

TIMKEN CO
Form DEF 14A
March 26, 2009

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

(RULE 14a-101)

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities

Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No.)

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate box:

Preliminary Proxy Statement

Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by

Rule 14a-6(e)(2)) Definitive Proxy Statement Definitive Additional Materials

Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

The Timken Company

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

No fee required.

Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.

(1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:

(2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:

(3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):

(4) Proposed maximum aggregate value of transaction:

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Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.

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(1) Amount Previously Paid:

(2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:

(3) Filing Party:

(4) Date Filed:

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*Notice of
2009
Annual Meeting of
Shareholders
and
Proxy Statement*

THE TIMKEN COMPANY
Canton, Ohio U.S.A.

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Ward J. Timken, Jr.

Chairman Board of Directors

March 26, 2009

Dear Shareholder:

The 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders of The Timken Company will be held on Tuesday, May 12, 2009, at ten o'clock in the morning at the corporate offices of the Company in Canton, Ohio.

This year, you are being asked to act upon three matters. The first and second are the election of Directors and ratification of the selection of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent auditors. Your Board of Directors are recommending you support these items. The third is consideration of a shareholder proposal that your Directors are recommending you do not support. Details of these matters are contained in the accompanying Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareholders and Proxy Statement.

Please read the enclosed information carefully before voting your shares. Voting your shares as soon as possible will ensure your representation at the meeting, whether or not you plan to attend.

I appreciate the strong support of our shareholders over the years and look forward to a similar vote of support at the 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

Sincerely,

Ward J. Timken, Jr.

Enclosure

The Timken Company

1835 Dueber Avneue, S.W.

P.O. Box 6927

Canton, OH 44706-0927 U.S.A.

Telephone: 330-438-3000

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**THE TIMKEN COMPANY
Canton, Ohio**

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of The Timken Company will be held on Tuesday, May 12, 2009, at 10:00 a.m., at 1835 Dueber Avenue, S.W., Canton, Ohio, for the following purposes:

1. To elect four Directors to serve in Class III for a term of three years.
2. To ratify the selection of Ernst & Young LLP as the independent auditor for the year ending December 31, 2009.
3. To consider a shareholder proposal submitted by the New England Carpenters Pension Fund requesting that the Company amend its articles of incorporation to provide that directors be elected by the affirmative vote of the majority of votes cast at an annual meeting of shareholders.
4. To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Holders of Common Stock of record at the close of business on February 20, 2009, are the shareholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the meeting.

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT. WHETHER OR NOT YOU PLAN TO ATTEND THE ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS, PLEASE SIGN AND DATE THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD AND RETURN IT IN THE POSTAGE-PAID ENVELOPE PROVIDED OR VOTE YOUR SHARES ELECTRONICALLY THROUGH THE INTERNET OR BY TELEPHONE. VOTING INSTRUCTIONS ARE PROVIDED ON THE ENCLOSED PROXY CARD.

SCOTT A. SCHERFF
Corporate Secretary and
Assistant General Counsel
March 26, 2009

**YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT. PLEASE RETURN YOUR
PROXY CARD OR VOTE ELECTRONICALLY.**

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THE TIMKEN COMPANY

PROXY STATEMENT

The enclosed proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors of The Timken Company (the Company) in connection with the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on May 12, 2009, at 10:00 a.m. local time at the Company's corporate offices, and at any adjournments and postponements thereof, for the purpose of considering and acting upon the matters specified in the foregoing Notice. The mailing address of the corporate offices of the Company is 1835 Dueber Avenue, S.W., Canton, Ohio 44706-2798. The approximate date on which this Proxy Statement and form of proxy will be first sent or given to shareholders is March 26, 2009.

The Board of Directors is not aware that matters other than those specified in the foregoing Notice will be brought before the meeting for action. However, if any such matters should be brought before the meeting, the persons appointed as proxies may vote or act upon such matters according to their judgment.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

The Company presently has thirteen Directors who, pursuant to the Company's Amended Regulations, are divided into three classes with four Directors in Class I, five Directors in Class II and four Directors in Class III. At the 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, four Directors will be elected to serve in Class III for a three-year term to expire at the 2012 Annual Meeting of Shareholders. Under Ohio law, candidates for Director receiving the greatest number of votes will be elected. Abstentions and broker non-votes (where a broker, other record holder, or nominee indicates on a proxy card that it does not have authority to vote certain shares on a particular matter) will not be counted in the election of Directors and will not have any effect on the result of the vote.

At its February 3, 2009 meeting, the Board of Directors, based on a recommendation from the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, adopted a corporate governance policy relating to uncontested director elections. Any Director who fails to receive a majority of the votes cast in his or her election will submit his or her resignation to the Board of Directors promptly after the certification of the election results. The Board of Directors and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee would then consider the resignation in light of any factors they consider appropriate, including the Director's qualifications and service record, as well as any reasons given by shareholders as to why they voted against (or withheld votes from) the Director. The Board of Directors would be required to determine whether to accept or reject the tendered resignation within 90 days following the election and to disclose its decision on a Form 8-K, as well as the reasons for rejecting any tendered resignation, if applicable.

Joseph F. Toot, Jr., retired President and Chief Executive Officer, a Director of the Company since 1968 and a member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance and Finance Committees, is retiring from the Board of Directors, effective as of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. In addition, Robert W. Mahoney, a Director of the Company since 1992 and a member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance and Audit Committees, is also retiring from the Board of Directors, effective as of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. Robert W. Mahoney is retiring pursuant to the Board's policy that a Director retire from the Board of Directors at the Annual Meeting of Shareholder after reaching age 72. We are grateful for the leadership both gentlemen have provided during their many years of service to the Company; their wisdom, knowledge and judgment will be missed.

The Company's Amended Regulations require that each class of Directors consist, as nearly as possible, of one-third of the total number of Directors. In light of the retirements of Messrs. Toot and Mahoney, who are both members of Class II, the Board of Directors has taken action consistent with that requirement. At the February 3, 2009 meeting of the Board of Directors, Jerry J. Jasinowski resigned as a Director from Class I. The remaining members of the Board of Directors then elected Mr. Jasinowski as a member of Class II to serve until the Annual Meeting of Shareholders in 2011 (or until his successor is elected and

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qualified). Subsequent to the 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, assuming that all nominees for election are re-elected, the Company will have eleven Directors who will be divided into three classes with four Directors in Class I, three Directors in Class II and four Directors in Class III.

If any nominee becomes unable, for any reason, to serve as a Director, or should a vacancy occur before the election (which events are not anticipated), the Directors then in office may substitute another person as a nominee or may reduce the number of nominees as they deem advisable.

ITEM NO. 1**ELECTION OF CLASS III DIRECTORS**

The Board of Directors, by resolution at its February 3, 2009 meeting, based on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board, nominated the four individuals set forth below to be elected Directors in Class III at the 2009 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to serve for a term of three years expiring at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders in 2012 (or until their respective successors are elected and qualified). All of the nominees, other than John P. Reilly, have been previously elected as a Director by the shareholders. Each of the nominees listed below has consented to serve as a Director if elected.

Unless otherwise indicated on any proxy, the persons named as proxies on the enclosed proxy form intend to vote the shares covered by such proxy form in favor of the nominees named below. The Board of Directors unanimously recommends a vote FOR the election of the nominees named below.

The following table, based on information obtained in part from the respective nominees and in part from the records of the Company, sets forth information regarding each nominee as of January 9, 2009.

Name of Nominee	Age; Principal Position or Office; Business Experience for Last Five Years; Directorships of Publicly Held Companies	Director Continuously Since
Joseph W. Ralston	65, Vice Chairman, The Cohen Group, an organization that provides clients with comprehensive tools for understanding and shaping their business, political, legal, regulatory and media environments, since 2003. Previous positions: General United States Air Force (Retired), since 2003. Director of: Lockheed Martin Corporation; URS Corporation.	2003
John P. Reilly	65, Retired Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Figgie International, an international diversified operating company, since 1998. Director of: Exide Technologies (Chairman); Material Sciences Corporation (Chairman).	2006
John M. Timken, Jr.	57, Private Investor	1986
Jacqueline F. Woods	61, Retired President of at&t Ohio, a telecommunications company, since 2000. Director of: School Specialty, Inc.; The Anderson's Inc.	2000

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The remaining seven Directors, named below, will continue to serve in their respective classes until their respective terms expire. The following table, based on information obtained in part from the respective Directors and in part from the records of the Company, sets forth information regarding each continuing Director as of January 9, 2009.

