PORTA SYSTEMS CORP Form DEF 14C December 08, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549

SCHEDULE 14C

(RULE 14c-101)

SCHEDULE 14C INFORMATION

Information Statement Pursuant to Section 14(c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Check the appropriate box:

- " Preliminary Information Statement
- " Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14c-5(d)(2))
- x Definitive Information Statement

PORTA SYSTEMS CORP.

(Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Payment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):

- x No fee required.
- ^{...} Fee computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14c-5(g) and 0-11.
- (1) Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
- (2) Aggregate number of securities to which transaction applies:
- (3) Per unit price or other underlying value of transaction computed pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 0-11 (Set forth the amount on which the filing fee is calculated and state how it was determined):
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- ^{••} Check box if any part of the fee is offset as provided by Exchange Act Rule 0-11(a)(2) and identify the filing for which the offsetting fee was paid previously. Identify the previous filing by registration statement number, or the Form or Schedule and the date of its filing.
- (1) Amount Previously Paid:
- (2) Form, Schedule or Registration Statement No.:
- (3) Filing Party:
- (4) Date Filed:

PORTA SYSTEMS CORP. 6851 Jericho Turnpike Syosset, New York 11791

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 228(e) of the Delaware General Corporation Law, that the holders of more than a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock of Porta Systems Corp., a Delaware corporation, have taken the following actions without a meeting of stockholders:

- (1) The approval of an amendment to our certificate of incorporation which (i) effects a one-for-500 reverse split of our common stock and (ii) reduces our authorized capital stock to 100,000 shares of preferred stock and 100,000 shares of common stock.
- (2) The election of six directors to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors are elected and qualified;
 - (3) The approval of the 2009 long-term incentive plan;
- (4) The approval of the selection of BDO Seidman, LLP as our independent registered accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2009; and

These actions will become effective on or about the 20th day after this information statement is mailed to our stockholders.

The enclosed information statement contains information pertaining to the matters acted upon.

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY, AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY

By order of the Board of Directors

Michael A. Tancredi Secretary

Syosset, New York December 8, 2009

PORTA SYSTEMS CORP. 6851 Jericho Turnpike Syosset, New York 11791 (516) 364-9300

INFORMATION STATEMENT

Action by Written Consent of Stockholders

GENERAL INFORMATION

WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY, AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the transaction, passed upon the merits or fairness of the transaction, or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the disclosure in this information statement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This information statement is being furnished in connection with the action by written consent of stockholders taken without a meeting of proposals to approve the actions described in this information statement. We are mailing this information statement to our stockholders on or about December 11, 2009. No action is requested or required on your part.

SUMMARY TERM SHEET

The following summary term sheet highlights selected information from this information statement and may not contain all of the information that may be important to you. Accordingly, we encourage you to read this entire information statement, its appendices and the documents referred to or incorporated by reference in this information statement. Each item in this summary term sheet includes a caption reference directing you to a more complete description of that item.

Action Taken by Stockholder

We obtained stockholder consent to the following action:

- The approval of an amendment to our certificate of incorporation which (i) effects a one-for-500 reverse split of our common stock and (ii) reduces our authorized capital stock to 100,000 shares of preferred stock and 100,000 shares of common stock. See "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a one-for-500 Reverse Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock."
- The election of the following six directors to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors are elected and qualified; William V. Carney, Marco M. Elser, Warren H. Esanu, Herbert H. Feldman, Edward B. Kornfeld, Michael A. Tancredi. See "Election of Directors."
 - The approval of our 2009 long-term incentive plan. See "Approval of 2009 Long-Term Incentive Plan."

The approval of the selection of BDO Seidman, LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2009. See "Approval of the Selection of Independent Accounting Firm."

Shares of common stock outstanding on the date that we received stockholder approval (See "Questions and Answers Concerning the Stockholder Action Taken.")

On September 28, 2009, the date on which we received consent for the above items, there were 9,954,569 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

Effect of the Reverse Split on Stockholders (See "Questions and Answers Concerning the Stockholder Action Taken" and "Special Factors – Effects and Tax Consequences of the Reverse Split on our Other Stockholders")

As a result of the reverse split:

- Each share of common stock will automatically become and be converted into 0.002 shares of common stock. This means that each 500 shares of common stock that you own will automatically become and be converted into one share of common stock.
- We will pay cash in lieu of fractional shares at the rate of \$48.25 per share after giving effect to the reverse split. This payment is equivalent to \$0.0965 per share prior to the reverse split.
- If you own less than 500 shares of common stock, you will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares, and you will cease to be a stockholder.
- If you hold stock in more than one account and you do not consolidate your accounts, each account will be treated separately. As a result, if you own less than 500 shares in each of several accounts but the total number of shares which you own is more than 500 shares, you will cease to be a stockholder at the effective time of the reverse split and you will receive cash in lieu of all of your fractional shares.
- If you hold your stock in street name (which is how your stock is held if you keep your stock in your brokerage or nominee account) you will receive cash and/or shares based on the number of shares held in the brokerage or nominee account. The shares, if any, and cash in lieu of fractional shares, will be determined separately for each account you hold in street name.
- The shares and cash in lieu of fractional shares will be separately determined for each brokerage firm who holds our stock either on its own behalf or on behalf of its customers. Each account in each brokerage firm will be treated as a separate account for determining how many shares and how much cash in lieu of fractional shares will be paid.
- •We will have fewer than 300 stockholders. As a result we will terminate our registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Action Required by Stockholders (See "Questions and Answers Concerning the Stockholder Action Taken.")

You are not required to take any action before the reverse split becomes effective. Once the reverse split becomes effective, you will receive a transmittal letter for you to receive any shares and cash in lieu of fractional shares which are due to you as a result of the one-for-500 reverse split. The form of our letter to you is set forth in Appendix A to this information statement.

Funds for Payment of the Cash in Lieu of Fractional Shares (See "Questions and Answers Concerning the Stockholder Action Taken – Who is paying the cost of this information statement and the payments for fractional shares in the reverse split?")

We estimate that the total cost to us to purchase fractional shares is approximately \$18,000, which we will pay from our cash available to us from continuing operations.

Accounting Consequences of the Reverse Split (See "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a one-for-500 Reverse Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock – Accounting Consequences of the Reverse Stock Split.")

As a result of the reverse split:

- The number of outstanding shares of common stock will be reduced from 9,954,569 shares, which are outstanding on the date of this information, to approximately 19,600 shares. The exact number of shares outstanding after the reverse split will be determined following the effectiveness of the reverse split.
- The purchase of the fractional shares will be treated as the purchase of treasury stock and will be reflected in the stockholders' equity section of our balance sheet as a reduction of additional paid-in capital in the amount of our payment in lieu of fractional shares, which is estimated at approximately \$18,000.

Tax Treatment of the Reverse Split (See "Special Factors – Effects and Tax Consequences of the Reverse Split to our Other Stockholders" and "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a one-for-500 Reverse Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock – Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Reverse Stock Split.")

The combination and exchange of each 500 shares of the common stock into one share of new common stock should be a tax-free transaction, and the holding period and tax basis of the old common stock will be transferred to the new common stock received in exchange therefore. Provided that the old common stock is held as a capital asset, the cash paid to for fractional shares will be treated as a payment in redemption of the fractional shares and the stockholder will recognize a capital gain or loss, as the case may be, on the difference between your basis in the fractional share and the payment in lieu of the fractional share.

This discussion, which relates to United States residents, should not be considered as tax or investment advice, and the tax consequences of the reverse split may not be the same for all stockholders. You should consult your own tax advisors to know how federal, state, local and foreign tax laws affect you.

Fairness of the Reverse Split (See "Special Factors – Reasons for the Reverse Split," "Special Factors – Fairness of the Reverse Split" and "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a one-for-500 Reverse Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock – Reasons for the Reverse Split.")

Our board, in approving the reverse split, believes that the reverse split is fair to us and to our stockholders, regardless of whether they receive cash in lieu of fractional shares or continue as stockholders.

No Appraisal Rights (See "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a one-for-500 Reverse Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock – No Appraisal Rights.")

You will not have any rights of appraisal with respect to the reverse split, which means that you will not have any procedure to follow for you to challenge the valuation placed by us on your common stock in paying cash in lieu of fractional shares.

Effect of the Reverse Split on Officers, Directors and Affiliates (See "Special Factors – Effect of the Reverse Split on our Affiliates" and "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a one-for-500 Reverse

Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock - Effect of Reverse Split on Affiliates.")

As a result of the reverse split, Gate Systems Holdings LTD, the holder of 7,038,236 shares of common stock, representing 70.7% of our outstanding common stock, will hold 14,076 shares of common stock, which will represent approximately 71.8% of our outstanding common stock after the reverse split. Gate Systems is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cheyne Special Situations Fund, L.P. ("Cheyne"), which is the holder of our senior debt.

Edward B. Kornfeld, our chief executive officer and a director, owns 253,368 shares of common stock, representing 2.5% of our common stock. Following the reverse split, Mr. Kornfeld will hold 506 shares of common stock, which will represent approximately 2.6% of our outstanding common stock after the reverse split.

Marco M. Elser, a director, beneficially owns 114,403 shares of common stock, representing approximately 1.1% of our common stock. These shares are held by Watersfield Ltd., of which Mr. Elser has joint voting and dispositive power. Following the reverse split, Mr. Elser will beneficially own 228 shares of common stock, which will represent approximately 1.1% of our outstanding common stock after the reverse split. Mr. Elser also beneficially owned shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, as discussed in the following paragraph.

No other officer or director owns as much as 1% of our outstanding common stock.

