

TIMBERLAND BANCORP INC
Form 10-Q
May 09, 2016
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the Transition Period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number 0-23333

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington 91-1863696
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (IRS Employer Identification No.)

624 Simpson Avenue, Hoquiam, Washington 98550
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(360) 533-4747
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated Filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes ___ No X

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

CLASS SHARES OUTSTANDING AT MAY 5, 2016

Common
stock, 6,936,068
\$.01 par
value

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Certifications

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2015

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2016 (Unaudited) *	September 30, 2015 (Unaudited) *
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash and due from financial institutions	\$ 17,121	\$ 14,014
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	92,908	78,275
Total cash and cash equivalents	110,029	92,289
Certificates of deposit ("CDs") held for investment (at cost, which approximates fair value)	52,524	48,611
Investment securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (estimated fair value \$8,628 and \$8,894)	7,743	7,913
Investment securities available for sale	1,365	1,392
Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock	2,804	2,699
Loans held for sale	1,584	3,051
Loans receivable	632,894	614,201
Less: Allowance for loan losses	(10,043)	(9,924)
Net loans receivable	622,851	604,277
Premises and equipment, net	16,355	16,854
Other real estate owned ("OREO") and other repossessed assets, net	5,458	7,854
Accrued interest receivable	2,232	2,170
Bank owned life insurance ("BOLI")	18,443	18,170
Goodwill	5,650	5,650
Mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs"), net	1,488	1,478
Other assets	3,436	3,407
Total assets	\$ 851,962	\$ 815,815
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
Liabilities		
Deposits:		
Non-interest-bearing demand	\$ 148,980	\$ 141,388
Interest-bearing	563,058	537,524
Total deposits	712,038	678,912
FHLB advances	45,000	45,000
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	2,662	2,716
Total liabilities	759,700	726,628

* Derived from audited consolidated financial statements.

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued)

March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2015

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2016 (Unaudited) *	September 30, 2015
Shareholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued	\$ —	\$ —
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 6,933,068 shares issued and outstanding - March 31, 2016 6,988,848 shares issued and outstanding - September 30, 2015	9,698	10,293
Unearned shares issued to Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP")	(793) (926)
Retained earnings	83,643	80,133
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(286) (313)
Total shareholders' equity	92,262	89,187
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 851,962	\$ 815,815

* Derived from audited consolidated financial statements.

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Interest and dividend income				
Loans receivable and loans held for sale	\$8,306	\$7,352	\$16,735	\$14,861
Investment securities	74	55	143	120
Dividends from mutual funds and FHLB stock	39	6	61	13
Interest-bearing deposits in banks and CDs	231	114	402	219
Total interest and dividend income	8,650	7,527	17,341	15,213
Interest expense				
Deposits	507	495	1,012	1,004
FHLB advances	472	465	948	940
Total interest expense	979	960	1,960	1,944
Net interest income	7,671	6,567	15,381	13,269
Provision for loan losses	—	—	—	—
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	7,671	6,567	15,381	13,269
Non-interest income				
Other than temporary impairment (“OTTI”) on investment securities	(24)	—	(24)	—
Adjustment for portion of OTTI (transferred from) recorded as other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes	1	(1)	1	(1)
Net OTTI on investment securities	(23)	(1)	(23)	(1)
Gain on sale of investment securities available for sale, net	—	—	—	45
Service charges on deposits	937	852	1,909	1,737
ATM and debit card interchange transaction fees	710	643	1,409	1,273
BOLI net earnings	137	131	273	268
Gain on sales of loans, net	393	348	787	584
Escrow fees	49	56	89	98
Servicing income (loss) on loans sold	55	(12)	120	(40)
Other, net	255	197	467	374
Total non-interest income, net	2,513	2,214	5,031	4,338