Name of Director	Age; Principal Position or Office; Business Experience for Last Five Years; Directorships of Publicly Held Companies	Term Expires	Director Continuously Since
Phillip R. Cox	61, President and Chief Executive Officer of Cox Financial Corporation, a financial services company, since 1972. Director of: Cincinnati Bell, Inc.(Chairman); Diebold, Incorporated; Touchstone Mutual Funds.	2011	2004
James W. Griffith	55, President and Chief Executive Officer of The Timken Company, since 2002. Director of: Goodrich Corporation.	2010	1999
Jerry J. Jasinowski	70, Retired President and Chief Executive Officer of the National Association of Manufacturers and Retired President of The Manufacturing Institute, the education and research arm of the National Association of Manufacturers, the nation's largest industrial trade association, since 2006. Previous positions: President The Manufacturing Institute, 2005-2006; President and Chief Executive Officer National Association of Manufacturers, 1990-2004. Director of: Harsco Corporation; The Phoenix Companies, Inc.	2011	2004
John A. Luke, Jr.	60, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of MeadWestvaco Corporation, a leading global producer of packaging, coated and specialty papers, consumer and office products, and specialty chemicals, since 2003. Director of: The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation; FM Global; MeadWestvaco Corporation.	2010	1999

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Name of Director	Age; Principal Position or Office; Business Experience for Last Five Years; Directorships of Publicly Held Companies	Term Expires	Director Continuously Since
Frank C. Sullivan	48, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of RPM International Inc., a world leader in specialty coatings, since 2008. Previous position: President and Chief Executive Officer of RPM International Inc., since 2002 Director of: RPM International Inc.	2010	2003
Ward J. Timken	66, President Timken Foundation of Canton, a private, charitable foundation to promote civic betterment through capital fund grants, since 2004.	2010	1971
Ward J. Timken, Jr.	41, Chairman Board of Directors of The Timken Company, since 2005. Previous positions: Vice Chairman and President Steel, 2005; Executive Vice President and President Steel, 2004-2005.	2011	2002

Ward J. Timken is the father of Ward J. Timken, Jr. and the cousin of John M. Timken, Jr.

Independence Determinations

The Board of Directors has adopted the independence standards of the New York Stock Exchange listing requirements for determining the independence of Directors. Those standards are annexed to this Proxy Statement as Appendix A. The Board has determined that the following continuing Directors and Director nominees have no material relationship with the Company and meet those independence standards: Phillip R. Cox, Jerry J. Jasinowski, John A. Luke, Jr., Joseph W. Ralston, John P. Reilly, Frank C. Sullivan, John M. Timken, Jr., and Jacqueline F. Woods. With respect to John M. Timken, Jr., the Board determined that his family relationship to Ward J. Timken and Ward J. Timken, Jr. does not impair his independence.

Related Party Transactions Approval Policy

The Company's Directors and executive officers are subject to the Company's Standard of Business Ethics Policy, which requires that any potential conflicts of interest, such as significant transactions with related parties, be reported to the Company's General Counsel. The Company's Directors and executive officers are also subject to the Company's Policy Against Conflicts of Interest, which requires that an employee or Director avoid placing himself or herself in a position in which his or her personal interests could interfere in any way with the interests of the Company. While not every situation can be identified in a written policy, the Policy Against Conflicts of Interest does specifically prohibit the following situations:

competing against the Company;

holding a significant financial interest in a company doing business with or competing with the Company;

accepting gifts, gratuities or entertainment from any customer, competitor or supplier of goods or services to the Company except to the extent they are customary and reasonable in amount and not in consideration for an improper action by the recipient;

using for personal gain any business opportunities that are identified through a person's position with the Company;

using Company property, information or position for personal gain. All Company property including proprietary and confidential information, may be used only in connection with Company business. The duty to preserve the confidentiality of proprietary and confidential information continues even after a person has left the Company;

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maintaining other employment or a business that adversely affects a person's job performance at the Company; and

doing business on behalf of the Company with a relative or another company employing a relative.

In the event of any potential conflict of interest, pursuant to the charter of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and the provisions of the Standards of Business Ethics Policy and the Policy Against Conflicts of Interest, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee would review and, considering such factors as it deems appropriate under the circumstances, make a determination as to whether to grant a waiver to the policies for any such situation. Any waiver would be promptly disclosed to shareholders.

Board and Committee Meetings

The Board of Directors has an Audit Committee, a Compensation Committee, a Finance Committee, and a Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. During 2008, there were nine meetings of the Board of Directors, nine meetings of its Audit Committee, four meetings of its Compensation Committee, three meetings of its Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, and three meetings of its Finance Committee. All nominees for Director and all continuing Directors attended 75 percent or more of the meetings of the Board and its Committees on which they served. It is the policy of the Company that all members of the Board of Directors attend the Annual Meeting of Shareholders, and in 2008, all members attended the meeting. At each regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Directors, the Nonemployee Directors and the independent Directors also meet separately in executive sessions. The Chairpersons of the standing committees preside over those sessions on a rotating basis.

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Table of Contents**DIRECTOR COMPENSATION****Cash Compensation**

Each Nonemployee Director who served in 2008 was paid at the annual rate of \$60,000 for services as a Director. In addition to base compensation, the following fees are earned, depending on which committee(s) and in which capacity each Nonemployee Director serves:

Committee	Chairperson Fee	Member Fee
Audit	\$ 30,000	\$15,000
Compensation	\$ 15,000	\$ 7,500
Finance	\$ 15,000	\$ 7,500
Nominating & Corporate Governance	\$ 15,000	\$ 7,500

Stock Compensation

Each Nonemployee Director serving at the time of the Annual Meeting of Shareholders on May 1, 2008, received a grant of 2,500 shares of Common Stock under The Timken Company Long-Term Incentive Plan, as Amended and Restated (the "Long-Term Incentive Plan"), following the meeting. The shares received are required to be held by each Nonemployee Director until his or her departure from the Board of Directors. Upon a Director's initial election to the Board, each new Nonemployee Director receives a grant of 2,000 restricted shares of Common Stock under the Long-Term Incentive Plan, which vest over a five-year period. No such grants were made in 2008. The Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors has adopted share ownership guidelines that require Directors to own Common Stock equal to at least three times the value of the annual rate of base cash compensation for Directors. Directors are expected to achieve this ownership level within five years of the time they join the Board. Effective December 31, 2008, all Directors who have served 5 or more years on the Board are meeting their ownership requirements.

Compensation Deferral

Any Director may elect to defer the receipt of all or a specified portion of his or her cash and/or stock compensation in accordance with the provisions of The Director Deferred Compensation Plan adopted by the Board on February 4, 2000. Pursuant to the plan, cash fees can be deferred into a notional account and paid at a future date requested by the Director. The account will be adjusted through investment crediting options, which include interest earned quarterly at a rate based on the prime rate plus one percent or the total shareholder return of the Company's Common Stock, with amounts paid either in a lump sum or in installments in cash. Stock compensation can be deferred to a future date and paid either in a lump sum or installments and is payable in shares plus a cash amount representing dividend equivalents during the deferral period.

2008 Compensation

The following table provides details of Director compensation in 2008:

Name (1)	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash	Stock Awards (2)	All Other Compensation (3)	Total
Phillip R. Cox	\$ 90,000	\$ 100,376	\$ 0	\$190,376
Jerry Jasinowski	\$ 75,000	\$ 100,018	\$ 0	\$175,018
John A. Luke, Jr.	\$ 82,500	\$ 90,400	\$ 0	\$172,900
Robert W. Mahoney	\$ 85,000	\$ 90,400	\$ 0	\$175,400
Joseph W. Ralston	\$ 80,000	\$ 92,142	\$ 0	\$172,142
John P. Reilly	\$ 82,500	\$ 103,720	\$ 0	\$186,220
Frank C. Sullivan	\$ 97,500	\$ 96,067	\$ 0	\$193,567
John M. Timken, Jr.	\$ 82,500	\$ 90,400	\$ 0	\$172,900
Ward J. Timken	\$ 60,000	\$ 90,400	\$ 0	\$150,400
Joseph F. Toot, Jr.	\$ 75,000	\$ 90,400	\$68,112	\$233,512

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Jaqueline F. Woods	\$ 75,000	\$ 90,400	\$ 0	\$165,400
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(1) Ward J. Timken, Jr., Chairman of the Board of Directors and James W. Griffith, President and Chief Executive Officer, are not included in this table as they are employees of the Company and receive no compensation for their services as Directors.

(2) The entire award of 2,500 shares of Common Stock on May 1, 2008, vested upon grant and expense under FAS 123R was immediately recognized upon grant, amounting to a fair value of \$90,400 for each Director. The remaining amounts shown in this column are the expense recognized under FAS 123R for 2008 from the one-time grant of 2,000 restricted shares received by

each Director upon joining the Board. Those amounts are as follows:

Mr. Cox - \$9,976;
Mr. Jasinowski - \$9,618;
Mr. Ralston - \$1,742;
Mr. Reilly - \$13,320; and
Mr. Sullivan - \$5,667.

As of December 31, 2008, each Nonemployee Director has the following number of outstanding options and unvested shares from previous grants:

Name	Outstanding Options	Unvested Restricted Shares
Phillip R. Cox	3,000	400
Jerry Jasinowski	6,000	400
John A. Luke, Jr.	18,000	0
Robert W. Mahoney	18,000	0
Joseph W. Ralston	6,000	0
John P. Reilly	0	1,200
Frank C. Sullivan	6,000	0
John M. Timken, Jr.	0	0
Ward J. Timken	11,000(a)	0
Joseph F. Toot, Jr.	9,000	0
Jacqueline F. Woods	9,000	0

(a) Outstanding options for Ward J. Timken include grants awarded when he was an employee of the Company.