In addition to the shares owned by officers and directors, four of our directors hold options and warrants to purchase a total of 366,093 shares of common stock at exercise price ranging from \$0.022 per share to \$2.03. As a result of the reverse split, these warrants and options will entitle the holders to purchase approximately 732 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$11.00 to \$1,015.00 per share.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS CONCERNING THE STOCKHOLDER ACTION TAKEN

What action was taken by written consent?

We obtained stockholder consent to the following action:

- The approval of an amendment to our certificate of incorporation which (i) effects a one-for-500 reverse split of our common stock and (ii) reduces our authorized capital stock to 100,000 shares of preferred stock and 100,000 shares of common stock.
- The election of the following six directors to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors are elected and qualified; William V. Carney, Marco M. Elser, Warren H. Esanu, Herbert H. Feldman, Edward B. Kornfeld, Michael A. Tancredi;
 - The approval of our 2009 long-term incentive plan;
- The approval of the selection of BDO Seidman, LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the year ending December 31, 2009; and

What vote was obtained to elect directors and to approve the other proposals described in this information statement?

We obtained the consent of the holder of 7,038,236 shares of common stock, representing 70.7% of our outstanding common stock, on September 28, 2009. As a result, we have obtained all stockholder approval necessary under the Delaware General Corporation Law for the approval of the amendment to our certificate of incorporation, the election of directors, approval of the appointment of BDO Seidman, LLP as our independent registered accounting firm for 2009 and the approval of the 2009 long-term incentive plan.

The consent was given by Gate Systems, a wholly owned subsidiary of Cheyne, the holder of our senior debt.

How many shares of common stock were outstanding when the consent was obtained?

On September 28, 2009, the date on which we received stockholder approval of the matters described in this information statement, we had 9,954,569 shares of common stock outstanding.

What are the effects of the reverse split?

Each share of common stock will become 0.002 share of common stock. As a result, if you own less than 500 shares of common stock, you will cease to be a stockholder.

We will pay cash for fractional shares.

We will have fewer than 300 stockholders.

We will terminate our registration under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Upon the filing of the notice of termination of registration under the Securities Exchange Act, we will no longer be subject to the reporting obligations under the Securities Exchange Act.

For more information on the reverse split, see "Special Factors" and "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a One-for-500 Reverse Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock."

If you hold your stock in your brokerage account, how will your shares be treated?

If you hold your stock in a brokerage account or otherwise in a nominee account, the number of shares that you will receive and the cash in lieu of fractional shares will be based on the number of shares in your account, as reported to us by your broker. If you advised your broker that the broker is not authorized to provide us with your name, then your broker will not provide us with your name, but will provide us with the number of shares held in each of your accounts.

How will your stock be treated if you hold your common stock in more than one account?

If you hold stock in more than one account or more than one name, each account will be treated separately. For example, if shares are held in the names of Jon Doe, Jonathan Doe and Jon P. Doe, each account will be treated separately. If you have less than 500 shares in each of these accounts, you will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares for all of your accounts. Similarly, if you have accounts at different brokerage firms, each account will be treated separately.

Can you combine your accounts so that all of your shares are in one account?

You can combine your accounts either by yourself or through your brokerage firm.

If you hold shares in brokerage accounts, you should discuss with your broker the method of combining your account. If you hold shares in your own name, you should contact our transfer agent to obtain information as to combining your accounts.

Can you divide your accounts so that you will receive cash in respect of all of your shares?

Yes. We will pay cash in lieu of fractional shares to each stockholder of record and each stockholder who holds shares in a brokerage or nominee account on the effective date of the reverse split. Whether you divide or combine

your accounts, each account which is treated as a separate account on the effective date of the reverse split will be treated separately in determining what shares or cash in lieu of fractional shares is due to you.

Who is our transfer agent?

Our transfer agent is American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, 6201 15th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 11219. The phone number for stockholder services at our transfer agent is: (800) 937-5449 or (718) 921-8124.

Why did we choose to adopt a reverse stock split?

Our board of directors and our largest stockholder approved the reverse split in order to enable us to reduce the number of our stockholders and to terminate the registration of our common stock under the Securities Exchange Act. We have a large number of stockholders who own small quantities of our common stock, and more than 70% of our stock is owned by Gate Systems, the wholly-owned subsidiary of the holder of our senior debt.

On the effective date of the reverse split, each 500 shares of common stock will automatically be combined and changed into one share of common stock, which means that each share will be converted into 0.002 shares of common stock. No fractional shares of new common stock will be issued to any stockholder as a result of the reverse split. We will pay the holders of fractional shares the value of their fractional shares, which we determined to be \$48.25 per share of common stock, after giving effect to the reverse split.

As a result of the reverse split, we will have fewer than 300 stockholders of record, and we will be able to terminate the registration of our common stock under the Securities Exchange Act. Upon filing a certification and notice of termination of registration under the Securities Exchange Act, we will no longer be required to file the annual, quarterly and current reports which we are presently required to file and we will not be subject to provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, including those relating to the attestation by our independent auditor as to our internal controls over financial reporting.

How did we determine the amount that we will pay for fractional shares?

There is no active market for our common stock. On October 1, 2009, the date that the amendment to our certificate of incorporation which effects the reverse split was approved by the board of directors, the last reported sales price for our common stock was \$0.055 per share, which related to a reported sale on August 13, 2009. There were no reported sales of our common stock during the period between August 14, 2009 and October 1, 2009. The board of directors determined that the fair value of the common stock would be the average of the daily average of the closing bid and asked prices for our common stock for the month of September 2009, which was \$0.0965 per share. After giving effect to the reverse split, this fair value per share of common stock would be \$48.25, which is computed by multiplying \$0.0965 by 500.

How did we determine the ratio for the reverse split?

The one-for-500 ratio for the reverse split was based on an analysis of our outstanding stock and was intended to result in our common stock being owned by less than 300 stockholders in order that we can terminate our registration under the Securities Exchange Act.

Why do we want to terminate the registration of our common stock?

The decision by our board of directors and principal stockholder to approve the reverse split was made after carefully considering our long-term goals and our current operating environment, including our cash requirements. We estimate that we will realize significant cost savings, in the range of \$300,000 per year, resulting from the elimination of reporting obligations, including the incremental cost of compliance with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act. We believe that the Sarbanes-Oxley legislation and continued reporting

pursuant to the Exchange Act do not provide any discernable benefit to us or our stockholders because of the significant costs of compliance, our very low stock price and the lack of an active market in our common stock. We believe that we and our stockholders are much better served by applying our financial and management resources to our growth.

- 6 -

We have previously reported in our filings with the SEC that our audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 were prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern and, accordingly, do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of the uncertainties described in the financial statements. The audit opinion included in our December 31, 2008 Form 10-K annual report contained an explanatory paragraph regarding our ability to continue as a going concern. The factors which resulted in the explanatory paragraph are continuing. We believe that, in order for us to continue in business, we need to devote our financial and other resources to our business, and the elimination of the expenses required for a public reporting company is an important step in that direction. However, we cannot assure you that the elimination of these expenses will, by themselves, be sufficient to enable us to either operate profitably or continue in business.

Did we appoint any representative to act on behalf of stockholders who are not affiliates of the Company?

The action described in this information statement was approved by the board of directors and the holder of more than 70% of our common stock. The board did not appoint any person to act as representative for the other stockholders.

Did we consider other alternatives to the reverse split?

No. We did not consider any alternatives to the reverse split. Our board believed that in order to reduce the number of stockholders so that we would have less than 300 stockholders, the reverse split would be the best alternative. We believed that the best way to reach this objective was to reduce the number of stockholders by means of a reverse split. The ratio of the reverse split was based on a number which we felt confident would reduce the number of our stockholders to less than 300 stockholders.

Who is paying the cost of this information statement and the payments for fractional shares in the reverse split?

We will pay for preparing, printing and mailing this information statement. Only one information statement will be delivered to multiple stockholders sharing an address, unless contrary instructions are received from one or more of such stockholders. Upon receipt of a written request at the address noted above, we will deliver a single copy of this information statement and future stockholder communication documents to any stockholders sharing an address to which multiple copies are now delivered. We estimate our legal, transfer agent, printing, mailing and related costs associated with this information statement will be approximately \$35,000. In addition, we will be paying our stockholders who have fractional shares for the value of the fractional shares, based on a per share value of \$48.25, after giving effect to the reverse split. We estimate that we will pay out stockholders approximately \$18,000 for their fractional shares. We will pay the costs associated with this information statement as well as the cash in lieu of fractional shares from cash available to us from continuing operations.

When will the above actions become effective?

This information statement is first being mailed or furnished to our stockholders on or about December 11, 2009 and the actions described in this information statement will become effective on or about the 20th day thereafter.

- 7 -

Where can you get copies of this proxy statement and any other material that we have filed with the SEC in connection with the reverse split?

We make all of our filings with the SEC, including this information statement and the Schedule 13E-3 relating to the reverse split, on the SEC's EDGAR system. This information is available through the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

We also maintain copies of our filings with the SEC on our corporate website. You can obtain access to these filings at www.portasystems.com/SECFilings/index.html.