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (continued)
For the three and six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Non-interest expense				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$3,466	\$ 3,284	\$6,936	\$ 6,680
Premises and equipment	771	751	1,531	1,476
Advertising	193	173	398	361
OREO and other repossessed assets, net	195	349	438	425
ATM and debit card interchange transaction fees	331	255	653	593
Postage and courier	110	114	211	218
State and local taxes	138	119	270	236
Professional fees	117	223	247	399
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance	127	148	234	308
Loan administration and foreclosure	95	76	124	119
Data processing and telecommunications	474	471	924	850
Deposit operations	234	219	406	395
Other	378	472	735	868
Total non-interest expense	6,629	6,654	13,107	12,928
Income before federal income taxes	3,555	2,127	7,305	4,679
Provision for federal income taxes	1,175	676	2,397	1,501
Net income	\$2,380	\$ 1,451	\$4,908	\$ 3,178
Net income per common share				
Basic	\$0.35	\$ 0.21	\$0.72	\$ 0.46
Diluted	\$0.34	\$ 0.21	\$0.69	\$ 0.45
Weighted average common shares outstanding				
Basic	6,846,527	6,898,192	6,858,190	6,895,038
Diluted	7,080,005	7,071,792	7,081,945	7,067,621
Dividends paid per common share	\$0.08	\$ 0.06	\$0.20	\$ 0.11

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Dollars in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Comprehensive income				
Net income	\$2,380	\$1,451	\$4,908	\$3,178
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on investment securities available for sale, net of income taxes of \$6, \$4, (\$1) and \$2, respectively	11	8	(1) 5
Reclassification adjustment for gain on sale of investment securities available for sale included in net income, net of income taxes of \$0, \$0, \$0 and (\$15), respectively.	—	—	—	(30)
Change in OTTI on investment securities held to maturity, net of income taxes:				
Additional amount recovered related to credit loss for which OTTI was previously recognized, net of income taxes of \$6, \$1, \$7 and \$1, respectively	12	1	12	1
Amount reclassified to credit loss for previously recorded market loss, net of income taxes of (\$1), \$1, (\$1) and \$1, respectively	(1) 1	(1) 1
Accretion of OTTI on investment securities held to maturity, net of income taxes of \$4, \$4, \$9, and \$8, respectively	7	7	17	15
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes	\$29	\$17	\$27	\$(8)
Total comprehensive income	\$2,409	\$1,468	\$4,935	\$3,170

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Number of Shares	Amount	Unearned Shares Issued to ESOP	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Compre- hensive Loss	Total
Balance, September 30, 2014	7,047,336	\$10,773	\$(1,190)	\$73,534	\$ (339)	\$82,778
Net income	—	—	—	3,178	—	3,178
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(8)	(8)
Exercise of stock options	5,300	25	—	—	—	25
Common stock dividends (\$0.11 per common share)	—	—	—	(775)	—	(775)
Earned ESOP shares, net of income taxes	—	36	132	—	—	168
Stock option compensation expense	—	58	—	—	—	58
Balance, March 31, 2015	7,052,636	10,892	(1,058)	75,937	(347)	85,424
Balance, September 30, 2015	6,988,848	10,293	(926)	80,133	(313)	89,187
Repurchase of common stock	(66,000)	(820)	—	—	—	(820)
Net income	—	—	—	4,908	—	4,908
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	27	27
Exercise of stock options	10,220	86	—	—	—	86
Common stock dividends (\$0.20 per common share)	—	—	—	(1,398)	—	(1,398)
Earned ESOP shares, net of income taxes	—	55	133	—	—	188
Stock option compensation expense	—	84	—	—	—	84
Balance, March 31, 2016	6,933,068	\$9,698	\$(793)	\$83,643	\$ (286)	\$92,262

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$4,908	\$3,178
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	673	669
Amortization of core deposit intangible ("CDI")	—	3
Earned ESOP shares	133	132
Stock option compensation expense	75	56
Stock option tax effect less excess tax benefit	5	1
Gain on sales of OREO and other repossessed assets, net	(13)	(127)
Provision for OREO losses	301	405
Loss on sales/dispositions of premises and equipment, net	3	—
BOLI net earnings	(273)	(268)
Gain on sales of loans, net	(787)	(584)
Increase (decrease) in deferred loan origination fees	(145)	147
Net OTTI on investment securities	23	1
Gain on sale of investment securities available for sale, net	—	(45)
Amortization of MSRs	295	40
Loans originated for sale	(24,305)	(21,696)
Proceeds from sales of loans	26,559	20,927
Net change in accrued interest receivable and other assets, and other liabilities and accrued expenses	(514)	524
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,938	3,363
Cash flows from investing activities		
Net increase in CDs held for investment	(3,913)	(6,023)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities available for sale	—	1,220
Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of investment securities available for sale	27	159
Proceeds from maturities and prepayments of investment securities held to maturity	238	243
Purchase of FHLB stock	(105)	—
Redemption of FHLB stock	—	111
Increase in loans receivable, net	(18,505)	(17,955)
Additions to premises and equipment	(177)	(412)
Capitalized improvements to OREO	(142)	—
Proceeds from sales of OREO and other repossessed assets	2,326	1,589
Net cash used in investing activities	(20,251)	(21,068)

