QUEST DIAGNOSTICS INC Form 8-K January 15, 2014

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	N
WASHINGTON DC 20549	

FOR	M 8-K	
	RRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF E SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	R 15(d) OF
Date	of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported): Januar	ry 10, 2014
	st Diagnostics Incorporated act Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)	
	ware te or other jurisdiction of Incorporation)	
	12215 mmission File Number)	16-1387862 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
Mad	ee Giralda Farms ison, NJ 07940 dress of principal executive offices)	07940 (Zip Code)
(973)) 520-2700 gistrant's telephone number, including area code)	
	ck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing i	s intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of General Instruction a.2. below):
[] []	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 und Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))	he Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
[]	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to R (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))	tule 13e-4(c) under the exchange Act

Item 5.02. Departure of Directors or Certain Officers; Election of Directors; Appointment of Certain Officers; Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.

On January 10, 2014, William F. Buehler informed Quest Diagnostics Incorporated of his decision to not seek re-election to the Company's Board of Directors at the Company's Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held May 21, 2014, and to retire from the Board effective as of the date of the Annual Meeting, when his current term as a director expires.

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

January 15, 2014

QUEST DIAGNOSTICS INCORPORATED

By: /s/ William J. O'Shaughnessy, Jr. William J. O'Shaughnessy, Jr. Deputy General Counsel and Secretary

of February 28, 2015 and May 31, 2014, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2015 and 2014, and cash flows for the nine months ended February 28, 2015 and 2014. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report to Shareholders for the year ended May 31, 2014.

- 2. The Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date the financial statements were issued.
- 3. There is no provision nor shall there be any provisions for profit sharing, dividends, or any other benefits of any nature at any time for this fiscal year.
- For the nine month periods ended February 28, 2015 and February 28, 2014, the net income was divided by 3,344,778 and 3,333,964 respectively, which is net of the Treasury shares, to calculate the net income per share. For the three month periods ended February 28, 2015 and February 28, 2014, the net income was divided by 3,344,059 and 3,330,105 respectively, which is net of the Treasury shares, to calculate the net income per share.

5. The results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended February 28, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. ASU 2014-09 is effective for annual reporting periods, and interim periods within that period, beginning after December 15, 2016 (fiscal year 2018 for the Company) and early adoption is not permitted. Companies may use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach to adopt ASU 2014-09. The Company has not yet determined the potential effects of the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on its Consolidated Financial Statements. Other recently issued Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) guidance has either been implemented or are not significant to the Company.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Cautionary Statement

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements. Information in this Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere in this 10-Q that does not consist of historical facts, are "forward-looking statements." Statements accompanied or qualified by, or containing, words such as "may," "will," "should," "believes," "expects," "intends," "plans," "projects," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "outlook," "forecast," "anticipates," "presume," and "assume" constitute forward-looking statements and, as such, are not a guarantee of future performance. The statements involve factors, risks and uncertainties, the impact or occurrence of which can cause actual results to differ materially from the expected results described in such statements. Risks and uncertainties can include, among others, reductions in capital budgets by our customers and potential customers; changing product demand and industry capacity; increased competition and pricing pressures; advances in technology that can reduce the demand for the Company's products; the kind, frequency and intensity of natural disasters that affect demand for the Company's products; and other factors, many or all of which are beyond the Company's control. Consequently, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as predictive of future results. The Company disclaims any obligation to release publicly any updates or revisions to the forward-looking statements herein to reflect any change in the Company's expectations with regard thereto, or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Results of Operations

A summary of the period to period changes in the principal items included in the condensed consolidated statements of income is shown below:

Summary comparison of the nine months ended February 28, 2015 and 2014

	Increase /	
	(D	ecrease)
Sales, net	\$	5,115,000
Cost of goods sold	\$	3,610,000
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	692,000
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	808,000
Provision for income taxes	\$	250,000
Net income	\$	558,000

Sales under certain fixed-price contracts, requiring substantial performance over several periods prior to commencement of deliveries, are accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method of accounting whereby revenues are recognized based on estimates of completion prepared on a ratio of cost to total estimated cost basis. Costs include all material and direct and indirect charges related to specific contracts.