SPECIAL FACTORS

Purposes, Alternatives and Effects of the Reverse Split

The purpose of the reverse split is to reduce the number of record holders of our common stock so that we will have fewer than 300 stockholders of record. Following the reverse split, we will have fewer than 300 stockholders of record and we will be able to terminate our registration under the Securities Exchange Act. As a result of the termination of our registration under the Securities Exchange Act:

We will not be required to file annual reports, quarterly and current reports which are due after we file the notice of termination of registration. We currently file annual reports on Form 10-K, which include our audited year-end financial statements, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, which include unaudited quarterly and year-to-date financial statements, and current reports on Form 8-K, which report significant matters. If the reverse split becomes effective before March 30, 2010, we will not be required to file a Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

We will be required to give you notice of the meeting or notice of action taken without a meeting under the Delaware General Corporation Law, but we would not be required to provide you with the information that is required to be included in a proxy statement or an information statement.

We would not be subject to provisions of the Sarbanes Oxley Act, which, among other provisions, would require us to obtain attestation by our independent auditors as to our internal controls over financial reporting.

Our officers, directors and 10% stockholders would not be required to file beneficial ownership reports on Forms 3, 4 and 5.

Holders who beneficially own 5% or more of our common stock would not be required to file statements of beneficial ownership on Schedules 13D or 13G.

Although our stock would no longer be traded on the OTC Bulletin Board, it would be eligible for trading on the Pink Sheets.

However, many brokerage firms may have policies which discourage purchases and sales of stock of companies that are not reporting companies; however, our common stock is already affected by policies at many brokerage firms discourage transactions in low price stocks.

We did not consider any alternative structures other than a reverse split.

The ratio of one-for-500 was intended to enable us to be satisfied that, following the reverse split, we would have less than 300 stockholders of records, even if stockholders who hold shares in street name elected to hold their shares in their own names.

Reasons for the Reverse Split

Our board of directors considered many factors in unanimously approving the reverse split, including the following:

The nature and limited extent of the trading in our common stock as well as the market value that the public markets are currently applying to us.

•The direct and indirect costs associated with the preparation and filing of our periodic reports with the SEC. We estimate that the costs associated with complying with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, particularly as a result of the requirement for attestation by our independent auditors as to our internal controls over financial reporting, will be approximately \$300,000 per year. We consider these costs to be material to us in view of the results of our operations in recent periods.

•The fact that many other typical advantages of being a public company are not currently available to us, including enhanced access to capital and the ability to use equity securities to acquire other businesses because of both our recent history of losses and the low price and lack of trading volume in our stock.

The current level of analyst coverage and minimal liquidity for our common stock under current and reasonably foreseeable market conditions.

The board also considered our financial resources and our dependence upon our senior lender, who, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, is the holder of more than 70% of our common stock. Because of our financial condition, we have no potential source of funding other than our senior lender, and our senior lender has indicated that it will not lend us any additional funds.

In addition to the significant time and cost savings resulting from termination of our registration under the Securities Exchange Act, the board believes that this action will allow our management to focus its attention and resources on building longer-term enterprise value.

In this connection, the board considered our relationship with Cheyne, which is the parent company of our 70% stockholder. At our 2008 annual meeting, for which we solicited proxies, our stockholders approved a one-for-11.11 reverse stock split. In our proxy statement, we said that the one-for-11.11 reverse split is crucial to our ability to continue in business because it is a condition to our implementation of our proposed debt restructuring plan. The debt restructuring plan was described in detail in the proxy statement. Pursuant to the debt restructuring:

Cheyne, as the holder of our senior debt, converted notes in the principal amount of \$23,373,000 into a note for \$11,601,156 plus 7,038,236 shares of common stock, representing 70% of the common stock outstanding after giving effect to all of the issuances contemplated by the restructuring plan (the "Total Issuances"). These shares were issued in the name of Gate Systems.

The maturity date of a working capital note to Cheyne in the principal amount of \$1,600,000 was extended to December 31, 2008. This note also constitutes senior debt.

•The holders of all of our subordinated notes converted the entire principal of and interest on the notes, which amounted to approximately \$13,506,000, into notes in the principal amount of \$1,750,000 and 1,407,667 shares of common stock, representing 14% of the common stock outstanding after giving effect to the Total Issuances. The \$1,750,000 notes are to be repaid based upon a 25-year amortization schedule, will mature January 31, 2016 and bear interest at 10% annually payable quarterly in arrears.

We issued 603,277 shares of common stock, representing 6% of the common stock outstanding after giving effect to the Total Issuances, to key employees.

- 9 -

• Certain other creditors agreed to accept substantial discounts on their outstanding claims.

The restructuring eliminated principal and interest on approximately \$24,859,000 of debt.

As a result of the debt restructuring, we had positive working capital at December 31, 2008; however, repayments of debt, interest accrued resulting from the modification of debt agreements and our daily working capital requirements resulted in a working capital deficit as of September 30, 2009. The debt restructuring itself did not provide us with any additional cash for our operations. Our only source of funds other than normal operations is our senior lender, Cheyne, the parent of our 70% stockholder. During the fourth quarter of 2008, we required additional funds from Cheyne, and Chevne provided such funds. Chevne also rescheduled the payments on the senior debt as of January 1, 2009, and rescheduled the payments on the floating rate working capital note on May 1, 2009, June 1, 2009, August 1, 2009, September 1, 2009 and November 1, 2009. Due to our recent losses and the uncertainty of any significant, if any, increase in business from British Telecommunications or Telmex, together with the worldwide economic downturn and the general lack of credit even for companies with strong balance sheets and positive operation results, our difficulties in obtaining financing from other sources is increasing. These factors may continue to affect our ability to generate business from new customers as well as our ability to make the payments that are due to Cheyne, even under the revised payment terms. Furthermore, Cheyne has advised us that it would not advance new funds to us; therefore, we cannot give any assurance that Cheyne will provide us with any additional modification of our payment terms if the need arises. If we are not able to generate sufficient revenue to enable us to meet our obligations or obtain financing from Cheyne, we would not be able to continue in business, and it would be likely that we would seek protection under the Bankruptcy Code.

We have, in the past, and may in the future, consider the sale of one or more of our divisions. However, all of our past discussions terminated without any agreement and we cannot give any assurance that we would be able to sell of business or that such a sale would not be part of bankruptcy reorganization. Further, our senior debt is secured by a lien on substantially all of our and our subsidiaries' assets, and substantially all, if not all, of the proceeds from any sale may be required to be paid to our debt holders, principally the holder of our senior debt. Further, if we were able to sell one division, we would have to negotiate with Cheyne in order to retain any portion of the proceeds to support our other division. If we are able to sell one division and are not able to obtain sufficient funds to support the other division, we may be unable to continue in business and it would be likely that we would seek protection under the Bankruptcy Code.

Since the price paid for fractional shares is a function of the market price of the common stock, our board of directors determined that the fair value of the common stock would be the average of the daily average of the closing bid and asked prices for our common stock for the month of September 2009, which was \$0.0965 per share, which results in a price of \$48.25 after giving effect to the reverse split. This price was higher than the price of the common stock on the date that the board approved the amendment to the certificate of incorporation which reflected the reverse split, which was \$0.055 per share. At the time of board approval there had been significant periods of time during which there was no trading in our stock, and modest sales or purchases of the common stock could have a disproportionate effect upon the stock price. In making its decision, our board did not consider net book value, going concern value or liquidation value since these amounts were not considered relevant. Our audited financial statements for the past several years have included an explanatory paragraph relating to our ability to continue as a going concern. At September 30, 2009, we had a stockholders' deficiency of more than \$16 million.

In view of the foregoing, our board believes that the reverse split is substantively and procedurally fair to all unaffiliated stockholders, including those who will be cashed out and those who will continue to own shares of our common stock.

Effects of the Reverse Split on our Affiliates

As a result of the reverse split, Gate Systems, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cheyne, the holder of our senior debt and the holder of 7,038,236 shares of common stock, representing 70.7% of our outstanding common stock, will hold 14,076 shares of common stock, which will represent approximately 71.8% of our outstanding common stock after the reverse split. The shares held by Gate Systems were issued in August 2008 in connection with a debt restructuring in connection with a significant reduction in the senior debt owed to Cheyne as described in "Special Factors – Reasons for the Reverse Split."

Edward B. Kornfeld, our chief executive officer and a director, owns 253,368 shares of common stock, representing 2.5% of our common stock. These shares were issued to Mr. Kornfeld as part of the shares issued to key employees in connection with the debt restructuring. Following the reverse split, Mr. Kornfeld will hold 504 shares of common stock.

Marco M. Elser, a director, beneficially owns 114,403 shares of common stock, representing approximately 1.1% of our common stock. These shares are held by Watersfield Ltd., of which Mr. Elser has joint voting and dispositive power. Following the reverse split, Mr. Elser will beneficially own 228 shares of common stock. Mr. Elser also beneficially owns shares issuable upon exercise of warrants, as discussed in the following paragraph.

Warren H. Esanu, a director, owns 26,977 shares of common stock, representing less than 1% of our common stock. Pursuant to the debt restructuring, Mr. Esanu received a subordinated note in the principal amount of \$33,425 and 26,977 shares of common stock in exchange for his subordinated note in the principal amount of \$100,000. Following the reverse split, Mr. Esanu will own 53 shares of common stock.

Michael A. Tancredi, senior vice president, secretary, treasurer and a director, owns 25,533 shares of common stock, representing less than 1% of our common stock. These shares were issued to Mr. Tancredi as part of the shares issued to key employees in connection with the debt restructuring. Following the reverse split, Mr. Tancredi will own 51 shares of common stock.

Leslie K. Brand, our chief financial officer, owns 11,277 shares of common stock, representing less than 1% of our common stock. These shares were issued to Ms. Brand as part of the shares issued to key employees in connection with the debt restructuring. Following the reverse split, Ms. Brand will hold 22 shares of common stock.

No other officer or director owns any significant number of shares.