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

TIMBERLAND BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

For the six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net increase in deposits	\$33,126	\$28,157
ESOP tax effect	55	36
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	86	24
Stock option excess tax benefit	4	1
Issuance of common stock	—	1
Repurchase of common stock	(820)	—
Payment of dividends	(1,398)	(775)
Net cash provided by financing activities	31,053	27,444
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	17,740	9,739
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of period	92,289	72,354
End of period	\$110,029	\$82,093
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Income taxes paid	\$2,280	\$1,560
Interest paid	1,938	1,937
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities		
Loans transferred to OREO and other repossessed assets	\$76	\$641
Other comprehensive loss related to investment securities	27	(8)

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements

Timberland Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiary
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Presentation: The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements for Timberland Bancorp, Inc. (“Company”) were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and with instructions for Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include all disclosures necessary for a complete presentation of consolidated financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with GAAP. However, all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements have been included. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2015 (“2015 Form 10-K”). The unaudited consolidated results of operations for the six months ended March 31, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire fiscal year ending September 30, 2016.

(b) Principles of Consolidation: The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Timberland Bank (“Bank”), and the Bank’s wholly-owned subsidiary, Timberland Service Corporation. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

(c) Operating Segment: The Company has one reportable operating segment which is defined as community banking in western Washington under the operating name, “Timberland Bank.”

(d) The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(e) Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the March 31, 2016 presentation with no change to net income or total shareholders’ equity as previously reported.

(2) INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Held to maturity and available for sale investment securities have been classified according to management's intent and were as follows as of March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
March 31, 2016				
Held to maturity				
Mortgage-backed securities ("MBS"):				
U.S. government agencies	\$ 745	\$ 21	\$ (1)	\$ 765
Private label residential	993	799	(6)	1,786
U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agency securities	6,005	72	—	6,077
Total	\$ 7,743	\$ 892	\$ (7)	\$ 8,628
Available for sale				
MBS:				
U.S. government agencies	\$ 361	\$ 30	\$ —	\$ 391
Mutual funds	1,000	—	(26)	974
Total	\$ 1,361	\$ 30	\$ (26)	\$ 1,365
September 30, 2015				
Held to maturity				
MBS:				
U.S. government agencies	\$ 828	\$ 23	\$ (1)	\$ 850
Private label residential	1,081	894	(12)	1,963
U.S. Treasury and U.S. government agency securities	6,004	77	—	6,081
Total	\$ 7,913	\$ 994	\$ (13)	\$ 8,894
Available for sale				
MBS:				
U.S. government agencies	\$ 387	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ 421
Mutual funds	1,000	—	(29)	971
Total	\$ 1,387	\$ 34	\$ (29)	\$ 1,392

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The following table summarizes the estimated fair value and gross unrealized losses for all securities and the length of time these unrealized losses existed as of March 31, 2016 (dollars in thousands):

	Less Than 12 Months			12 Months or Longer			Total	
	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Quantity	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Quantity	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
Held to maturity								
MBS:								
U.S. government agencies	\$91	\$ —	2	\$59	\$ (1)	4	\$150	\$ (1)
Private label residential	40	(1)	3	163	(5)	12	203	(6)
Total	\$131	\$ (1)	5	\$222	\$ (6)	16	\$353	\$ (7)
Available for sale								
Mutual funds	\$—	\$ —	—	\$974	\$ (26)	1	\$974	\$ (26)
Total	\$—	\$ —	—	\$974	\$ (26)	1	\$974	\$ (26)

