrite business is dependent upon the quality of its claims paying and financial strength ratings as evaluated by independent rating agencies. As a result, in the event that the Company is downgraded, its ability to write business may be adversely affected. The Company regularly evaluates its capital needs to support the volume of business written in order to maintain its claims paying and financial strength ratings. The Company regularly provides financial information to rating agencies to both maintain and enhance existing ratings.

## Edgar Filing: XL CAPITAL LTD - Form 10-Q

The following are the current financial strength and claims paying ratings from internationally recognized rating agencies in relation to the Company's principal insurance and reinsurance subsidiaries and pools:

| <b>Rating agency</b>      | <b>Rating</b> |          |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------|
| Standard & Poor's         | A+            | (Stable) |
| Fitch                     | AA            | (Stable) |
| A.M. Best                 | A+            | (Stable) |
| Moody's Investor Services | Aa3           | (Stable) |

In addition, XL Capital Ltd had the following long term debt ratings as at September 30, 2007: a (Stable) from A.M. Best, A (Stable) from Standard and Poor's, A3 (Stable) from Moody's and A+ (Stable) from Fitch.

### **Long-Term Contractual Obligations, Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Other**

For information regarding cross-default and certain other provisions in the Company's debt and convertible securities documents, see Item 7 of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The Company has entered into certain agreements with SCA which unconditionally and irrevocably guarantee: i) XLCA for the full and complete payment when due of all of XLFA's obligations under its facultative quota share reinsurance agreement with XLCA, ii) the full and complete payments of XLCA under certain financial guarantees issued by XLCA and arranged by XLCAUK and iii) Financial Security Assurance (FSA) for the full and complete payment of XLFA's obligations under the FSA Master Facultative Agreement. These guarantee arrangements terminated with respect to any new business produced through the underlying agreements after the effective date of the IPO, but the guarantees remain in effect with respect to cessions under these agreements prior to the IPO. The aggregate net par value outstanding of business guaranteed by the Company under these agreements was approximately \$78.4 billion as at September 30, 2007.

See the discussion of the Company's Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates in Item 7 of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

### **CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (PSLRA) provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements. Any prospectus, prospectus supplement, the Company's Annual Report to ordinary shareholders, any proxy statement, any other Form 10-K, Form 10-Q or Form 8-K of the Company or any other written or oral statements made by or on behalf of the Company may include forward-looking statements that reflect the Company's current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Such statements include forward-looking statements both with respect to the Company in general, and to the insurance and reinsurance sectors in particular (both as to underwriting and investment matters). Statements that include the words "expect", "intend", "plan", "believe", "project", "anticipate", "will" or similar statements of a future or forward-looking nature identify forward-looking statements for purposes of the PSLRA or otherwise. All forward-looking statements address matters that involve risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in such statements. The Company believes that these factors include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) changes to the size of the Company's claims relating to natural catastrophes; (ii) the timely and full recoverability of reinsurance placed by the Company with third parties, or other amounts due to the Company; (iii) the projected amount of ceded reinsurance recoverables and the ratings and creditworthiness of reinsurers may change; (iv) the timing of claims payments being faster or the receipt of reinsurance recoverables being slower than anticipated by the Company; (v) ineffectiveness or obsolescence of the Company's business strategy due to changes in current or future market conditions; (vi) increased competition on the basis of pricing, capacity,