- (3) As a former Chief Executive Officer of the Company, Mr. Toot is provided an office, administrative support and home security system monitoring. These items are valued at the Company's cost, and the office and administrative support constitute approximately 99% of the total value.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has a standing Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee has oversight responsibility with respect to the Company's independent auditors and the integrity of the Company's financial statements. The Audit Committee is composed of Frank C. Sullivan (Chairman), Phillip R. Cox, Robert W. Mahoney, John P. Reilly, and John M. Timken, Jr. All members of the Audit Committee are independent as defined in the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. The Board of Directors of the Company has determined that the Company has at least one audit committee financial expert serving on the Audit Committee and has designated Frank C. Sullivan as that expert.

The Audit Committee's charter is available on the Company's website at www.timken.com and copies are available upon request to the Company's Corporate Secretary using the process described on page 45 of this Proxy Statement.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed with management and the Company's independent auditors the audited financial statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. The Audit Committee has also discussed with the Company's independent auditors the matters required to be discussed pursuant to Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended (AICPA, Professional Standards, Vol. 1. AU section 380), as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in Rule 3200T.

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The Audit Committee has received and reviewed the written disclosure and the letter from the Company's independent auditors required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent accountant's communications with the audit committee concerning independence, has discussed with the Company's independent auditors such independent auditors' independence, and has considered the compatibility of non-audit services with the auditors' independence.

Based on the review and discussions referred to above, the Audit Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the audited financial statements be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Frank C. Sullivan, Chairman

Phillip R. Cox

Robert W. Mahoney

John P. Reilly

John M. Timken, Jr.

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

The Company has a standing Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee establishes and administers the Company's policies, programs and procedures for compensating its senior management and Board of Directors. Members of the Compensation Committee are John A. Luke, Jr. (Chairman), Jerry J. Jasinowski, Joseph W. Ralston, John P. Reilly, and Jacqueline F. Woods. All members of the Compensation Committee are independent as defined in the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange.

The Company, with the guidance and approval of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, has developed compensation programs for executive officers, including the Chief Executive Officer and the other executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table (the named executive officers), that are intended to provide a total compensation package that enables the Company to attract, retain and motivate superior quality executive management; rewards executive management for financial performance and the achievement of strategic objectives; and aligns the financial interests of executive management with those of shareholders. The Compensation Committee determines specific compensation elements for the Chief Executive Officer and considers and acts upon recommendations made by the Chief Executive Officer regarding the other executive officers.

The agenda for meetings of the Compensation Committee is determined by its Chairman with the assistance of the Senior Vice President Human Resources and Organizational Advancement. The meetings are regularly attended by the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, Executive Vice President Finance and Administration, Senior Vice President and General Counsel, Senior Vice President Human Resources and Organizational Advancement and Director Total Rewards. At each meeting, the Compensation Committee meets in executive session. The Chairman of the Compensation Committee reports the Committee's actions regarding compensation of executive officers to the full Board of Directors. The Company's Human Resources and Organizational Advancement department supports the Compensation Committee in its duties and may be delegated certain administrative duties in connection with the Company's compensation programs. The Committee has the sole authority to retain and terminate compensation consultants to assist in the evaluation of Director or executive officer compensation and the sole authority to approve the fees and other retention terms of any compensation consultants. The Compensation Committee has engaged Towers Perrin, a global professional services firm, to conduct annual reviews of its total compensation programs for executive officers and, from time-to-time, to review the total compensation of Directors. Towers Perrin also provides information to the Compensation Committee on trends in executive compensation and other market data.

With respect to Director compensation, as stated above, the Compensation Committee periodically engages Towers Perrin to conduct reviews of total Director compensation, and the Committee then recommends to the full Board of Directors changes in Director compensation that will enhance the Company's ability to attract and retain qualified Directors.

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The Compensation Committee's charter is available on the Company's website at www.timken.com and copies are available upon request to the Company's Corporate Secretary using the process described on page 45 of this Proxy Statement.

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis (the CD&A) for the year ended December 31, 2008, with management. In reliance on the review and discussion referred to above, the Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors, and the Board has approved, that the CD&A be included in this Proxy Statement for the year ended December 31, 2008, for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

John A. Luke, Jr. (Chairman)

Jerry J. Jasinowski

John P. Reilly

Joseph W. Ralston

Jacqueline F. Woods

NOMINATING AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE

The Company has a standing Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for, among other things, evaluating new Director candidates and incumbent Directors and recommending Directors to serve as members of the Board committees. Members of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are Joseph W. Ralston (Chairman), Jerry J. Jasinowski, John A. Luke, Jr., Robert W. Mahoney, Joseph F. Toot, Jr., and Jacqueline F. Woods. All members of the Committee are independent as defined in the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange.

Director candidates recommended by shareholders will be considered in accordance with the Company's Amended Regulations. In order for a shareholder to submit a recommendation, the shareholder must deliver a communication by registered mail or in person to the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, c/o The Timken Company, 1835 Dueber Avenue, S.W., P.O. Box 6932, Canton, Ohio 44706-0932. Such communication should include the proposed candidate's qualifications, any relationship between the shareholder and the proposed candidate and any other information that the shareholder would consider useful for the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee to consider in evaluating such candidate. The Board of Directors' General Policies and Procedures provide that general criteria for Director candidates include, but are not limited to, the highest integrity and ethical standards, the ability to provide wise and informed guidance to management, a willingness to pursue thoughtful, objective inquiry on important issues before the Company, and a range of experience and knowledge commensurate with the Company's needs as well as the expectations of knowledgeable investors. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider individuals it believes to be qualified to become Directors and will recommend candidates to the Board of Directors to fill new or vacant positions. In recommending candidates, the Committee will consider such factors as it deems appropriate, consistent with the factors set forth in the Board of Directors' General Policies and Procedures. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is also responsible for reviewing the qualifications of, and making recommendations to the Board of Directors for, Director nominations submitted by shareholders. All Director nominees are evaluated in the same manner by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, without regard to the source of the nominee recommendation.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee utilizes a variety of methods for identifying and evaluating director candidates. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee regularly reviews the appropriate size of the Board and whether any vacancies on the Board are expected due to retirement or otherwise. In the event that vacancies are anticipated, or otherwise arise, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers various potential candidates for director. Candidates may come to the attention of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee through current Board members, professional search firms, shareholders or other persons.

The Company's code of business conduct and ethics, called the Standards of Business Ethics Policy, and its corporate governance guidelines, called the Board of Directors' General Policies and Procedures,

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are reviewed annually by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and are available on the Company's website at www.timken.com. Copies are available upon request to the Company's Corporate Secretary using the process described on page 45 of this Proxy Statement.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

In 2008, the Company had a standing Finance Committee. The Committee advised and consulted with management and the Board of Directors regarding capital structure, dividend and investment policies and other financial matters affecting the Company. Members of the Finance Committee were Phillip R. Cox (Chairman), Frank C. Sullivan, John M. Timken, Jr. and Joseph F. Toot, Jr. All members of the Finance Committee were independent as defined in the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange.

The Finance Committee's charter is available on the Company's website at www.timken.com and copies are available upon request to the Company's Corporate Secretary using the process described on page 45 of this Proxy Statement.

Table of Contents**BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF COMMON STOCK**

The following table shows, as of January 9, 2009, the beneficial ownership of Common Stock of the Company by each retiring Director, continuing Director, nominee for Director and executive officer named in the Summary Compensation Table on page 27 of this Proxy Statement, and by all retiring Directors, continuing Directors, nominees for Director and executive officers as a group. Beneficial ownership of Common Stock has been determined for this purpose in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is based on the sole or shared power to vote or direct the voting or to dispose or direct the disposition of Common Stock. Beneficial ownership as determined in this manner does not necessarily bear on the economic incidents of ownership of Common Stock.

Name	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership of Common Stock			Percent of Class
	Sole Voting Or Investment Power ⁽¹⁾	Shared Voting or Investment Power	Aggregate Amount ⁽¹⁾	
Michael C. Arnold	191,101	0	191,101	*
Phillip R. Cox	13,100 ⁽²⁾	0	13,100 ⁽²⁾	*
Jacqueline A. Dedo	170,272	0	170,272	*
Glenn A. Eisenberg	95,889	0	95,889	*
James W. Griffith	638,754	181,666	820,420	*
Jerry J. Jasinowski	17,100 ⁽²⁾	0	17,100 ⁽²⁾	*
John A. Luke, Jr.	33,085	0	33,085	*
Robert W. Mahoney	34,781	0	34,781	*
Salvatore J. Miraglia, Jr.	113,197	0	113,197	*
Joseph W. Ralston	23,379	0	23,379	*
John P. Reilly	17,291	0	17,291	*
Frank C. Sullivan	20,000	0	20,000	*
John M. Timken, Jr.	579,740 ⁽³⁾	951,660 ⁽⁴⁾	1,531,400 ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	1.5%
Ward J. Timken	480,023	6,482,002 ⁽⁴⁾	6,962,025 ⁽⁴⁾	7.2%
Ward J. Timken, Jr.	494,388	5,309,754 ⁽⁴⁾	5,804,142 ⁽⁴⁾	5.9%
Joseph F. Toot, Jr.	73,224	200	73,424	*
Jacqueline F. Woods	22,407	0	22,407	*
All Directors, Nominees for Director and executive officers as a Group ⁽⁵⁾	3,109,943	7,124,338	10,234,281	10.4%

* Percent of class
is less than 1%.