The following table summarizes the estimated fair value and gross unrealized losses for all securities and the length of time these unrealized losses existed as of September 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Less Than 12 Months			12 Months or Longer			Total	
	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Quantity	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Quantity	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
Held to maturity								
MBS:								
U.S. government agencies	\$49	\$ —	4	\$63	\$ (1)	5	\$112	\$ (1)
Private label residential	1	—	1	157	(12)	11	158	(12)
Total	\$50	\$ —	5	\$220	\$ (13)	16	\$270	\$ (13)
Available for sale								
MBS:								
U.S. government agencies	\$1	\$ —	1	\$48	\$ —	2	\$49	\$ —
Mutual funds	—	—	—	971	(29)	1	971	(29)
Total	\$1	\$ —	1	\$1,019	\$ (29)	3	\$1,020	\$ (29)

The Company has evaluated these securities and has determined that the decline in their value is temporary. The unrealized losses are primarily due to changes in market interest rates and spreads in the market for mortgage-related products. The fair value of these securities is expected to recover as the securities approach their maturity dates and/or as the pricing spreads narrow on mortgage-related securities. The Company has the ability and the intent to hold the investments until the market value recovers. Furthermore, as of March 31, 2016, management does not have the intent to sell any of the securities classified as available for sale where the estimated fair value is below the recorded value and believes that it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell such securities before a recovery of cost or recorded value if previously written down.

In accordance with GAAP, the Company bifurcates OTTI into (1) amounts related to credit losses which are recognized through earnings and (2) amounts related to all other factors which are recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (loss). To determine the component of the gross OTTI related to credit losses, the Company compared the amortized cost basis of the OTTI security to the present value of its revised expected cash flows, discounted using its pre-impairment yield. The revised expected cash flow estimates for individual securities are based primarily on an analysis of default rates, prepayment speeds and

third-party analytic reports. Significant judgment by management is required in this analysis that includes, but is not limited to, assumptions regarding the collectability of principal and interest, net of related expenses, on the underlying loans.

The following table presents a summary of the significant inputs utilized to measure management's estimate of the credit loss component on OTTI securities as of March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2015:

	Range			Weighted	
	Minimum	Maximum		Average	
March 31, 2016					
Constant prepayment rate	6.00%	15.00	%	9.16	%
Collateral default rate	0.24%	17.64	%	5.70	%
Loss severity rate	7.00%	77.00	%	41.97	%
September 30, 2015					
Constant prepayment rate	6.00%	15.00	%	11.49	%
Collateral default rate	0.16%	14.65	%	6.08	%
Loss severity rate	3.92%	65.00	%	39.83	%

The following table presents the OTTI for the three and six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016		Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	
	Held To Maturity	Available For Sale	Held To Maturity	Available For Sale
Total OTTI	\$ (24)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Adjustment for portion of OTTI recorded as (transferred from) other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes (1)	1	—	(1)	—
Net OTTI recognized in earnings (2)	\$ (23)	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ —
	Six Months Ended March 31, 2016		Six Months Ended March 31, 2015	
	Held To Maturity	Available For Sale	Held To Maturity	Available For Sale
Total OTTI	\$ (24)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Adjustment for portion recorded as (transferred from) other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes (1)	1	—	(1)	—
Net OTTI recognized in earnings (2)	\$ (23)	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ —

(1) Represents OTTI related to all other factors.

(2) Represents OTTI related to credit losses.

The following table presents a roll forward of the credit loss component of held to maturity and available for sale debt securities that have been written down for OTTI with the credit loss component recognized in earnings for the six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Six Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Beginning balance of credit loss	\$1,576	\$1,654
Additions:		
Credit losses for which OTTI was not previously recognized	—	1
Additional increases to the amount related to credit loss for which OTTI was previously recognized	20	—
Subtractions:		
Realized losses previously recorded as credit losses	(59)	(38)
Ending balance of credit loss	\$1,537	\$1,617

There was no realized gain on the sale of investment securities for the three and six months ended March 31, 2016. There was no realized gain on the sale of investment securities for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and there was a \$45,000 realized gain on the sale of investment securities for the six months ended March 31, 2015. During the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company recorded a \$35,000 net realized loss (as a result of the securities being deemed worthless) on 12 held to maturity residential MBS, of which \$32,000 had been recognized previously as a credit loss. During the six months ended March 31, 2016 the Company recorded a \$63,000 net realized loss (as a result of securities being deemed worthless) on 15 held to maturity residential MBS, of which \$59,000 had been previously recognized as a credit loss. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded a \$21,000 net realized loss (as a result of the securities being deemed worthless) on 12 held to maturity residential MBS, of which the entire amount had been recognized previously as a credit loss. During the six months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded a \$38,000 net realized loss (as a result of securities being deemed worthless) on 14 held to maturity residential MBS, of which the entire amount had been recognized previously as a credit loss.