coverage terms or other factors; (vii) greater frequency or severity of claims and loss activity, including as a result of natural or man-made catastrophic events, than the Company's underwriting, reserving or investment practices anticipate based on historical experience or industry data; (viii) developments in the world's financial and capital markets that adversely affect the performance of the Company's investments and the Company's access to such markets including, but not limited to further market developments relating to sub-prime and residential mortgages (ix) the potential impact on the Company from government-mandated insurance coverage for acts of terrorism; (x) the potential impact of variable interest entities or other off-balance sheet arrangements on the Company; (xi) developments in bankruptcy proceedings or other developments related to bankruptcies of companies insofar as they affect property and casualty insurance and reinsurance coverages or claims that the Company may have as a counterparty; (xii) availability of borrowings and letters of credit under the Company's credit facilities; (xiii) changes in regulation or tax laws applicable to the Company or its subsidiaries, brokers or customers; (xiv) acceptance of the Company's products and services, including new products and services; (xv) changes in the availability, cost or quality of reinsurance; (xvi) changes in the distribution or placement of risks due to increased consolidation of insurance and reinsurance brokers; (xvii) loss of key personnel; (xviii) the effects of mergers, acquisitions and divestitures; (xix) changes in ratings, rating agency policies or practices; (xx) changes in accounting policies or practices or the application thereof; (xxi) legislative or regulatory developments; (xxii) changes in general economic conditions, including inflation, foreign currency exchange rates and other factors; (xxiii) the effects of business disruption or economic contraction due to war, terrorism or other hostilities; and (xxiv) the other factors set forth in the Company's other documents on file with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The foregoing review of important factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included herein or elsewhere. The Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

### **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Except as described below, there have been no material changes in the Company's market risk exposures or how those exposures are managed, since December 31, 2006. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk, presented under Item 7A of the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The Company enters into derivatives and other financial instruments primarily for risk management purposes. The Company's derivative transactions can expose the Company to credit default swap risk, weather and energy risk, investment market risk and foreign currency exchange rate risk. The Company attempts to manage these risks based on guidelines established by senior management. Derivative instruments are carried at fair value with resulting changes in fair value recognized in income in the period in which they occur.

Value-at-risk ( VaR ) is one of the tools used by management to estimate potential losses in fair values using historical rates, market movements and credit spreads to estimate the volatility and correlation of these factors to calculate the potential loss that could occur over a defined period of time given a certain probability.

This risk management discussion and the estimated amounts generated from the sensitivity and VaR analyses presented in this document are forward-looking statements of market risk assuming certain adverse market conditions occur. Actual results in the future may differ materially from these estimated results due to, among other things, actual developments in the global financial markets. The results of analysis used by the Company to assess and mitigate risk should not be considered projections of future events or losses. See generally Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements in Item 2.

## **Investment Market Risks**

The Company's investment portfolio consists of exposures to fixed income securities, equities, alternative investments, derivatives, business and other investments and cash. These securities and investments are denominated in both U.S. dollars and foreign currencies.

Through the structure of the Company's investment portfolio, the Company's earnings and book value are directly affected by changes in the valuations of the securities and investments held in the investment portfolio. These valuation changes reflect changes in interest rates (e.g., changes in the level, slope and curvature of the yield curves, volatility of interest rates, mortgage prepayment speeds and credit spreads), credit quality, equity prices (e.g., changes in prices and volatilities of individual securities, equity baskets and equity indices) and foreign currency exchange rates (e.g., changes in spot prices, forward prices and volatilities of currency rates). Market risk therefore arises due to the uncertainty surrounding the future valuations of these different assets, the factors that impact their values and the impact that this could have on the Company's earnings and book value.

The Company seeks to manage the risks of the investment portfolio through a combination of asset class, country, industry and security level diversification and investment manager allocations. These allocation decisions are made relative to the liability profile of the Company and the Company's surplus. Further, individual security and issuer exposures are generally controlled and monitored at the investment portfolio level, via specific investment constraints outlined in investment guidelines and agreed with the Company's external investment professionals. Additional constraints are generally agreed with the external investment professionals which may address exposures to eligible securities, prohibited investments/transactions, credit quality and general concentration limits.