In addition to the shares owned by officers and directors, our four non-management directors hold options and warrants to purchase a total of 366,093 shares of common stock at exercise price ranging from \$0.022 per share to \$2.03. As a result of the reverse split, these warrants and options will entitle the holders to purchase approximately 732 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$11.00 to \$1,015.00 per share. Because of the high exercise price, we believe that it is unlikely that the directors will receive any significant benefit from their ownership of their options and warrants.

Under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, our officers and directors would recognize capital gain or loss on the cash issued in lieu of fraction shares, based upon the difference between the proceeds received over the basis of the shares. Since no affiliate would receive more than \$48.25 in cash in lieu of fractional shares, the tax consequences to our officers and directors are not material.

Effects and Tax Consequences of the Reverse Split on our Other Stockholders

The combination and exchange of each 500 shares of the common stock into one share of new common stock should be a tax-free transaction for federal income tax purposes to United States persons who hold the shares as capital assets, and the holding period and tax basis of the old common stock will be transferred to the new common stock received in exchange therefore, including the fractional shares. The cash paid for fractional shares will be treated as a payment in redemption of the fractional shares and the stockholder will recognize a capital gain or loss, as the case may be, on the difference between your basis in the fractional share and the payment in lieu of the fractional share.

Each United States stockholder who owns 500 shares or an integral multiple of 500 shares will receive one share for each 500 shares owned by the stockholder and no cash in lieu of fractional shares. If the shares are held as capital assets, the stockholder's basic would be transferred to the new shares and no tax would be payable as a result of the reverse split.

Each stockholder who owns less than 500 shares or who owns more than 500 shares in different accounts, with each account holding less than 500 shares at the effective date of the reverse split will cease to be a stockholder and will receive cash in lieu of fractional shares. The stockholder will receive a payment of less than \$48.25 for each account, depending on the number of shares of common stock held in the account. This payment, assuming the stockholder is a United States person and holds the stock as a capital asset, would be a long or short term capital gain, based on his or her basis in the stock and holding period. If you receive cash in lieu of all of your shares, you will not have the opportunity to participate in and potentially benefit from any future business combination transaction in which we may engage. However, as discussed above, unless we significantly improve our business, we cannot give any assurance that any such transaction would result in any payment to our stockholders.

Each stockholder who owns more than 500 shares will continue to be a stockholder and will receive both stock and cash in lieu of fractional shares, if any. The stockholder's basis in the shares will be spread over all of the shares, including fractional shares that are received in the reverse split. The stockholder will receive the whole number of shares issuable as a result of the reverse split and a cash payment of less than \$48.25 for each account for fractional shares. This payment, assuming the stockholder is a United States person and holds the stock as a capital asset, would be treated as long or short term capital gain treatment, based on his or her basis in the fractional shares stock and stockholder's holding period.

If you continue to remain a stockholder, you will still retain the rights of a minority stockholder under the Delaware General Corporation Law and the directors will continue to have a fiduciary duty toward you as a stockholder. However, you would not necessarily receive any financial or other information on us, except to the limited extend required by the Delaware General Corporation Law. We believe that the elimination of the expenses resulting from the reverse split and the consequent termination of our registration under the Securities Exchange Act would improve our changes of continuing in operations. As a result, if you continue as a stockholder, you would have the opportunity to participate in any future business combination transaction. However, we cannot assure you that you would realize any benefit from such a transaction.

The discussion relating to taxes is limited to federal income tax consequences to United States persons who hold the common stock as a capital asset and should not be considered as tax or investment advice. The tax consequences of the reverse split may not be the same for all stockholders. You should consult your own tax advisors to know how federal, state, local and foreign tax laws affect you.

Fairness of the Reverse Split

The Company believes that the reverse split is fair, both substantively and procedurally, to the stockholders. The amendment to our certificate of incorporation was unanimously approved by all of our directors, most of whom are independent, do not have a significant equity interest in the Company and would not receive any significant benefit from the reverse split. In determining that the reverse split is fair to the stockholders, the directors considered the factors described under "Special Factors – Reasons for the Reverse Split."

- 12 -

In approving the reverse split, our directors also considered other factors in order that the reverse split is fair to the minority stockholders.

- The price used to value the fractional shares was higher than the market price on the date the board approved the amendment to our certificate of incorporation that effects the reverse split.
- The reverse split provides stockholders who own less than 500 shares with liquidity in a stock which has little if any market value and no active trading market.
- Stockholders who hold 500 or more shares retain an interest in us. If these stockholders desire to obtain cash for their shares, they have the ability to divide their stockholdings among different accounts so that all accounts can be cashed out.

The amendment to our certificate of incorporation has been approved by the holder of more than 70% of our outstanding common stock. We are not seeking approval by a majority of unaffiliated stockholders.

Neither our board our independent directors has retained an unaffiliated representative to act solely on behalf of unaffiliated security holders for purpose of negotiating the terms of the reverse split. We believe that it was not necessary to retain an unaffiliated representative to negotiate the terms of the reverse split because:

- The price at which fractional interests are bought is based on the market price of the common stock.
 - The market price was computed in a manner which is beneficial to the minority stockholders.
 - There is no active market in our common stock.
- A majority of our directors are independent and will receive no benefit as a result of the reverse split.

The amendment to our certificate of incorporation which effects the reverse split was unanimously approved by our directors.

Our principal stockholder has no representative on the board of directors and does not have an observer at board meetings.

Under the Delaware General Corporation Law, the holder of a majority of our shares of common has the right to take action without the consent of other stockholders.

During the past two years, we have not received any firm offers relating to the merger or consolidation of us with or into another company, the sale or other transfer of all or any substantial part of our assets or a purchase of our securities that would enable the holder to exercise control of us, other than the debt restructuring in August 2008, which is discussed in "Special Factors – Reasons for the Reverse Split." Also see "Approval of the Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation to (i) Effect a one-for-500 Reverse Split and (ii) Reduce our Authorized Capital Stock – Possible Transactions Following Termination of Registration under the Securities Exchange Act."

We did not receive any report, opinion or appraisal from a third party in connection with the reverse split.

No alternatives to the reverse split were considered.

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APPROVAL OF THE AMENDMENT TO OUR CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION TO (i) EFFECT A ONE-FOR-500 REVERSE SPLIT AND (ii) REDUCE OUR AUTHORIZED CAPITAL STOCK

The Amendment to our Certificate of Incorporation

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Our board of directors has approved an amendment to our certificate of incorporation which will:

- effect a one-for-500 reverse split of our common stock;
- reduce the number of authorized shares of preferred stock to 100,000 shares; and
 - reduce the number of authorized shares of common stock to 100,000 shares.

As a result of the reverse split, each share of common stock outstanding at the effective time of the reverse split, will, without any action on the part of the holder thereof, become one five-hundredth of a share of common stock, which is 0.002 share of common stock for each shares owned on the effective date of the reverse split. The common stock, as presently constituted, is referred to as the old common stock, and the common stock resulting from the reverse split is referred to as the new common stock.

Our certificate of incorporation presently authorizes the issuance of 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock and 20,000,000 shares of common stock. Pursuant to the amendment to our certificate of incorporation, the number of authorized shares of preferred stock will be reduced to 100,000 shares and the number of authorized shares of common stock will be reduced to 100,000 shares. The par value of our preferred stock and our common stock will not be affected by the amendment to our certificate of incorporation. As of the date of this information statement, there are no shares of preferred stock outstanding.

No fractional shares of common stock will be issued in the reverse split. We will pay cash in lieu of fractional shares based on the fair value of the common stock, which was determined by the board of directors to be \$48.25 per share after giving effect to the reverse split. The board of directors determined that the fair value of the common stock would be the average of the daily average of the closing bid and asked prices for our common stock for the month of September 2009, which was \$0.0965 per share. After giving effect to the reverse split, this fair value per share of common stock would be \$48.25, which is computed by multiplying \$0.0965 by 500.

By effecting the reverse split and paying cash for fractional shares, we will reduce the number of record owners of our common stock so that we will have fewer than 300 stockholders of record. When we have fewer than 300 record owners of our common stock we will be able to terminate our registration under the Securities Exchange Act. As a result of the termination of our registration under the Securities Exchange Act:

We will not be required to file annual reports, quarterly and current reports which are due after we file the notice of termination of registration. We currently file annual reports on Form 10-K, which include our audited year-end financial statements, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, which include unaudited quarterly and year-to-date financial statements, and current reports on Form 8-K, which report significant matters. If the reverse split becomes effective before March 31, 2010, we will not be required to file a Form 10-K for year ended December 31, 2009.

We will be required to give you notice of the meeting or notice of action taken without a meeting under the Delaware General Corporation Law, but we would not be required to provide you with the information that is required to be included in a proxy statement or an information statement.

We would not be subject to provisions of the Sarbanes Oxley Act, which, among other provisions, would require us to obtain attestation by our independent auditors as to our internal controls over financial reporting.

Our officers, directors and 10% stockholders would not be required to file beneficial ownership reports on Forms 3, 4 and 5.

Holders of 5% of our stock would not be required to file statements of beneficial ownership on Schedules 13D or 13G.

In addition, many brokerage firms may have policies which discourage purchases and sales of stock of companies that are not reporting companies.

We presently have 20,000,000 authorized shares of common stock, of which 9,954,569 shares are outstanding, 165,000 shares are reserved for issuance upon exercise of outstanding options, 100,546 shares are reserved for issuance to holders of debentures under our 2008 debt restructuring, and 201,093 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants issued as part of our 2008 debt restructuring. There are no outstanding convertible securities.