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- (1) The following table provides additional details regarding beneficial ownership of Common Stock:

Name	Outstanding Options (a)	Vested Deferred Restricted Shares (b)	Deferred Common Shares (c)
Michael C. Arnold	105,425	0	0
Phillip R. Cox	3,000	1,600	3,500
Jacqueline A. Dedo	136,350	0	0
Glenn A. Eisenberg	36,675	0	0
James W. Griffith	525,750	20,000	0
Jerry J. Jasinowski	6,000	1,600	8,500
John A. Luke, Jr.	18,000	0	0
Robert W. Mahoney	18,000	0	0
Salvatore J. Miraglia, Jr.	28,125	10,000	0
Joseph W. Ralston	6,000	0	9,500
John P. Reilly	0	0	0
Frank C. Sullivan	6,000	2,000	0
John M. Timken, Jr.	0	0	0
Ward J. Timken	11,000	0	0
Ward J. Timken, Jr.	289,250	0	0
Joseph F. Toot, Jr.	9,000	0	0
Jacqueline F. Woods	9,000	0	10,000

- (a) Includes the shares which the individual named in the table has the right to acquire, on or before March 10, 2009, through the exercise of stock options pursuant to the Long-Term Incentive Plan. Including those listed, all Directors, nominees for Directors,

retiring
Directors and
executive
officers as a
group have the
right to acquire
1,240,550
shares on or
before
March 10, 2009,
through the
exercise of
stock options
pursuant to the
Long-Term
Incentive Plan.
These shares
have been
treated as
outstanding for
the purpose of
calculating the
percentage of
the class
beneficially
owned by such
individual or
group, but not
for the purpose
of calculating
the percentage
of the class
owned by any
other person.

- (b) Awarded as
annual grants
under the
Long-Term
Incentive Plan,
which will not
be issued until a
later date under
The Director
Deferred
Compensation
Plan.
- (c) Deferred under
the 1996
Deferred

Compensation
Plan.

- (2) Does not include unvested deferred restricted shares held by the following individuals:
Phillip R. Cox 400; and Jerry J. Jasinowski 400.
- (3) Includes 197,886 shares for which John M. Timken, Jr. has sole voting and investment power as trustee of three trusts created as the result of distributions from the estate of Susan H. Timken.
- (4) Includes shares for which another individual named in the table is also deemed to be the beneficial owner, as follows: John M. Timken, Jr. 500,000; Ward J. Timken 5,800,944 Ward J. Timken, Jr. 5,300,944.
- (5) The number of shares beneficially owned by all

Directors,
nominees for
Directors and
executive
officers as a
group has been
calculated to
eliminate
duplication of
beneficial
ownership. This
group consists
of 19
individuals.

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The following table gives information known to the Company about each beneficial owner of more than 5% of Common Stock of the Company.

	Beneficial Owner	Amount	Percent of Class
Timken family ⁽¹⁾		10,659,826 shares	11.0%
Barclays Global Investors, N.A. ⁽²⁾		8,493,671 shares	8.8%
Participants in The Timken Company Savings and Investment Pension Plan ⁽³⁾		8,113,445 shares	8.4%
Lord, Abbett & Co. LLC ⁽⁴⁾		5,203,712 shares	5.4%

(1) Members of the Timken family, including John M. Timken, Jr.; Ward J. Timken; and Ward J. Timken, Jr., have in the aggregate sole or shared voting power with respect to at least an aggregate of 10,659,826 (11%) shares of Common Stock, which amount includes 300,250 shares that members of the Timken family have the right to acquire on or before March 10, 2009. The Timken Foundation of Canton, 200 Market Avenue, North, Suite 210, Canton, Ohio 44702, holds

5,247,944 of these shares, representing (5.4%) of the outstanding Common Stock.

Ward J.

Timken; Joy A.

Timken; Ward

J. Timken, Jr.;

and Nancy S.

Knudsen are

trustees of the

Foundation and

share the voting

and investment

power with

respect to such

shares.

- (2) A filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission dated February 6, 2009, by Barclays Global Investors, N.A., 45 Fremont Street, San Francisco, California 94105, indicated that it has or shares voting or investment power over 8,493,671 shares (8.8%) of the Company's outstanding Common Stock.

- (3) Trustee of the plan is J. P. Morgan Retirement Plan Services LLC, P.O. Box 419784, Kansas

City, MO
64179-0654.

- (4) A filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission dated February 13, 2009, by Lord, Abbett & Co. LLC, 90 Hudson Street, Jersey City, New Jersey 07302, indicated that it has voting or investment power over 5,203,712 shares (5.4%) of the Company's outstanding Common Stock.

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COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview

The Company, with the guidance and approval of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, has developed compensation programs for executive officers, including the Chief Executive Officer and the other executive officers named in the Summary Compensation Table (the named executive officers), that are intended to provide a total compensation package that:

enables the Company to attract, retain and motivate superior quality executive management;

rewards executive management for financial performance and the achievement of strategic objectives; and

aligns the financial interests of executive management with those of shareholders.

The Company meets these objectives through a balance of current and long-term as well as cash and non-cash compensation. The elements of executive compensation consist of base salary and annual performance award, long-term incentives including performance units, stock options and restricted shares, retirement income programs and other benefits. Each element of compensation meets one or more of the objectives described above.

The Compensation Committee believes that executive compensation for 2008 was consistent with these objectives and appropriately reflected management's performance. The Company had record sales and earnings in 2008, with strong performance by both the Bearing and Power Transmission and Steel Groups. And the Company maintained a strong balance sheet while advancing its strategic objectives. The Company took the following actions on the key elements of executive compensation in 2008:

Salary: Base salaries for each of the named executive officers were increased by varying percentages ranging from 0% to 3.8%. See *Base Salary* below.

Annual Performance Award: Payouts under the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan were approved at 103% of the target opportunity for the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman and between 103% and 127% of target for the other named executive officers. See *Annual Performance Award* below.

Long-Term Incentives: Company performance for performance units covering the 2006-2008 period exceeded the threshold levels for both financial performance measures (average return on equity and compound annual sales growth) and payouts were approved for the named executive officers at 77% of target level. See *Long-Term Incentives Performance Units* below. The named executive officers also received awards of stock options and restricted stock.

The differences in total compensation between 2008 and 2007 reflect several factors, including changes in the Company's performance relative to goals:

normal salary increases plus a promotional increase to one executive in late 2007;

annual performance awards that were higher in 2008 because performance approximated target goals in 2008 but was below target in 2007;

performance unit payments for the three-year period ending in 2008 that reflected lower performance against target than those for the period ending in 2007, with the exception of Mr. Timken, whose 2008 payment reflected a higher salary and target percentage for the 2006-2008 performance cycle following his promotion to Chairman;

option awards that reflect higher expense levels in 2008 due to an additional year of option grants at higher levels following promotions;

an extra year of service at higher levels of pay, which increased pension values;

at higher levels of pay, which increased pension values; and

severance payments made to one executive who left the Company in 2008.
These outcomes are consistent with the design of the Company's executive pay program and its pay setting process.

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Executive Compensation Program Design

The Company's executive compensation programs are designed to deliver fair compensation in light of competitive market practices, balanced with the desire to meet the Company's performance aspirations and create long-term value for shareholders.

The Company annually reviews survey data from nationally recognized consulting firms. Collectively, these databases reflect the pay practices of hundreds of companies from a range of industries. The Company has chosen to use information regarding the pay practices of approximately 340 companies in these databases with annual revenues between \$2.5 and \$10 billion, because the Company believes the size and complexity of the organization should be reflected in how compensation is determined and believes that revenues are an appropriate indicator of size and complexity. The decision to consider the survey data for companies with annual revenues in this range in setting executive compensation levels reflects the Company's view that general industrial companies of comparable size are the main source of and the market for the Company's senior executive talent and ensures that the Company is positioned to attract and retain qualified senior executives in the face of competitive pressures in its relevant general labor markets.

Guidelines for salaries, annual incentives and long-term incentive grants are based on the 50th percentile of the general industry data for each position. The Company may provide compensation above or below the 50th percentile for a particular position, based on internal factors such as the executive's operating responsibilities, experience level, retention risk and tenure and performance in the position. The Company believes that targeting pay at the median in aggregate and adjusting pay above or below median for individual positions provides the proper balance between establishing fair and reasonable pay levels needed to attract and retain qualified executives and requiring that performance exceed expectations in order to deliver pay that is higher than that provided by the majority of companies in the comparison group.