Adjustments to cost estimates are made periodically and any losses expected to be incurred on contracts in progress are charged to operations in the period such losses are determined. However, any profits expected on contracts in progress are recognized over the life of the contract.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the Company nets progress billings against the total costs incurred on uncompleted contracts. The asset, "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings," represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. The liability, "billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings," represents billings in excess of revenues recognized.

For the nine months ended February 28, 2015 (All figures discussed are for the nine months ended February 28, 2015 as compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2014.)

	Nine months ended February 28				Change		
	201	5	20	14	Amount	Percent	
Net Revenue	\$	19,822,000	\$	14,707,000	\$ 5,115,000	35%	
Cost of sales		14,415,000		10,805,000	3,610,000	33%	
Gross profit	\$	5,407,000	\$	3,902,000	\$ 1,505,000	39%	
as a percentage of net revenue	279	6	27	%			

The Company's consolidated results of operations showed a 35% increase in net revenues and an increase in net income of 77%. Revenues recorded in the current period for long-term construction projects ("Project(s)") were 94% more than the level recorded in the prior year. We had 53 Projects in process during the current period compared with 36 during the same period last year. Revenues recorded in the current period for other-than long-term construction projects (non-projects) were 19% less than the level recorded in the prior year. Total sales within the U.S. increased 41% from the same period last year. Total sales to Asia are up 21% from the same period of the prior year. Sales increases recorded over the same period last year to customers involved in construction of buildings and bridges (48%) and aerospace / defense (32%), were slightly offset by a decrease in sales to industrial customers (16%). Please refer to the charts, below, which show the breakdown of sales.

Sales of the Company's products are made to three general groups of customers: industrial, construction and aerospace / defense. A breakdown of sales to the three general groups of customers is as follows:

	Nine months ended February 28		
	2015	2014	
Industrial	7%	11%	
Construction	53%	48%	
Aerospace / Defe	ense 40%	41%	

At February 28, 2014, the Company had 110 open sales orders in our backlog with a total sales value of \$18.5 million. At February 28, 2015, the Company has 36% more open sales orders in our backlog (150 orders) and the total sales value is \$30.3 million or 64% more than the prior year value.

The Company's backlog, revenues, commission expense, gross margins, gross profits, and net income fluctuate from period to period. The changes in the current period, compared to the prior period, are not necessarily representative of future results.

Net revenue by geographic region, as a percentage of total net revenue for the nine month periods ended February 28, 2015 and February 28, 2014 is as follows:

Nine months ended February 28	Nine	months	ended	February	28
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		_
2015	2014	
USA 62%	59%	
Asia 33%	37%	
Other 5%	4%	

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	Nine months ended February 28 Change						
	20	15	20	14	A	mount	Percent
Outside Commissions	\$	1,105,000	\$	560,000	\$	545,000	97%
Other SG&A		2,469,000		2,322,000		147,000	6%
Total SG&A	\$	3,574,000	\$	2,882,000	\$	692,000	24%
as a percentage of net revenu	es 89	%	20	%			

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 24% from the prior year. Outside commission expense increased by 97% from last year's level. This fluctuation was primarily due to the significant increase in commissionable sales in the current year as well as an increased use of outside sales representatives. Other selling, general and administrative expenses increased only slightly from last year to this.

The above factors resulted in operating income of \$1,833,000 for the nine months ended February 28, 2015, 80% more than the \$1,020,000 in the same period of the prior year.

Summary comparison of the three months ended February 28, 2015 and 2014

	Inc	rease /	
	(De	ecrease)	
Sales, net	\$	1,756,000	
Cost of goods sold	\$	1,337,000	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	297,000	
Income before provision for income taxes	\$	117,000	
Provision for income taxes	\$	(53,000)
Net income	\$	170,000	

For the three months ended February 28, 2015 (All figures discussed are for the three months ended February 28, 2015 as compared to the three months ended February 28, 2014.)