The reverse split will become effective upon the filing with the Delaware Secretary of State of an amendment to our certificate of incorporation which states that, upon the filing of the certificate of amendment, the number of authorized shares of common stock will be reduced to 100,000 and each share of common stock then issued and outstanding would automatically become and be converted into 1/500 share of common stock, which is 0.002 share. Each option or warrant to purchase one share of common stock will become an option to purchase 0.002 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to 500 times the exercise price in effect immediately prior to the reverse split.

As a result of the reverse split:

We would have approximately 19,600 shares of common stock outstanding, of which 14,076 would be owned by Gate Systems, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Cheyne, our senior lender;

• Approximately 330 shares of common stock would be issuable upon exercise of outstanding options.

Approximately 201 shares would be reserved for issuance to the holders of our outstanding debentures pursuant to the 2008 debt restructuring.

Approximately 402 shares would be issuable upon the exercise of warrants.

As a result of the reverse split, the options to purchase 165,000 shares of common stock held by our independent directors as of September 30, 2009 will become options to purchase approximately 330 shares of common stock at exercise prices ranging from \$1,015.00 to \$11.00 per share. These options presently have option exercise prices ranging from \$2.03 to \$0.022 per share.

The reverse split would decrease the number of shares of common stock outstanding and would theoretically presumably increase the per share market price for the new common stock. However, we cannot predict what effect, if any, the reverse split will have on the market for or the price of our common stock. Because we will cease to be a reporting company, brokers may be reluctant to process trades in our stock. Stocks that are not listed on a stock exchange or market or trade for less than \$5.00 may be subject to restrictions pursuant to the internal rules of many brokerage houses. These restrictions tend to adversely impact a stock's marketability and, consequently, the stock's price. Since our stock price is presently very low, it is possible that some of these restrictions may already affect our stock.

Moreover, many leading brokerage firms are reluctant to recommend lower-priced securities, especially those that are issued by companies that are not reporting companies and have low stock prices and practices currently tend to

discourage individual brokers within firms from dealing in lower-priced stocks.

- 15 -

Based on the reduced number of record holders of our common stock, our board of directors has elected to terminate our registration under the Securities Exchange Act following the effectiveness of the reverse split. We estimate the anticipated cost savings resulting from the elimination of reporting obligations, including the incremental cost of compliance with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002, will be approximately \$300,000 per year, which we consider to be significant in view of our continuing losses and the difficulty in raising additional funds. We believe that the Sarbanes-Oxley legislation and continued reporting pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act do not provide any discernable benefit to us or our stockholders because of our financial condition. We believe we and our stockholders are better served to the extent that we can apply our financial and management resources to our growth.

Principal Effects of the Reverse Split

As described above, the total number of shares of common stock that are outstanding and are issuable upon exercise of options and warrants will be reduced by 99.8%. Under the 2009 plan, the annual grant to our independent directors will become an option to purchase ten shares of new common stock.

We will obtain a new CUSIP number and we expect to obtain a new stock symbol for the new common stock effective at the time of the reverse split. Following the effectiveness of the reverse split, we will provide each record holder of common stock with information to enable such holder to obtain new stock certificates.

The certificate of amendment amending our certificate of incorporation will be filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware and the reverse split will become effective as of the close of business on the date of such filing.

Our stockholders will not have any right of appraisal or any other right with respect to the reverse split other than the right to receive cash for fractional shares as described in this information statement.

Market and Market Price for Our Common Stock

Our common stock is traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol PORT; however, trading in our stock is not active and there are frequent days when there are no reported sales of our common stock. Once we are no longer a reporting company, if our stock trades, it will trade on the pink sheets.

The following table sets forth, for 2007, 2008 and the first three quarters of 2009, the quarterly high and low bid prices for our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board as provided by the Nasdaq Stock Market, Inc. These prices represent inter-dealer quotations without retail markup, markdown, or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions. These prices reflect the one-for-11.11 reverse split which became effective on July 31, 2008.

	2007				2008				2009			
		High		Low		High		Low		High		Low
First quarter	\$	2.00	\$	1.22	\$	1.33	\$	0.56	\$	0.08	\$	0.02
Second quarter		2.00		1.22		0.56		0.17		0.18		0.02
Third quarter		1.78		1.22		0.33		0.01		0.51		0.01
Fourth quarter		1.44		0.66		0.12		0.08		-		-

On October 1, 2009, the last reported sales price of our common stock was \$0.055 per share. On that date, the most recent reported sale of our common stock had been made on August 13, 2009. On November 25, 2009, the last reported sale was at \$0.12.

We did not declare or pay any cash dividends in 2009, 2008 or 2007, and we do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Our agreement with the holder of our senior debt prohibits us from paying cash dividends on our common stock or from acquiring our common stock.

Exchange of Certificate and Elimination of Fractional Share Interests

On the effective date of the reverse split, each share of old common stock will automatically be combined and changed into 0.002 share of new common stock. No additional action on our part or on the part of any stockholder will be required in order to effect the reverse split. Stockholders will be requested to exchange their certificates representing shares of old common stock held prior to the reverse split for new certificates representing shares of new common stock issued as a result of the reverse split. Stockholders will be furnished the necessary materials and instructions to enable them to effect such exchange promptly after the effective date. Certificates representing shares of old common stock subsequently presented for transfer will not be transferred on our books and records, but we will effect the conversion of the old common stock into shares of new common stock and any cash due in lieu of fractional shares. You should not submit any certificates until requested to do so.

As discussed above, no fractional shares of new common stock will be issued to any stockholder. Accordingly, if you would otherwise be entitled to receive fractional shares of new common stock, you will be paid for your fractional shares based on a valuation of \$48.25 per share of common stock after giving effect to the reverse split. In order to receive any payment on fractional shares to which you may be entitled, you must present your stock certificate for exchange. If you fail to deliver your stock certificate, the cash payable in respect of your fractional shares will be held until you deliver your stock certificate. However, if you have not delivered your stock certificate prior to the date on which we pay unclaimed cash to a public official pursuant to relevant abandoned property laws, in which event you will have to comply with the provisions of the abandoned property laws in order to receive your cash. We will not pay any interest on amounts due in lieu of fractional shares.

In the event any certificate representing shares of old common stock is not presented for exchange upon our request, any dividends or other distributions that may be declared after the effective date of the reverse split with respect to the new common stock represented by such certificate will be withheld by us until the certificate for the old common stock has been properly presented for exchange, at which time all such withheld dividends which have not yet been paid to a public official pursuant to relevant abandoned property laws will be paid to the holder thereof or his designee, without interest.

There is no active market for our common stock. On October 1, 2009, the date that the board of directors approved the amendment to our certificate of incorporation that effects the reverse split, the last reported sales price for our common stock was \$0.055 per share, which related to a reported sale on August 13, 2009. There were no reported sales of our common stock during the period between August 13, 2009 and October 1, 2009. The board of directors determined that the fair value of the common stock would be the average of the daily average of the closing bid and asked prices for our common stock for the month of September 2009, which was \$0.0965 per share. After giving effect to the reverse split, this fair value per share of common stock would be \$48.25, which is computed by multiplying \$0.0965 by 500.

Possible Transactions Following Termination of Registration under the Securities Exchange Act

We have in the past engaged in discussions with other companies with respect to the sale of all or part of our business. These discussions have not resulted in any agreement. We continue to solicit inquiries from companies in our industry that are evaluating the possibility of acquiring our business or either segment of our business, and we continue to receive proposals for the sale of one or both of our divisions. We will negotiate in good faith with respect to any proposals that the board of directors believes are in our best interest. We cannot assure you that the discussions will

result in a sale. However, if a sale is ultimately completed, unless we obtain the agreement of Cheyne to permit us to use a portion of the proceeds for our other division, all of the net proceeds would be paid to Cheyne. We cannot predict whether we will enter into an agreement with respect to any sale, what the terms of any sale would be or the extent, if at all, such a sale would result in payments to our stockholders. Thus, it is possible that we may sell our business on terms which will not generate a significant payment, or any payment, to our common stockholders. Even with operating income during the first nine months of 2009, we reported a net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and operating losses during 2007 and 2008 which may affect both our ability to effect a sale of all or part of our business and the terms on which any sale could be made. If we were unable to effect a sale and to generate sufficient profit from operations, it may be necessary for us to seek protection under the Bankruptcy Code.

- 17 -

Federal Income Tax Consequences of the Reverse Stock Split

The combination and change of each 500 shares of the old common stock into one share of new common stock should be a tax-free transaction, and the holding period and tax basis of the old common stock will be transferred to the new common stock received in exchange therefore. Provided that the old common stock is held as a capital asset, the cash paid for fractional shares will be treated as a payment in redemption of the fractional shares and the stockholder will recognize a capital gain or loss, as the case may be, on the difference between your basis in the fractional share and the payment in lieu of the fractional share.

This discussion should not be considered as tax or investment advice, and the tax consequences of the reverse split may not be the same for all stockholders. Stockholders should consult their own tax advisors to know their individual federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences.

No Appraisal Rights

An appraisal right is a right granted by the laws of the state of a corporation's incorporation which provide dissenting stockholders who follow a procedure set forth in the statute to seek to obtain value for their shares. A reverse split is not a transaction which gives stockholders any rights of appraisal. As a result, you will not have any rights of appraisal with respect to the reverse split.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following tables set forth certain selected consolidated financial information derived from our unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, which are included in our Form 10-Q quarterly report for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, and our financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007, which are included in our Form 10-K annual report for the year ended December 31, 2008. Our Form 10-Q quarterly report for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and our Form 10-K annual report for the year ended December 31, 2008. Our Form 10-Q quarterly report for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and our Form 10-K annual report for the year ended December 31, 2008, accompany this information statement and the financial statements, including the notes thereto, are incorporated by reference into this information statement.