The recorded amount of residential MBS, treasury and agency securities pledged as collateral for public fund deposits, federal treasury tax and loan deposits, FHLB collateral and other non-profit organization deposits totaled \$7.14 million and \$7.25 million at March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2015, respectively.

The contractual maturities of debt securities at March 31, 2016 were as follows (dollars in thousands). Expected maturities may differ from scheduled maturities as a result of the prepayment of principal or call provisions.

	Held to Maturity		Available for Sale	
	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due within one year	\$—	\$ —	\$5	\$ 6
Due after one year to five years	6,005	6,077	—	—
Due after five to ten years	22	23	—	—
Due after ten years	1,716	2,528	356	385
Total	\$7,743	\$ 8,628	\$361	\$ 391

(3) GOODWILL

Goodwill is initially recorded when the purchase price paid for an acquisition exceeds the estimated fair value of the net identified tangible and intangible assets acquired. Goodwill is presumed to have an indefinite useful life and is analyzed annually for impairment. The Company performs an annual review during the third quarter of each fiscal year, or more frequently if indicators of potential impairment exist, to determine if the recorded goodwill is impaired.

The goodwill impairment test involves a two-step process. Step one estimates the fair value of the reporting unit. If the estimated fair value of the Company's sole reporting unit, the Bank, under step one exceeds the recorded value of the reporting unit, goodwill is not considered impaired and no further analysis is necessary. If the estimated fair value of the Company's sole reporting unit is less than the recorded value, then a step two test, which calculates the fair value of assets and liabilities to calculate an implied value of goodwill, is performed.

The Company performed its fiscal year 2015 goodwill impairment test during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 with the assistance of an independent third-party firm specializing in goodwill impairment valuations for financial institutions. The third-party analysis was conducted as of May 31, 2015 and the step one test concluded that the reporting unit's fair value was more than its recorded value and, therefore, step two of the analysis was not necessary. Accordingly, the recorded value of goodwill as of May 31, 2015 was not impaired.

Step one of the goodwill impairment test estimates the fair value of the reporting unit utilizing a discounted cash flow income approach analysis, a public company market approach analysis, a merger and acquisition market approach analysis and a trading price market approach analysis in order to derive an enterprise value for the Company.

The discounted cash flow income approach analysis uses a reporting unit's projection of estimated operating results and cash flows and discounts them using a rate that reflects current market conditions. The projection uses management's estimates of economic and market conditions over the projected period including growth rates in loans and deposits, estimates of future expected changes in net interest margins and cash expenditures. Key assumptions used by the Company in its discounted cash flow model (income approach) included an annual loan growth rate that ranged from 3.00% to 3.60%, an annual deposit growth rate that ranged from 2.20% to 3.20% and a return on assets that ranged from 0.80% to 1.00%. In addition to the above projections of estimated operating results, key assumptions used to determine the fair value estimate under the income approach were the discount rate of 12.2% and the residual capitalization rate of 9.2%. The discount rate used was the cost of equity capital. The cost of equity capital was based on the capital asset pricing model ("CAPM"), modified to account for a small stock premium. The small stock premium represents the additional return required by investors for small stocks based on the 2015 Valuation Handbook - Guide to Cost of Capital. Beyond the approximate five-year forecast period, residual free cash flows were estimated to increase at a constant rate into perpetuity. These cash flows were converted to a residual value using an appropriate residual capitalization rate. The residual capitalization rate was equal to the discount rate minus the expected long-term growth rate of cash flows. Based on historical results, the economic climate, the outlook for the industry and management's expectations, a long-term growth rate of 3.0% was estimated.