The Company does not have a prescribed mix between short-term and long-term or cash and non-cash compensation, but rather establishes target compensation levels that are consistent with market practices relative to base salaries, annual incentive awards and long-term incentive values, and the Compensation Committee's assessment of the appropriate mix for the position. Current compensation provides needed personal liquidity, focuses executives on short-term priorities and dampens the impact of a volatile stock market. Providing a significant portion of executive compensation in the form of long-term compensation strengthens the alignment of executives to the long-term performance of the Company and provides a balance against short-term decision making.

The mix between current and long-term or cash and non-cash compensation varies by management level. For example, the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman positions receive more of their total compensation (excluding retirement income) in the form of long-term compensation relative to the other named executive officers, with both receiving approximately 40% in current compensation and 60% in long-term compensation, made up of approximately:

20% in current cash base salary;

20% in current cash incentive pay tied to annual performance goals;

20% in long-term cash incentive pay tied to performance over a three-year cycle; and

40% in long-term equity incentive compensation (stock options and restricted shares).

In comparison, the other named executive officers receive approximately 50% in current compensation and 50% in long-term compensation, with approximately 65% to 70% in cash and 30% to 35% in non-cash compensation. Positions lower in the organization have a greater emphasis on current pay. This reflects the Company's view that more senior executives should have a more significant incentive to focus on and drive the long-term performance of the Company. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman are expected to focus more than other senior executives on strategic issues that drive long-term performance, while priorities for executives lower in the organization are more heavily focused on shorter-term operational results.

Cash is used for both current and long-term compensation, while non-cash compensation (i.e., share-based awards) is generally used only for long-term compensation. Cash compensation includes base salary, annual incentive awards and performance units, which are cash-based awards payable at the end of three years subject to attainment of certain corporate performance targets. Non-cash compensation includes stock option grants and restricted share grants. Compensation tied to equity is intended to align the

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recipient's interests with shareholders and cause changes in stock price to have a meaningful impact on the recipient's personal wealth.

Pay-Setting Process

The Chief Executive Officer and the Senior Vice President Human Resources and Organizational Advancement prepare compensation recommendations for the named executive officers (other than the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman) and present these recommendations to the Compensation Committee. The Chief Executive Officer's and Chairman's compensation packages are determined by the Compensation Committee and approved by the independent members of the Board of Directors during executive session.

The Company compares each element of compensation provided to its executive officers to the market data, and considers the total compensation package in relation to the target established for the position, taking into account the scope of responsibilities of the particular position. Total compensation (base salary, annual incentives and long-term incentive grants) is evaluated in relation to the total compensation of comparable positions derived from the general market data. For example, the amount of Mr. Griffith's compensation is higher than the other named executives because it reflects the competitive market for chief executive officer services, and not because of compensation policies different from those applied to the other named executive officers.

Following completion of this analysis and development of proposed base salary ranges, target annual performance award opportunities and long-term incentive grants, an external compensation consultant reviews the information and discusses the findings with the Compensation Committee. As part of this process, the Compensation Committee reviews all the components of the Chief Executive Officer's and the other named executive officers' compensation and determines that each individual's total compensation is reasonable and consistent with the Company's compensation philosophy. The Compensation Committee may also consider additional factors that may cause it to adjust a particular element of an executive's compensation, such as the executive's operating responsibilities, experience level, retention risk and tenure and performance in the position. The Compensation Committee then approves, with any modifications it deems appropriate, base salary ranges, target annual performance award opportunities and long-term incentive grants for the Company's executive officers. The amount of past compensation realized or potentially realizable does not directly impact the level at which current and long-term pay opportunities are set.

The company analyzes the overall expense arising from aggregate executive compensation levels and awards and the components of the Company's pay, as well as the accounting and tax treatment of such programs. The Company has addressed the impact of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code by obtaining shareholder approval of the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan and the Long-Term Incentive Plan and by allowing certain grants under the Long-Term Incentive Plan to qualify as performance-based compensation. The Chief Executive Officer and the other named executive officers all participated in the Senior Executive Management Performance plan for 2008. The Compensation Committee considers the deductibility of compensation and benefits for Federal income tax purposes, along with other relevant factors, when determining executive compensation practices.

The Compensation Committee engages an external compensation consultant in connection with its oversight of the design, development and implementation of the Company's executive pay programs. During 2008, the Compensation Committee determined that Towers Perrin would provide this service for a multi-year engagement. In 2008, Towers Perrin's primary areas of assistance were:

- gathering market compensation practice information related to questions raised by the Compensation Committee and management;

- reviewing information developed by management for the Compensation Committee and providing its input on such information to the Committee;

- attending and participating in meetings with the Committee, as well as briefings with the Committee Chair and management prior to meetings; and

- reviewing with management and the Committee materials to be used in the Company's Proxy Statement.

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The Compensation Committee has authorized Towers Perrin to interact with the Company's management, as needed, on behalf of the Compensation Committee.

Base Salary

Base salaries for the named executive officers are intended to reflect the scope of their responsibilities, the length of their experience performing those responsibilities and their performance. Base salary ranges for executive officers are determined by the Compensation Committee based on external surveys of salary practices for positions with similar levels of responsibility. Base salaries for the named executive officers are reviewed by the Compensation Committee annually in light of each officer's experience, leadership, current salary and position in the salary range.

Following this review process in 2008, the Compensation Committee determined to increase Mr. Griffith's base salary by 3.7%, to \$1,025,000. Mr. Timken's base salary was increased by 3.8%, to \$810,000. Mr. Miraglia received a base salary increase of 3.6% and Messrs. Eisenberg and Arnold did not receive base salary increases. Mr. Arnold had received a base salary increase of 18% in September 2007 in connection with his promotion to Executive Vice President and President - Bearings and Power Transmission, to reflect his increased responsibility as an Executive Vice President of the Company.

Annual Performance Award

The Company's Senior Executive Management Performance Plan provides the named executive officers with the opportunity to earn annual incentive compensation based on the achievement of corporate performance goals established by the Compensation Committee and approved by the Board of Directors. It is intended to focus the named executive officers on specific performance goals in the current year.

Funding the Annual Plan

The Senior Executive Management Performance Plan is structured to comply with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code. In order to qualify the amounts earned under the plan as performance based, the Compensation Committee can exercise discretion only to reduce an award. As a result, target levels are set with the expectation that the plan will be funded above the level of the Company's other annual incentive plans. This provides the Compensation Committee with the flexibility to determine actual awards under the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan for the named executive officers that are consistent with the awards made to other annual incentive plan participants, which has been the historical practice.

Two performance measures were used for funding this plan for 2008: (1) earnings before interest and taxes as a percentage of beginning invested capital, excluding the effects of restructuring and impairment charges and accounting change charges, in each case as defined by generally accepted accounting principles (EBIT/BIC); and (2) working capital as a percentage of sales. EBIT/BIC constituted 80% of the total award calculation and working capital as a percentage of sales constituted 20% of the total award calculation. EBIT/BIC was the primary performance measure because the Compensation Committee believes that EBIT/BIC is closely correlated with the creation of shareholder value. Working capital as a percentage of sales was used to focus the named executives on managing working capital.

Target performance levels for each measure are established each year. The Compensation Committee reviews the prior year's target performance levels in light of performance expectations for the current year to determine whether any increases or decreases in the levels are warranted. For 2008, the target performance level for funding was 13.0% for the EBIT/BIC measure and 26.0% for the working capital measure. Performance at the target level would have resulted in the plan being funded at 120% of target level. Because the Compensation Committee has determined that it does not want to pay incentives for financial results that fall below minimum acceptable levels, a threshold level of performance for each measure is also established each year, below which there is no funding for annual performance awards. For 2008, this threshold funding level was 8.0% for the EBIT/BIC measure and 28.0% for the working capital measure. Similarly, because the Compensation Committee believes that making additional annual cash award payments for performance above certain performance levels has no beneficial incentive effect, maximum performance levels for each measure are also established each year. No additional funding is provided for performance above the maximum level. For 2008, the maximum performance level was 17.0% for the EBIT/BIC measure and 24.0% for the working capital measure. Performance at the threshold levels would have resulted in the plan being funded at 36% of the target level, and performance at the maximum

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level would have resulted in the plan being funded at 200% of the target levels, in each case prior to the exercise of discretion by the Compensation Committee to reduce the awards.

For 2008, Company performance under the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan equaled 14.1% for the EBIT/BIC measure and 27.0% for the working capital measure. These results meant that the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan was eligible to be funded at 128% of target.

Determining the Awards

For 2008, the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan provided the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman a target award opportunity of 100% of base salary. The Plan provided the other named executive officers a target award opportunity of 60% to 70% of base salary. Target award opportunity levels for executive officers were determined by the Compensation Committee based on external surveys of practices for positions with similar levels of responsibility. The actual awards could be higher or lower than the target opportunity based on the results for each performance measure, and the extent to which the Compensation Committee uses discretion to reduce the awards.

The Compensation Committee determined the actual award for each named executive officer based on:

the actual payouts, as a percentage of target opportunity, under the Company's annual incentive plan for management level employees other than the named executive officers;

the actual performance of the Company in 2008 in relation to the aspirations of the Company for performance over the course of a full business cycle; and

in the case of Messrs. Arnold and Miraglia, the strong performance of the specific business unit for which the officer is responsible.