The Company's direct use of investment derivatives includes futures, forwards, swaps and option contracts that derive their value from underlying assets, indices, reference rates or a combination of these factors. When investment guidelines allow for the use of derivatives, these can generally only be used for the purposes of managing interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk, credit risk and replicating permitted investments, provided the use of such instruments is incorporated in the overall portfolio duration, spread, convexity and other relevant portfolio metrics. The direct use of derivatives is generally not permitted to economically leverage the portfolio outside of the stated guidelines. Derivatives may also be used to add value to the investment portfolio where market inefficiencies are perceived to exist, to utilize cash holdings to purchase equity indexed derivatives and to adjust the duration of a portfolio of fixed income securities to match the duration of related deposit liabilities.

### **Investment Value-at-Risk (VaR)**

The VaR of the investment portfolio at September 30, 2007, based on a 95% confidence level with a one month holding period was approximately \$539 million as compared to \$602 million at December 31, 2006. The VaR of all investment related derivatives excluding investments in affiliates and other investments was approximately \$21 million as compared to \$13 million at December 31, 2006. The Company's investment portfolio VaR as at September 30, 2007 is not necessarily indicative of future VaR levels.

To complement the VaR analysis based on normal market environments, the Company considers the impact on the investment portfolio of several different historical stress periods to analyze the effect of unusual market conditions. The Company establishes certain historical stress test scenarios which are applied to the actual investment portfolio. As these stress tests and estimated gains and losses are based on historical events, they will not necessarily reflect future stress events or gains and losses from such events. The results of the stress test scenarios are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure they are appropriate, based on current shareholders equity, market conditions and the Company's total risk tolerance.

Given the investment portfolio allocations as at September 30, 2007, the Company would expect to lose approximately 5.7% of the portfolio if the most damaging event stress tested was repeated, all other things held equal, as compared to 5.3% at December 31, 2006. Given the investment portfolio allocations as at September 30, 2007, the Company would expect to gain approximately 17.5% of the portfolio if the most favorable event stress tested was repeated, all other things held equal, as compared to 16.5% at December 31, 2006. The Company assumes that no action is taken during the stress period to either liquidate or rebalance the portfolio. The Company believes that this fairly reflects the potential decreased liquidity that is often associated with stressed market environments.

### Fixed Income Portfolio

The Company's fixed income portfolio is exposed to credit and interest rate risk through its portfolio of debt securities, and includes fixed maturities and short-term investments. The fixed income portfolio includes fixed maturities, short-term investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased.

As at September 30, 2007, the value of the Company's fixed income portfolio (including cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased) was \$41.1 billion as compared to \$41.0 billion at December 31, 2006. As at September 30, 2007, the fixed income portfolio consisted of approximately 89.2% of the total investment portfolio (including cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased) as compared to approximately 91.8% as at December 31, 2006.

The table below shows the Company's fixed income portfolio by credit rating in percentage terms of the Company's total fixed income exposure (including fixed maturities, short-term investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased) as at September 30, 2007:

|              | <b>Total</b>   |
|--------------|----------------|
| AAA          | 53.2 %         |
| AA           | 17.1 %         |
| A            | 16.9 %         |
| BBB          | 10.7 %         |
| BB & below   | 2.1 %          |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>100.0 %</b> |

At September 30, 2007, the average credit quality of the Company's total fixed income portfolio was AA.

As at September 30, 2007, the top 10 corporate holdings, which exclude government guaranteed and government sponsored enterprises, represented approximately 4.5% of the total fixed income portfolio and approximately 12.4% of all corporate holdings. The top 10 corporate holdings listed below represent the direct exposure to the corporations listed below, including their subsidiaries, and excludes any securitized, credit enhanced and collateralized asset or mortgage backed securities, cash and cash equivalents, and excludes any reduction to this exposure through credit default swaps, if applicable.



| <b>Top 10 Corporate Holdings</b> | <b>Percentage of<br/>Total<br/>Fixed Income<br/>Portfolio (1)</b> |
|----------------------------------|---|
| HBOS plc                         | 0.6 %   |
| General Electric Company         | 0.6 %   |
| The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc     | 0.5 %   |
| Citigroup Inc                    | 0.5 %   |
| Bank of America Corporation      | 0.5 %   |
| Merrill Lynch & Co Inc           | 0.4 %   |
| HSBC Holdings plc                | 0.4 %   |
| Lloyds TSB Group plc             | 0.4 %   |
| Morgan Stanley                   | 0.3 %   |
| Barclays plc                     | 0.3 %   |

---

- (1) Including fixed maturities, short-term investments, cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased.