The summary financial information does not include the ratio of earnings to fixed charges since we did not have earnings in any period other than the year ended December 31, 2008, and the earnings for that year resulted solely from the cancellation of debt as part of the debt restructuring. In 2008, we had a loss from continuing operations prior to the extraordinary gain from the cancellation of debt.

Book value per share is not presented because, as a result of our deficiency in stockholders' equity, we have negative book value.

Pro forma financial information is not presented since the reverse split will not have any effect on our financial condition or the results of our operations.

- 18 -

Statement of Operations Information (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Nine Mont Septemb		Ye	ear Ended D	Dece	ember 31.
	2009	 2008		2008		2007
Sales	\$ 21,163	\$ 19,527	\$	26,737	\$	27,820
Gross profit	5,678	4,748		5,735		8,060
Operating income (loss) from continuing operations	737	(235)		(905)		(81)
Interest expense, net of interest income and other income	686	1,367		1,387		2,066
Income tax expense	208	53		60		76
Loss from continuing operations before extraordinary gain	(157)	(1,655)		(2,352)		(2,223)
Loss from discontinued operations (net of zero tax)	-	-		-		(521)
Extraordinary gain on troubled debt restructure (net of zero						
tax)		17,645		17,502		
Net (loss) income	(157)	15,990		15,150		(2,744)
Comprehensive (loss) income	(686)	15,628		14,365		(2,704)
(Loss) income per share (basic):						
Continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.57)	\$	(0.50)	\$	(2.46)
Discontinued operations	-	-		-		(0.58)
Extraordinary item	-	6.05		3.73		-
Net (loss) income per share	\$ (0.02)	\$ 5.48	\$	3.23	\$	(3.04)
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	9,955	2,916		4,688		905
(Loss) income per share (diluted):						
Continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.54)	\$	(0.50)	\$	(2.46)
Discontinued operations	-	-		-		(0.58)
Extraordinary item	-	5.79		3.73		-
Net (loss) income per share	\$ (0.02)	\$ 5.25	\$	3.23	\$	(3.04)
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding	9,955	3,043		4,688		905

Balance Sheet Information (in thousands):

	Septe	September 30, Dece		er 31,
		2009	2008	2007
Working capital (deficiency)	\$	(299) \$	827	\$ (34,513)
Total assets		13,366	15,761	16,899
Total current liabilities		9,087	10,331	46,719
Long-term liabilities		21,009	21,474	707
Stockholders' deficit		(16,730)	(16,044)	(30,527)

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Directors are elected annually by the stockholders to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their respective successors are duly elected. Our bylaws provide that the number of directors comprising the whole board shall be determined from time to time by the board. The size of the board for the ensuing year is six directors. Our board of directors recommended that the six incumbent directors named below be re-elected. All of our present directors were elected at the 2008 annual meeting of stockholders, for which proxies were solicited.

We do not have a nominating committee. The board of directors, which presently consists of six members, serves as the nominating committee.

All of the directors have consented to being named in this information statement and to serve. The following table sets forth certain information concerning the directors.

Name	Age	Principal Occupation or Employment	Director Since
William V. Carney 1,3	72	Chairman of the board	1970
Marco M. Elser 1,2,3	50	Chief executive officer of Advicorp, PLC, an investment advisory firm	2000
Warren H. Esanu 1,2,3	66	Senior counsel to Katsky Korins LLP, attorneys at law	1997
Herbert H. Feldman 1,2,3	75	President, Alpha Risk Management, Inc.	1989
Edward B. Kornfeld	65	Chief executive officer	2008
Michael A. Tancredi	79	Senior vice president, secretary and treasurer	1970
1		Member of the executive committee.	
2		Member of the audit committee.	
3		Member of the compensation committee.	

William V. Carney has been chairman of the board since October 1996 and was chief executive officer from October 1996 until March 2006, and a consultant from March 2006 until March 2007. As chairman of the board, Mr. Carney is not an executive officer. He was vice chairman from 1988 to October 1996, senior vice president from 1989 to October 1996, chief technical officer from 1990 until March 2006, and secretary from 1977 to October 1996. He also served as senior vice president-mechanical engineering from 1988 to 1989, senior vice president-connector products from 1985 to 1988, senior vice president-manufacturing from 1984 to 1985 and senior vice president-operations from 1977 to 1984.

Marco M. Elser has been the chief executive officer of Advicorp, PLC, an investment advisory firm, for more than the past five years. He has also been associated with Northeast Securities, a US-based broker dealer and is responsible for the Italian office, which he founded in 1994.

Warren H. Esanu has been a director since April 1997 and also served as a director from 1989 to 1996. He was also our chairman of the board from March 1996 to October 1996. He is senior counsel to Katsky Korins LLP, attorneys at law, and was counsel for such firm for more than five years prior thereto.

Herbert H. Feldman has been president of Alpha Risk Management, Inc., independent risk management consultants, for more than the past five years.

Edward B. Kornfeld has been an executive officer since 1995. Mr. Kornfeld has been our chief executive officer since April 2006 and chief financial officer from October 1995 until February 2009. He was president from April 2004 until April 2006, chief operating officer from April 2004 until April 2006, senior vice president-operations from 1996 until April 2004, vice president-finance from October 1995 until 1996. Since June 2002, Mr. Kornfeld has also been a partner of the firm of Tatum LLC, which provides chief financial officer services to medium and large companies, including us; however, he continues to devote full time effort to our business.

- 20 -

Michael A. Tancredi has been senior vice president and secretary since 1997 and treasurer since 1978. He was vice president-administration from 1995 until 1997, vice president-finance and administration from 1989 to 1995 and vice president-finance from 1984 to 1989.

Code of Ethics

We maintain a code of ethics that applies to all of our executive officers, including our principal executive, financial and accounting officers, our directors, our financial managers and all employees. Any waiver of the code must be approved by the audit committee and must be disclosed in accordance with SEC rules. We also have a standard of conduct which is applicable to all employees. Our code of ethics is on our website at http://www.portasystems.com/legal/CodeOfEthics.htm.

During the past five years, none of our officers or directors was convicted in a criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors) or was a party to any judicial or administrative proceeding (except for matters that were dismissed without sanction or settlement) that resulted in a judgment, decree or final order enjoining the person from future violations of, or prohibiting activities subject to, federal or state securities laws, or a finding of any violation of federal or state securities laws.

Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our executive officers, directors and persons who own more than ten percent of our common stock to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership on Forms 3, 4 and 5 with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based solely upon our review of the copies of the forms we have received, we believe that all reporting persons complied on a timely basis with all filing requirements applicable to them with respect to transactions during 2008. Upon the effectiveness of the termination of our registration under the Securities Exchange Act, our officers, directors and 10% stockholders will no longer be required to file beneficial ownership reports with the SEC.

The Board and Committees of the Board

We are governed by a board of directors currently consisting of six members. The board has established three committees: the executive committee, the audit committee and the compensation committee. The board has adopted written charters for the audit and compensation committees, copies of which are posted on our website at http://www.portasystems.com/legal/AuditComChart.htm and

http://www.portasystems.com/legal/CompComChart.htm. Printed copies of these charters may be obtained, without charge, by contacting the corporate secretary, Mr. Michael A. Tancredi, at 6851 Jericho Turnpike, Syosset, New York 11791. Set forth below is a summary of each of the board's committees. We do not have a nominating committee. The board of directors acts as the nominating committee and all members of the board participate in the discussions. We believe that, with a board composed of six individuals, a separate nominating committee is not necessary.

Executive Committee

The executive committee has all power to act between board meetings. As a result, any action that can be taken or approved by the board of directors can be taken or approved by the executive committee, except that the executive committee has no power or authority with respect to amending our certificate of incorporation (except with respect to a certificate of designation to the extent authorized by the board of directors), adopting an agreement of merger or consolidation, recommending to the stockholders a sale or lease of all or substantially all of its property, recommending a dissolution or amending our bylaws. In addition, unless our certificate of incorporation or by-laws or a board resolution expressly provides for it, the executive committee has no power to declare a dividend, or authorize

the issuance of stock or merge a wholly-owned subsidiary into us. The executive committee is presently comprised of Messrs. Carney, Elser, Esanu and Feldman.

- 21 -

Audit Committee

Our audit committee reviews our financial statements and accounting principles, the scope and results of the annual audit by the independent registered public accounting firm (the "independent auditors"), our internal audit process, and the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Prior to the filing of each quarterly report on Form 10-Q and annual report on Form 10-K, our audit committee meets with representatives of our independent auditors and our chief financial officer.

Our audit committee also reviews the qualifications, independence and performance of our independent auditors. In this connection, the audit committee is directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of our registered public accounting firm engaged (including the resolution of disagreements between management and the auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for us, and our registered public accounting firm reports directly to the audit committee.

Our audit committee:

• Has reviewed and discussed the unaudited financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2008 with management.

Has discussed with the independent auditors the matters required to be discussed by the Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended.

Has received the written disclosures and the letter from the independent auditors required by Independence Standards Board Standard No. 1, and has discussed with the independent auditors the independence of the independent auditors.

Recommended, based on the review and discussion set forth above, to the board of directors that the unaudited financial statements be included in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, and that the audited financial statements be included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Our audit committee is presently comprised Messrs. Elser, Esanu and Feldman.