As a result, the Compensation Committee approved annual incentive payouts for the named executive officers that were consistent, as a percentage of target opportunity, with the awards made to other annual incentive plan participants. The 2008 cash award payout under the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan equaled 103% of the target opportunity (100% of base salary) for the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman and between 103% and 127% of the target opportunities (60% to 70% of base salary) for the other named executive officers.

The goals for the annual performance award plans for 2009 were set by the Compensation Committee at the February 2009 meeting. The performance measures for the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan for 2009 are: (1) corporate EBIT/BIC; and (2) working capital as a percentage of sales. Corporate EBIT/BIC will constitute 80% of the total award calculation and working capital as a percentage of sales will constitute 20% of the total award calculation. The target EBIT/BIC performance level for the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan was kept at the same level as the 2008 target, consistent with the corporate goals for the Company's other annual incentive plan participants. Achievement of the target level of EBIT/BIC performance will require the second highest level of performance for the past 10 years in what is anticipated to be a very challenging business environment. The working capital targets were increased to reflect anticipated higher levels of working capital in light of the current structure of the company's business.

The target award opportunity for 2009 is 100% of base salary for the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman and 70% of base salary for the other named executive officers, although the actual awards could be higher or lower than the target percentages based upon the actual results for each performance measure against the established targets and the extent to which the Compensation Committee reduces the awards.

Long-Term Incentives

The Compensation Committee administers the Long-Term Incentive Plan, which is approved by shareholders. Awards under the Long-Term Incentive Plan can be made in the form of non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, appreciation rights, performance shares, performance units, restricted shares and deferred shares. In 2008, the Company utilized three different types of long-term incentive grants for the named executive officers:

Performance units, which are designed to reward executives with cash payments contingent on the attainment of specified multi-year corporate performance goals;

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Nonqualified stock options, which vest over time (typically four years) and are intended to provide value to the holder only if shareholders receive additional value after the date of grant; and

Restricted shares, which for the named executive officers require the Company to achieve a specified performance objective in the year granted in order to have the shares vest over time (typically four years) and are intended to foster stock ownership among executives and focus executives on total shareholder return (including dividends). The performance objective for shares granted in 2008 was EBIT/BIC of 8% or better, which was achieved.

In total, the Company believes that these three programs provide a balanced focus on shareholder value creation and retention of key managers over the course of a full business cycle. These programs also serve to balance the short-term operating focus of the Company and align the long-term financial interests of executive management with those of shareholders.

The value of each type of long-term incentive grant is linked directly to the performance of the Company or the price of Common Stock. For performance units, payouts are entirely contingent on the attainment of corporate performance targets over a three-year performance period. In the case of stock options, the recipient recognizes value only to the extent that the stock price increases above the market price of the stock at the time the option is granted. And for restricted shares, receipt of the shares is dependent upon achieving a certain level of performance in the year granted and the value of the shares is directly related to the stock price and dividends paid by the Company. In each case, the executive must remain employed by the Company for a minimum of three years (four years for stock options and restricted shares) to earn the full value of any award, which aids the Company in retaining executives.

Guideline grant levels for each of the three forms of long-term incentive are established periodically and reviewed to determine whether changes are appropriate as circumstances change. Guidelines are established at a level intended to deliver a total value, at grant, approximately equal to each executive's targeted level of long-term incentive value, based on competitive market practice for comparable positions. The allocation of grant value between the three long-term incentive programs was based on a combination of market practice, internal equity considerations and relative importance of the objectives behind each of the three programs (i.e., reward attainment of multi-year performance goals, provide value tied to stock price appreciation and foster stock ownership).

On average, for the named executive officers, each of the Company's long-term incentive vehicles represents approximately one-third of the total long-term incentive value. For the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman, however, there is greater emphasis placed on the stock option component, with their long-term incentive mix being approximately 30% in cash-based performance units, 40% in stock options and 30% in restricted shares. This allocation reflects the Company's belief that the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman, more than other officers, are directly accountable for long-term shareholder value creation.

Performance units, stock options and restricted shares are typically granted by the Compensation Committee at the first regularly scheduled meeting of each year, when the Committee determines all elements of the officers' compensation for the year. Board and committee meetings are generally scheduled at least a year in advance. Approval of grants for newly hired or promoted executives during the course of the year occur at the Compensation Committee meeting immediately following the hiring or promotion.

Performance Units

The named executive officers receive awards of performance units at the start of three-year performance periods, and the awards are designed to focus the officers' efforts on medium-term performance goals of the Company. A new three-year performance cycle starts on January 1 of each year. Cash payouts in respect of performance units are made by March following the end of each performance cycle. Performance units serve as a strong incentive for the named executive officers to achieve the Company's medium-term financial and strategic objectives. They also encourage retention, as they are subject to forfeiture if the officer voluntarily leaves the Company before the end of the three year period.

The Compensation Committee established two performance measures for the awards granted for the 2006-2008 performance cycle (which were granted in 2006): (1) average return on equity; and (2) compound annual sales growth. The Compensation Committee selected these goals because it believed they were key components of the Company's

business strategy and important contributors to long-term shareholder value.

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Each measure was weighted equally because they were viewed as equally important for this performance cycle.

Each named executive officer received a target payout opportunity for the performance units, determined as a percentage of the officer's base salary in effect on January 1, 2006. For the 2006-2008 cycle, the plan provided the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman a target payout opportunity of 100% of base salary and the other named executive officers target payout opportunities from 70% to 80% of their January 1, 2006 base salaries. These target percentages were determined to provide the appropriate allocation of value among the long-term incentives, as described above.

For the 2006-2008 cycle, the target performance level was 12.5% for the average return on equity measure and 6.3% for the compound annual sales growth measure. The specific performance targets for each measure were derived from the Company's internal, confidential three-year strategic plan at the time the awards were established. A minimum level of performance for each measure was also established, and no performance awards are earned for performance below these minimum levels. For the 2006-2008 cycle, this minimum, or threshold, level was 5.6% for the average return on equity measure and 2.6% (compound annual growth rate, or CAGR) for the sales growth measure. The Compensation Committee has also determined that, because both of these measures should be taken into account in measuring achievement of the strategic plan, failure to reach threshold levels of performance on either measure results in no award being paid. Maximum performance levels for each measure were also established, above which no additional payouts will be made. For the 2006-2008 cycle, the maximum performance level was 19.4% for the average return on equity measure and 9.7% for the compound annual sales growth measure.

For the 2006-2008 performance cycle, performance at the target level on both measures would have resulted in funding at 150% of the target levels, performance at the threshold levels would have resulted in funding at 75% of the target levels and performance at the maximum levels would have resulted in funding at 200% of the target levels. Funding was set at 150% for target level performance because compliance with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code does not allow the Compensation Committee to use discretion to increase awards under any circumstances.

For the 2006-2008 cycle, Company performance exceeded the threshold level for both measures; with 10.4% average return on equity and 3.1% compound annual sales growth, resulting in eligible funding at 106% of target level for the named executive officers. The Compensation Committee approved payouts of 77% of target level, identical to the payout percentage calculated for other senior managers under a similar incentive plan. As a result, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman each received a cash payment equal to 77% of their January 1, 2006 base salaries and the other named executive officers received cash payments equal to between 42% and 61% of their January 1, 2006 base salaries.

The Compensation Committee established two performance measures for the performance units granted for the 2008-2010 performance cycle (which were granted in 2008): (1) average return on invested capital; and (2) cumulative earnings per share. The Compensation Committee selected these goals because it believed they were key components of shareholder value creation and highly correlated to achievement of the Company's business strategy. Each measure is weighted equally. As in the past, the specific performance targets for each measure are tied to the Company's internal, confidential three-year strategic plan. As a result, the Compensation Committee believes that the targets for the 2008-2010 cycle are very challenging, but achievable. They will require a high level of financial performance over the three year period to be achieved.

The target award opportunity for the performance units granted in 2008 is 100% of base salary (as of January 1, 2008) for the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman and ranges from 70% to 80% of base salary (as of January 1, 2008) for the other named executive officers, although the actual awards could be higher or lower than the target percentages depending upon the attainment of the specific performance targets. For the 2008-2010 performance cycle, performance at the target level on both measures would result in funding at 100% of the target levels, performance at the threshold levels would result in funding at 50% of the target levels and performance at the maximum levels would result in funding at 150% of the target levels, in each case subject to the exercise of discretion by the Compensation Committee to reduce the awards.

Under the accounting rules, performance units result in variable accounting, whereby the Company's expense equals the value paid to the executives. As such, the ultimate expense is not determinable until the

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end of the three-year performance period. When the executives earn and receive a payout, the Company receives a corresponding tax deduction.

Stock Options

Executives (including the named executive officers) receive nonqualified stock options that:
have an exercise price equal to the market price of Common Stock on the date of grant;

typically vest over a four-year period in equal amounts each year; and

expire ten years after the date of grant.

The Compensation Committee believes that this structure aids the Company in retaining executives and motivating longer-term performance. Stock options are an effective motivational tool because they only have value to the extent the price of Common Stock on the date of exercise exceeds the exercise price on the grant date. They are an effective element of compensation and retention, however, only if the stock price grows over the term of the award.