	Three months ended February 28 Change						
	2013	5	201	4	Aı	mount	Percent
Net Revenue	\$	6,566,000	\$	4,810,000	\$	1,756,000	37%
Cost of sales		4,832,000		3,495,000	1,	337,000	38%
Gross profit	\$	1,734,000	\$	1,315,000	\$	419,000	32%
as a percentage of net revenu	e 2 6%)	279	%			

The Company's consolidated results of operations showed a 37% increase in net revenues and an increase in net income of 76%. Revenues recorded in the current period for long-term construction projects ("Project(s)") were 148% more than the level recorded in the prior year. We had 39 Projects in process during the current period compared with 20 during the same period last year. Revenues recorded in the current period for other-than long-term construction projects (non-projects) were 35% less than the level recorded in the prior year. Total sales within the U.S. increased 58% from the same period last year. Total sales to Asia are down 10% from the same period of the prior year. Sales increases recorded over the same period last year to customers involved in construction of buildings and bridges (96%) and aerospace / defense (2%), were slightly offset by a decrease in sales to industrial customers (22%). Please refer to the charts, below, which show the breakdown of sales.

Sales of the Company's products are made to three general groups of customers: industrial, construction and aerospace / defense. A breakdown of sales to the three general groups of customers is as follows:

	Three months ended February 2		
	2015	2014	
Industrial	5%	10%	
Construction	57%	39%	
Aerospace / Defense	38%	51%	

Net revenue by geographic region, as a percentage of total net revenue for the three month periods ended February 28, 2015 and February 28, 2014 is as follows:

Three months er	nded February 28
2015	2014
68%	59%
26%	39%
6%	2%
	2015 68% 26%

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	Three months ended February 28 Change						
	20	15	201	4	Ar	nount	Percent
Outside Commissions	\$	421,000	\$	181,000	\$	240,000	133%
Other SG&A		850,000		793,000		57,000	7%
Total SG&A	\$	1,271,000	\$	974,000	\$	297,000	30%
as a percentage of net revenu	e199	%	20%	ó			

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 30% from the prior year. Outside commission expense increased by 133% from last year's level. This fluctuation was primarily due to the significant increase in commissionable sales in the current year as well as an increased use of outside sales representatives. Other selling, general and administrative expenses increased only slightly from last year to this.

The above factors resulted in operating income of \$463,000 for the three months ended February 28, 2015, up 36% from the \$342,000 in the same period of the prior year.

Stock Options

The Company has a stock option plan which provides for the granting of nonqualified or incentive stock options to officers, key employees and non-employee directors. Options granted under the plan are exercisable over a ten year term. Options not exercised at the end of the term expire.

The Company expenses stock options using the fair value recognition provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC). The Company recognized \$37,000 and \$43,000 of compensation cost for the nine month periods ended February 28, 2015 and February 28, 2014.

The fair value of each stock option grant has been determined using the Black-Scholes model. The model considers assumptions related to exercise price, expected volatility, risk-free interest rate, and the weighted average expected term of the stock option grants. Expected volatility assumptions used in the model were based on volatility of the Company's stock price for the thirty month period ending on the date of grant. The risk-free interest rate is derived from the U.S. treasury yield. The Company used a weighted average expected term.

The following assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes model to estimate the fair market value of the Company's stock option grants:

	February	February
	2015	2014
Risk-free interest rate:	2.375%	3.25%
Expected life of the options:	3 years	3 years
Expected share price volatility:	31%	36%
Expected dividends:	zero	zero

These assumptions resulted in estimated fair-market value per stock option: \$2.06 \$2.41

The ultimate value of the options will depend on the future price of the Company's common stock, which cannot be forecast with reasonable accuracy.