Our board of directors has determined that each member of the audit committee is an independent director, using the NASDAQ standard of independence. The board also has determined that Mr. Elser qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" under the rules of the SEC.

No member of our audit committee serves on the audit committee of any other public company.

Compensation Committee

Our compensation committee oversees the compensation of our chief executive officer and our other executive officers and reviews our overall compensation policies for employees generally. The committee also serves as the granting and administrative committee under our equity compensation plans. The compensation committee does not delegate its authority to fix compensation; however, as to officers who report to the chief executive officer, the compensation committee consults with the chief executive officer, who may make recommendations to the compensation committee. Any recommendations by the chief executive officer are accompanied by an analysis of the basis for the recommendations. The committee also discussed compensation policies for employees who are not officers with the chief executive officer and other responsible officers. The compensation committee did not engage any compensation consultants or other persons performing similar functions.

Our compensation committee is presently comprised Messrs. Elser, Esanu, Feldman and Carney.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

No member of the compensation committee:

•

Was an officer or employee during 2008 or 2009.

• Was an officer during the three years prior to 2008, except that Mr. Carney was an officer until March 2006.

Had any relationship with us that is required to be disclosed as a related party transaction except as set forth under "Related Party Transactions."

Board and Committee Attendance

The Board and its committees held the following number of meetings during the 2008:

Board of directors	5
Audit committee	4
Compensation committee	4

The number of meetings includes meetings that were held by means of a conference call and does not include actions taken by unanimous written consent. The executive committee did not meet during 2008.

Each director attended at least 75% of the total number of meetings of the board and those committees on which he served during the year. Our non-management directors did not meet in executive session during 2008.

Directors' Compensation

We paid our non-management directors a fee of \$6,875 per quarter and a meeting fee of \$1,650 per meeting during 2008 and 2009.

In addition to the cash fees, our non-employee directors receive an annual automatic grant of an option to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock. These options are exercisable in full at any time and in part from time to time beginning six months after the date of grant and expire ten years from the date of grant. The options granted in 2008 have an exercise price of \$0.03 per share and the options granted in 2009 have an exercise price of \$0.022 per share. In each case, the option exercise price is the average of high bid and low asked prices for the ten trading days preceding the date of grant. As a result of the reverse split, the options granted in 2008 will become options to purchase 10 shares at \$15.00 per share and the options granted in 2009 will become options to purchase 10 shares at \$11.00 per share.

Directors' Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation of non-employee directors for 2008.

Name	Fees l	Paid in Cash Optic	on Award1	Total
Herbert H. Feldman	\$	50,600	—\$	50,600
Marco M. Elser		48,950		48,950
William V. Carney		50,600		50,600

Warren H. Esanu	50,600	—	50,600

- 23 -

1 The amount shown under "Option Award" reflects the dollar amount recognized for 2008 in accordance with SFAS 123R for options granted under the automatic grant provisions of our stock option plan. The fair value of the options is inconsequential.

The option awards represent the options to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock which were automatically granted to each non-employee director on May 1 of each year, through 2008. At May 1, 2009, our former stock option plans had expired. On May 11, 2009, our board of directors approved the 2009 long-term incentive plan, which, at the date of grant, 1,000,000 shares of common stock. See "Approval of the 2009 Long-Term Incentive Plan."

The following table sets forth the number of shares of common stock subject to options and warrants held by each of our non-employee directors at December 31, 2008.

	Shares subject
Name	to Options
Marco M. Elser	241,093
Warren H. Esanu	50,000
Herbert H. Feldman	50,000
William V. Carney	15,000

The shares issuable upon options and warrants held by Mr. Elser includes 201,093 shares issuable upon exercise of warrants held by Advicorp PLC, of which Mr. Elser is chief executive officer and part owner and has joint voting and dispositive power.

During 2001, 2002 and 2003, we accrued, but did not pay, our current non-management directors a total of approximately \$203,100. As of September 30, 2009, the balance of this accrual is \$120,662.

Communications with our Board of Directors

Any stockholder who wishes to send a communication to our board of directors should address the communication either to the board of directors or to the individual director c/o Mr. Michael A. Tancredi, Secretary, Porta Systems Corp., 6851 Jericho Turnpike, Syosset, New York 11791. Mr. Tancredi will forward the communication either to all of the directors, if the communication is addressed to the board, or to the individual director, if the communication is directed to a director.

APPROVAL OF THE 2009 LONG-TERM INCENTIVE PLAN

Our board of directors believes that in order to attract and retain the services of executive and other key employees, it is necessary for us to have the ability and flexibility to provide a compensation package which compares favorably with those offered by other companies and that, to attract and retain the service of independent directors, it is necessary to provide an equity incentive. Accordingly, on May 11, 2009, our board of directors adopted, and in September 2009, the holder of more than a majority of our common stock approved, the 2009 long-term incentive plan, covering 1,000,000 shares of common stock. Set forth below is a summary of the 2009 plan. At such time as the one-for-500 reverse split become effective, the number of shares issuable upon exercise of options or other rights granted under the 2009 plan will be reduced to 10,000 shares. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the 2009 plan, a copy of which is included as Appendix B to this information statement. The text of the 2009 plan included as Appendix B to this information statement. The text of the 2009 plan included as Appendix B to this information statement.

The 2009 plan provides for the grant of incentive and non-qualified options, stock grants, stock appreciation rights and other equity-based incentives to employees, including officers, and consultants. The 2009 plan is to be administered by a committee of not less than two directors each of whom is to be an independent director. In the absence of a committee, the plan is administered by the board of directors. Independent directors are not eligible for discretionary options. The 2009 plan provided for the automatic grant of non-qualified stock options to our independent directors as follows:

On the date the 2009 plan was adopted by the board of directors, each independent director received a non-qualified option to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock at the average of the last reported price for our common stock on the ten trading days preceding the date of approval by the board, which was \$0.022 per share;

On May 1 of each year, commencing May 1, 2010, each independent director will receive a nonqualified option to purchase 5,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price equal to the average of the last reported price for the common stock for the ten trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and

Each newly elected independent director will receive a nonqualified option to purchase 10,000 shares at an exercise price equal to the average of the last ten trading days immediately preceding the date of becoming a director.

As of the date of this information statement, we had not granted any options or other equity-based incentive under the 2009 plan other than the automatic grants to independent directors. Upon the effectiveness of the reverse split, the annual grant to directors will be for ten shares of common stock and the grant to the newly-elected independent directors will be for 20 shares of common stock.

The options granted to our independent directors are nonqualified options and become exercisable in full six months from the date of grant and expire on the earlier of (i) ten years from the date of grant or (ii) twelve months from the date such director ceases to be a director other than as a result of his death or disability.

Options intended to be incentive stock options must be granted at an exercise price per share which is not less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date of grant and may have a term which is not longer than ten years. If the option holder holds 10% of our common stock, the exercise price must be at least 110% of the fair market value on the date of grant and the term of the option cannot exceed five years.

Federal Income Tax Consequences

The following is a brief summary of the federal income tax consequences as of the date hereof with respect to awards under the 2009 plan for participants who are both citizens and residents of the United States. This description of the federal income tax consequences is based upon law and Treasury interpretations in effect on the date of this information statement (including proposed and temporary regulations which may be changed when finalized). This summary is not exhaustive. Further, the law may change and special rules may apply with respect to situations not specifically discussed in this information statement, including federal employment taxes, foreign, state and local taxes and estate or inheritance taxes. Accordingly, participants are urged to consult with their own qualified tax advisors.

Non-Qualified Options

No taxable income will be realized by the participant upon the grant of a non-qualified option. On exercise, the excess of the fair market value of the stock at the time of exercise over the option price of such stock will be compensation and (i) will be taxable at ordinary income tax rates in the year of exercise, (ii) may be subject to withholding for federal income tax purposes and (iii) generally will be an allowable income tax deduction to us. The participant's tax basis for stock acquired upon exercise of a non-qualified option will be equal to the option price paid for the stock, plus any amounts included in income as compensation. If the participant pays the exercise price of an option in whole or in part with previously-owned shares of common stock, the participant's tax basis and holding period for the newly-acquired shares is determined as follows: As to a number of newly-acquired shares equal to the number of previously-owned shares used by the participant to pay the exercise price, no gain or loss will be recognized by the participant on the date of exercise and the participant's tax basis and holding period for the previously-owned shares will carry over to the newly-acquired shares on a share-for-share basis, thereby deferring any gain inherent in the previously-owned shares. As to each remaining newly acquired share, the participant's tax basis will equal the fair market value of the share on the date of exercise and the participant's holding period will begin on the day after the exercise date. The participant's compensation income and our deduction will not be affected by whether the exercise price is paid in cash or in shares of common stock. Special rules, discussed below under "Incentive Stock Options -Disposition of Incentive Option Shares," will apply if a participant surrenders previously-owned shares acquired upon the exercise of an incentive option that have not satisfied certain holding period requirements in payment of any or all of the exercise price of a non-qualified option.

Disposition of Option Shares

When a sale of the acquired shares occurs, a participant will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference between the sales proceeds and the tax basis of the shares. Such gain or loss will be treated as capital gain or loss if the shares are capital assets. The capital gain or loss will be long-term capital gain or loss treatment if the shares have been held for more than twelve months. There will be no tax consequences to us in connection with a sale of shares acquired under an option.