The Company's fixed income portfolio is exposed to interest rate risk. Interest rate risk is the price sensitivity of a fixed income security to changes in interest rates. The hypothetical case of an immediate 100 basis point adverse parallel shift in global bond curves as at September 30, 2007, would decrease the fair value of the Company's fixed income portfolio by approximately 4.2% or \$1.7 billion. Based on historical observations, it is unlikely that all global yield curves would shift uniformly in the same direction and at the same time.

### Equity Portfolio

As at September 30, 2007, the Company's public equity portfolio was \$751 million as compared to \$699 million as at December 31, 2006. This excludes fixed income fund investments and publicly traded alternative funds that generally do not have the risk characteristics of equity investments. As at September 30, 2007, the Company's allocation to equity securities was approximately 1.6% of the total investment portfolio (including cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased) as compared to approximately 1.6% as at December 31, 2006.

As at September 30, 2007, approximately 34% of the equity holdings were invested in U.S. companies, as compared to 45% as at December 31, 2006. As at September 30, 2007, the top ten equity holdings represented approximately 7.9% of the Company's total equity portfolio as compared to approximately 7.9% as at December 31, 2006.

The Company's equity portfolio is exposed to equity price risk. Equity price risk is the potential loss arising from decreases in the market value of equities. An immediate hypothetical 10% change in the value of each equity position would affect the fair value of the portfolio by approximately \$75.1 million as compared to \$69.9 million as at December 31, 2006.

### **Alternative Investment Portfolio**

The Company's alternative investment portfolio had more than 100 separate investments in different funds at September 30, 2007 with a total exposure of \$2.2 billion making up approximately 4.8% of the total investment portfolio (including cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment incomes and net payable for investments purchased) compared to December 31, 2006, where the Company had more than 80 separate fund investments with a total exposure of \$1.9 billion representing approximately 4.3% of the total investment portfolio.

At September 30, 2007, the alternative investment style allocation was 45% in Directional/Tactical strategies, 26% in Arbitrage strategies, 22% in Event driven strategies, and 7% in Multi-strategy strategies. At December 31, 2006, the alternative investment style allocation was 44% in Directional/Tactical strategies, 24% in Event driven strategies, 24% in Arbitrage strategies, and 8% in Multi-strategy strategies.

### **Private Investment Portfolio**

As at September 30, 2007, the Company's exposure to private investments was \$426.3 million compared to \$330.2 million as at December 31, 2006. As at September 30, 2007, the Company's exposure to private investments consisted of approximately 0.9% of the total investment portfolio (including cash and cash equivalents, accrued investment income and net payable for investments purchased), compared to approximately 0.7% as at December 31, 2006.

### **Bond and Stock Index Futures Exposure**

At September 30, 2007, bond and stock index futures outstanding had a net short position of \$90.3 million as compared to a net long position of \$23.8 million at December 31, 2006. A 10% appreciation or depreciation of the underlying exposure to these derivative instruments would have resulted in realized losses or realized gains of \$9.0 million as at September 30, 2007 and \$2.4 million as at December 31, 2006, respectively. The Company may reduce its exposure to these futures through offsetting transactions, including options and forwards.

### **Other Market Risks**

#### **Credit Default Swap and Financial Guaranty Credit Risk**

Credit derivatives are entered into as part of certain structured products as well as within the Company's investment portfolio and are recorded at fair value. In determining the fair value of credit derivatives written as part of certain structured products, management estimates fair value by monitoring changes in credit quality and selecting appropriate market indices to determine credit spread movements over the life of the contracts. The determination of the credit spread movements is the basis for calculating the fair value.