A summary of changes in the stock options outstanding during the nine month period ended February 28, 2015 is presented below:

		Weighted-
	Number of	Average
	Options	Exercise Price
Options outstanding and exercisable at May 31, 2014:	219,500	\$ 7.31
Options granted:	18,000	\$ 8.52
Options exercised:	4,500	\$ 6.13
Options outstanding and exercisable at February 28, 2015:	233,000	\$ 7.43
Closing value per share on NASDAQ at February 27, 2015:		\$11.73

Capital Resources, Line of Credit and Long-Term Debt

The Company's primary liquidity is dependent upon the working capital needs. These are mainly inventory, accounts receivable, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings, accounts payable, accrued commissions, and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings. The Company's primary source of liquidity has been operations and bank financing.

Capital expenditures for the nine months ended February 28, 2015 were \$454,000 compared to \$1,300,000 in the same period of the prior year. As of February 28, 2015, the Company has commitments for capital expenditures totaling

\$230,000 during the next twelve months.

The Company believes it is carrying adequate insurance coverage on its facilities and their contents.

The Company has available a \$6,000,000 bank demand line of credit, with interest payable at the Company's option of 30, 60, 90 or 180 day LIBOR rate plus 2.5%, or the bank's prime rate less .25%. There is no balance outstanding as of February 28, 2015 or as of May 31, 2014. The line is secured by accounts receivable, equipment, inventory, and general intangibles, and a negative pledge of the Company's real property. This line of credit is subject to the usual terms and conditions applied by the bank, is subject to renewal annually, and is not subject to an express requirement on the bank's part to lend. The outstanding balance on the line of credit fluctuates as the Company's various long-term projects progress.

The Company is in compliance with restrictive covenants under the line of credit. In these covenants, the Company agrees to maintain the following minimum levels of the stated item:

Covenant Minimum per Covenant Current Actual When Measured Minimum level of working capital \$3,000,000 \$16,449,000 Quarterly Minimum debt service coverage ratio 1.5:1 n/a Fiscal Year-end

All of the \$6,000,000 unused portion of our line of credit is available without violating any of our debt covenants.

Inventory and Maintenance Inventory

	February 28	, 2015	May 31, 2014	Increase /(I	Decrease)
Raw materials	\$ 499,000		\$ 571,000	\$ (72,00	00)-13%
Work in process	8,328,000		8,149,000	179,000	2%
Finished goods	444,000		258,000	186,000	72%
Inventory	9,271,000	93%	8,978,000	91% 293,000	3%
Maintenance and other inventory	645,000	7%	837,000	9% (192,000) - 23%
Total	\$ 9,916,000	100%	\$ 9,815,0001	00% \$ 101,0	00 1%
Inventory turnover	1.9		1.5		

NOTE: Inventory turnover is annualized for the nine month period ended February 28, 2015.

Inventory, at \$9,271,000 as of February 28, 2015, is \$293,000, or 3%, more than the prior year-end level of \$8,978,000. Approximately 90% of the current inventory is work in process, 5% is finished goods, and 5% is raw materials.

Maintenance and other inventory represent stock that is estimated to have a product life cycle in excess of twelve months. This stock represents certain items the Company is required to maintain for service of products sold and items that are generally subject to spontaneous ordering. This inventory is particularly sensitive to technological obsolescence in the near term due to its use in industries characterized by the continuous introduction of new product lines, rapid technological advances and product obsolescence. Management of the Company has recorded an allowance for potential inventory obsolescence. The provision for potential inventory obsolescence was \$135,000 for each of the nine month periods ended February 28, 2015 and February 28, 2014. The Company continues to rework slow-moving inventory, where applicable, to convert it to product to be used on customer orders.