Under the accounting rules, the fair value of the stock options on the grant date is expensed over the vesting period in the year the options are earned. When executives exercise stock options, they are taxed at ordinary income tax rates (subject to withholding) and the Company receives a corresponding tax deduction.

Restricted Shares

Executives (including the named executive officers) receive restricted shares that typically vest over a four year period in equal amounts each year. Restricted shares serve to both reward and retain executives, as the value of the restricted shares is linked to the price of Common Stock when the restrictions lapse.

Beginning in 2008, restricted shares granted to the named executive officers require the company to achieve a specified performance objective in the year granted in order to have the shares vest over time. The performance objective for shares granted in 2008 was corporate EBIT/BIC of 8% or better, which was achieved.

Under the accounting rules, the grant date fair value is expensed over the service/vesting period based on the shares that are earned, provided the performance metric is met. The executives are taxed at ordinary income tax rates (subject to withholding) when the shares vest, and the Company receives a corresponding tax deduction.

Stock Ownership Guidelines

Stock ownership guidelines have been established for all senior executives and are intended to align the interests of executive management with those of shareholders by requiring executives to be subject to long-term stock price volatility like shareholders. These guidelines establish a specific ownership target of 5 times base salary for the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman and 3 times base salary for the other named executive officers. The Company recognizes all shares owned by the executive, including restricted shares still subject to forfeiture but not including shares that are subject to unexercised option rights, in determining whether ownership targets have been met. As of February 1, 2009, the named executive officers all met or exceeded their ownership targets, with the exception of Mr. Eisenberg. The Company has a formal policy that prohibits hedging the economic risk related to such stock ownership.

Retirement Income Programs

The Company's retirement income programs are an important retention tool. The Company maintains both qualified and nonqualified retirement income programs. The named executive officers participate in qualified plans on the same terms and conditions as all other salaried employees and also participate in the Company's nonqualified retirement income programs. The Company currently provides nonqualified retirement income through two types of plans:

Nonqualified defined contribution plan, which provides for after-tax savings based on each executive's contributions, company match and core defined contributions in excess of tax limits. The nonqualified defined contribution plan in which the named executive officers participate is the Post-tax Savings

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Plan. This plan is primarily intended to restore benefits that would be provided under the qualified retirement plans were it not for limits on benefits and compensation imposed by the Internal Revenue Code.

Nonqualified defined benefit plan, which provides for a targeted percentage of salary and annual incentive income that will be continued through retirement. The nonqualified defined benefit plan in which the named executive officers participate is the Supplemental Pension Plan for Executive Officers (the SERP). The SERP provides for a benefit based on final average earnings with offsets for benefits provided under the Company's other retirement programs. The SERP promotes retention of executive officers because it requires 10 years of service, including 5 years as an officer, for full benefits to be earned.

Although the policies and procedures underlying the Company's retirement income programs are the same for all participants, the age and length of service (including service as an officer of the Company) of each participant can have a significant effect on their benefit calculation because the programs have changed over time. In addition, because benefits under the Company's retirement income programs are based on base salary and cash annual incentive compensation for the five highest non-consecutive years (out of the final ten years), the pension value can increase significantly as salary and cash annual incentive compensation increases.

The value of the nonqualified retirement income programs is quantified each year and these programs are periodically reviewed for their competitiveness. To date, the value of these programs has not had a significant impact on decisions regarding salary, annual incentive awards or long-term incentive grants.

Termination-Related Payments

In addition to retirement payments, the Company provides termination-related payments in the event of involuntary termination without cause and involuntary termination without cause following a change in control.

The Company provides payments in the event of involuntary termination without cause through Severance Agreements with individual executives. Severance Agreements are provided based on competitive market practice and the Company's desire to provide some level of income continuity should an executive's employment be terminated without cause. The Company believes that providing for such income continuity results in greater management stability and lower unwanted management turnover. In 2008, Mrs. Dedo's employment was involuntarily terminated without cause and she received severance benefits in accordance with her Severance Agreement, the value of which are reflected in the All Other Compensation column in the Summary Compensation Table on page 27.

Severance Agreements also provide for termination payments following involuntary termination without cause following a change in control. These provisions are based on competitive practice and are designed to ensure that executives' interests remain aligned with shareholders should a potential change of control occur. They are also intended to provide some level of income continuity should an executive's employment be terminated without cause. The Company believes that providing for such income continuity results in greater management stability and lower unwanted management turnover.

The level of severance benefits under the applicable scenario reflects the Company's perception of competitive market practice for the named executive officers' positions, based on an assessment by Towers Perrin. Severance pay was established as a multiple of base salary and target annual incentive compensation, based on competitive market practice. Specific dollar values were not targeted by the Compensation Committee or management, although the Compensation Committee did review tally sheets that showed the estimated cost of such benefits under various scenarios. The amounts of potential payouts are indicated in the Termination Scenarios table on page 38.

Deferred Compensation

The Company maintains a Deferred Compensation Plan that allows certain employees, including the named executive officers, to defer receipt of all or a portion of their salary, employee contributions and company match that would otherwise be directed to the Post-Tax Savings and Investment Plan and/or incentive compensation payable in cash or shares of Common Stock until a specified point in the future. Cash deferrals earn interest quarterly at a rate based on the prime rate plus one percent. None of the

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named executive officers earned above-market interest, as defined by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Deferred Compensation Plan is not funded by the Company and participants have an unsecured contractual commitment by the Company to pay the amounts due under the plan. When such payments are due, they will be distributed from the Company's general assets. In the event of a change in control in the Company, as defined in the plan, participants are entitled to receive deferred amounts immediately. The Company believes that providing employees with tax deferral opportunities aids in the attraction and retention of such employees.

The value of deferred compensation amounts is quantified each year and this program is periodically reviewed for its competitiveness. To date, the value of deferred compensation has not had a significant impact on decisions regarding salary, annual incentive awards or long-term incentive grants.

Perquisite Programs

The Company's executive officers, including all of the named executive officers, are eligible to participate in a number of broad-based benefit programs, including health, disability and life insurance programs. The named executive officers may also receive certain perquisites including term life insurance coverage, financial counseling and tax preparation, access to corporate country club memberships (although personal expenses are not reimbursed) and home security systems. The value of these benefits is reflected in the All Other Compensation column in the Summary Compensation Table on page 27. These benefits are intended to provide executives with a competitive perquisite program that is reasonable and consistent with the Company's overall executive compensation program. The total cost of these benefits is a small percentage of each named executive officer's total compensation.

Table of Contents**SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE**

The following table sets forth information concerning compensation for the Company's principal executive officer, principal financial officer and three other most highly compensated executive officers for 2008. This table also includes a former executive officer who was among the most highly compensated executive officers, but was not serving as an executive officer as of December 31, 2008.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Stock Awards (1)	Option Awards (2)	Non-Equity Plan Compensation (3)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred	All Other Compensation (5)	Total
						Compensation Earnings (4)		
James W. Griffith President and Chief Executive Officer	2008	\$ 1,018,840	\$ 918,999	\$ 1,020,830	\$ 1,778,700	\$ 885,000	\$ 118,300	\$ 5,740,669
	2007	\$ 981,683	\$ 922,858	\$ 873,485	\$ 1,817,838	\$ 791,000	\$ 177,180	\$ 5,564,044
	2006	\$ 950,000	\$ 798,103	\$ 1,068,120	\$ 2,300,000	\$ 1,414,000	\$ 124,044	\$ 6,654,267
Ward J. Timken, Jr. Chairman Board of Directors	2008	\$ 805,000	\$ 622,039	\$ 845,870	\$ 1,404,909	\$ 346,000	\$ 129,900	\$ 4,153,718
	2007	\$ 775,000	\$ 528,401	\$ 583,759	\$ 952,235	\$ 251,000	\$ 174,024	\$ 3,264,419
	2006	\$ 750,000	\$ 311,847	\$ 398,519	\$ 1,182,000	\$ 314,000	\$ 137,630	\$ 3,093,996
Glenn A. Eisenberg Executive Vice President - Finance and Administration	2008	\$ 590,004	\$ 326,514	\$ 265,836	\$ 763,120	\$ 298,000	\$ 89,215	\$ 2,332,689
	2007	\$ 587,503	\$ 332,584	\$ 228,149	\$ 737,120	\$ 223,000	\$ 92,513	\$ 2,200,869
	2006	\$ 570,833	\$ 314,946	\$ 255,945	\$ 1,004,000	\$ 219,000	\$ 126,071	\$ 2,490,795
Michael C. Arnold Executive Vice President and President Bearings and Power Transmission	2008	\$ 590,004	\$ 509,726	\$ 253,849	\$ 761,544	\$ 336,000	\$ 67,551	\$ 2,518,674
	2007	\$ 526,670	\$ 520,691	\$ 207,003	\$ 623,884	\$ 262,000	\$ 85,212	\$ 2,225,460
	2006	\$ 473,333	\$ 400,161	\$ 219,381	\$ 810,500	\$ 467,000	\$ 64,952	\$ 2,435,327
Salvatore J. Miraglia, Jr. President Steel (6)	2008	\$ 427,508	\$ 246,771	\$ 229,576	\$ 512,288	\$ 484,000	\$ 72,332	\$ 1,972,475
	2007	\$ 410,840	\$ 226,487	\$ 159,446	\$ 460,567	\$ 365,000	\$ 102,135	\$ 1,724,475
Jacqueline A. Dedo Senior Vice President - Innovation & Growth (7)	2008	\$ 140,000	\$ 78,069	\$ 197,164	\$ 253,748	\$ 0	\$ 1,071,980	\$ 1,740,961
	2007	\$ 424,170	\$ 238,507	\$ 195,556	\$ 450,440	\$ 104,000	\$ 35,038	\$ 1,447,711
	2006	\$ 416,667	\$ 241,230	\$ 281,985	\$ 553,750	\$ 139,000	\$ 53,358	\$ 1,685,990

(1) The amounts shown in this column for 2008 represent the FAS 123R compensation

expense recognized in 2008 in connection with grants of deferred dividend equivalents, restricted shares and deferred shares to the named executive officers, excluding the effect of certain forfeiture assumptions. These amounts represent expense recognized in 2008 for financial reporting purposes related to awards granted from 2004-2008.