#### **Unpaid Losses and Loss Expenses Recoverable and Reinsurance Balances Receivable Credit Risk**

With regards to unpaid losses and loss expenses recoverable and reinsurance balances receivable, the Company has credit risk should any of its reinsurers be unable or unwilling to settle amounts due to the Company.

#### **Counterparty Credit Risk**

The Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by the other parties to its derivative instruments in general, however, the Company does not anticipate non-performance. The difference between the notional principal amounts and the associated market value is the Company's maximum credit exposure.

#### **Foreign Currency Exchange Risk**

The Company has exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations through its net investment in foreign operations, unpaid losses and loss expenses and in its investment portfolio. The Company's net receivable on foreign exchange contracts as at September 30, 2007 was \$420.5 million as compared to a net receivable of \$211.5 million as at December 31, 2006, with a net unrealized loss of \$5.3 million as compared to a net unrealized gain of \$15.5 million as at December 31, 2006.

#### **Weather and Energy Risk**

The Company offers weather and contingent energy risk management products in insurance or derivative form to end-users, while managing the risks in the over-the-counter and exchange traded derivatives markets or through the use of quota share or excess of loss arrangements.



Fair values for the Company's portfolio of speculative natural gas derivative contracts are determined through the use of quoted market prices. As quoted market prices are not widely available in the weather derivative market, management uses available market data and internal pricing models based upon consistent statistical methodologies to estimate fair values. Estimating fair value of instruments that do not have quoted market prices, requires management's judgment in determining amounts that could reasonably be expected to be received from, or paid to, a third party in respect of the contracts. The amounts could be materially different from the amounts that might be realized in an actual sale transaction. Fair values are subject to change in the near-term and reflect management's best estimate based on various factors including, but not limited to, realized and forecasted weather conditions, changes in interest rates and other market factors.

The Company manages its weather and energy risk portfolio through the employment of a variety of strategies. These include geographical and directional diversification of risk exposures and direct hedging within the capital and reinsurance markets. Risk management is undertaken on a portfolio-wide basis, to maintain a portfolio that the Company believes is well diversified and which remains within the aggregate risk tolerance established by the Company's senior management. At present, the Company's VaR related to these risks does not exceed \$20.0 million in any one season.

#### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

##### **Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that all material information relating to the Company required to be filed in this report has been made known to them in a timely fashion.

##### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the Company's evaluation required pursuant to Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that occurred during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On September 21, 2004, a consolidated and amended class action complaint (the Amended Complaint ) was served on the Company and certain of its present and former directors and officers as defendants in a putative class action (Malin et al. v. XL Capital Ltd et al.) filed in United States District Court, District of Connecticut (the Malin Action ). The Malin Action purports to be on behalf of purchasers of the Company s common stock between November 1, 2001 and October 16, 2003, and alleges claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder (the Securities Laws ). The Amended Complaint alleged that the defendants violated the Securities Laws by, among other things, failing to disclose in various public statements, reports to shareholders and other communications the alleged inadequacy of the Company s loss reserves for its NAC Re subsidiary (now known as XL Reinsurance America, Inc.) and that, as a consequence, the Company s earnings and assets were materially overstated. On August 26, 2005, the Court dismissed the Amended Complaint owing to its failure adequately to allege that the lead plaintiffs had sustained a loss, but provided leave for the plaintiffs to file a further amended complaint. The plaintiffs thereafter filed another amended complaint (the Second Amended Complaint ), which is similar to the Amended Complaint in its substantive allegations. On December 31, 2005, the defendants filed a motion to dismiss the Second Amended Complaint. The plaintiffs opposed the motion. In addition, the plaintiffs filed a motion to strike certain documents and exhibits that the XL defendants had proffered in support of the motion to dismiss. By Order dated December 15, 2006, the Judge granted in part and denied in part plaintiffs motion to strike and allowed limited discovery through March 2, 2007. The Judge denied defendants motion to dismiss without prejudice to its renewal at the conclusion of such discovery. On March 22, 2007, the defendants filed their renewed motion to dismiss the Second Amended Complaint. By order dated July 21, 2007, the Judge granted defendants renewed motion and dismissed the Second Amended Complaint. On August 30, 2007 plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal and the parties have agreed a briefing schedule. The Company and the defendant present and former officers and directors will continue to vigorously defend the Malin Action.