Accounts Receivable, Costs and Estimated Earnings in Excess of Billings (CIEB"), and Billings in Excess of Costs and Estimated Earnings ("BIEC")

	February 28, 201	5 May 31, 2014	Increase /(Dec	rease)
Accounts receivable	\$ 3,891,000	\$ 2,894,000	\$ 997,000	34%
CIEB	4,101,000	2,374,000	1,727,000	73%
Less: BIEC	1,614,000	851,000	763,000	90%

Net \$ 6,378,000 \$ 4,417,000 \$ 1,961,000 44%

Number of an average day's sales outstanding in accounts receivable 53

The Company combines the totals of accounts receivable, the current asset CIEB, and the current liability, BIEC, to determine how much cash the Company will eventually realize from revenue recorded to date. As the accounts receivable figure rises in relation to the other two figures, the Company can anticipate increased cash receipts within the ensuing 30-60 days.

Accounts receivable of \$3,891,000 as of February 28, 2015 includes approximately \$158,000 of amounts retained by customers on Projects. It also includes \$10,000 of an allowance for doubtful accounts ("Allowance"). The accounts receivable balance as of May 31, 2014 of \$2,894,000 included an Allowance of \$10,000. The number of an average day's sales outstanding in accounts receivable ("DSO") increased from 49 days at May 31, 2014 to 53 at February 28, 2015. It is expected that amounts retained by customers under contracts will be released in the normal course of the business in accordance with the related contracts. The Company expects to collect the net accounts receivable balance, including the retainage, during the next twelve months.

As noted above, CIEB represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. Whenever possible, the Company negotiates a provision in sales contracts to allow the Company to bill, and collect from the customer, payments in advance of shipments. Unfortunately, provisions such as this are often not possible. The \$4,101,000 balance in this account at February 28, 2015 is 73% more than the prior year-end balance. This increase is the result of normal flow of the projects through production with billings to the customers as permitted in the related contracts. The Company expects to bill the entire amount during the next twelve months. 62% of the CIEB balance as of the end of the last fiscal quarter, November 30, 2014, was billed to those customers in the current fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2015. The remainder will be billed as the Projects progress, in accordance with the terms specified in the various contracts.

The balances in this account are comprised of the following components:

	Feb	ruary 28, 2015	Ma	y 31, 2014
Costs	\$	6,539,000	\$	3,055,000
Estimated Earnings		1,641,000		929,000
Less: Billings to customers		4,079,000		1,610,000
CIEB	\$	4,101,000	\$	2,374,000
Number of Projects in progress	18		17	

As noted above, BIEC represents billings to customers in excess of revenues recognized. The \$1,614,000 balance in this account at February 28, 2015 is up significantly from the \$851,000 balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is the result of normal flow of the projects through production with billings to the customers as permitted in the related contracts.

The balance in this account fluctuates in the same manner and for the same reasons as the account "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings", discussed above. Final delivery of product under these contracts is expected to occur during the next twelve months.

The balances in this account are comprised of the following components:

	Feb	oruary 28, 2015	Ma	ay 31, 2014
Billings to customers	\$	4,163,000	\$	2,236,000
Less: Costs		1,849,000		1,072,000
Less: Estimated Earnings		700,000		313,000
BIEC	\$	1,614,000	\$	851,000
Number of Projects in progress	14		8	

Summary of factors affecting the balances in CIEB and BIEC:

	February 28, 2015	May 31, 2014
Number of Projects in progress	32	25
Aggregate percent complete	42%	31%
Average total sales value of Projects in progress	\$813,000	\$710,000
Percentage of total value invoiced to customer	32%	22%

The Company's backlog of sales orders at February 28, 2015 is \$30.3 million, up 23% from the \$24.6 million at the end of the prior year. \$15.3 million of the current backlog is on Projects already in progress.

Other Balance Sheet Items

Accounts payable, at \$2,079,000 as of February 28, 2015, is 78% more than the prior year-end. Commission expense on applicable sales orders is recognized at the time revenue is recognized. The commission is paid following receipt of payment from the customers. Accrued commissions as of February 28, 2015 are \$448,000, up 4% from the \$430,000 accrued at the prior year-end. The Company expects the current accrued amount to be paid during the next twelve months. Other current liabilities decreased 56% from the prior year-end, to \$596,000. This is primarily due to a decrease in customer prepayments during the current quarter as well as a reduction in sales tax liability due to payments made to tax authorities since the prior year end. Shipments to customers for prepaid products will take place as scheduled within the next twelve months.