Options granted by the Company prior to April 2002 provided for deferred dividend equivalents to be earned when total net income per share of the outstanding Common Stock is at least two and one-half times (or two times in the case of options granted prior to 1996) the total amount of cash

dividends paid
per share during
the relevant
calendar year.

Deferred
dividend
equivalents are
not traditional
restricted stock,
but deferred
shares with no
voting or
statutory
dividend rights.
The deferred
shares are
subject to
forfeiture until
issuance, which
occurs four
years after the
date they are
earned provided
the grantee
remains
continuously
employed by the
Company.

These grants are
amortized over
a 4-year period.

The amount
shown for 2008
for Mr. Griffith
includes
expense booked
in 2008 for
10,775 deferred
dividend
equivalents and
117,500
restricted
shares; the
amount shown
for Mr. Timken
includes
expense for
2,921 deferred
dividend
equivalents and

71,550
restricted
shares; the
amount shown
for
Mr. Eisenberg
includes
expense for 457
deferred
dividend
equivalents and
36,900
restricted
shares; the
amount shown
for Mr. Arnold
includes 3,630
deferred
dividend
equivalents,
33,900
restricted shares
and 25,000
deferred shares;
the amount
shown for
Mr. Miraglia
includes
expense for
2,402 deferred
dividend
equivalents and
36,950
restricted
shares; and the
amount shown
for Mrs. Dedo
includes
expense for
25,700
restricted
shares.

FAS 123R
compensation
expense is
determined
based on the fair
market value of
Common Stock,
which is the

average of the
high and low
price of the
Common Stock
on the date of
the grant. See
also our
discussion of
Stock
Compensation
Plans in Note 9
of the
Company's
Consolidated
Financial

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Statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. Dividends are paid on restricted shares at the same rate as paid to all shareholders.

- (2) The amounts shown in this column for 2008 represent the FAS 123R compensation expense for nonqualified stock options granted from 2006 to 2008, excluding the effect of certain forfeiture assumptions. All stock options vest at a rate of 25% per year. Options granted prior to 2006 were amortized over a period of 30 months. Beginning in 2006, all new grants are amortized over a four year period for FAS 123R. The value shown for Mr. Griffith includes

expense for the unamortized portion of 429,000 aggregate shares; the value shown for Mr. Timken includes expense for 355,000 aggregate shares; the value shown for Mr. Eisenberg includes expense for 111,700 aggregate shares; the value shown for Mr. Arnold includes expense for 106,700 aggregate shares; the value shown for Mr. Miraglia includes expense for 96,500 aggregate shares; and the value shown for Mrs. Dedo includes expense for 75,400 aggregate shares. Assumptions used to determine expense for nonqualified stock options are listed in the discussion of Stock Compensation Plans in Note 9

of the
Company's
Consolidated
Financial
Statements
contained in the
Company's
Annual Report
on Form 10-K
for the year
ended
December 31,
2008.

- (3) The amounts shown in this column for 2008 represent cash awards under the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan (annual incentive plan) for 2008 and performance units under the Long-Term Incentive Plan covering the 2006-2008 performance cycle. Amounts earned under the Senior Executive Management Performance Plan and performance units, respectively, for each of the named executive officers were as follows:
Mr. Griffith - \$1,049,100 and \$729,600; Mr.

Timken -
\$828,909 and
\$576,000;
Mr. Eisenberg -
\$425,200 and
\$337,920;
Mr. Arnold -
\$525,000 and
\$236,544;
Mr. Miraglia -
\$308,000 and
\$204,288; and
Mrs. Dedo -
\$86,495 and
\$167,253.

- (4) The amounts shown in this column for 2008 represent the difference between the amounts shown in the Pension Benefits table on page 35 as of December 31, 2008 and those amounts calculated as of December 31, 2007. See the discussion of Pension Benefits below for a description of how the amounts as of December 31, 2008 were calculated. The amounts as of December 31, 2007 were calculated using the same assumptions. For both years, liabilities were determined assuming no

probability of termination, retirement, death, or disability before age 62 (the earliest age unreduced pension benefits are payable from the plans). None of the named executive officers earned above-market earnings in a deferred compensation plan.

- (5) The amounts shown in this column for 2008 are broken down in detail in the following table:

Name	Annual Company Contribution to SIP Plan and Post-Tax Savings Plan (a)	Annual Company Core Defined Contribution Retirement Program (b)	Annual Life Insurance Premium (Company Paid) (c)	Financial Planning Reimbursement (Company Required) (d)	Home Security (Company Required) (e)	Personal Use of Company's Country Club Memberships (f)	Spousal Travel (g)	Tax Gross-Ups for Life Insurance, Financial Planning, Home Security and Spousal Travel (h)	Other (i)
James W. Griffith	\$ 79,727	\$ 0	\$ 6,904	\$ 1,460	\$ 425	\$ 0	\$ 15,698	\$ 11,494	\$ 2,592
Ward J. Timken, Jr.	\$ 102,620	\$ 6,900	\$ 6,568	\$ 2,775	\$ 240	\$ 72	\$ 3,640	\$ 6,209	\$ 876
Glenn A. Eisenberg	\$ 55,607	\$ 6,900	\$ 4,530	\$ 7,500	\$ 541	\$ 0	\$ 1,090	\$ 12,073	\$ 974
	\$ 39,096	\$ 0	\$ 13,049	\$ 0	\$ 233	\$ 3,842	\$ 2,620	\$ 7,466	\$ 1,245

Michael C.
Arnold
Salvatore J.

Miraglia, Jr.	\$ 29,027	\$ 0	\$ 5,310	\$5,053	\$ 914	\$4,513	\$13,835	\$11,791	\$ 1,889
Jaqueline A. Dedo	\$ 12,967	\$6,900	\$ 0	\$2,575	\$1,109	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,729	\$1,046,700

(a) SIP Plan refers to the Savings and Investment Pension Plan, which is the Company's qualified defined contribution plan for salaried associates.

(b) The amounts shown for personal use of country club memberships reflect pro-rated amounts of company-paid annual membership dues in 2008 that were used for personal use by the named executive officers. There are no incremental costs to the Company for personal use, as all such costs are borne by the officer.

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- (c) The amounts shown in the column for Messrs. Griffith, Timken, Eisenberg, Arnold and Miraglia represent imputed income for the cost of pre-tax term life insurance (which is provided by the Company for all associates equal to one times their annual salary) for the portion that exceeds the IRS pre-tax limit of \$50,000. Other compensation for Mrs. Dedo includes \$1,008,000 for severance, \$20,193 for earned but unused vacation, \$12,869 for outplacement fees, \$5,416 for continued health and welfare benefits and \$222 for the pre-tax term life insurance imputed income.
- (6) Mr. Miraglia was not a named executive officer in 2006.
- (7)

Mrs. Dedo was
no longer
employed by the
Company
effective
April 30, 2008,
due to an
involuntary
termination
without cause.

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Table of Contents**GRANTS OF PLAN-BASED AWARDS**

The following table sets forth information concerning certain grants made to the named executive officers during 2008.

Name	Grant Date	Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity	All		Exercise or Base Price of	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards
			Incentive Plan Awards (Number)	Other Stock Awards: of Number		
		Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards	Target	Maximum	Option Awards (\$/share)	Option Awards (6)
James W. Griffith	2/4/2008 Perf Units (1)	\$494,000	\$ 988,000	\$1,482,000		
	2/4/2008 SEMPP (2)	\$407,536	\$1,222,608	\$2,037,680		
	2/4/2008 Restr Shrs (3)				22,500	\$ 690,750
	2/4/2008 NQSOs (4)					161,000 \$30.70 \$1,592,290
	12/31/2008 DDE (5)				182	\$ 3,491
Ward J. Timken, Jr.	2/4/2008 Perf Units (1)	\$390,000	\$ 780,000	\$1,170,000		