In May 2005, the Company received a subpoena from the SEC and, in September 2005, a grand jury subpoena from the U.S. Attorney s Office for the Southern District of New York, both of which sought documents and information relating to certain finite risk and loss mitigation insurance products. The Company provided the requested documents and information in 2005, and will continue to cooperate with any additional requests that may be received.

In November 2006, a subsidiary of the Company received a grand jury subpoena from the Antitrust Division of the U.S. Department of Justice and a subpoena from the SEC, both of which seek documents in connection with an investigation into the municipal guaranteed investment contract ( GIC ) market and related products. The Company is fully cooperating with these investigations.

From time to time, the Company has also received and responded to additional requests from Attorneys General and state insurance regulators for information relating to the Company s contingent commission arrangements with brokers and agents and the Company s insurance and reinsurance practices in connection with certain finite-risk and loss mitigation products. Similarly, the Company s affiliates outside the United States have, from time to time, received and responded to requests from regulators relating to the Company s insurance and reinsurance practices regarding contingent commissions or finite-risk and loss mitigation products. The Company has fully cooperated with the regulators in these matters.

In August 2005, plaintiffs in a proposed class action multi-district lawsuit, captioned In re Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation, MDL No. 1663, Civil Action No. 04-5184 (the MDL ), filed a consolidated amended complaint (the Amended Complaint ), which named as new defendants, in the pending action approximately 30 entities, including Greenwich Insurance



Company, Indian Harbor Insurance Company and XL Capital Ltd. In the MDL, named plaintiffs asserted various claims purportedly on behalf of a class of commercial insureds against approximately 113 insurance companies and insurance brokers through which the named plaintiffs allegedly purchased insurance. The Amended Complaint alleged that the defendant insurance companies and insurance brokers conspired to manipulate bidding practices for insurance policies in certain insurance lines and failed to disclose certain commission arrangements. The named plaintiffs asserted statutory claims under the Sherman Act, various state antitrust laws and the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act ( RICO ), as well as common law claims alleging breach of fiduciary duty, aiding and abetting a breach of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment. Discovery in the MDL commenced in the latter part of 2005. Defendants filed motions to dismiss the Amended Complaint in late November 2005. On February 1, 2006, plaintiffs filed a motion seeking leave to further amend their Amended Complaint to, among other things, add additional defendants, including X.L. America, Inc. and XL Insurance America, Inc. That motion was denied without prejudice. By Opinion and Order dated October 3, 2006, the Court ruled on defendants' motions to dismiss the Amended Complaint, holding that plaintiffs' RICO and antitrust claims were deficient as pled and directing plaintiffs to file a supplemental RICO case statement and a supplemental statement of particularity as to their Sherman Act claims. Plaintiffs filed their supplemental pleadings on October 25, 2006 and on November 30, 2006, defendants filed motions to dismiss plaintiffs' supplemental pleadings.

By Order dated February 16, 2007, the MDL was reassigned from Judge Faith Hochberg to Chief Judge Garrett Brown.

By Order dated April 5, 2007, the Court dismissed plaintiffs' Sherman Act and RICO claims without prejudice to their filing final amended pleadings. By Order dated April 11, 2007, the Court stayed all proceedings in the MDL, including discovery, pending the disposition of defendants' motions to dismiss plaintiffs' Second Amended Complaint, which was filed on May 22, 2007 and contained allegations as to XL that were materially similar to those set forth in plaintiffs' October 2006 pleadings, but also purported to add as new defendants three other XL entities. On June 2007, XL (along with other defendants) filed motions to dismiss the Sherman Act and RICO claims alleged in the Second Amended Complaint and to strike the newly-named parties. Those motions were fully briefed by July 31, 2007.