The public company market approach analysis estimates the fair value by applying cash flow multiples to the reporting unit's operating performance. The multiples are derived from comparable publicly traded companies with operating and investment characteristics similar to those of the Company. Key assumptions used by the Company included the selection of comparable public companies and performance ratios. In applying the public company analysis, the Company selected nine publicly traded institutions based on similar lines of business, markets, growth prospects, risks and firm size. The performance ratios included price to earnings (last twelve months), price to earnings (current year to date), price to book value, price to tangible book value and price to deposits.

The merger and acquisition market approach analysis estimates the fair value by using merger and acquisition transactions involving companies that are similar in nature to the Company. Key assumptions used by the Company included the selection of comparable merger and acquisition transactions and the valuation ratios to be used. The analysis used banks located in Washington or Oregon that were acquired after January 1, 2013. The valuation ratios from these transactions for price to earnings and price to tangible book value were then used to derive an estimated fair value of the Company.

The trading price market approach analysis used the closing market price at May 29, 2015 of the Company's common stock, traded on the NASDAQ Global Market to determine the market value of total equity capital.

A key assumption used by the Company in the public company market approach analysis and the trading price market approach analysis was the application of a control premium. The Company's common stock is thinly traded and, therefore, management believes reflects a discount for illiquidity. In addition, the trading price of the Company's common stock reflects a minority interest value. To determine the fair market value of a majority interest in the Company's stock, premiums were calculated and applied to the indicated values. Therefore, a control premium was applied to the results of the discounted cash flow income approach analysis, the public company market approach analysis and the trading price market approach analysis because the initial value conclusion was based on minority interest transactions. Merger and acquisition studies were analyzed to conclude that the difference between the acquisition price and a company's stock price prior to acquisition indicates, in part, the price effect of a controlling interest. Based on the evaluation of mergers and acquisition studies, a control premium of 25% was used.

A significant amount of judgment is involved in determining if an indicator of goodwill impairment has occurred. Such indicators may include, among others: a significant decline in the expected future cash flows; a sustained, significant decline in the Company's stock price and market capitalization; a significant adverse change in legal factors or in the business climate; adverse assessment or action by a regulator; and unanticipated competition. Key assumptions used in the annual goodwill impairment test are highly judgmental and include: selection of comparable companies, amount of control premium, projected cash flows and discount rate applied to projected cash flows. Any change in these indicators or key assumptions could have a significant negative impact on the Company's financial condition, impact the goodwill impairment analysis or cause the Company to perform a goodwill impairment analysis more frequently than once per year.

As of March 31, 2016, management believed that there had been no events or changes in the circumstances since May 31, 2015 that would indicate a potential impairment of goodwill. No assurances can be given, however, that the Company will not record an impairment loss on goodwill in the future.

(4) LOANS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

Loans receivable and loans held for sale by portfolio segment consisted of the following at March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	March 31, 2016		September 30, 2015	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Mortgage loans:				
One- to four-family	\$117,465	17.3 %	\$116,664	17.4 %
Multi-family	42,666	6.3	52,322	7.8
Commercial	290,817	42.8	291,216	43.5
Construction - custom and owner/builder	69,817	10.3	62,954	9.4
Construction - speculative one- to four-family	6,384	0.9	6,668	1.0
Construction - commercial	22,487	3.3	20,728	3.1
Construction - multi-family	20,570	3.0	20,570	3.1
Land	24,322	3.6	26,140	3.9
Total mortgage loans	594,528	87.5	597,262	89.2
Consumer loans:				
Home equity and second mortgage	37,144	5.5	34,157	5.1
Other	4,380	0.6	4,669	0.7
Total consumer loans	41,524	6.1	38,826	5.8
Commercial business loans	43,355	6.4	33,763	5.0
Total loans receivable	679,407	100.0%	669,851	100.0%
Less:				
Undisbursed portion of construction loans in process	44,465		53,457	
Deferred loan origination fees	2,048		2,193	
Allowance for loan losses	10,043		9,924	
	56,556		65,574	
Loans receivable, net	622,851		604,277	
Loans held for sale (one- to four-family)	1,584		3,051	
Total loans receivable and loans held for sale, net	\$624,435		\$607,328	