Incentive Stock Options

Incentive stock options may only be granted to our employees. The grant of an incentive stock option will not result in any federal income tax to a participant. Upon the exercise of an incentive option, a participant normally will not recognize any income for federal income tax purposes. However, the excess of the fair market value of the shares transferred upon the exercise over the exercise price of such shares (the "spread") generally will constitute an adjustment to income for purposes of calculating the alternative minimum tax of the participant for the year in which the option is exercised. As a result of the exercise of an incentive stock option, a participant's federal income tax liability may be increased. If the holder of an incentive stock option pays the exercise price, in full or in part, with shares of previously acquired common stock, the exchange should not affect the incentive stock option tax treatment of the exercise. No gain or loss should be recognized on the exchange and the shares received by the participant, equal in number to the previously acquired shares exchanged therefor will have the same basis and holding period as the previously acquired shares. The participant will not, however, be able to utilize the old holding period for the purpose of satisfying the incentive stock option holding period requirements described below. Shares received in excess of the number of previously acquired shares will have a basis of zero and a holding period which commences as of the date of exercise of the incentive stock option. If an incentive stock option is exercised by delivery of shares that were previously acquired through the exercise of an incentive stock option, the delivery of the previously acquired shares will be considered a disposition of such shares for the purpose of determining whether a disqualifying disposition has occurred.

Disposition of Incentive Option Shares

If the holder of an incentive option disposes of the stock acquired upon the exercise of the option (including the transfer of acquired stock in payment of the exercise price of another incentive stock option) either within two years from the date of grant or within one year from the date of exercise, the option holder will recognize ordinary income at the time of such disqualifying disposition to the extent of the difference between the exercise price and the lesser of the fair market value of the stock on the date the incentive option is exercised or the amount realized on such disqualifying disposition. Any remaining gain or loss is treated as a short-term or long-term capital gain or loss, depending on how long the shares were held prior to the disqualifying disposition. In the event of such disqualifying disposition occurs subsequent to the year the incentive stock option is exercised, it may be necessary for the participant to amend his return to eliminate the tax preference item previously reported).

- 26 -

Our Deduction

We are not entitled to a tax deduction upon either exercise of an incentive option or disposition of stock acquired pursuant to such an exercise, except to the extent that the option holder recognized ordinary income in a disqualifying disposition.

Stock Grants

A participant who receives a stock grant under the 2009 plan generally will be taxed at ordinary income rates on the fair market value of shares when they vest, if subject to vesting or other restrictions, or, otherwise, when received. However, a participant who, within 30 days after receiving such shares, makes an election under Section 83(b) of the Internal Revenue Code will recognize ordinary income on the date of issuance of the stock equal to the fair market value of the shares on that date. If a Section 83(b) election is made, the holding period for the shares will commence on the day after the shares are received and no additional taxable income will be recognized by the participant at the time the shares vest. However, if shares subject to a Section 83(b) election are forfeited, no tax deduction is allowable to the participant for the forfeited shares. Taxes are required to be withheld from the participant at the time and on the amount of ordinary income recognized by the participant. We will be entitled to a deduction at the same time and in the same amount as the participant recognizes income.

Stock Appreciation Rights

The grant of stock appreciation rights will not result in any federal income tax to a participant. Upon the exercise of a stock appreciation or phantom stock right, a participant will recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the cash or the fair market value of the stock, if any, received by the participant. At such time, we will be entitled to a tax deduction for the amount of income recognized by the participant. To date, we have not granted stock appreciation rights under any of our plans.

New Plan Benefits

The following table sets forth information relating to the benefits that have been granted pursuant to the 2009 plan from the date of its adoption through September 30, 2009 to the following classes of persons.

Name and Position	Dollar Va	lueNumbe	er of Units
Named executive officers			
Executive officers, as a group			
Non-executive directors, as a group	(a)		20,000
Non-executive officers employee group			

⁽a) The dollar value of the options is de minimus.

^{- 27 -}

APPROVAL OF THE SELECTION OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTING FIRM

The audit committee has approved the selection of BDO Seidman, LLP as our independent registered accounting firm for the year ended December 31, 2009. The following is a summary of the fees for professional services rendered by our independent accountants, BDO Seidman, LLP, for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2007.

	Fe	es	
Fee Category	2008		2007
Audit fees	\$ 232,500	\$	288,000
Audit-related fees	48,000		42,000
Tax fees	35,000		32,000
Other fees	65,000		14,100
Total Fees	\$ 381,000	\$	376,100

Audit fees. Audit fees represent fees for professional services performed by BDO Seidman, LLP for the audit of our annual financial statements and the review of our quarterly financial statements, as well as services that are normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit-related fees. Audit-related fees represent fees for assurance and related services performed by BDO Seidman, LLP that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements. The specific service was the audit of our retirement plan in 2007, which was not required in 2008.

Tax Fees. Tax fees represent fees for tax compliance services performed by BDO Seidman, LLP.

Other fees. BDO Seidman, LLP performed services related to the restructuring of our senior and subordinated debt and related information statement for the 2008 annual meeting.

Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Auditors

The audit committee's policy is to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. The independent registered public accounting firm and management are required to periodically report to the audit committee regarding the extent of services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm in accordance with this pre-approval, and the fees for the services performed to date. The audit committee may also pre-approve particular services on a case-by-case basis. All services were pre-approved by the audit committee.

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES AND SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF MANAGEMENT

The following table provides information as to shares of common stock beneficially owned as of October 31, 2009, by:

each director and nominee for director;

each officer named in the summary compensation table;

each person known by us, based on information provided to us by the persons named below, to own beneficially at least 5% of our common stock; and

all directors and executive officers as a group.

	Shares of Common	Percentage of
	Stock Beneficially	Outstanding
Name	Owned	Common Stock
Cheyne General Partner Inc.		
Cheyne Special Situations Fund L.P.		
Cheyne Capital Management (UK) LLP		
Gate Systems Holdings Ltd.		
Walker House, 87 Mary Street		
Georgetown, Cayman Islands, KY1-9001	7,038,236	70.6%
William V. Carney	31,074	*
Michael A. Tancredi	25,533	*
Warren H. Esanu	76,977	*
Herbert H. Feldman	55,368	*
Marco M. Elser	382,703	3.8%
Edward B. Kornfeld	252,368	2.5%
Leslie K. Brand	11,277	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (7 individuals)	835,300	8.1%

Less than 1%.

Except as otherwise indicated, each person has the sole power to vote and dispose of all shares of common stock listed opposite his name.

Gate System is wholly-owned by Cheyne. Cheyne Capital Management (UK) LLP is the manager of Cheyne, and Cheyne General Partner, Inc. is the general partner of the Cheyne. Cheyne is an investment fund. The telephone number for Cheyne is 44-020-7031-7450

During the last five years, neither Cheyne, Cheyne Capital Management (UK) LLP, Cheyne General Partner, Inc. nor Gate Systems nor any of their officers or directors nor any of our officers and directors, to our knowledge, (i) has been convicted in a criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations or similar misdemeanors); or (ii) has been a party to a civil proceeding of a judicial or administrative body of competent jurisdiction and as a result of such proceeding was or is subject to a judgment, decree or final order enjoining future violations of, or prohibiting or mandating activities subject to, federal or state securities laws or finding any violation with respect to such laws.

The address of our officers and directors is c/o Porta Systems Corp., 6851 Jericho Turnpike, Syosset, New York 11791, telephone (516) 364-9300.

The number of shares owned by our directors and those officers named in the summary compensation table includes shares of common stock which are issuable upon exercise of options and warrants that are exercisable at October 31, 2009 or will become exercisable by December 30, 2009. Set forth below is the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of those options for each of these directors and officers.

- 29 -

*

Name	Shares
William V. Carney	20,000
Michael A. Tancredi	
Warren H. Esanu	50,000
Herbert H. Feldman	50,000
Marco M. Elser	246,093
Edward B. Kornfeld	
Leslie K. Brand	
All officers and directors as a group	366,093

The shares beneficially owned by Mr. Elser represent (a) 114,403 shares held by Watersfield Ltd., of which Mr. Elser has joint voting and dispositive power, and (b) 201,093 shares issued upon exercise of warrants held by Advicorp PLC, of which Mr. Elser is chief executive officer and part owner and has joint voting and dispositive power.

As a result of the one-for-500 reverse split, the number of shares subject to options will be approximately 732 shares, at exercise prices ranging from \$1,015.00 to \$11.00 per share. None or our officers, directors or affiliates has engaged in any transactions in our common stock during the 60 days prior to the date of this proxy statement.

MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to our executive officers.

Name of Executive Officer	Position
Edward B. Kornfeld	Chief executive officer
Michael A. Tancredi	Senior vice president, secretary and treasurer
Leslie K. Brand	Chief financial officer

All of our officers serve at the pleasure of the board of directors. Mr. Kornfeld and Mr. Tancredi are members of the board of directors. See "Election of Directors" for information concerning Mr. Kornfeld and Mr. Tancredi. There is no family relationship between any of our executive officers.

Ms. Brand joined us as corporate controller in August 2007 and became our chief financial officer in February 2009. Prior to joining us, Ms. Brand was employed by Recourses Global Professionals from November 2004 until July 2007. In this capacity, she served as a consultant to CA, Inc. in its Sarbanes Oxley initiative. Ms. Brand spent eight years in public accounting with KPMG and PricewaterhouseCoopers and has more than 15 years in managerial positions within manufacturing companies in the food and drug industries. Ms. Brand is a CPA.

- 30 -

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLES

The following tables set forth below a summary of the dollar values of the compensation provided in 2008 and 2007 to our principal executive and financial officer and the only other officer who received compensation of \$100,000 or more during 2008.

C						Non-Equity
				Stock	Option	Incentive Plan
Name	Year	Salary	Bonus	Awards	Awards	Compensation