By Opinion and Order dated August 31, 2007, the Court dismissed the Putative Class Action plaintiffs' Sherman Act claims with prejudice and, by Opinion and Order dated September 28, 2007, the Court dismissed plaintiffs' RICO claims with prejudice. In its September 28, 2007, Opinion and Order, the Court declined to exercise supplemental jurisdiction over the Putative Class Action plaintiffs' state law claims. On October 10, 2007, the Putative Class Action plaintiffs filed a Notice of Appeal, stating their intention to appeal to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit (the Third Circuit ) from the District Court's October 3, 2006 Opinion and Order; April 5, 2007 Opinions and Order; August 31, 2007 Opinion and Order; and September 28, 2007 Opinion and Order. The Court has not yet advised the parties whether it intends to continue its April 11, 2007 stay of all proceedings in the MDL pending a ruling on the appeal by the Third Circuit or set a schedule in connection with the tag-along actions that have been consolidated into the MDL.

On April 4, 2006, a Complaint was filed in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia on behalf of New Cingular Wireless Headquarters LLC and several other corporations against approximately 100 defendants, including Greenwich Insurance Company, XL Specialty Insurance Company, XL Insurance America, Inc., XL Insurance Company Limited, Lloyd's syndicates 861, 588 and 1209 and XL Capital Ltd. (the New Cingular Lawsuit ). The New Cingular Lawsuit is a tag-along action that does not purport to be a class action. The New Cingular Complaint, which made the same basic allegations as those alleged in the MDL Amended Complaint, asserted statutory claims under the Sherman Act, the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act, as well as common law claims alleging breach of fiduciary duty, inducement to breach fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment and fraud. The New Cingular Lawsuit has been consolidated with the MDL for pretrial purposes. In December 2006, the three Lloyd's Syndicates





managed by a subsidiary of the Company, including a Company-owned syndicate, were dismissed from the New Cingular Lawsuit in connection with a settlement reached between the plaintiffs and several of the Lloyd's syndicates that were named as defendants therein. On January 5, 2007, the plaintiffs in the New Cingular Lawsuit filed an Amended Complaint, a RICO Statement and a memorandum of law. In accordance with the Court's April 11, 2007 Order, all proceedings in the New Cingular Lawsuit, including discovery and motions by defendants to dismiss the New Cingular Amended Complaint, were stayed pending the Court's disposition of defendants' motions to dismiss the Second Amended Complaint filed in the MDL.

On or about May 21, 2007 a Complaint was filed in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey on behalf of Henley Management Company, Big Bear Properties, Inc., Northbrook Properties, Inc., RCK Properties, Inc., Kitchens, Inc., Aberfeldy LP and Payroll and Insurance Group, Inc. against multiple defendants, including XL Winterthur International (the Henley Lawsuit). The Complaint in the Henley Lawsuit, which contains many of the basic allegations that are contained in the Second Amended Complaint filed in the MDL, alleges violations of Section 1 of the Sherman Act against all defendants and various other claims that are alleged against only defendant Marsh. The Henley Lawsuit is a tag-along action that does not purport to be a class action. By Order dated July 11, 2007, the Court ordered that the Henley Lawsuit be consolidated into the MDL, making the Henley Lawsuit subject to the Court's April 11, 2007 Order staying all proceedings pending disposition of defendants' motions to dismiss the Second Amended Complaint filed in the MDL.