Allowance for Loan Losses

The following tables set forth information for the three and six months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 regarding activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016				Ending Allowance
	Beginning Allowance (of)	Provision for Recapture	Charge-offs	Recoveries	
Mortgage loans:					
One-to four-family	\$ 1,420	\$ (147)	\$ (2)	\$ 52	\$ 1,323
Multi-family	373	(58)	—	—	315
Commercial	3,898	239	(54)	—	4,083
Construction – custom and owner/builder	555	(13)	—	—	542
Construction – speculative one- to four-family	122	(28)	—	2	96
Construction – commercial	486	131	—	—	617
Construction – multi-family	336	(77)	—	150	409
Land	923	24	—	7	954
Consumer loans:					
Home equity and second mortgage	1,102	(81)	—	—	1,021
Other	161	3	(2)	—	162
Commercial business loans	513	7	—	1	521
Total	\$9,889	\$ —	\$ (58)	\$ 212	\$ 10,043

	Six Months Ended March 31, 2016				Ending Allowance
	Beginning Allowance (of)	Provision for Recapture	Charge-offs	Recoveries	
Mortgage loans:					
One-to four-family	\$ 1,480	\$ (184)	\$ (28)	\$ 55	\$ 1,323
Multi-family	392	(77)	—	—	315
Commercial	4,065	99	(81)	—	4,083
Construction – custom and owner/builder	451	91	—	—	542
Construction – speculative one- to four-family	123	(29)	—	2	96
Construction – commercial	426	191	—	—	617
Construction – multi-family	283	(55)	—	181	409
Land	1,021	(72)	(8)	13	954
Consumer loans:					
Home equity and second mortgage	1,073	(39)	(13)	—	1,021
Other	187	(21)	(5)	1	162
Commercial business loans	423	96	—	2	521
Total	\$9,924	\$ —	\$ (135)	\$ 254	\$ 10,043

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	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015				
	Provision				
	Beginning	for	Charge-	Recoveries	Ending
	Allowance	(Recapture	offs		Allowance
	of)				
Mortgage loans:					
One-to four-family	\$1,504	\$ 24	\$ (39)	\$ 107	\$ 1,596
Multi-family	368	(66)	—	—	302
Commercial	3,646	(45)	—	—	3,601
Construction – custom and owner/builder	460	15	—	—	475
Construction – speculative one- to four-family	50	14	—	—	64
Construction – commercial	28	9	—	—	37
Construction – multi-family	75	54	—	—	129
Land	2,817	(67)	—	3	2,753
Consumer loans:					
Home equity and second mortgage	801	5	(9)	—	797
Other	159	34	(4)	1	190
Commercial business loans	414	23	—	1	438
Total	\$10,322	\$ —	\$ (52)	\$ 112	\$ 10,382

	Six Months Ended March 31, 2015				
	Provision				
	Beginning	for	Charge-	Recoveries	Ending
	Allowance	(Recapture	offs		Allowance
	of)				
Mortgage loans:					
One-to four-family	\$1,650	\$ (23)	\$ (157)	\$ 126	\$ 1,596
Multi-family	387	(85)	—	—	302
Commercial	4,836	(1,235)	—	—	3,601
Construction – custom and owner/builder	450	25	—	—	475
Construction – speculative one- to four-family	52	12	—	—	64
Construction – commercial	78	(41)	—	—	37
Construction – multi-family	25	104	—	—	129
Land	1,434	1,312	(4)	11	2,753
Consumer loans:					
Home equity and second mortgage	879	(62)	(20)	—	797
Other	176	17	(5)	2	190
Commercial business loans	460	(24)	—	2	438
Total	\$10,427	\$ —	\$ (186)	\$ 141	\$ 10,382

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The following tables present information on the loans evaluated individually and collectively for impairment in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment at March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Allowance for Loan Losses			Recorded Investment in Loans		
	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Total	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Total
March 31, 2016						
Mortgage loans:						
One- to four-family	\$120	\$ 1,203	\$1,323	\$2,930	\$ 114,535	\$117,465
Multi-family	—	315	315	—	42,666	42,666
Commercial	412	3,671	4,083	11,977	278,840	290,817
Construction – custom and owner/builder	—	542	542	—	41,312	41,312
Construction – speculative one- to four-family	—	96	96	—	2,956	2,956
Construction – commercial	—	617	617	—	16,902	16,902
Construction – multi-family	—	409	409	—	13,623	13,623
Land	57	897	954	1,185	23,137	24,322
Consumer loans:						