Management believes the Company's cash flows from operations and borrowing capacity under the bank line of credit are sufficient to fund ongoing operations, capital improvements and share repurchases (if any) for the next twelve months.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information called for by this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.

The Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of February 28, 2015 and have concluded that as of the evaluation date, the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms and that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's control over financial reporting.

Part II - Other Information

ITEM 1 Legal Proceedings

There are no other legal proceedings except for routine litigation incidental to the business.

ITEM Risk 1A Factors

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information called for by this item.

ITEM 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) The Company sold no equity securities during the fiscal quarter ended February 28, 2015 that were not registered under the Securities Act.
- (b) Use of proceeds following effectiveness of initial registration statement: Not Applicable
- (c) Repurchases of Equity Securities Quarter Ended February 28, 2015

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(a) Total
Number
Period Price Paid Per
Of Shares
Purchased

(c) Total Number of Shares
Purchased as Part of Publicly
Announced Plans or Programs
                                                                           (d) Maximum Number (or Approximate
                                                                           Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be
                                 Announced Plans or Programs
                                                                           Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
December
1,
2014
December
31,
2014
January
1,
2015
January
31,
2015
February
2015
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February	y		
28,			
2015			
			(1)
T-otal	_	-	\$419,815

(1) On November 7, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Registrant voted unanimously to continue the share repurchase agreement, authorized by the Board in 2010, with Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("MLPF&S") under which the Company repurchases shares of its common stock. The Company has designated \$419,815 of cash on hand as available for open-market purchases. Since Board authorization in 2010, a total of 15,600 shares have been purchased at an average price per share of \$5.14. Repurchases are made by MLPF&S for the benefit of the Registrant.

Under the terms of the Company's credit arrangements with its primary lender, the Company is required to maintain net working capital of at least \$3,000,000, as such term is defined in the credit documents. On February 28, 2015, under such definition, the Company's net working capital was significantly in excess of such limit. Additional information regarding the Company's line of credit and restrictive covenants appears under the caption "Capital Resources, Line of Credit and Long-Term Debt" in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

ITEM 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Mine
ITEM 4 Safety
Disclosures

Not applicable

ITEM 5 Other Information

Information required to be disclosed (a) in a Report on Form 8-K, but not reported

None

Material changes to the procedures

procedures by which Security Holders may

(b) Holders may recommend

nominees to

the

Registrant's Board of Directors

None

ITEM 6 Exhibits

By-Laws of Taylor Devices, Inc., as

3(ii) amended and

restated through March 23, 2015 News from Taylor

Devices, Inc.
Shareholder

Letter,

Spring 2015

31(i) Rule

13a-14(a)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer. Rule 13a-14(a) Certification 31(ii) of Chief Financial Officer. Section 1350 Certification 32(i) of Chief Executive Officer. Section 1350 Certification 32(ii) of Chief Financial Officer. **XBRL** 101.INS Instance Document **XBRL** Taxonomy 101.SCH Extension Schema Document **XBRL** Taxonomy Extension 101.CAL Calculation Linkbase Document **XBRL** Taxonomy Extension 101.LAB Label Linkbase Document **XBRL** Taxonomy Extension 101.PRE Presentation Linkbase

Document

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
The Board of Directors and Stockholders
Taylor Devices, Inc.
We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Taylor Devices, Inc. and Subsidiary as of February 28, 2015, the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2015 and 2014 and cash flows for the nine months ended February 28, 2015 and 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.
We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.
Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated August 21, 2014, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2014 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the balance sheet from which it has been derived.

interim condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with accounting

principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lumsden & McCormick, LLP

Buffalo, New York

April 14, 2015

be
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Date: April 14, 2015 /s/Mark V. McDonough

Mark V. McDonough

Chief Financial Officer