On October 12, 2007, a Complaint in an action captioned *Sears Roebuck & Co. v. Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., et al.*, No. 1:07-CV-2535 (the Sears Lawsuit), was filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia by Sears, Roebuck & Co., Sears Holdings Corporation, Kmart Corporation and Lands End Inc. Among the many named defendants are X.L. America, Inc., XL Insurance America, Inc., XL Specialty Insurance Company and XL Insurance (Bermuda) Ltd. The Complaint in the Sears Lawsuit, which contains many of the basic allegations that were contained in the Second Amended Complaint filed in the Putative Class Action, alleges violations of the Sherman Act and RICO, as well as claims alleging breach of fiduciary duty against the broker defendants; inducement to breach fiduciary duty against the insurer defendants; breach of contract against the broker defendants; tortious interference with contract against the insurer defendants; unjust enrichment; common law fraud against the broker defendants; aiding and abetting common law fraud against the insurer defendants; violation of state consumer fraud statutes; and violation of state antitrust statutes. The Sears Lawsuit is a tag-along action that does not purport to be a class action. Defendants have petitioned the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation to have the Sears Lawsuit transferred to the District of New Jersey and consolidated with the MDL.

The Company is also subject to litigation and arbitration in the normal course of its business. These lawsuits and arbitrations principally involve claims on policies of insurance and contracts of reinsurance and are typical for the Company and for the property and casualty insurance and reinsurance industry in general. Such legal proceedings are considered in connection with the Company's loss and loss expense reserves. Reserves in varying amounts may or may not be established in respect of particular claims proceedings based on many factors, including the legal merits thereof. In addition to claims litigation, the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to lawsuits in the normal course of business that do not arise from or directly relate to claims on policies of insurance or contracts of reinsurance.

The Company believes that the ultimate outcome of all outstanding litigation and arbitration will not have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial condition, operating results and/or liquidity, although an adverse resolution of one or more of these items could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations in a particular fiscal quarter or year.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

Refer to Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period year December 31, 2006 for further information.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS****(c) Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliate Purchasers**

The following table provides information about purchases by the Company during the three months ended September 30, 2007 of equity securities that are registered by the Company pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act:

**ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

| <b>Period</b>        | <b>Total Number<br/>of Shares<br/>Purchased</b> | <b>Average<br/>Price<br/>Paid<br/>per Share</b> | <b>Total Number<br/>of Shares<br/>Purchased as<br/>Part of<br/>Publicly<br/>Announced<br/>Plans<br/>or Programs</b> | <b>Approximate Dollar<br/>Value of Shares<br/>that May Yet Be<br/>Purchased Under<br/>the Plans<br/>or Programs (1)</b> |
|----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| July 1-31, 2007      |   |   |   | \$ 177.1 million  |
| August 1-31, 2007    | 2,310,399                                       | \$ 76.66  | 2,310,399   | \$ 0.0 million  |
| September 1-30, 2007 |   |   |   | \$ 500.0 million  |
| <b>Total</b>         | 2,310,399                                       | \$ 76.66  | 2,310,399   | \$ 500.0 million  |

- (1) On February 23, 2007, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a share repurchase program that authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$1.0 billion of its Class A ordinary shares and

included the unused \$135.4 million allocated to the share repurchase program authorized by the Board of Directors in January of 2000. Under the program, the Company repurchased and cancelled 13.2 million shares during the first nine months of 2007 and fully utilized the \$1.0 billion authorized under the share repurchase program. On September 24, 2007, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a new share repurchase program, authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$500.0 million of its Class A ordinary shares. As at September 30, 2007, the Company could repurchase up to approximately

\$500.0 million  
of its Class A  
ordinary  
shares under  
the new share  
repurchase  
program.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

31\* Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications.

32\* Section 1350 Certification.

10.1 Employment Agreement dated as of July 9, 2007 between XL Capital Ltd, X.L. Global Services, Inc. and Brian W. Nocco incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 10, 2007.

---

\* Filed  
herewith

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**XL CAPITAL LTD**

(Registrant)

Date: November 9, 2007 /s/ BRIAN M. O HARA

Brian M. O Hara  
*President and Chief Executive Officer*

Date: November 9, 2007 /s/ BRIAN W. NOCCO

Brian W. Nocco  
*Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer*